

# DCCP Nonissues



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# Overview



- Partial checksums
- Checksum contents
- Data Dropped
- Mobility
- Sequence number security

# Partial checksums

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- Some people don't like the idea of delivering possibly-corrupt data
  - We disagree
  - Aligned our definition of partial checksums with UDP-Lite's
  - What about Checksum Coverage 2 . . . 15?


Currently means “protect first 4 . . . 56 bytes of payload”

Is 56 bytes enough?

Should we use 8-byte units instead?

Any data?

# Checksum contents


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- Internet checksum considered weak
  - Prefer HMAC, UMAC, ... for header checksum
  - We disagree

Internet checksum well understood

Know how to update incrementally (NATs, transport intermediaries ...)

Would need much stronger arguments before replacing header checksum

# Data Dropped

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- Greg Minshall: “It is a mistake to define packet receipt as ‘options processed’. Should define it as ‘will make best effort to give data to application’. Congestion in the endpoint is still congestion.”
  - We disagree strongly
    - Endpoint drops do not require same congestion response
    - Also consider corruption, . . .
  - An endpoint could implement à la Minshall if it preferred
    - Don't acknowledge packets until you are pretty sure you'll deliver payload to the application
    - Should we mention that explicitly in the draft?

# Mobility

- Some wanted to remove mobility, others found it useful for multihoming in particular, we claimed ambivalence
- Most convincing argument: “this is a next generation transport protocol, so [keep mobility and] do it right”
- Recommendation: Keep mobility
  - NAT problems solved in latest draft

# Sequence number security

- “Sequence number security is depressing”
- We disagree

Alternatives behave badly with NATs, are poorly understood

Use IPsec or application-level security if you need stronger guarantees

Or define some security options, perhaps like Identification