

Routes Optimization for Multicast Sender in Proxy Mobile IPv6 Domain

<draft-liu-multimob-pmipv6-multicast-ro-01>

J. Liu W. Luo ZTE Corporation

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Objective of the Draft

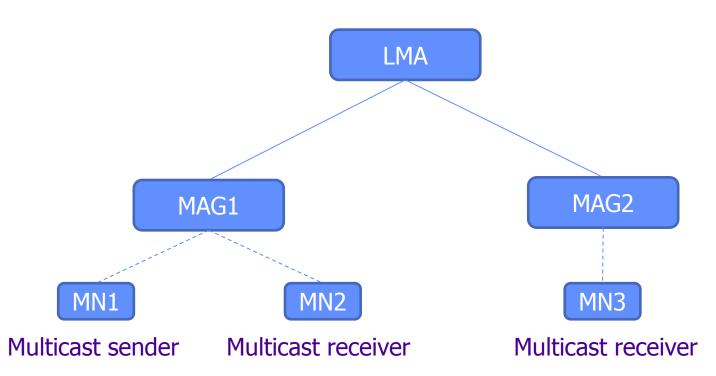
Define Optimized Multicast Sender support for PMIP

Scenario:

- 1. Multicast sender locally attaches to the MAG
- 2. The multicast sender sends multicast data to the multicast listeners in the PMIPv6 domain

Send multicast data through bidirectional tunnel between two MAGs

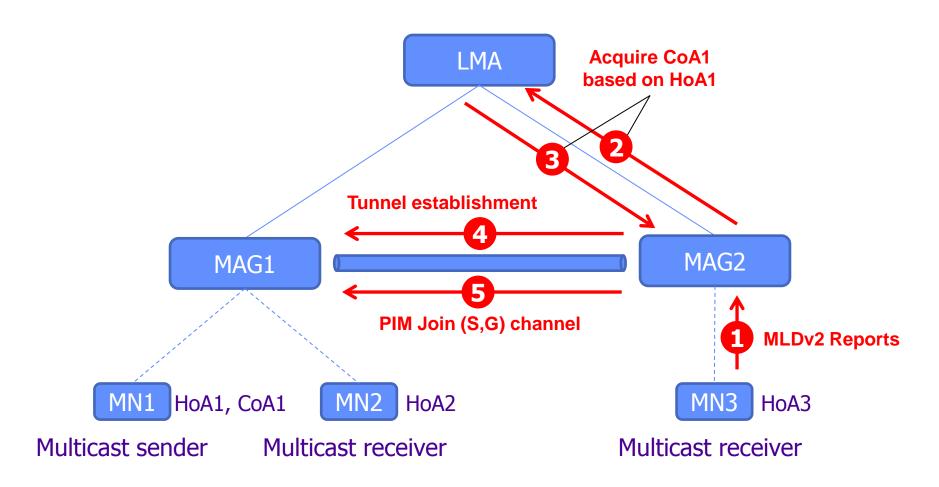
Multicast Sender Deployment in PMIPv6



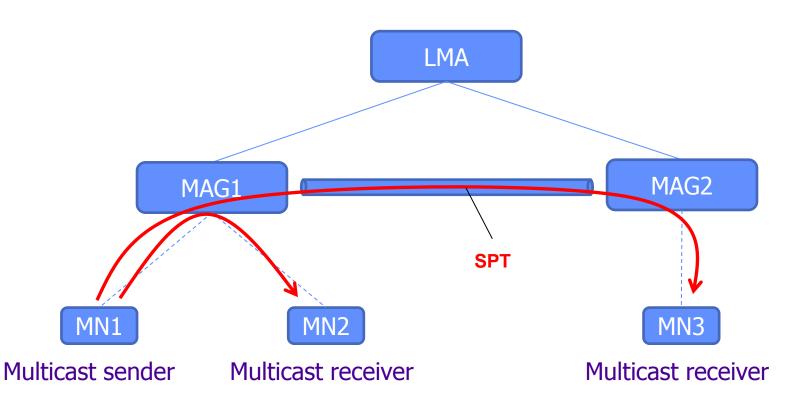
o Requirements on MN and MAG

- Multicast receiver(e.g., MN2 and MN3) operate as an "SSM-aware" host [RFC4604]
- MAG(e.g., MAG1 and MAG2) operate as an "SSM-aware" router [RFC4604]
 3

Optimized SPT establishment(SSM Scenario)



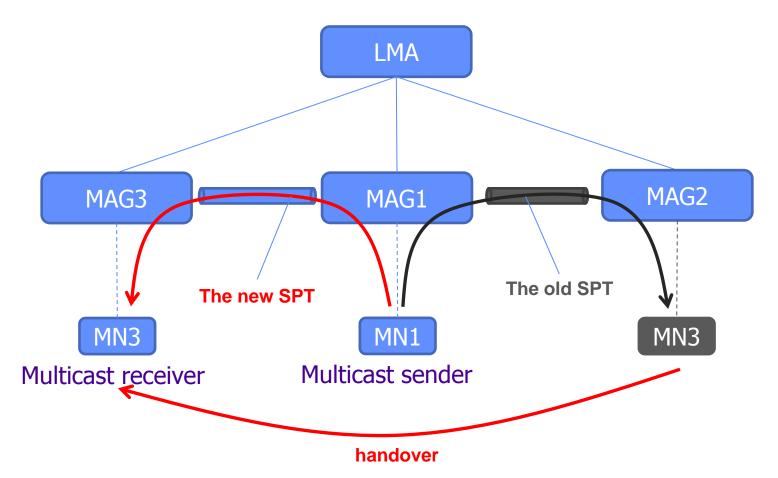
Multicast data path



o Optimizations on Source-specific shortest path trees

- SPT don't have to follow LMA-MAG tunnels towards a multicast sender
- Multicast data is transmitted through the bidirectional tunnel between two MAGs
- the bidirectional tunnel between two MAGs can be shared among different multicast senders if needed.

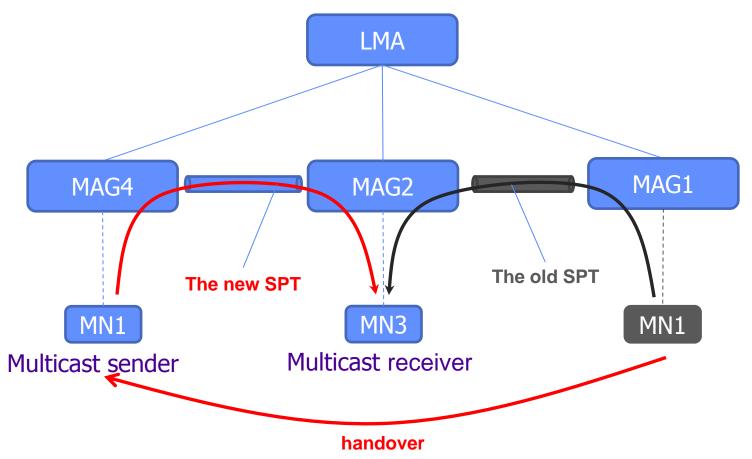
Multicast listener handover



o Quickly reestablish optimized SPT on handover

- MAG3 gets from MAG2 all the active multicast subscriptions that match the moving node MN3
- MAG3 reestablishes SPT the same way as stated on page 4

Multicast sender handover



o Quickly reestablish optimized SPT on handover

- MAG4 gets from MAG1 all the multicast states that match the moving source MN1
- MAG4 reestablishes SPT with MAG2

MRIB in MAG

- o MRIB is built independently of the PMIPv6 policy-based routing
 - The bidirectional tunnel routes between two MAGs MUST be added to the MRIB

Future work

- Handover solution
- Establish SPT in ASM scenario

Questions?