Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for management of Multicast Protocol for Low power and lossy Networks (MPL) implementations. The data model includes configuration data and state data.

Note

Discussion and suggestions for improvement are requested, and should be sent to roll@ietf.org.

Status of This Memo

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1. Introduction

This document defines a YANG [RFC6020] data model for management of Multicast Protocol for Low power and lossy Networks (MPL) [RFC7731] implementations. The data model covers configuration of MPL parameters per interface. It also provides information about which Multicast addresses are operationally used, and the seeds of the forwarded packets.

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

The following terms are defined in [RFC6241] and are not redefined here:

- client
- configuration data
- server
The following terms are defined in [RFC6020] and are not redefined here:

- data model
- data node

The terminology for describing YANG data models is found in [RFC6020].

Terms like message, domain, seed, I, k, c are defined in [RFC7731].

Multiple copies of a message can be received or sent by a node.

1.1.1. Tree Diagrams

A simplified graphical representation of the data model is used in the YANG modules specified in this document. The meaning of the symbols in these diagrams is as follows:

Brackets "[" and "]" enclose list keys.

Abbreviations before data node names: "rw" means configuration data (read-write) and "ro" state data (read-only).

Symbols after data node names: "?" means an optional node, "!" means a presence container, and "*" denotes a list and leaf-list.

Parentheses enclose choice and case nodes, and case nodes are also marked with a colon (":").

Ellipsis ("...") stands for contents of subtrees that are not shown.

2. MPL model

This document defines the YANG module "ietf-yang-mpl", which specifies a data model for MPL servers. The model is separated into four modules which can be loaded independently to accommodate the storage space to the wanted functionality. The model consists of the following parts: (1) a "mpl-domain" part that describes the MPL-domains and associated Multicast addresses and the interfaces on which the Multicast addresses are enabled, (2) a "mpl-op" part that describes the parameters settings per seed, (3) a "mpl-seeds" part that describes the MPL buffer contents and the Trickle timer values, and (4) a "mpl-statistics" part that describes the number of lost and
correctly forwarded messages. The data model, divided in four modules, has the following structure for MPL configuration per node:

module: ietf-yang-mpl-domain
  +--rw domain
  +--rw (single)?
    +--:(mpl-domain)
      +--rw mpl-domain
        +--rw domains* [domainID]
          +--rw domainID uint16
          +--rw MClist* inet:ipv6-address
          +--rw addresses* [MCaddress]
            +--rw MCaddress inet:ipv6-address
            +--rw interfaces* string
        +--:(mpl-single)
        +--rw mpl-single
          +--rw MCaddresses* inet:ipv6-address

module: ietf-yang-mpl-ops
  +--rw mpl-ops
    +--rw SE_LIFETIME? uint16
    +--rw PROACTIVE_FORWARDING? boolean
    +--rw SEED_SET_ENTRY_LIFETIME? uint64
    +--rw mpl-parameter* [domainID]
      +--rw domainID uint16
      +--rw DATA_MESSAGE_IMIN? uint16
      +--rw DATA_MESSAGE_IMAX? uint16
      +--rw DATA_MESSAGE_K? uint16
      +--rw DATA_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS? uint16
      +--rw CONTROL_MESSAGE_IMIN? uint16
      +--rw CONTROL_MESSAGE_IMAX? uint16
      +--rw CONTROL_MESSAGE_K? uint16
      +--rw CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS? uint16

module: ietf-yang-mpl-seeds
  +--ro mpl-seeds* [seedID domainID]
    +--ro seedID uint64
    +--ro domainID uint16
    +--ro local? boolean
    +--ro generate-seqno? uint8
    +--ro life-time? uint64
    +--ro min-seqno? uint8
    +--ro data-number? uint8
    +--ro control-number? uint8
    +--ro buffered-messages* [seqno]
      +--ro seqno uint8
      +--ro I? uint8
module: ietf-yang-mpl-statistics
  +--ro mpl-statistics* [seedID domainID]
    +--ro seedID                        uint64
    +--ro domainID                      uint16
    +--ro c-too-high?                   uint64
    +--ro nr-forwarded?                 uint64
    +--ro nr-of-messages-received?      uint64
    +--ro nr-of-copies-received?        uint64
    +--ro nr-of-messages-forwarded?     uint64
    +--ro nr-of-copies-forwarded?       uint64
    +--ro nr-of-refused?                uint64
    +--ro nr-of-missed?                 uint64
    +--ro nr-of-notreceived?            uint64
    +--ro nr-of-inconsistent-data?      uint64
    +--ro nr-of-consistent-data?        uint64
    +--ro nr-of-consistent-control?     uint64
    +--ro nr-of-inconsistent-control?   uint64
    +--ro statistics-interval?          uint64
    +---x reset-statistics

3. SID file generation

SID are allocated to the identifiers specified in the four modules. Their values are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SID</th>
<th>Assigned to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1004050</td>
<td>module ietf-yang-mpl-domain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004051</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004052</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004053</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain/addresses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004054</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain/addresses/MCaddress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004055</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain/addresses/interfaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004056</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain/addresses/domains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004057</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain/addresses/MClist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004058</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-domain/../../../../domains/MClist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004059</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-single</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004060</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-domain:domain/mpl-single/../../../../domains</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## /MCaddresses

Number of SIDs available: 50
Number of SIDs used: 11

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SID</th>
<th>Assigned to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1004100</td>
<td>module ietf-yang-mpl-ops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004101</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004102</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/PROACTIVE_FORWARDING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004103</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/SEED_SET_ENTRY_LIFETIME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004104</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/SE_LIFETIME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004105</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004106</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_IMAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004107</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_IMIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004108</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004109</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004110</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004111</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS/IMIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004112</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS/IMAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004113</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS/K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004114</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-ops/mpl-ops/mpl-parameter/CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS/dominID</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of SIDs available: 50
Number of SIDs used: 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SID</th>
<th>Assigned to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1004150</td>
<td>module ietf-yang-mpl-seeds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004151</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-seeds/mpl-seeds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004152</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-seeds/mpl-seeds/buffered-messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004153</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-seeds/mpl-seeds/buffered-messages/I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004154</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-seeds/mpl-seeds/buffered-messages/c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004155</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-seeds/mpl-seeds/buffered-messages/e</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
File ietf-yang-mpl-seeds@2018-03-29.sid created
Number of SIDs available : 50
Number of SIDs used : 16

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SID</th>
<th>Assigned to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1004200</td>
<td>module ietf-yang-mpl-statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004201</td>
<td>data /ietf-yang-mpl-statistics:mpl-statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004203</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004204</td>
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<td>1004212</td>
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<tr>
<td>1004213</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004214</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1004215</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. yang-mpl modules

This section describes four yang modules. The model is based on the MPL specification published in [RFC7731] and the specification of [RFC6206]. The identification of the interfaces follows the specification of ietf-interfaces of [RFC7223].

The data model allows to set values to the parameters of the MPL algorithm. This approach requires an active manager process to set the values without use of DHCP as described in: [RFC7774].

The names of the four modules are: yang-mpl-domain, yang-mpl-ops, yang-mpl-seeds, and yang-mpl-statistics, described in subsections with the same name.

4.1. yang-mpl-domain module

This module describes (1) the MPL domains and the associated multicast addresses, and (2) the interfaces and the multicast addresses for which they are enabled.

The model features a choice such that for constrained devices with only one "single" interface and only one "single" domain, the model specifies a list of MC addresses for which the single interface is enabled.

FILE BEGINS>file "ietf-yang-mpl-domain@2018-03-29.yang"

module ietf-yang-mpl-domain {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace

prefix mpl;

import ietf-inet-types{
    prefix inet;
}

organization
    "IETF ROLL (Routing Over Low power and lossy networks)
    Working Group";

contact
    "WG Web: http://tools.ietf.org/wg/roll/
    WG List: mailto:roll@ietf.org
    WG Chair: Peter van der Stok
        mailto:consultancy@vanderstok.org
    WG Chair: Ines Robles
        mailto:maria.ines.robles@ericsson.com
    Editor: Peter van der Stok
        mailto:consultancy@vanderstok.org";

description
    "This module contains information about the state of the MPL domain.

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    the RFC itself for full legal notices.";

revision "2018-03-29" {
    description "Initial revision.";
    reference
        "I-D:draft-ietf-roll-mpl-yang: A YANG model for Multicast
        Protocol for Low power and lossy Networks (MPL)";
}

container domain {
    description
        "High level container containing the choice statement.";
choice single {
  description
  "A choice between single domain/interface and multiple domains and interfaces.";
  container mpl-domain {
    description
    "The entries describe the MPL domains, the associated Multicast addresses and interfaces.";

    list domains {
      key domainID;
      description
      "The entries describe a given domain identified with domainID and the associated Multicast addresses.";

      leaf domainID {
        type uint16;
        description
        "Entry uniquely identifies the domain in the forwarder.";
      }

      leaf-list MCl{list
        type inet:ipv6-address;
        description
        "List of associated IPv6 Addresses.";
      }
    }  // domains list

    list addresses {
      key MCaddress;
      description
      "The entries describe the interfaces enabled with the specified MC address.";

      leaf MCaddress {
        type inet:ipv6-address;
        description
        "MC address belonging to a MPL domain.";
      }

      leaf-list interfaces {
        type string;
        description
        "List of names of interfaces enabled for this Multicast address. Interface name is defined in [RFC6206].";
      }
    }  // addresses list
  }
}
4.2. yang-mpl-ops module

This module models the operational aspects of MPL. Per domain MPL specifies four parameters I_MAX, I_MIN, K, and TIMER_EXPIRATIONs for data and control messages. The value of the MPL intervals are expressed in TUNIT. The entry SE_LIFETIME taken over from [RFC7774] fixes TUNIT to milliseconds. For very constrained devices with only one domain there can be only one instance of mpl-parameter list.
This module contains information about the operation of the MPL protocol.

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revision "2018-03-29" {
  description "Initial revision.";
  reference
    "I-D:draft-ietf-roll-mpl-yang: A YANG model for Multicast Protocol for Low power and lossy Networks (MPL)";
}

container mpl-ops {
  description "Parameter settings for each MPL server and for each individual domain of the server.";

  leaf SE_LIFETIME {
    type uint16;
    description "lifetime in milliseconds/(mpl timer units), equivalent to SEED_SET_ENTRY_LIFETIME/TUNIT as specified in RFC7774.";
  }
}
leaf PROACTIVE_FORWARDING {
    type boolean;
    description
    "The boolean value indicates whether the MPL forwarder schedules MPL data message transmission after receiving them for the first time.";
}

leaf SEED_SET_ENTRY_LIFETIME {
    type uint64;
    description
    "The value indicates the minimum lifetime for an entry in the Seed set expressed in seconds. Default value is 30 minutes.";
}

list mpl-parameter{
    key domainID;
    description
    "Each domain has a set of MPL forwarding parameters which regulate the forwarding operation.";
    leaf domainID{
        type uint16;
        description
        "Each domainID must be present in mpl-parameter list.";
    }
    leaf DATA_MESSAGE_IMIN{
        type uint16;
        description
        "The minimum Trickle timer interval, as defined in [RFC6206], for MPL Data Message transmissions.";
    }
    leaf DATA_MESSAGE_IMAX{
        type uint16;
        description
        "The maximum Trickle timer interval, as defined in [RFC6206], for MPL Data Message transmissions.";
    }
    leaf DATA_MESSAGE_K{
        type uint16;
        default 1;
        description
        "The redundancy constant, as defined in [RFC6206], for

MPL Data Message transmissions.

leaf DATA_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS {
  type uint16;
  default 3;
  description "The number of Trickle timer expirations, as defined in [RFC7731], that occur before terminating the Trickle algorithm's retransmission of a given MPL Data Message.";
}

leaf CONTROL_MESSAGE_IMIN {
  type uint16;
  description "The minimum Trickle timer interval, as defined in [RFC6206], for MPL Control Message transmissions.";
}

leaf CONTROL_MESSAGE_IMAX {
  type uint16;
  description "The maximum Trickle timer interval, as defined in [RFC6206], for MPL Control Message transmissions.";
}

leaf CONTROL_MESSAGE_K {
  type uint16;
  default 1;
  description "The redundancy constant, as defined in [RFC6206], for MPL Control Message transmissions.";
}

leaf CONTROL_MESSAGE_TIMER_EXPIRATIONS {
  type uint16;
  default 10;
  description "The number of Trickle timer expirations, as defined in [RFC7731], that occur before terminating the Trickle algorithm for MPL Control Message transmissions.";
}

} // list MPL-parameter
4.3. yang-mpl-seeds module

This module specifies the current values of the operation of the MPL forwarder. The values are acquired by the client and set by the server. The module specifies a set of message buffers, with a buffer per seed and domain. In constrained devices there will be only one domain, but probably multiple seeds.

The message buffer contains a set of messages where each message is uniquely identified by its sequence number and seed. The associated I, c, e, and t values indicate the progress of MPL with respect to this message, as specified in [RFC7731]. A forwarder sends and receives multiple copies of a message. When a forwarder has sent (received) a copy of a message, the forwarder has sent (received) that message.

For forwarders which are seeds, local has value true and seqno is the sequence number of the next message to send.

<CODE BEGINS>file "ietf-yang-mpl-seeds@2018-03-29.yang"

module ietf-yang-mpl-seeds {

  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace

  prefix mpl;

  organization
    "IETF ROLL (Routing over Low power and lossy networks) Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web: http://tools.ietf.org/wg/roll/
      WG List: mailto:roll@ietf.org

      WG Chair: Peter van der Stok
        mailto:consultancy@vanderstok.org"
This module contains information about the operation of the MPL protocol.

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revision "2018-03-29" {
    description "Initial revision.";
    reference
        "I-D:draft-ietf-roll-mpl-yang: A YANG model for Multicast Protocol for Low power and lossy Networks (MPL)";
}

list mpl-seeds{
    key "seedID domainID";
    config false;
    description
        "List describes all seeds that are active in the server. Seed information contains the message buffer contents and the operational values of I, c, sequence number and the life-times per message.";

    leaf seedID{
        type uint64;
        description
            "value uniquely identifies the MPL Seed within a MPL domain.";
    }
}
leaf domainID{
  type uint16;
  description
    "together with seedID uniquely identifies buffer set.";
}

leaf local {
  type boolean;
  description
    "When local == TRUE, seed originated in this forwarder. 
    WHEN local == false, seed originated in different 
    forwarder.";
}

leaf generate-seqno {
  type uint8;
  description
    "Sequence number of next message to be generated by 
    this local seed.";
}

leaf life-time {
  type uint64;
  description
    "Minimum remaining lifetime of the seed entry in 
    SE_LIFETIME units.";
}

leaf min-seqno{
  type uint8;
  description
    "Lower bound sequence number in the buffer of the seed.";
}

leaf data-number{
  type uint8;
  description
    "Number of currently buffered data messages.";
}

leaf control-number{
  type uint8;
  description
    "Number of currently buffered control messages.";
}

list buffered-messages{
  key seqno;
}
description
  "status of trickle intervals of the buffered message
  identified by seqno. and seed/domain";

leaf seqno{
  type uint8;
  description
    "Sequence number of message.";
}

leaf I{
  type uint8;
  description
    "Current Trickle timer interval size in SE-LIFETIME units.";
}

leaf c{
  type uint8;
  description
    "number of times that a copy of this message has been received in this interval.";
}

leaf e{
  type uint8;
  description
    "number of Trickle time expirations since last Trickle timer reset.";
}

leaf t{
  type uint8;
  description
    " Time expressed in SE-LIFETIME units that message will be (is) forwarded";
}

} // list seed-timers
} // list MPL-seeds
} // module ietf-yang-mpl-seeds

<CODE ENDS>
4.4. yang-mpl-statistics module

This module specifies the operation of the MPL forwarder expressed in number of messages and copies. The values are acquired by the client and set by the server. Statistics are specified per seed and domain. In constrained devices there will be only one domain, but probably multiple seeds.

The parameter k determines how many copies of a message can be forwarded. The counters c-too-high, nr-forwarded, and nr-not-forwarded give insight in the consequences of the current value of k.

The other counters give insight in the loss of messages caused by the medium or forwarding delays. The inconsistent/consistent counters indicate when consistent or inconsistent messages were received according to the definition of consistent in [RFC7731].

<CODE BEGINS>file "ietf-yang-mpl-statistics@2018-03-29.yang"

module ietf-yang-mpl-statistics {
  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace

  prefix mpl;

  organization
    "IETF ROLL (Routing over Low power and lossy networks) Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web:   http://tools.ietf.org/wg/roll/
     WG List:  mailto:roll@ietf.org

     WG Chair: Peter van der Stok
               mailto:consultancy@vanderstok.org

     WG Chair: Ines Robles
               mailto:maria.ines.robles@ericsson.com

     Editor:   Peter van der Stok
               mailto:consultancy@vanderstok.org";

van der Stok             Expires October 1, 2018               [Page 19]
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revision "2018-03-29" {
   description "Initial revision.";
   reference "I-D:draft-ietf-roll-mpl-yang: A YANG model for Multicast Protocol for Low power and lossy Networks (MPL)";
}

list mpl-statistics{
   key "seedID domainID";

   config false;

   description "List describes performance statistics integrated over the messages identified by seed and domain identifiers. A forwarder can receive and forward multiple copies of a message uniquely identified by seqno, domain, and seed.";

   leaf seedID{
      type uint64;
      description "value uniquely identifies the MPL Seed within a MPL domain."
   }

   leaf domainID{
      type uint16;
      description
   }

}
"together with seed-ID uniquely identifies buffer set."
}

leaf c-too-high {
type uint64;
description
"Number of times that a copy was not forwarded
because c > k.";
}

leaf nr-forwarded {
type uint64;
description
"number of times copies are forwarded, while c <= k.";
}

leaf nr-of-messages-received{
type uint64;
description
"number of messages received,
must be smaller than or equal to seqno.";
}

leaf nr-of-copies-received{
type uint64;
description
"total number of message copies received.";
}

leaf nr-of-messages-forwarded{
type uint64;
description
"number of forwarded messages, must be smaller than or
equal to nr-of-messages-received.";
}

leaf nr-of-copies-forwarded{
type uint64;
description
"number of forwarded copies, can be larger than
number-of-copies-received.";
}

leaf nr-of-refused{
type uint64;
description
"number of refused copies because seqno too small.";
}
leaf nr-of-missed{
  type uint64;
  description
      "number of messages that were not received is equal to the number of empty message buffers seqno < min-seqno.";
}

leaf nr-of-notreceived{
  type uint64;
  description
      "number of messages that were not received according to control message.";
}

leaf nr-of-inconsistent-data{
  type uint64;
  description
      "number of inconsistent data messages.";
}

leaf nr-of-consistent-data{
  type uint64;
  description
      "number of consistent data messages.";
}

leaf nr-of-consistent-control{
  type uint64;
  description
      "number of consistent control messages.";
}

leaf nr-of-inconsistent-control{
  type uint64;
  description
      "number of inconsistent control messages.";
}

leaf statistics-interval{
  type uint64;
  description
      "Interval, expressed in seconds, during which the statistics are collected.";
}

action reset-statistics{
  description
"set all statistics counters and
statistics-interval to zero."

} // list mpl statistics
} // module ietf-yang-mpl-statistics

5. IANA Considerations

This specification has no consequences for IANA.

6. Acknowledgements

Andy Bierman has commented on the use of YANG for mpl. YANG doctors
pointed out a wrong use of config.

7. Changelog

Changes from version 00 to version 01
o config false in "statistics" and "seeds" modules
o separated into 4 modules
o inserted choice in domain modules
o more explanatory text
o renamed some parameters
o Introduced section per module
o reset of statistics is added

8. References

8.1. Normative References

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate
Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119,
DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997,

van der Stok Expires October 1, 2018
8.2. Informative References


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