Guidelines for Adding Congestion Notification to Protocols that Encapsulate IP

draft-briscoe-tsvwg-ecn-encap-guidelines-00

Bob Briscoe IETF-80 Mar 2011

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explicit congestion indications from lower layers problem: standardise interface with IP

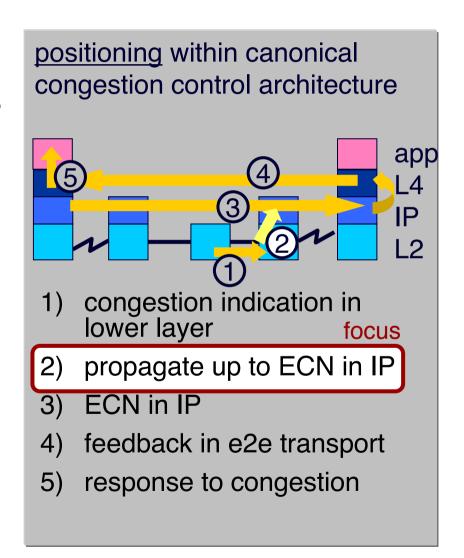
- switches can 'mark' Ethernet header
 - using AQM¹ developed for IP or MPLS
- 'mark' may change CoS² or a spare bit
 - but no Ethernet standard for this
- L2 congestion notification stds exist
 - typically limited to subnet
- pressure to link these subnets
 - using IP as portability layer
- lower layers need guidelines
 - to interface to ECN³ in IP [RFC3168]

AQM = active queue management (e.g. RED)

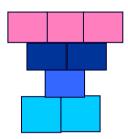
RED = random early detection

CoS = class of service in IEEE 802.1p

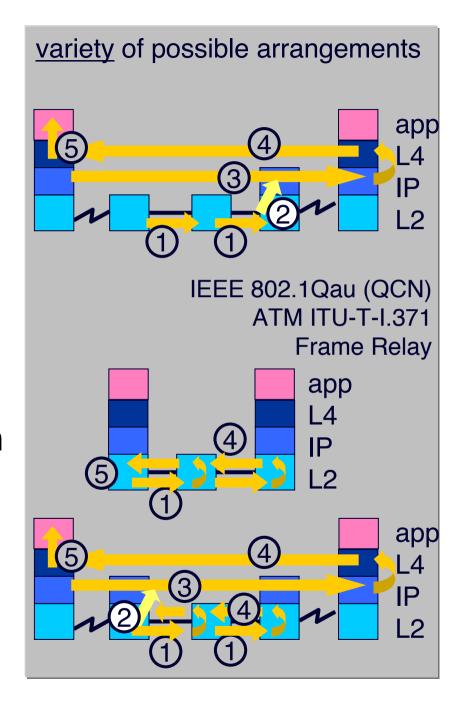
ECN = explicit congestion notification



involves messing with the neck of the hourglass



- avoid precluding L2 innovation
- must not be over-prescriptive
- wide review necessary



status of congestion notification in protocols that encapsulate IP

IETF

done: MPLS-in-MPLS, IP-in-MPLS [RFC5129], IP-in-IP [RFC6040]

to do: trill-rbridge-options (in progress),

& pass ECN thru tunnel protocols, eg. L2TP, GRE

Other standards bodies:

done: QCN [802.1Qau], Frame Relay, ATM [1.371] (all subnet-local)

todo: IEEE 802.1, (802.3, 802.11), ...?

& pass ECN thru tunnel protocols, eg. 3GPP GTP

L2TP = layer 2 tunnelling protocol [RFC2661]

GRE = generic routing encapsulation [RFC1701, RFC2784]

QCN = quantised congestion notification

GTP = GPRS tunnelling protocol [3GPP TS 29.060]

the main problem: incremental deployment

IP-ECN designed for incremental deployment

		congested queue supports ECN?	
transport supports ECN?	IP header	N	Υ
N	Not-ECT	drop	drop
Υ	ECT	drop	CE

- if transport only understands drop
 - lower layer must not send it congestion indications
- need not mimic IP mechanism (grey)
 - but needs to achieve same outcome (white)

ECT = ECN-capable transport

CE = Congestion Experienced

guidelines

- identifying whether transport will understand ECN
- propagating ECN on encapsulation
- propagating ECN on decapsulation
- reframing issues

guidelines

- identifying whether transport will understand ECN
 - new problem: will decapsulator understand ECN?
- propagating ECN on encapsulation
 - copying ECN down for monitoring purposes
- propagating ECN on decapsulation
 - combining inner & outer
- reframing issues
 - marked bytes in ≈ marked bytes out
 - timeliness don't hold back any remainder

next steps

- process
 - adopt as wg item?
 - will require liaison with other standards bodies
 - informational or best current practice?
- document
 - add architecture diagram(s)
 - want to avoid precluding L2 innovation need help
 - it just mentions that L3 switches mark IP-ECN
 - doesn't say whether good or bad
 - I'd like to say it's OK: any objections?
 - to address: tunnelling protocols if never outer on the wire



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Q&A



