

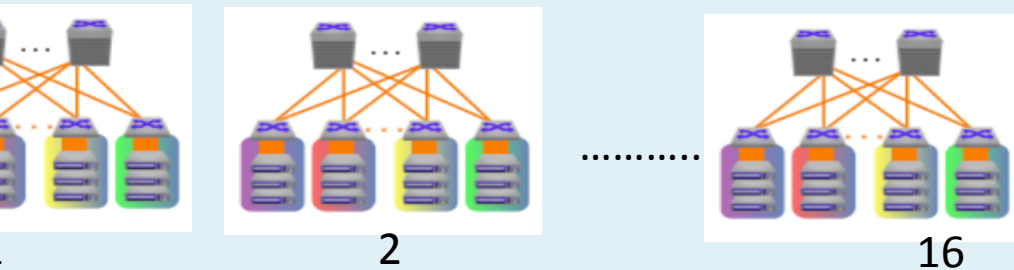
draft-zhang-6man-scale-large-datacenter-00.txt

Improving Scalability of Switching System in Large Data Center

Current Implementations for 2 Million IPv6 End-hosts

Option 1 – Multiple Clusters

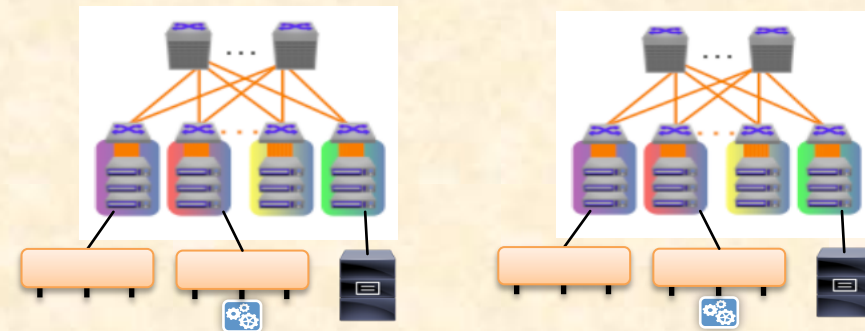
LeafCom based (T2) implementation
128K IPv6 host routes on leaf
2 clusters
16-64 spines



Large number of spine switches
VLAN/subnets cannot span across clusters

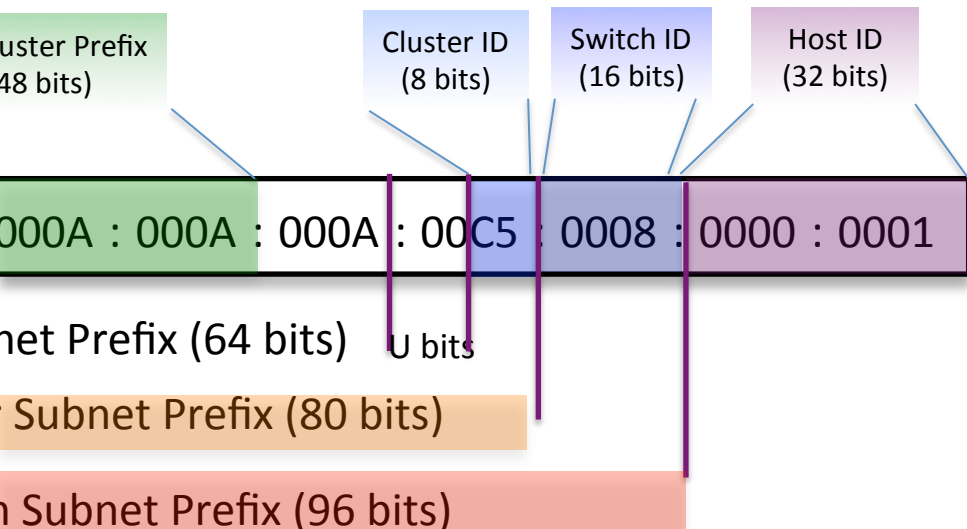
Option 2 – Large FIB Table on Spine

1 million IPv6 host routes on spine
128K IPv6 host routes on leaf
2 cluster
4-8 spines



- Cost more on spine switches
- Hard to troubleshoot
- VLAN/subnets cannot span across cl

Scale Through Aggregation



Cluster Prefix 2001:A:A::/48

Subnet Prefix 2001:A:A:A::/64

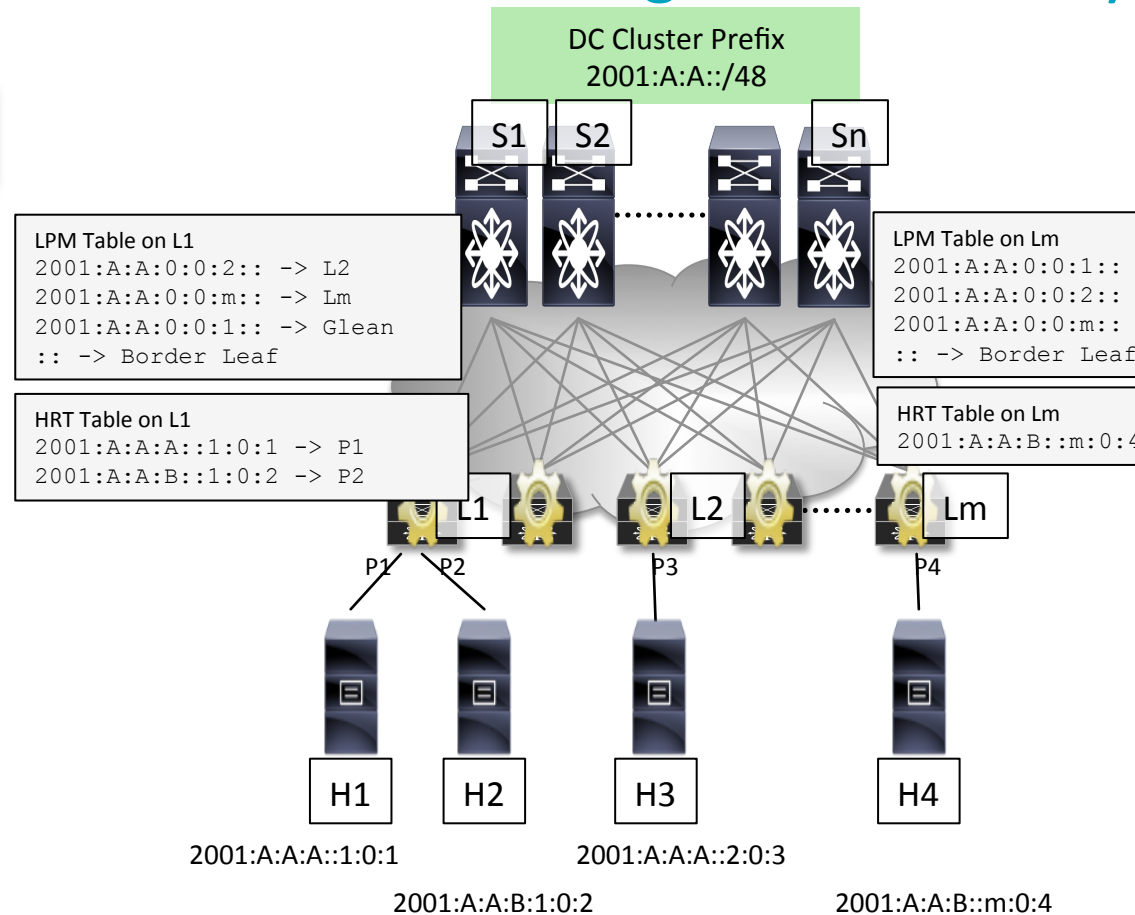
Subnet Prefix (SSP) 2001:A:A:A:C5:8::/96

Aggregated SSP (ASSP) 2001:A:A:0:C5:8::/96

Cluster Subnet Prefix (CSP) 2001:A:A:A:C5::/89

Address 2001:A:A:A:C5:8:0:1/128

Optimizing FIB table in hardware Distributed Neighbor Discovery



Advantages – Simple, Fast & Scalable

1. Scale to multi-millions hosts/VMs in single DC cluster with low cost ASICs
2. Better scalability in hardware
 - Small FIB table size on all switches
3. Better scalability in software
 - Distributed Neighbor Discovery
 - No multicast ND messages between access switches
 - No host routes advertisement
5. Easy to manage and troubleshoot