T-DNS: Connection-Oriented DNS to Improve Privacy and Security

IETF 89 DNSE BOF

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Why Consider T-DNS

- Privacy Lacking encryption, vanilla DNS is susceptible to eavesdropping; especially so given widespread use of WiFi and third-party recursive DNS services.
- Spoofing UDP's connectionless nature makes it ideal for use in reflection/amplification attacks.
- Fragmentation Large DNS responses are increasingly common, leading to IP fragmentation and a new set of security concerns.

Downsides

- TCP setup adds 1 RTT.
 - Amortized with reuse and pipelining.
 - Reduced with TCP Fast Open.
- Have to worry about middleboxes that interfere with TCP/53.
- TLS setup adds another 2 RTTs.
 - Reduced with Session Resumption.
- Have to think about certificate validation.
- Have to think about failover.

Proposed: New EDNS0 bit "TO"

a.k.a. STARTTLS for DNS

- 1. Establish TCP connection.
- 2. Client sends (dummy) query with TO bit set. "Hey, let's upgrade this connection to TLS!"
- 3. Server responds with TO bit set. "Yeah, I'm down with that!"
- 4. TLS session negotiation commences.

Performance Improvements

Problem	Solution	Status
TCP setup	Connection reuse	stub—recursive: good recursive—auth: poor
TCP setup	TCP fast open [draft-ietf-tcpm-fastopen-07]	In Linux Requires application change
TLS setup	Session Resumption [RFC 5077]	In GnuTLS
Stop-and-Wait	Pipelining	poor
Head-of-line blocking	Out-of-Order Processing [RFC 5966]	clients: good servers: poor

Implementation Status

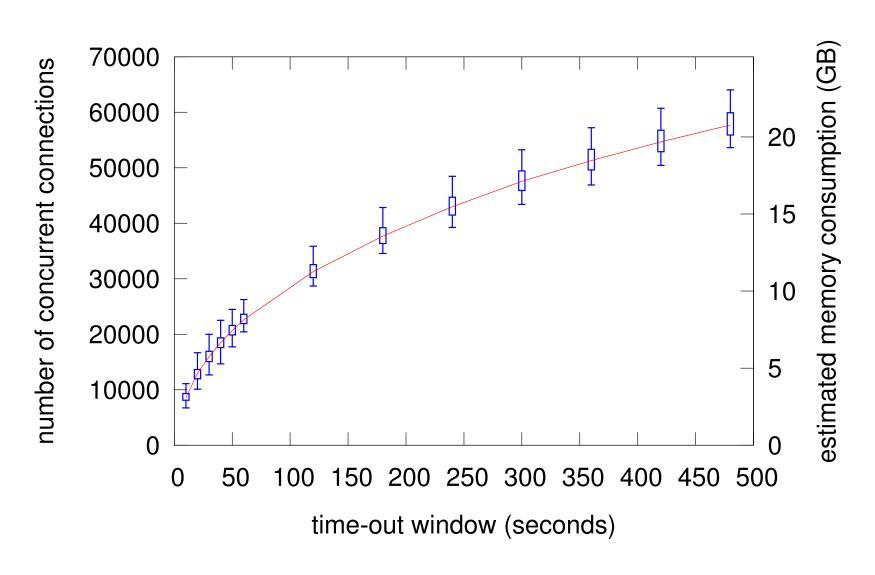
- TO bit server-side in Unbound.
 - partial support for OOOP
- TO bit client-side in custom client.
 - supports pipelining and OOOP
- A DNS proxy
 - Accepts UDP/TCP/TLS on server side
 - Outbound UDP to upstream server

Further Information

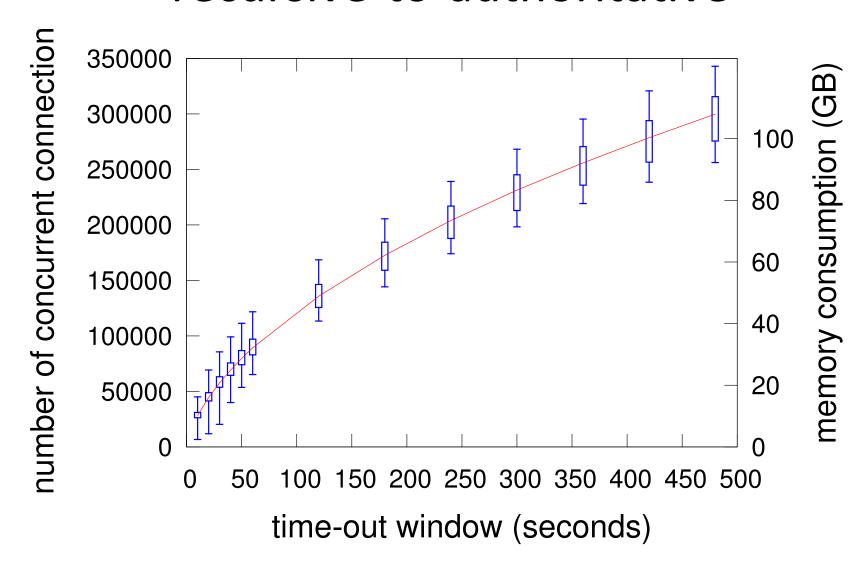
- draft-hzhwm-start-tls-for-dns-00
- T-DNS: Connection-Oriented DNS to Improve Privacy and Security
 - ftp://ftp.isi.edu/isi-pubs/tr-688abs.htm
- http://www.isi.edu/ant/tdns/index.html

Appendix

Simulated Connection Reuse stub-to-recursive



Simulated Connection Reuse recursive-to-authoritative



Latency Measurements

