### BGPSEC

Potential Optimizations for AS-PATH Prepending and Transparent Route Servers.

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# bgpsec-00 Level Set

- Requirements: Provide cryptographic assurance that:
  - Origin AS was authorized by IP holder to announce route.
  - Every AS in the AS\_Path explicitly authorized the advertisement of the route to the subsequent AS in the AS\_Path.

#### · Semantics:

ASO (origin) Path Signature					AS1 Path Signature				
Exp Time	NLRI	AS0	Algo ID	AS1	Sig0	AS1	Algo ID	AS2	Sig1
Hash() Signed by Router Key AS0.rtr-xx → Sig0 Key AS1.rtr-yy								outer Sig1 -	,. <del>7</del>

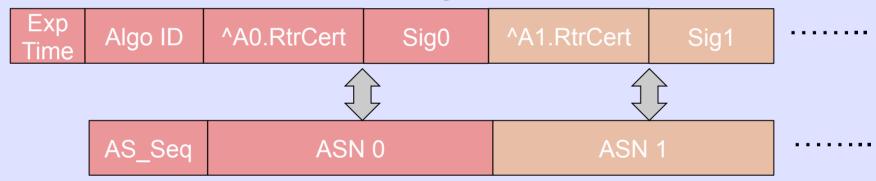
- Each AS's Signature computed over Target AS for the update (forward chaining of path) and previous AS Sig (backward chaining of authorization).
- Expire Time & beaconing subject of another presentation .....

# bgpsec-00 Path\_Sigs

#### Syntax:

- BGPSEC Path\_Signatures attribute elements correspond 1-1 with AS\_Path attribute elements.
- AS\_Path attribute umodified, nor is Path data (ASNs) replicated in Path\_Sig.

#### BGPSEC Path\_Signatures Attribute



BGP AS\_PATH Attribute

- bgpsec-00 focus on requirements and semantics purposefully ignore syntax optimizations until we get the first two right.
  - · See: draft-sriram-bgpsec-design-choices-00

## Optimizations / Enhancements

#### • From recent WG discussions:

- AS\_Path Prepending current 1-1 correspondence of elements would require repeating signatures when using Path prepending.
- Transparent Route Servers: AS\_Path does not reflect the actual sequence of AS's that the update traversed.

#### Going Forward:

- Important to separate the requirement, semantics and syntax discussions of how we address these and future enhancements.
  - Requirement? ensure BGPSEC doesn't interfere with some current/proposed use case, or enhance BGPSEC to protect use case?
- Depending upon which BGP services / capabilities / uses we are trying to preserve / protect there are numerous ways to spec solutions.

• Strawman Approaches in response to recent discussions ...

### Prepending Strawman

#### · Requirements:

- Support current uses of prepending without incurring expense of repeating Path\_Signature elements.
- Use BGPSEC to protect prepended AS's from modification.

#### · Semantics:

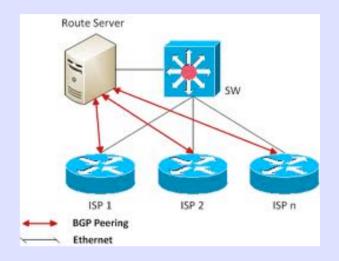
- Prepend Count (pCNT) included as input to ASX signature noting how many times ASX appears in the actual AS\_PATH.
- Normally pCNT=1.

ASO (origin) Path Signature						AS1 Path Signature					
Exp Time	NLRI	AS0	Algo ID	pCNT	AS1	Sig0	AS1	Algo ID	pCNT	AS2	Sig1
	Hash() Signed by Router Key ASO.rtr-xx → Sig0						Hash() Signed by Router Key AS1.rtr-yy → Sig1-				

## Transparent Route Servers

#### · Use Case:

- Multi-Lateral Peering where sender does not know all the receivers.
- Router Server's AS not included in AS\_PATH so as to not contribute to the Path Length for purposes of downstream best path computation.



#### BGPSEC Issue:

- BGPSEC speaker can't forward sign to other RS customers not peering with them directly, may not even explicitly know them, defeats the transmission efficiency of RS architectures.
- Total transparency violates the fundamental service of BGPSEC to provide a cryptographically verified sequence of route authorizations.

### "Translucent" RS Strawman

#### · Requirements:

- Support current business/use model of transparent RS's.
- Use BGPSEC to protect / verify the complete AS\_PATH (including RS AS) without impacting AS\_Path\_Length computations.
- Be completely transparent when sending updates to non-BGPSEC peers.

#### · Semantics:

- RS AS fully participates in BGPSEC to/from its customer AS's, including explicitly carrying the RS AS# in the update.
- Use previously proposed Prepend Count (pCNT=0) to indicate that an AS is operating as a transparent RS.
- BGPSEC validates complete AS\_PATH, but pCNT=0 hops do not contribute to Path\_Length.
- When sending to non-BGPSEC peer, RS AS# is stripped.

### Further Details ...

- · Not important now ... unless we agree on the requirements/semantics:
  - ... if we do agree on the basic approach, then we can consider further details.
  - Tradeoffs between optimization and minimizing BGPSEC changes to current BGP attributes / behaviors.

#### Strawman Syntax:

- Extend BGPSEC Path\_Signatures Field to carry pCNT for each Sig.
  - Modify Sig generation / verification procedures to address pCNT.
  - Modify Path\_Length computation on BGPSEC implementations to ignore pCNT=0 hops.
- Add rules to strip RS AS when sending to non-BGPSEC peer.