# TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR

STUDY PERIOD 2013-2016

# STUDY GROUP 15 TD 433 (PLEN/15)

# English only

# **Original: English**

| Question(s): | 3/15 22 June - 3 July 2015  |
|--------------|---|
|              | TD  |
| Source:      | Rapporteur Q3/15  |
| Title:       | Optical Transport Networks & Technologies Standardization Work Plan (version 20) (for Agreement, 3 July 2015) |

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#### - 2 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

# Optical Transport Networks & Technologies Standardization Work Plan Issue 20, July 2015

| 1                          | GENERAL   | 4              |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|
| 2                          | INTRODUCTION  | 4              |
| 3                          | SCOPE   | 4              |
| 4                          | ABBREVIATIONS   | 5              |
| 5                          | DEFINITIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS  | 6              |
| 5.1                        | Optical and other Transport Networks & Technologies (OTNT)  | 6              |
| 5.2                        | Optical Transport Network (OTN)   | 6              |
| 5.3                        | Metropolitan Optical Network (MON)  | 7              |
| 5.4                        | Support for mobile networks   | 9              |
| 5.5                        | Ethernet frames over transport  | 9              |
| 5                          | Overview of the standardization of carrier class Ethernet.         .6.1       Evolution of "carrier-class" Ethernet.         .6.2       Standardization activities on Ethernet .         .6.3       Further details .         | 10<br>15       |
| 5<br>5<br>5<br>5<br>5<br>5 | Standardization on MPLS and MPLS-TP (T-MPLS).         7.1       OAM for MPLS and MPLS-TP.         7.2       MPLS/MPLS-TP protection switching   |                |
| 5<br>5                     | Standardization on NGN related issues         .8.1       Relationships between OTN standardization and NGN standardization         .8.2       Standardization status for transport stratum         .8.3       Further details | 20<br>21<br>24 |
| <b>6</b><br>6.1            | OTNT CORRESPONDENCE AND LIAISON TRACKING<br>OTNT related contacts   |                |
| 7                          | OVERVIEW OF EXISTING STANDARDS AND ACTIVITY   | 25             |
| 7.1                        | New or revised OTNT standards or implementation agreements  | 25             |

#### - 3 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| 7.2 | SDH & SONET Related Recommendations and Standards                  | 44 |
|-----|--|----|
| 7.3 | ITU-T Recommendations on the OTN Transport Plane                   | 46 |
| 7.4 | Standards on the ASTN/ASON Control Plane                           | 48 |
| 7.5 | Standards on the Ethernet Frames, MPLS, Transport MPLS and MPLS-TP | 50 |
| 7.6 | Standards on the NGN   | 53 |
| 8   | OVERVIEW OF EXISTING HOLES, OVERLAPS, AND CONFLICTS                | 55 |
|     | NEX A - TERMINOLOGY MAPPING  | 57 |
|     | NEX B – ROUTING AREA REORGANIZATION IN IETF (AS OF NOV. 2014)      | 58 |

# 1 General

This is a living document and may be updated even between meetings. The latest version can be found at the following URL.

http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com15/otn/

Proposed modifications and comments should be sent to:

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Major updated points in Issue 20 are as follows:

- IEEE 802.1 on ongoing projects and published documents (subclauses 5.6..1.1.and 5.6.1.10 and Table 7-1-3);
- IEEE 802.3 on Ethernet (subclause 5.6.1.11 and Table 7-1-3);
- IETF on transport network management (Annex C);
- MEF on published documents (Table 7-1-5);
- ITU-T SG15 on published documents (Tables 7-1-1, 7-5 and 7-8).

# 2 Introduction

Today's global communications world has many different definitions for Optical and other Transport networks, which are supported by different technologies. This resulted in a number of different Study Groups within the ITU-T, e.g. SG 11, 12, 13, and 15 developing Recommendations related to Optical and other Transport Networks and Technologies. Moreover, other standards developing organizations (SDOs), forums and consortia are also active in this area.

Recognising that without a strong coordination effort there is the danger of duplication of work as well as the development of incompatible and non-interoperable standards, WTSA-08 (held in 2008) designated Study Group 15 as the Lead Study Group on Optical and other Transport Networks and Technologies, with the mandate to:

- study the appropriate core Questions (Question 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14),
- define and maintain overall (standards) framework, in collaboration with other SGs and SDOs,
- coordinate, assign and prioritise the studies done by the Study Groups (recognising their mandates) to ensure the development of consistent, complete and timely Recommendations.

Study Group 15 entrusted WP 3/15, under Question 3/15, with the task to manage and carry out the Lead Study Group activities on Optical and other Transport Networks and Technologies. To avoid misunderstanding that the mandate above is only applied to G.872-based Optical Transport Network (OTN), this Lead Study Group Activity is titled Optical and other Transport Networks & Technologies (OTNT) that encompass all the related networks, technologies and infrastructures for transport as defined in clause 3.

## 3 Scope

As the mandate of this Lead Study Group role implies, the standards area covered relates to Optical and other Transport networks and technologies. The Optical and other Transport functions include:

- client adaptation functions
- multiplexing functions
- cross connect and switching functions, including grooming and configuration
- management and control functions
- physical media functions
- network synchronization and distribution functions
- test and measurement functions.

Apart from taking the Lead Study Group role within the ITU-T, Study Group 15 will also endeavour to cooperate with other relevant organizations, including ATIS, ETSI, ISO/IEC, IETF, IEEE, MEF, OIF and TIA.

#### 4 Abbreviations

| ANSI    | American National Standards Institute               |
|---------|---|
| ASON    | Automatically Switched Optical Network              |
| ASTN    | Automatically Switched Transport Network            |
| ATIS    | Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions  |
| EoT     | Ethernet frames over Transport                      |
| ETSI    | European Telecommunications Standards Institute     |
| IEC     | International Electrotechnical Commission           |
| IEEE    | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers   |
| IETF    | Internet Engineering Task Force                     |
| ISO     | International Organization for Standardization      |
| MEF     | Metro Ethernet Forum                                |
| MON     | Metropolitan Optical Network                        |
| MPLS    | Multiprotocol Label Switching                       |
| MPLS-TP | MPLS Transport Profile                              |
| OIF     | Optical Internetworking Forum                       |
| OTN     | Optical Transport Network                           |
| OTNT    | Optical and other Transport Networks & Technologies |
| SDH     | Synchronous Digital Hierarchy                       |
| SONET   | Synchronous Optical NETwork                         |
| TIA     | Telecommunications Industry Association             |
| TMF     | TeleManagement Forum                                |
| T-MPLS  | Transport MPLS                                      |
|         |   |

| WSON | Wavelength Switched Optical Network               |
|------|---|
| WTSA | World Telecommunications Standardization Assembly |

# 5 Definitions and descriptions

One of the most complicated factors in coordination work among multiple organizations in the area of OTNT is differing terminology. Often multiple different groups are utilising the same terms with different definitions. This clause includes definitions relevant to this document. See Annex A for more information on how common terms are used in different organizations.

# 5.1 Optical and other Transport Networks & Technologies (OTNT)

The transmission of information over optical media in a systematic manner is an optical transport network. The optical transport network consists of the networking capabilities/functionalities and the technologies required to support them. For the purposes of this standardization and work plan, all *new* optical transport networking functionalities and the related other transport technologies will be considered as part of the OTNT standardization work plan. The focus will be the transport and networking of digital client payloads over fibre optic cables. Though established optical transport mechanisms in transport plane (such as Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH), Optical Transport Network (OTN), Ethernet frames over Transport (EoT), Multi-protocol label switching-transport profile (MPLS-TP)) fall within this broad definition, only standardization efforts relating to *new* networking functionalities of OTN, EoT and MPLS-TP will be actively considered as part of this Lead Study Group activity. Control plane and related equipment management aspects including ASON and SDN are also within the scope. Synchronization and time distribution aspects in the above transport network technologies are also included in the definition of OTNT.

# 5.2 Optical Transport Network (OTN)

ITU-T Recommendation G.870 (Terms and definitions for OTNs) defines that an Optical Transport Network (OTN) is composed of a set of optical network elements connected by optical fibre links, able to provide functionality of transport, multiplexing, routing, management, supervision and survivability of optical channels carrying client signals.

ITU-T Recommendations G.805(Generic functional architecture of transport networks) and G.800 (Unified functional architecture of transport networks) specify that the OTN is decomposed into independent transport layer networks where each layer network can be separately partitioned in a way which reflects the internal structure of that layer network.

ITU-T Recommendation G.872 (Architecture of OTNs) describes that the OTN is composed of three elements (i.e., Digital layer, OCh-layer, and Media), considering the characteristics of optical signals defined in [ITU-T G.698.2] and [ITU-T G.694.1]. Overview of the OTN is shown in Figure 5-1.

The digital OTN layered structure is comprised of digital path layer networks (ODU) and digital section layer networks (OTU).

NOTE - The client specific processes related to Optical Channel/Client adaptation are described in Recommendation G.709 (Interfaces for the OTN).

#### - 7 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

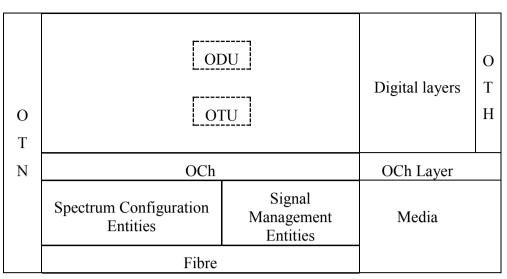


FIGURE 5-1/OTNT: Overview of the OTN (G.872 Figure 6-1)

With the widespread of Ethernet, additional ODU types were specified such as ODU0, ODU2e and ODU4 for GbE, 10GbE and 100GbE transport, respectively. In addition to the new ODUs for Ethernet transport, ODU with flexible bit rate, ODUflex, was also specified for the client signals with any bit rate. Any CBR client signals can be mapped into ODUflex. "WDM and media aspects" are being discussed. One major effort is the architectural description of "media networks" and the other is wavelength switched optical network (WSON), which is a related extension of automatically switched optical networks (ASON).

# 5.3 Metropolitan Optical Network (MON)

A metropolitan optical network is a network subset, often without significant differentiation or boundaries. Its explicit formal definition is under study. This clause offers more of a description than a formal definition for those who wish to better understand what is commonly meant by "metropolitan optical networks."

While the existence of metropolitan networks is longstanding, the need for identification of these networks as distinct from long haul networks in general, as well as enterprise and access networks, is recent. The bandwidth requirements from end customers have been increasing substantially and many are implementing high bandwidth optical access connections. The resulting congestion and complexity has created a growing demand for higher bandwidth interfaces for inter office solutions. This aggregation of end customer traffic comprises a Metropolitan Optical Network (MON). MONs now have the technology to be optical based and thus, in theory, use the same technology over the fibres as other portions of the network. This is not always the case, however, as there are various market forces that drive which technologies will be deployed in which part of the network. As a result, it is appropriate to describe the MON in a way that is agnostic to the various technological approaches.

In spite of many similarities, there are several distinctions between MON and a long haul optical network (LHON) that result from the aggregation of traffic from enterprise to metro to long haul networks as shown in Figure 5-2.

• The first distinction is that MONs are inherently designed for short to medium length distances in metropolitan areas. That is, typically, within the limits of a single optical span and often less than 200km distance. As a result, topics such as signal regeneration, in-line amplification and error correction are of lesser importance than in LHONs.

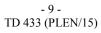
#### - 8 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

- Secondly, the driving requirement for MONs is maximized coverage commensurate with low cost connectivity (as opposed to grooming for performance with LHONs). As a result, for example, standardization focuses on the adaptation of local area network technologies to be effectively managed by service providers, on 'insertion loss' amplification to recover from all the connection points, and on ring deployment to leverage existing fibre plant.
- Another key difference is that of service velocity. The demand for fast provisioning results in the circuit churn rate being generally higher in MONs than LHON. That combined with the wider variety of client signals is a key driver for flexible aggregation (e.g., 100 Mb -1 Gb rate, all 8B/10B formats with one card).
- A final distinction is that in the MON there are service requirements (e.g., bandwidth-ondemand services, and multiple classes-of-services) that lead to further topology and technical considerations that are not a priority for LHONs.

While there are many combinations of technologies that can be used in MONs, the following are common examples:

- SONET/SDH
- DWDM, CWDM
- Optical Ethernet
- Resilient Packet Ring
- A-PON, B-PON, G-PON, and E-PON

As a result of the importance of MONs, SG15 has redefined several of its Questions work programs to specifically include metro characteristics of optical networks.



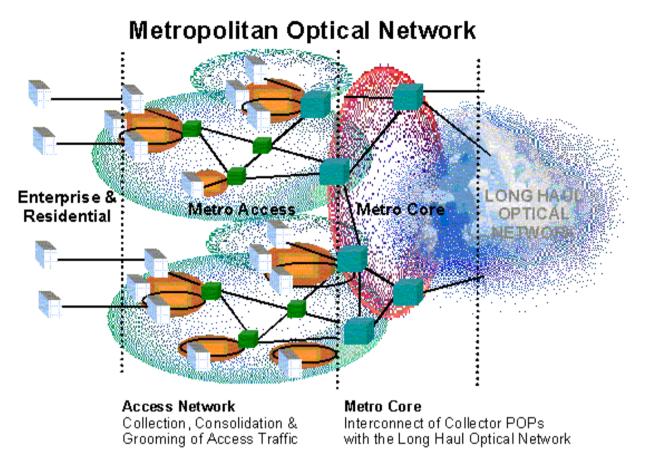


FIGURE 5-2/OTNT: Possible Relationship of MON and LHON

## 5.4 Support for mobile networks

MEF 22.1 Mobile Backhaul Implementation Agreement (MBH IA) identifies the requirements for MEF Ethernet Services (EVC) and MEF External Interfaces (EIs such as UNIs) for use in mobile backhaul networks based on MEF specifications (referenced in ITU-T Rec. G.8011). MEF MBH IA, Phase 3 goals include small cells, multi-operator networks and time synchronization. As part of Phase 3, MEF has introduced some terms in draft MEF 22.1.1. These terms (backhaul, fronthaul and midhaul) may assist in describing how transport network technologies in SG15 may be applied in the international mobile telecommunications architecture.

SG 15 is responsible for developing Recommendations for transport networks, access networks, and home networking, including standard architectures of optical transport networks as well as physical and operational characteristics of their constituent technologies. These technologies may be used to support the backhaul, midhaul and fronthaul for mobile networks depending on the performance requirements of each.

## 5.5 Ethernet frames over transport

Ethernet is today the dominant LAN technology in private and enterprise sectors. It is defined by a set of IEEE 802 standards. Emerging multi-protocol/multi-service Ethernet services are also offered over public transport networks. Public Ethernet services and Ethernet frames over transport standards and implementation agreements continue being developed in the ITU-T and other organizations. Specifically, the ITU-T SG15 focuses on developing Recommendations related to the support and definition of Ethernet services over traditional telecommunications transport, such as PDH, SDH, and OTN. Ethernet can be described in the context of three major components: *services aspects, network* 

*layer*, and *physical layer*. The following description is meant to provide a brief overview of Public Ethernet considering each of the above aspects.

The Public Ethernet *services aspects* (for service providers) include different service markets, topology options, and ownership models. Public Ethernet services are defined to a large extent by the type(s) of topologies used and ownership models employed. The topology options can be categorized by the three types of services they support: Line services, LAN services, and Access services. Line services are point-to-point in nature and include services like Ethernet private and virtual lines. LAN services are multi-point-to-multi-point (such as virtual LAN services). Access services are of hub-and-spoke nature and enable single ISP/ASP to serve multiple, distinct, customers. (Due to the similar aspects from a public network perspective, Line and Access services may be essentially the same.)

The services can be provided with different service qualities. A circuit switched technology like SDH always provides a guaranteed bit rate service while a packet switched technology like MPLS can provide various service qualities from best effort traffic to a guaranteed bit rate service. Ethernet services can be provided for the Ethernet MAC layer or Ethernet physical layer.

The Ethernet *network layer* is the Ethernet MAC layer that provides end-to-end transmission of Ethernet MAC frames between Ethernet end-points of individual services, identified by their MAC addresses. Ethernet MAC layer services can be provided as Line, LAN and Access services over circuit switched technologies like SDH VCs and OTN ODUs or over packet switched technologies like MPLS and RPR. For the Ethernet LAN service Ethernet MAC bridging might be performed within the public transport network in order to forward the MAC frames to the correct destination. Ethernet MAC services can be provided at any bit rate. They are not bound to the physical data rates (i.e. 10 Mbit/s, 100 Mbit/s, 1 Gbit/s, 10 Gbit/s, 40 Gbit/s and 100 Gbit/s) defined by IEEE. It should be noted that there are current IEEE 802.3 efforts aimed at introducing interfaces with new rates of operation at 2.5 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s, 25 Gb/s, and 400 Gb/s.

IEEE has defined a distinct set of *physical layer* data rates for Ethernet with a set of interface options (electrical or optical). An Ethernet physical layer service transports such signals transparently over a public transport network. Examples are the transport of a 10 Gbit/s Ethernet WAN signal over an OTN or the transport of a 1 Gbit/s Ethernet signal over SDH using transparent GFP mapping. Ethernet physical layer services are point-to-point only and are always at the standardized data rates. They are less flexible compared to Ethernet MAC layer services, but offer lower latencies.

## 5.6 Overview of the standardization of carrier class Ethernet

## 5.6.1 Evolution of "carrier-class" Ethernet

Ethernet became to be used widely in network operator's backbone or metro area networks. Although Ethernet was originally designed for LAN environment, it has been enhanced in several aspects so that it can be used in network operators' environment. In addition, Ethernet can easily realize multipoint-to-multipoint connectivity, which would require  $n^{*}(n-1)/2$  connections if an existing point to point transport technology is used. The following subclauses explain enhancements which have been adopted in Ethernet networks thus far.

## 5.6.1.1 High bit rate and long reach interfaces

Up to 100Gbit/s for example 40GBASE-KR4/CR4/SR4/LR4/FR and 100GBASE-CR10/SR10/LR4/ER4 have been standardized by IEEE 802.3 WG, which are specified in clauses 80 to 89.

The IEEE Std 802.3bj has added 100GBASE-CR4, 100GBASE-KR4, and 100GBASE-KP4 to the list of high bit-rate interfaces.

The IEEE Std 802.3bm-2015 has now been approved by the standards board and published on 27th March 2015. It added 100GBASE-SR4 and 40GBASE-ER4.

## 5.6.1.2 Ethernet-based access networks

One of the Ethernet capabilities as access networks regarding 10G-EPON had been enhanced by IEEE 802.3 WG originally as IEEE 802.3av, which has been incorporated into the base IEEE Std 802.3-2012. Up to 10Gbit/s interfaces, 2BASE-TL, 10PASS-TS, 100BASE-LX10/BX10, 1000BASE-LX10/PX20/PX30/PX40 (1G-EPON), and 10GBASE-PR10/PR20/PR30/PR40/PRX10/PRX20/PRX30/PRX40 (10G-EPON), are specified in IEEE 802.3-2012 and IEEE Std 802.3bk-2013 at the moment.

## 5.6.1.3 Enhancement of scalability

VLAN technology is widely used to provide customers with logically independent networks while sharing network resource physically. However, since 12bit VLAN ID must be a unique value throughout the network, the customer accommodation is limited to 4094 (2 values, 0 and 4095, are reserved for other purposes).

To relax this limitation, a method which uses two VLAN IDs in a frame was standardized by IEEE 802.1ad (Provider Bridges) in October 2005. This method allows the network to provide up to 4094 Service VLANs, each of which can accommodate up to 4094 Customer VLANs.

# 5.6.1.4 Scalable Ethernet-based backbone

In order to realize further scalable networks, IEEE 802.1ah (Backbone Provider Bridges) specifies a method which uses B-Tag, I-Tag and C-Tag. B-Tag and C-Tag include 12 bit VLAN ID. I-Tag includes 20bit Service ID (note: the size of the Service ID under study). One VLAN ID identifies a Customer VLAN. Service ID identifies a service in a provider network. Another VLAN ID identifies a Backbone VLAN. This allows the network to use 12bit VLAN ID space and 20 bit service ID space as well as its own MAC address space. IEEE 802.1ah was approved in June 2008.

# 5.6.1.5 The number of MAC addresses to be learned by bridges

Bridges in a network automatically learn the source MAC addresses of incoming frames. When the number of stations is large, this learning process consumes a lot of resources of each bridge. To alleviate this burden, IEEE 802.1ah (Backbone Provider Bridges) is standardizing a method which encapsulates MAC addresses of user stations by backbone MAC addresses so that bridges inside the backbone network do not learn MAC addresses of user stations.

## 5.6.1.6 Network level OAM

To enable network operators to detect, localize and verify defects easily and efficiently, networklevel Ethernet OAM functions were standardized in ITU-T SG13 (Q5/13) and IEEE 802.1ag under a close collaboration.

ITU-T Recommendation Y.1731 was approved in May 2006 and revised in February 2008. IEEE 802.1ag was approved in September 2007. IEEE 802.1ag covers fault management functions only while Y.1731 covers both fault management and performance management.

Ethernet services performance parameters were standardized by ITU-T SG12 (Q.17/12) in Recommendation Y.1563, approved in January 2009. Service OAM Framework (MEF17), Service OAM Fault Management Implementation Agreement (MEF 30) and Service OAM Performance Monitoring Implementation Agreement (MEF 35) are specified in MEF.

In October 2008, WTSA-08 transferred Q5/13 (OAM) to SG15 and now Ethernet OAM work is conducted in SG15.

#### 5.6.1.7 Fast survivability technologies

To realize fast and simple protection switching in addition to Link Aggregation and Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol, Recommendation on Ethernet linear protection switching mechanism (G.8031) was approved in June 2006. Recommendation on Ethernet ring protection (G.8032) was approved in June 2008. In March 2010, the revised G.8032v2 covered interconnected and multiple rings, operator commands and non-revertive mode.

In March 2012, IEEE 802.1 WG developed a standard on Shortest Path Bridging (IEEE 802.1aq) to optimize restoration capabilities. In June 2009, they completed a standard on Provider Backbone Bridge Traffic Engineering (IEEE 802.1Qay), which includes linear protection switching.

IEEE 802.17 WG is developing standards on Resilient Packet Ring (RPR). The latest 802.17 project has been IEEE P802.17c: "Protected Inter-Ring Connection". This project extends the property of fast restoration time (50 ms), associated with an individual RPR ring, to dual-interconnected rings.

IEEE 802.1CB "Frame Replication and Elimination for Reliability" is a draft standard with applications in the area of protection. It specifies procedures, managed objects and protocols for bridges and end stations that provide:

- Identification and replication of frames, for redundant transmission;
- Identification of duplicate frames;
- Elimination of duplicate frames.

#### 5.6.1.8 QoS/traffic control/traffic conditioning

QoS, traffic control, and traffic conditioning issues are being studied in ITU-T (SG12 and SG13), IEEE 802.3, and Metro Ethernet Forum (MEF). IEEE 802.1 completed work in June 2009 on Provider Backbone Bridge Traffic Engineering (IEEE 802.1Qay). MEF developed MEF 10.2: "Amendment to Ethernet Services Attributes Phase 2", in September 2009.

#### 5.6.1.9 Service Activation Testing (SAT)

Recommendation Y.1564, "Ethernet service activation test methodology" was approved in SG12 in March, 2011.

#### 5.6.1.10 Status of IEEE 802.1

Published IEEE 802 standards are available free of charge six months after publication from the following website: <u>http://standards.ieee.org/getieee802/</u>

For the first six months, they are available for sale from the following website (note that corrigenda are free of charge):

http://www.techstreet.com/ieee/subgroups/38361

In IEEE 802.1, there are six active task groups (TGs) with a number of active projects.

- Maintenance
  - ▶ 802.1AB-rev Station and MAC Connectivity Discovery
  - > 802.1Q-2014/Cor1 Technical and editorial corrections
- Interworking

- > 802.1Qbz Enhancements to Bridging of 802.11
- > 802.1Qca Path Control and Reservation
- ► 802.1AC-Rev- MAC Service Definition Revision
- Security
  - > 802.1ARce Secure Device Identity Amendment 1: SHA-384 and P-384 Elliptic Curve
  - > 802.1AEcg MAC Securtiy Ethernet Data Encryption Devices
- Time Sensitive Networking (TSN)
  - ▶ 802.1AS-rev Time synchronous enhancements
  - > 802.1AS-2011/Cor 2 Technical and editorial corrections
  - ▶ 802.1Qbu Frame Preemption
  - > 802.1Qbv Enhancements for Scheduled Traffic
  - > 802.1CB Frame Replication and Elimination for Reliability
  - 802.1Qcc Stream Reservation Protocol (SRP) Enhancements and Performance Improvements
  - > 802.1Qch Synchronous queuing and forwarding
- Data Center Bridging
- OminRAN

 $802.1 \mbox{CF}$  – Network reference model and functional description of IEEE 802 access networks

As of July 2015, the following projects are currently in Task Group (TG) ballot: P802.1CB, P802.1Qcc, P802.1Arce, P802.1AEcg, P802.1AS-rev. The following are currently in Working Group (WG) ballot: P802.1Qbu, P802.1Qbv, P802.1Qbz, P802.1Q-cor1, P802.1AC-rev. The following are currently in Sponsor ballot: P802.1Qca, P802.1AS-cor2.

As of July 2015, The following are the current new projects under development:

- P802.1Qci Per stream policing
- P802.1Qcj Auto Attach to PBB services
- P802.1Xck YANG data model
- P802.1Qcl YANG data model
- P802.1CM Profile for Fronthaul (This project is being developed with the participation of the CPRI cooperation.)
- P802.1Qcn EVB VDP extension
- P802D Privacy

As of November 2014, 802.1Q-2014 has been approved, incorporating IEEE Std 802.1Q<sup>TM</sup>-2011, IEEE Std 802.1Qbe<sup>TM</sup>-2011, IEEE Std 802.1Qbb<sup>TM</sup>-2011, IEEE Std 802.1Qb<sup>TM</sup>-2011, IEEE Std 802.

802.1Qaz<sup>™</sup>-2011, IEEE Std 802.1Qbf<sup>™</sup>-2011, IEEE Std 802.1Qbg<sup>™</sup>-2012, IEEE Std 802.1aq<sup>™</sup>-2012, IEEE Std 802.1Q<sup>™</sup>-2011/Cor 2-2012, and IEEE Std 802.1Qbp<sup>™</sup>-2014. The standard includes much functionality previously specified in 802.1D.

#### 5.6.1.11 Status of IEEE 802.3

In IEEE 802.3, the latest IEEE 802.3 revision project was completed and the resulting IEEE Std 802.3-2012 with the new title "Standard for Ethernet" was published in 2012. This document superseded the following nine amendments and corrigendum: IEEE Std 802.3av-2009, IEEE Std 802.3av-2009, IEEE Std 802.3at-2009, IEEE Std 802.3-2008/Cor1-2009, IEEE Std 802.3ba-2010, IEEE Std 802.3az-2010, IEEE Std 802.3bg-2011, IEEE Std 802.3bf-2011, IEEE Std 802.3bd-2011.

Since 2012, IEEE802.3 Working Group also published the following standards:

- The IEEE Std 802.3.1-2013 IEEE Standard for Management Information Base (MIB) Definitions for Ethernet;
- The IEEE Std 802.3bk-2013 IEEE Standard for Ethernet-Amendment 1: Physical Layer Specifications and Management Parameters for Extended Ethernet Passive Optical Networks;
- The IEEE Std 802.3bj-2014 IEEE Standard for Ethernet Amendment 2: Physical Layer Specifications and Management Parameters for 100 Gb/s Operation Over Backplanes and Copper Cables.
- IEEE Std 802.3bm-2015 Amendment 3: Physical Layer Specifications and Management Parameters for 40Gb/s and 100 Gb/s Operation Over Fiber Optic Cables

As of July 2015, the following Task Forces, Study Groups, and ad hoc groups are active in IEEE802.3 working group:

- The IEEE P802.3bn EPON Protocol over Coax (EPoC) Task Force is currently conducting task force review and is expecting to begin the working group ballot phase in July 2015.
- The IEEE P802.3bp 1000BASE-T1 Task Force is currently conducting task force review and is expecting to begin the working group ballot phase in July 2015.
- The IEEE P802.3bq 40GBASE-T Task Force began the working group ballot phase in March 2015.
- The IEEE P802.3br Interspersing Express Traffic (IET) Task Force began the working group ballot phase in March 2015.
- The IEEE P802.3bs 400 Gb/s Ethernet Task Force is currently in the proposal selection phase.
- The IEEE P802.3bt DTE Power via MDI over 4-Pair Task Force is currently in the proposal selection phase and is expected to begin task force review after the July 2015 meeting.
- The IEEE P802.3bu 1-Pair Power over Data Lines (PoDL) Task Force is currently in the proposal selection phase and is expected to begin task force review in November 2015.
- The IEEE P802.3bw 100BASE-T1 Task Force is in the working group ballot phase and has received conditional approval to initiate sponsor ballot prior to the July 2015 plenary of IEEE 802.

#### - 15 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

- The IEEE P802.3bv Gigabit Ethernet Over Plastic Optical Fibre Task Force is in the proposal selection phase and is expected to begin Task Force review by the May 2015 interim meeting.
- The IEEE P802.3by 25 Gb/s Ethernet Task Force has completed proposal selection and is currently in the task force review phase.
- The Next Generation Enterprise Access BASE-T Study Group has submitted a PAR, Criteria for Standards Development (CSD), and Project Objectives which, subject to SASB approval, will result in the formation of the IEEE P802.3bz 2.5 Gb/s and 5 Gb/s Ethernet Task Force.
- The Next Generation Ethernet Passive Optical Networking (NGEPON) Industry Connection Activity which operated as an ad hoc under IEEE 802.3 has completed its work. The final report has been approved by IEEE 802.3 and published on the IEEEE 802.3 web site.
- Note that a successful CFI for 25GBASE-T will result in expanding the scope of the IEEE P802.3bq project as noted above rather than creating an additional group.

IEEE 802.3 has initiated the sponsor ballot phase for the revision project, which is expected to create a full revision of IEEE Std 802.3-2012 by late 2015. This revision is expected to integrate the approved amendments IEEE Std 802.3bk-2013, IEEE Std 802.3bj-2014, and IEEE Std 802.3bm-2015, plus select maintenance items received since the 2012 revision deemed "ready for ballot".

#### 5.6.2 Standardization activities on Ethernet

Standardization work on "carrier-class" Ethernet is conducted within ITU-T SG12, ITU-T SG15, IEEE 802.1 WG, IEEE 802.3 WG, IETF, and Metro Ethernet Forum. The table below summarizes the current standardization responsibilities on "carrier-class" Ethernet. Table 7-5 lists the current status of individual Ethernet-related ITU-T Recommendations. Latest Ethernet Services that are specified in MEF 6.1 and MEF 10.2 haven't been completely covered in G.8011.x series at the moment. The G.8011.x series aligning with MEF specifications are planned to be approved.

#### - 16 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| # | Standard bodies                 | Q/SG or WG             | Study items  |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 1 | ITU-T SG12                      | Q.17/12                | Ethernet services performance  |
| 2 | ITU-T SG15                      | Q.3/15                 | Coordination on OTN including optical Ethernet   |
|   |                                 | Q.9/15                 | Ethernet protection/restoration  |
|   |                                 | Q.10/15                | Ethernet OAM mechanisms and equipment functional architecture  |
|   |                                 | Q.11/15                | Ethernet Service description and frame mapping (GFP)   |
|   |                                 | Q.12/15                | Ethernet architecture  |
|   |                                 | Q.13/15                | Synchronous Ethernet   |
|   |                                 | Q14/15                 | Management aspects of Ethernet   |
|   |                                 | Q15/15                 | Synchronous Ethernet test equipment  |
| 3 | IEEE 802                        | 802.1                  | Higher layers above the MAC (including Network level Ethernet<br>OAM mechanisms, Provider bridges, Provider backbone bridges,<br>and quality of service)   |
|   |                                 | 802.3                  | Standard for Ethernet  |
| 4 | IETF<br>(Refer to Annex<br>B on | CCAMP WG               | common control plane and measurement plane solutions and<br>GMPLS mechanisms/protocol extensions to support source-<br>controlled and explicitly-routed  |
|   | organization                    |                        | Ethernet data paths for Ethernet data planes   |
|   | restructuring)                  | MPLS WG                | many elements of the support of Ethernet "carrier-class" pseudowires over MPLS and MPLS-TP networks  |
|   |                                 | L2VPN WG               | Layer 2 Virtual Private Networks   |
|   |                                 | PWE3 WG                | encapsulation, transport, control, management, interworking<br>and security of Ethernet services emulated over MPLS enabled IP<br>packet switched networks   |
| 5 | Metro Ethernet<br>Forum         | Technical<br>Committee | Service attributes including traffic and performance parameters,<br>service definitions, Aggregation and E-NNI interfaces,<br>management interfaces, performance monitoring, and test<br>specifications. |

# Table 5-1 Standardization on "carrier-class" Ethernet.

# 5.6.3 Further details

Further details about standardization on Ethernet can be found on the following websites:

ITU-T SG12 : <u>http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com12/index.asp</u>

ITU-T SG13: http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com13/index.asp

ITU-T SG15: http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com15/index.asp

IEEE 802.1 WG: http://www.ieee802.org/1/

IEEE 802.3 WG: http://www.ieee802.org/3/

IETF: http://www.ietf.org/

Metro Ethernet Forum: http://metroethernetforum.org/

#### 5.7 Standardization on MPLS and MPLS-TP (T-MPLS)

In order to make MPLS technology fully applicable to operators' networks, standardization for enhancing MPLS was started in ITU-T SG13 and SG15. In addition to "normal" MPLS, Transport MPLS (T-MPLS) was studied actively. In 2007-2008 timeframe, several meetings were held to discuss the working method on T-MPLS between ITU-T (in particular, SG13 and SG15) and IETF. In February 2008, SG15 set up a Joint Work Team (JWT) to discuss this matter intensively. In December 2008, SG 15 agreed to use the term MPLS-TP to refer to the extensions to MPLS technology, which was being developed by the IETF to meet the requirements of the transport network. The meeting also agreed the plan to migrate the existing T-MPLS Recommendations to MPLS-TP. In October 2009, MPLS-TP steering committee was established to provide MPLS-TP project management coordination between IETF and ITU-T. Figure 5-4 shows the structural relationship between IETF and ITU-T.

#### **IETF and ITU-T relationship on MPLS-TP**

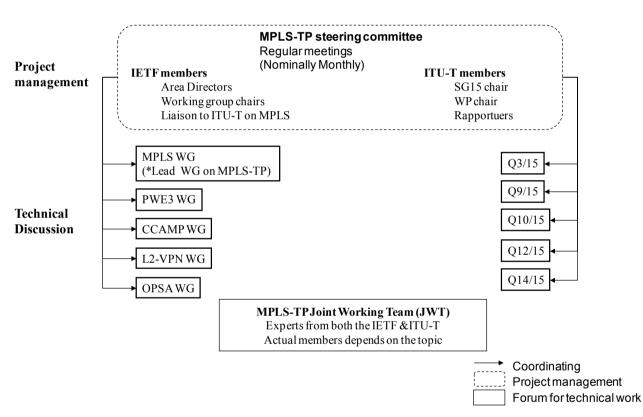


Figure 5-4 Structure of the Joint Working Team (JWT) and related Sub-Groups

The JWT recommended that:

- Jointly agree to work together and bring transport requirements into the IETF and extend IETF MPLS forwarding, OAM, survivability, network management and control plane protocols to meet those requirements through the IETF Standards Process
- The JWT believes this would fulfill the mutual goal of improving the functionality of the transport networks and the internet and guaranteeing complete interoperability and architectural soundness
- Refer to the technology as the Transport Profile for MPLS (MPLS-TP)

#### - 18 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

- Therefore, we recommend that future work should focus on:
  - In the IETF: Definition of the MPLS-TP
  - In the ITU-T:
    - Integration of the MPLS-TP into the transport network
    - Alignment of the current T-MPLS Recommendations with MPLS-TP and,
    - Terminate the work on current T-MPLS.

## Further details can be found at:

http://ties.itu.int/ftp/public/itu-t/ahtmpls/readandwrite/doc\_exchange/overview/MPLS-TP\_overview-22.ppt

The table below summarizes the current standardization responsibilities on MPLS-TP.

| # | Standard body   | Q/SG (WG) | Study items   |
|---|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | ITU-T SG15  | Q.3/15    | Terms and definitions for MPLS-TP   |
|   |   | Q.9/15    | MPLS-TP protection/survivability  |
|   |   | Q.10/15   | MPLS-TP interfaces, OAM architecture and mechanisms and equipment functional architecture   |
|   |   | Q.12/15   | MPLS-TP network architecture  |
|   |   | Q14/15    | MPLS-TP network management and control  |
| 2 | IETF<br>(Refer to Annex                                 | BFD WG    | Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (bfd) extensions for MPLS-<br>TP   |
|   | B on<br>organization<br>restructuring<br>and Annex C on | CCAMP WG  | Common control plane and measurement plane solutions and<br>GMPLS mechanisms/protocol extensions for MPLS transport<br>profile (MPLS-TP), Automatically Switched Optical Networks<br>(ASON) and Wavelength Switched Optical Networks (WSON) |
|   | transport<br>network<br>management)                     | L2VPN WG  | Extensions to L2VPN protocols and RFC's necessary to create an MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP)   |
|   |   | MPLS WG   | Requirements, mechanisms, protocols and framework for MPLS-<br>TP   |
|   |   | OPSAWG    | Definition of the OAM acronym   |
|   |   | PCE WG    | Specification of Path Computation Element<br>(PCE) based architecture for the computation of paths for MPLS<br>and GMPLS LSPs   |
|   |   | PWE3 WG   | Extensions to the PWE3 protocols and RFCs<br>necessary to create an MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP)  |

#### Table 5-2 Standardization on MPLS-TP.

# 5.7.1 OAM for MPLS and MPLS-TP

In ITU-T, SG13 (Q5/13) originally specified MPLS OAM, such as Recommendations on OAM

requirements (Y.1710), mechanisms (Y.1711), OAM under ATM-MPLS interworking (Y.1712) and misbranch detection (Y.1713). IETF also specified MPLS OAM, such as the usage of the "OAM Alert label" in RFC3429, MPLS OAM requirements in RFC4377, MPLS OAM framework in RFC4378, methods for defect detection (LSP ping and traceroute) in RFC4379.

In October 2008, WTSA-08 transferred Q5/13 (OAM) with the work of MPLS/MPLS-TP OAM to SG15 (i.e., Q.10/15). Since then, SG15 determined a new Recommendation G.8113.1 (ex. G.tpoam) under TAP in February 2011 and sent it without modification to WTSA-12 for approval in December 2011. Another MPLS-TP OAM Recommendation G.8113.2 was also sent to WTSA-12 in September 2012.

In November 2012, the WTSA-12 approved both Recommendations on the first day. On the next day of the approval, IETF and IANA published RFC6671, which allocates pseudowire associated channel type 0x8902, and G.8113.1 became operational.

## 5.7.2 MPLS/MPLS-TP protection switching

MPLS protection switching is standardized in ITU-T SG15 (Q.9/15). Recommendation on MPLS protection switching (Y.1720) was revised in December 2006. T-MPLS linear protection switching (G.8131) was approved in December 2006. IETF is also standardizing MPLS survivability techniques. RFC3469 describes MPLS recovery framework. RFC4090 specifies Fast ReRoute (FRR).

Regarding MPLS-TP, MPLS-TP linear protection switching (revised G.8131) and MPLS-TP ring protection switching (new G.8132) were developed under the cooperation with IETF based on the agreement of JWT. Both Recommendations were planned to be consent in December 2011, but were deferred. In 2014, the revised G.8131 was published.

# 5.7.3 MPLS interworking

Interworking with MPLS networks was studied in ITU-T SG13 (Q7/13). Recommendations on ATM-MPLS interworking (cell mode: Y.1411, frame mode: Y.1412), TDM-MPLS interworking (Y.1413), voice services – MPLS interworking (Y.1414) and Ethernet-MPLS network interworking (Y.1415) are available.

## 5.7.4 MPLS-TP network architecture

MPLS layer network architecture (G.8110) was approved by ITU-T SG15 in January 2005. Transport MPLS (T-MPLS) network architecture (G.8110.1) was approved by ITU-T SG15 (Q.12/15) in November 2006. Regarding MPLS-TP, architecture of MPLS-TP Layer Network was approved in December 2011.

# 5.7.5 MPLS-TP equipment functional architecture

T-MPLS equipment functional architecture (G.8121) was approved within ITU-T SG15 (Q.9/15) in March 2006 and amended October 2007. Its revision, MPLS-TP equipment functional architecture, was consented under AAP in December 2011 and was approved in September 2012. Further revision became available in November 2013.

# 5.7.6 MPLS-TP equipment network management

T-MPLS equipment network management (G.8151) was approved in ITU-T SG15 (Q14/15) in October 2007. MPLS-TP network management (revised G.8151) was consented in December 2011 and approved in July 2012.

# 5.7.7 MPLS-TP interface

G.8112 (Interfaces for the T-MPLS hierarchy) was approved by ITU-T SG15 (Q.11/15) in October 2006. In December 2008, the packet transport work of Q.11/15 was transferred to a new Question 10/15 in order to balance the load among questions of Working Party 3/15. Since then, Q10/15 developed MPLS-TP interface (revised G.8112), which was consent in September 2012.

# 5.7.8 Further details

Table 7-6 lists the current status of MPLS-related ITU-T Recommendations. Table 7-7 lists the current status of MPLS-TP (T-MPLS)-related IETF RFCs, internet drafts, and ITU-T Recommendations.

Further details about standardization of MPLS/MPLS-TP can be found in the following:

http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com15/index.asp

Further details about standardization of MPLS-TP can be found in the following:

http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com15/ahmpls-tp/

The dependency between the draft revised MPLS-TP Recommendations and the MPLS-TP drafts and RFCs can be found at

http://www.itu.int/oth/T0906000002/en

## 5.8 Standardization on NGN related issues

## 5.8.1 Relationships between OTN standardization and NGN standardization

Standardization work on the Next Generation Network (NGN) is conducted by several groups within ITU-T, in particular, by SG13, SG11 and GSI (Global Standardization Initiative). The overview and the definition of the NGN are given by ITU-T Recommendation Y.2000 [1]. Further details of the NGN are described by a set of related Recommendations. NGN-FG worked on several NGN related documents until November 2005. These documents were transferred to appropriate SGs based on the subjects. Also, GSI (Global Standardization Initiative) was established to facilitate collaboration among SGs. Table 7-8 lists the current status of NGN related ITU-T Recommendations.

One of the characteristics of the NGN is that it consists of a service stratum and a transport stratum (see Figure 5-3). Transport technologies such as OTN, ATM and SDH (developed by SG15) can be a means to realize a transport stratum. In addition to these, Ethernet and MPLS/MPLS-TP can also construct the transport stratum based on the recent standardization work for enhancing these technologies toward "carrier-class" Ethernet and MPLS/MPLS-TP.

- 21 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

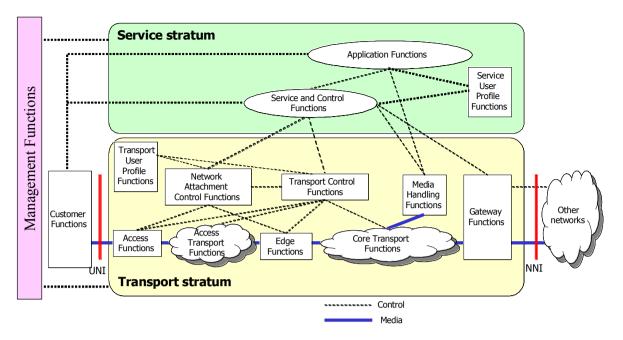


Figure 5-3 NGN architecture overview

This architecture enables service and transport technologies evolve independently keeping the interfaces between them consistent. However, close cooperation between these efforts is nevertheless important.

#### 5.8.2 Standardization status for transport stratum

Various technologies such as PDH, SDH, ATM, OTN, Ethernet and MPLS/MPLS-TP can provide capabilities for transport stratum. The following table summarizes the standardization status for each technology in terms of various aspects.

#### - 22 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

Table 5-3 – Standardization status on the various aspects of PDH, SDH, ATM, OTN, Ethernet, MPLS and MPLS-TP (T-MPLS) (note 3)

#### - 23 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Торіс  | Generic                              | PDH  | SDH  | ATM                       | OTN   | Ethernet  | MPLS   | MPLS-<br>TP (T-<br>MPLS)  |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Architectural<br>aspects                               | G.800,<br>G.805,<br>G.809            |  | G.803,<br>G.805  | G.805,<br>I.326           | G.872,  | G.809,<br>G.8010,<br>[IEEE]<br>802.3,<br>802.1D,<br>802.1Q,<br>802.1AC<br>[MEF]<br>MEF 4<br>MEF 12.1                          | G.8110,<br>[IETF]<br>RFC 3031  | G.8110.1<br>[IETF]<br>RFC 5921,<br>RFC 5950,<br>RFC 5960                                      |
| Structures and<br>mapping                              |                                      | G.704,<br>G.73x,<br>G.74x,<br>G.75x<br>(note1),<br>G.804,<br>G.7043,<br>G.8040 | G.707,<br>G.832,<br>G.7041,<br>G.7042                        | I.361,<br>I.362,<br>I.363 | G.709,<br>G.7041,<br>G.7042                               | G.7041,<br>G.7042,<br>[IEEE]<br>802.3,<br>802.1AX   | [IETF]<br>RFC3032  | G.8112  |
| Service aspects  |                                      |  |  |                           |   | G.8011<br>G8011.1<br>G.8011.2<br>G.8011.3<br>G.8011.4<br>G.8011.5<br>[MEF]<br>MEF 6.1<br>MEF 10.2<br>MEF 17<br>MEF 26         |  |   |
| Equipment<br>functional<br>characteristics<br>and type | G.806                                | G.706,<br>G.73x,<br>G.74x,<br>G.75x<br>(note 1)                                | G.783,<br>G.784,<br>G.806,<br>G.813,                         | I.731,<br>I.732           | G.798,<br>G.798.1<br>,<br>G.806                           | G.8021<br>G.8021.1  |  | G.8121  |
| OAM and<br>protection<br>switching                     | G.808.1                              |  | G.707,<br>G.783,<br>G.841,<br>G.842                          | I.610,<br>I.630           | G.873.1   | Y.1730,<br>Y.1731,<br>G.8031,<br>G.8032<br>[IEEE]<br>802.1AX,<br>802.1ag,<br>802.3,<br>802.1aq,<br>802.1Q-<br>2014<br>802.1CB | Y.1710,<br>Y.1711,<br>Y.1712,<br>Y.1713,<br>Y.1720,<br>[IETF]<br>RFC3429,<br>RFC4377,<br>RFC4378,<br>RFC4378,<br>RFC4379,<br>RFC3469,<br>RFC3469,<br>RFC4090 | G.8113.1<br>G.8113.2<br>G.8131<br>(note3)<br>[SG13]<br>Y.Sup4<br>[IETF]<br>RFC5860<br>RFC6371 |
| Management<br>aspects                                  | G.7710<br>G.7712<br>M.3010<br>M.3013 |  | G.774-<br>x,<br>G.784,<br>G.831,<br>G.7710,<br>M.3100<br>am3 | I.751                     | G.874,<br>G.874.1<br>, G.875,<br>G.7710,<br>M.3100<br>am3 | G.8051,<br>G.8052<br>[IEEE]<br>802.1AX,<br>802.1Q,<br>802.3.1   | Y.1714<br>[IETF]<br>RFC4221  | G.8151<br>[IETF]<br>RFC5950<br>RFC5951  |

| Торіс                             | Generic | PDH   | SDH   | ATM                                      | OTN   | Ethernet                    | MPLS                        | MPLS-<br>TP (T-<br>MPLS) |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---|---|--|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Physical layer<br>characteristics |         | G.703   | G.664,<br>G.691,<br>G.692,<br>G.693,<br>G.703,<br>G.957 | G.703,<br>G.957,<br>I.432                | G.664,<br>G.680,<br>G.693,<br>G.698.1<br>G.698.2<br>G.959.1 | [IEEE]<br>802.3,            |                             |                          |
| Performance                       |         | G.821,<br>G.822,<br>G.826,<br>G.823,<br>G.824 | G.826,<br>G.827,<br>G.828,<br>G.829,<br>G.783,<br>G.825 | I.356,<br>I.357<br>[IETF]<br>RFC31<br>16 | G.8201,<br>G.8251   | Y.1563<br>Y.1730,<br>Y.1731 | Y.1561<br>[IETF]<br>RFC5695 |                          |
| Terminology                       | G.870   |   | G.780   |  | G.870,<br>G.8081  | G.8001                      |                             | G.8101                   |

Note 1: G.73x, G.74x, G.75x denote series of Recommendations of which numbers start with G.73, G.74 or G.75.

Note 2: Y-series Recommendation numbers are assigned to NGN related Recommendations in addition to their original Recommendation numbers.

Note 3: The next update of the T-MPLS related Recommendation will only describe MPLS-TP.

Note 4: ASON related Recommendations are shown in Table 7-4-2: Estimated mapping of protocol-specific documents in ITU-T ASON Recommendations.

## 5.8.3 Further details

Further details about NGN standardization can be obtained from SG13, SG11 and FG-NGN websites as below.

ITU-T SG13: http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com13/index.asp

ITU-T SG11: http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com11/index.asp

## 6 OTNT correspondence and Liaison tracking

#### 6.1 OTNT related contacts

The International Telecommunication Union - Telecommunications Sector (ITU-T) maintains a strong focus on global OTNT standardization. It is supported by other organizations that contribute to specific areas of the work at both the regional and global levels. Below is a list of the most notable organizations recognised by the ITU-T and their URL for further information.

- ATIS Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions: <u>http://www.atis.org</u>
- TIA Telecommunications Industry Association: <u>http://www.tiaonline.org</u>
- IEC International Electrotechnical Commission: <u>http://www.iec.ch/</u>
- IETF Internet Engineering Task Force: <u>http://www.ietf.org</u>
- IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee: http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/index.shtml
- Optical Internetworking Forum (OIF) Technical Committee: http://www.oiforum.com/public/techcommittee.html

- 24 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

#### - 25 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

- Broadband (ex. IP/MPLS) Forum: http://www.broadband-forum.org/
- Metro Ethernet Forum (MEF) Technical Committee: http://metroethernetforum.org/
- TMF- TeleManagement Forum: <u>http://www.tmforum.org/browse.aspx</u>

#### 7 Overview of existing standards and activity

With the rapid progress on standards and implementation agreements on OTNT, it is often difficult to find a complete list of the relevant new and revised documents. It is also sometimes difficult to find a concise representation of related documents across the different organizations that produce them. This clause attempts to satisfy both of those objectives by providing concise tables of the relevant documents.

#### 7.1 New or revised OTNT standards or implementation agreements

Many documents, at different stages of completion, address the different aspect of the OTNT space. The table below lists the known drafts and completed documents under revision that fit into this area. The table does not list all established documents which might be under review for slight changes or addition of features.

Three major families of documents (and more) are represented by fields in the following table, SDH/SONET, OTN Transport Plane, and ASON Control Plane. All of the recommendations and standards of the three families are included in tables in the later clauses of this document.

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number            | Title  |
|---|-------------------|--|
| ITU-T (SG2)                               | M.2401 (12/2003)  | Error performance limits and procedures for bringing-into-service and<br>maintenance of multi-operator international paths and sections within an<br>optical transport network |
| ITU-T<br>(Q17/12)                         | Y.1563 (01/2009)  | Ethernet frame transfer and availability performance   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.983.1 (01/2005) | Broadband optical access systems based on Passive Optical Networks (PON)   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.983.2 (07/2005) | ONT management and control interface specification for B-PON   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.983.3 (03/2001) | A broadband optical access system with increased service capability by wavelength allocation   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.983.4 (11/2001) | A broadband optical access system with increased service capability using dynamic bandwidth assignment   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.983.5 (01/2002) | A broadband optical access system with enhanced survivability  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.1 (03/2008) | Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (GPON): General characteristics   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.2 (03/2003) | Gigabit-capable Passive Optical Networks (G-PON): Physical Media<br>Dependent (PMD) layer specification  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.3 (01/2014) | Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (G-PON): Transmission convergence layer specification   |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.4 (02/2008) | Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (G-PON): ONT management<br>and control interface specification  |

# TABLE 7-1-1/OTNT: OTNT Related Standards and Industry Agreements (ITU-T Recommendations – only main editions)

#### - 26 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                     | Title   |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.5 (05/2014)          | Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (G-PON): Enhancement band  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.6 (03/2008)          | Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (GPON): Reach extension  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.984.7 (07/2010)          | Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (GPON): Long reach   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.985 (03/2003)            | 100 Mbit/s point-to-point Ethernet based optical access system  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.986 (01/2010)            | 1 Gbit/s point-to-point Ethernet-based optical access system  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.987 (06/2012)            | 10-Gigabit-capable passive optical network (XG-PON) systems:<br>Definitions, abbreviations and acronyms       |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.987.1 (01/2010)          | 10-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (XG-PON): General requirements                                    |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.987.2 (10/2010)          | 10-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (XG-PON): Physical media dependent (PMD) layer specification      |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.987.3 (01/2014)          | 10-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (XG-PON): Transmission convergence (TC) layer specification       |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.987.4 (06/2012)          | 10-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (XG-PON): Reach extension   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.988 (10/2012)            | ONU management and control interface (OMCI) specification   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.989.1 (03/2013)          | 40-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (NG-PON2): General requirements                                   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q2/15)                             | G.989.2 (12/2014)          | 40-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks 2 (NG-PON2): Physical media dependent (PMD) layer specification   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q3/15)                             | G.780/Y.1351<br>(07/2010)  | Terms and definitions for synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) networks  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q3/15)                             | G.870/Y.1352<br>(10/2012)  | Terms and definitions for optical transport networks  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q3/15)                             | G.8001/Y.1354<br>(09/2013) | Terms and definitions for Ethernet frames over transport  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q3/15)                             | G.8081/Y.1353<br>(02/2012) | Terms and definitions for automatically switched optical networks   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q3/15)                             | G.8101/Y.1355<br>(01/2015) | Terms and definitions for MPLS transport profile  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.650.1 (07/2010)          | Definitions and test methods for linear, deterministic attributes of single-<br>mode fibre and cable          |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.650.2 (07/2007)          | Definitions and test methods for statistical and non-linear related attributes of single-mode fibre and cable |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.650.3 (03/2008)          | Test methods for installed single-mode optical fibre cable links  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.651.1 (07/2007)          | Characteristics of a 50/125 $\mu m$ multimode graded index optical fibre cable for the optical access network |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.652 (11/2009)            | Characteristics of a single-mode optical fibre and cable  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.653 (07/2010)            | Characteristics of a dispersion-shifted, single-mode optical fibre and cable                                  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.654 (10/2012)            | Characteristics of a cut-off shifted single-mode optical fibre and cable                                      |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.655 (11/2009)            | Characteristics of a non-zero dispersion-shifted single-mode optical fibre and cable                          |  |  |  |

#### - 27 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                    | Title   |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.656 (07/2010)           | Characteristics of a fibre and cable with non-zero dispersion for wideband optical transport                      |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q5/15)                             | G.657 (10/2012)           | Characteristics of a bending-loss insensitive single-mode optical fibre and cable for the access network          |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.664 (10/2012)           | Optical safety procedures and requirements for optical transmission systems                                       |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.680 (07/2007)           | Physical transfer functions of optical network elements   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.691 (03/2006)           | Optical interfaces for single channel STM-64 and other SDH systems with optical amplifiers                        |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.692 (10/1998)           | Optical interfaces for multichannel systems with optical amplifiers   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.693 (11/2009)           | Optical interfaces for intra-office systems   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.694.1 (02/2012)         | Spectral grids for WDM applications: DWDM frequency grid  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.694.2 (12/2003)         | Spectral grids for WDM applications: CWDM wavelength grid   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.695 (01/2015)           | Optical interfaces for coarse wavelength division multiplexing applications                                       |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.696.1 (07/2010)         | Longitudinally compatible intra-domain DWDM applications  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.697 (02/2012)           | Optical monitoring for dense wavelength division multiplexing systems   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.698.1 (11/2009)         | Multichannel DWDM applications with single-channel optical interfaces   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.698.2 (11/2009)         | Amplified multichannel dense wavelength division multiplexing applications with single channel optical interfaces |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.698.3 (02/2012)         | Multichannel seeded DWDM applications with single-channel optical interfaces                                      |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.911 (04/1997)           | Parameters and calculation methodologies for reliability and availability of fibre optic systems                  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.957 (03/2006)           | Optical interfaces for equipment and systems relating to the synchronous digital hierarchy                        |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q6/15)                             | G.959.1 (02/2012)         | Optical transport network physical layer interfaces   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q7/15)                             | G.671 (02/2012)           | Transmission characteristics of optical components and subsystems   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.781 (09/2008)           | Synchronization layer functions   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.783 (03/2006)           | Characteristics of synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) equipment<br>functional blocks                             |  |  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.798 (12/2012)           | Characteristics of optical transport network hierarchy equipment functional blocks                                |  |  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.806 (02/2012)           | Characteristics of transport equipment – Description methodology and generic functionality                        |  |  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.871/Y.1301<br>(10/2000) | Framework of Optical Transport Network Recommendations  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.808.1 (05/2014)         | Generic protection switching – Linear trail and subnetwork protection   |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.808.2 (11/2013)         | Generic protection switching – Ring protection  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.808.3 (10/2012)         | Generic protection switching – Shared mesh protection   |  |  |  |

#### - 28 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                         | Title  |  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.841 (10/1998)                | Types and characteristics of SDH network protection architectures  |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.842 (04/1997)                | Interworking of SDH network protection architectures   |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.873.1 (05/2014)              | Optical transport network (OTN): Linear protection   |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.873.2 (04/2012)              | ODUk shared ring protection  |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.8021/Y.1341<br>(01/2015)     | Characteristics of Ethernet transport network equipment functional blocks                                    |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.8021.1/Y.1341.1<br>(10/2012) | Types and characteristics of Ethernet transport network equipment  |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.8031/Y.1342<br>(01/2015)     | Ethernet linear protection switching   |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.8032/Y.1344<br>(02/2012)     | Ethernet ring protection switching   |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | G.8131/Y.1382<br>(07/2014)     | Linear protection switching for MPLS transport profile   |  |
| ITU-T (Q9/15)                             | Y.1720 (12/2006)               | Protection switching for MPLS networks   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8011/Y.1307<br>(01/2015)     | Ethernet service characteristics   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8011.1/Y.1307.1<br>(08/2013) | Ethernet private line service  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8011.2/Y.1307.2<br>(08/2013) | Ethernet virtual private line service  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8011.3/Y.1307.3<br>(08/2013) | Ethernet virtual private LAN service   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8011.4/Y.1307.4<br>(08/2013) | Ethernet private tree and Ethernet virtual private tree services   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8011.5/Y.1307.5<br>(08/2013) | Ethernet private LAN service   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8012/Y.1308<br>(08/2004)     | Ethernet UNI and Ethernet NNI  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8012.1/Y.1308.1<br>(12/2012) | Interfaces for the Ethernet transport network  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8013/Y.1731<br>(11/2013)     | OAM functions and mechanisms for Ethernet based networks   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8112/Y.1371<br>(10/2012)     | Interfaces for the MPLS Transport Profile layer network  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8113.1/Y.1372.1<br>(11/2012) | Operations, administration and maintenance mechanism for MPLS-TP in packet transport networks                |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8113.2/Y.1372.2<br>(11/2012) | Operations, administration and maintenance mechanisms for MPLS-TP networks using the tools defined for MPLS  |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8121/Y.1381<br>(11/2013)     | Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks   |  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8121.1/Y.1381.1<br>(11/2013) | Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks supporting ITU-<br>T G.8113.1/Y.1372.1 OAM mechanisms |  |

#### - 29 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                         | Title  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | G.8121.2/Y.1381.2<br>(11/2013) | Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks supporting ITU-<br>T G.8113.2/Y.1372.2 OAM mechanisms         |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | Y.1710 (11/2002)               | Requirements for Operation & Maintenance functionality in MPLS networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | Y.1711 (02/2004)               | Operation & Maintenance mechanism for MPLS networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | Y.1712 (01/2004)               | OAM functionality for ATM-MPLS interworking  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | Y.1713 (03/2004)               | Misbranching detection for MPLS networks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | Y.1714 (01/2009)               | MPLS management and OAM framework  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q10/15)                         | Y.1730 (01/2004)               | Requirements for OAM functions in Ethernet-based networks and Ethernet services                                      |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.707/Y.1322<br>(01/2007)      | Network node interface for the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH)   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.709/Y.1331<br>(02/2012)      | Interfaces for the optical transport network   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.798.1 (01/2013)              | Types and characteristics of optical transport network equipment   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.7041/Y.1303<br>(04/2011)     | Generic framing procedure  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.7042/Y.1305<br>(03/2006)     | Link capacity adjustment scheme (LCAS) for virtual concatenated signals  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.7043/Y.1343<br>(07/2004)     | Virtual concatenation of plesiochronous digital hierarchy (PDH) signals  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.7044/Y.1347<br>(10/2011)     | Hitless adjustment of ODUflex(GFP)   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q11/15)                         | G.8201 (04/2011)               | Error performance parameters and objectives for multi-operator international paths within optical transport networks |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.800 (02/2012)                | Unified functional architecture of transport networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.805 (03/2000)                | Generic functional architecture of transport networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.872 (10/2012)                | Architecture of optical transport networks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.8010/Y.1306<br>(02/2004)     | Architecture of Ethernet layer networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.8080/Y.1304<br>(02/2012)     | Architecture for the automatically switched optical network  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.8110/Y.1370<br>(01/2005)     | MPLS layer network architecture  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q12/15)                         | G.8110.1/Y.1370.1<br>(12/2011) | Architecture of the Multi-Protocol Label Switching transport profile layer network                                   |

#### - 30 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                         | Title  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.813 (03/2003)                | Timing characteristics of SDH equipment slave clocks (SEC)   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8251 (09/2010)               | The control of jitter and wander within the optical transport network (OTN)                                      |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8260 (02/2012)               | Definitions and terminology for synchronization in packet networks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8261/Y.1361<br>(08/2013)     | Timing and synchronization aspects in packet networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8261.1/Y.1361.1<br>(02/2012) | Packet delay variation network limits applicable to packet-based methods (Frequency synchronization)             |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8262/Y.1362<br>(01/2015)     | Timing characteristics of a synchronous Ethernet equipment slave clock   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8264/Y.1364<br>(05/2014)     | Distribution of timing information through packet networks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8265/Y.1365<br>(10/2010)     | Architecture and requirements for packet-based frequency delivery  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8265.1/Y.1365.1<br>(07/2014) | Precision time protocol telecom profile for frequency synchronization  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8271/Y.1366<br>(02/2012)     | Time and phase synchronization aspects of packet networks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8271.1/Y.1366.1<br>(08/2013) | Network limits for time synchronization in packet networks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8272/Y.1367<br>(01/2015)     | Timing characteristics of primary reference time clocks  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8273/Y.1368<br>(08/2013)     | Framework of phase and time clocks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8273.2/Y.1368.2<br>(05/2014) | Timing characteristics of telecom boundary clocks and telecom time slave clocks                                  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8275/Y.1369<br>(11/2013)     | Architecture and requirements for packet-based time and phase distribution                                       |
| ITU-T<br>(Q13/15)                         | G.8275.1/Y.1369.1<br>(07/2014) | Precision time protocol telecom profile for phase/time synchronization with full timing support from the network |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.784 (03/2008)                | Management aspects of synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) transport<br>network elements                          |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.874 (08/2013)                | Management aspects of optical transport network elements   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.874.1 (10/2012)              | Optical transport network: Protocol-neutral management information model for the network element view            |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7710/Y.1701<br>(02/2012)     | Common equipment management function requirements  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7712/Y.1703<br>(09/2010)     | Architecture and specification of data communication network   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7713/Y.1704<br>(11/2009)     | Distributed call and connection management (DCM)   |

#### - 31 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organization<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                         | Title  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7713.1/Y.1704.1<br>(03/2003) | Distributed Call and Connection Management (DCM) based on PNNI   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7713.2/Y.1704.2<br>(03/2003) | Distributed Call and Connection Management: Signalling mechanism using GMPLS RSVP-TE                                 |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7713.3/Y.1704.3<br>(03/2003) | Distributed Call and Connection Management: Signalling mechanism using GMPLS CR-LDP                                  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7714/Y.1705<br>(08/2005)     | Generalized automatic discovery for transport entities   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7714.1/Y.1705.1<br>(01/2015) | Protocol for automatic discovery in SDH and OTN networks   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7715/Y.1706<br>(06/2002)     | Architecture and requirements for routing in the automatically switched optical networks                             |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7715.1/Y.1706.1<br>(02/2004) | ASON routing architecture and requirements for link state protocols  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7715.2/Y.1706.2<br>(02/2007) | ASON routing architecture and requirements for remote route query  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7716/Y.1707<br>(01/2010)     | Architecture of control plane operations   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7718/Y.1709<br>(07/2010)     | Framework for ASON management  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.7718.1/Y.1709.1<br>(12/2006) | Protocol-neutral management information model for the control plane view   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.8051/Y.1345<br>(08/2013)     | Management aspects of the Ethernet Transport (ET) capable network element  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.8052/Y.1346<br>(08/2013)     | Protocol-neutral management information model for the Ethernet<br>Transport capable network element                  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q14/15)                         | G.8151/Y.1374<br>(01/2015)     | Management aspects of the MPLS-TP network element  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q15/15)                         | 0.172 (04/2005)                | Jitter and wander measuring equipment for digital systems which are based on the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) |
| ITU-T<br>(Q15/15)                         | 0.173 (02/2012)                | Jitter measuring equipment for digital systems which are based on the optical transport network                      |
| ITU-T<br>(Q15/15)                         | 0.174 (11/2009)                | Jitter and wander measuring equipment for digital systems which are based on synchronous Ethernet technology         |
| ITU-T<br>(Q15/15)                         | 0.175 (10/2012)                | Jitter measuring equipment for digital systems based on XG-PON   |
| ITU-T<br>(Q15/15)                         | O.182 (07/2007)                | Equipment to assess error performance on Optical Transport Network interfaces  |
| ITU-T<br>(Q15/15)                         | O.201 (07/2003)                | Q-factor test equipment to estimate the transmission performance of optical channels                                 |

Table 7-1-2 below lists IETF RFCs and Internet Drafts. It should be noted that all Internet-Drafts should be identified as "work in progress". This request is made, as standard, by the IETF in the following text at the head of every Internet-Draft:

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number  | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|---------|---|---------------------|
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5317 | JWT Report on MPLS Architectural Considerations for a Transport Profile   | 02/2009             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5586 | MPLS Generic Associated Channel   | 06/2009             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5654 | MPLS-TP Requirements  | 08/2009             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5718 | An Inband Data Communication Network For the<br>MPLS Transport Profile  | 08/2009             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5860 | Requirements for OAM in MPLS Transport Networks   | 03/2010             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5921 | A Framework for MPLS in Transport Networks  | 07/2010             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5950 | MPLS-TP Network Management Framework  | 09/2010             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5951 | MPLS TP Network Management Requirements   | 9/2010              |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC5960 | MPLS Transport Profile Data Plane Architecture  | 08/2010             |
| IETF(mpls)                                | RFC6215 | MPLS Transport Profile User-to-Network and Network-to-Network Interfaces  | 04/2011             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC6291 | Guidelines for the use of the OAM acronym in the IETF   | 06/2011             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC6370 | MPLS-TP Identifiers   | 9/2011              |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC6371 | MPLS-TP OAM Framework   | 09/2011             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC6372 | Multiprotocol Label Switching Transport Profile<br>Survivability Framework  | 09/2011             |
| IETF(ccamp)                               | RFC6373 | MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Control Plane<br>Framework   | 09/2011             |
| IETF(mpls)                                | RFC6374 | Packet Loss and Delay Measurement for MPLS Networks   | 09/2011             |
| IETF(mpls)                                | RFC6375 | A Packet Loss and Delay Measurement Profile for MPLS-Based Transport Networks   | 09/2011             |
| IETF(mpls)                                | RFC6427 | MPLS Fault Management Operations, Administration,<br>and Maintenance (OAM)  | 11/2011             |
| IETF                                      | RFC6428 | Proactive Connectivity Verification, Continuity<br>Check, and Remote Defect Indication for the MPLS<br>Transport Profile      | 11/2011             |
| IETF                                      | RFC6435 | MPLS Transport Profile Lock Instruct and Loopback<br>Functions  | 11/2011             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC7054 | Addressing Requirements and Design Considerations<br>for Per-Interface Maintenance Entity Group<br>Intermediate Points (MIPs) | 2013                |

#### TABLE 7-1-2/OTNT: OTNT Related Standards and Industry Agreements (IETF RFCs and Internet Drafts)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number   | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|----------|---|---------------------|
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC7087  | A Thesaurus for the Interpretation of Terminology<br>Used in MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Internet-<br>Drafts and RFCs in the Context of the ITU-T's<br>Transport Network Recommendations           | 2013                |
| IETF(mpls)                                | RFC6669  | An Overview of the Operations, Administration, and<br>Maintenance (OAM) Toolset for MPLS-Based<br>Transport Networks  | 07/2012             |
| IETF                                      | RFC6671  | Allocation of a Generic Associated Channel Type for<br>ITU-T MPLS Transport Profile Operation,<br>Maintenance, and Administration<br>(MPLS-TP OAM)  | 11/2012             |
| IETF                                      | RFC6923  | MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers<br>Following ITU-T Conventions   | 05/2013             |
| IETF                                      | RFC6941  | MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Security<br>Framework  | 04/2013             |
| IETF (mpls)                               | RFC 7271 | MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Linear<br>Protection to Match the Operational Expectations of<br>Synchronous Digital Hierarchy, Optical Transport<br>Network, and Ethernet Transport Network Operators | 2014                |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 3468 | The Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Working<br>Group decision on MPLS signaling protocols  | 02/2003             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 3609 | Tracing Requirements for Generic Tunnels  | 09/2003             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 3945 | Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>Architecture  | 10/2004             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4003 | GMPLS Signaling Procedure For Egress Control – updates RFC 3473   | 02/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4139 | Requirements for Generalized MPLS (GMPLS)<br>Signaling Usage and Extensions for Automatically<br>Switched Optical Network (ASON)  | 07/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4201 | Link Bundling in MPLS Traffic Engineering (TE)  | 10/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4202 | Routing Extensions in Support of Generalized Multi-<br>Protocol Label Switching (GMPLS)   | 10/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4203 | OSPF Extensions in Support of Generalized Multi-<br>Protocol Label Switching – updates RFC 3630   | 10/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4204 | Link Management Protocol (LMP)  | 10/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 4207 | Synchronous Optical Network (SONET)/Synchronous<br>Digital Hierarchy (SDH) Encoding for Link<br>Management Protocol (LMP) Test Messages   | 10/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4208  | Generalize Multiprotocol Label Switching(GMPLS)<br>User-Network Interface (UNI): Resource ReserVation<br>Protocol-Traffic Engineering (RSVP-TE) Support for<br>the Overlay Model                        | 10/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4209  | Link Management Protocol (LMP) for Dense<br>Wavelength Division Multiplexing (DWDM) Optical<br>Line Systems   | 10/2005             |

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number  | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|---------|---|---------------------|
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4258 | Requirements for Generalized Multi-Protocol Label<br>Switching (GMPLS) Routing for the Automatically<br>Switched Optical Network (ASON)   | 11/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4257 | Framework for Generalized Multi-Protocol Label<br>Switching (GMPLS)-based Control of Synchronous<br>Digital Hierarchy/Synchronous Optical Networking<br>(SDH/SONET) Networks                                    | 12/2005             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4328 | Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS) Signaling Extensions for G.709 Optical<br>Transport Networks Control – updates RFC 3471   | 01/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4394 | A Transport Network View of the Link Management Protocol  | 02/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4397 | A Lexicography for the Interpretation of Generalized<br>Multiprotocol Label Switching (GMPLS)<br>Terminology within The Context of the ITU-T's<br>Automatically Switched Optical Network (ASON)<br>Architecture | 02/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4426 | Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS) Recovery Functional Specification   | 03/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4427 | Recovery (Protection and Restoration) Terminology<br>for Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS)  | 03/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4428 | Analysis of Generalized Multi-Protocol Label<br>Switching (GMPLS)-based Recovery Mechanisms<br>(including Protection and Restoration)   | 03/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4558 | Node ID based RSVP Hello: A Clarification Statement   | 06/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4606 | Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS) Extensions for Synchronous Optical<br>Network (SONET) and Synchronous Digital<br>Hierarchy (SDH) Control  | 08/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4631 | Link Management Protocol (LMP) Management<br>Information Base (MIB) – updates RFC4327   | 09/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4652 | Evaluation of existing Routing Protocols against ASON routing requirements  | 10/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4726 | A Framework for Inter-Domain MPLS Traffic Engineering   | 11/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4736 | Reoptimization of Multiprotocol Label Switching<br>(MPLS) Traffic Engineering (TE) loosely routed<br>Label Switch Path (LSP)  | 11/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4783 | GMPLS – Communication of Alarm Information  | 12/2006             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4801 | Definitions of Textual Conventions for Generalized<br>Multiprotocol Label Switching (GMPLS)<br>Management   | 02/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4802 | Generalized Multiprotocol Label Switching (GMPLS)<br>Traffic Engineering Management Information Base  | 02/2007             |

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number  | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|---------|---|---------------------|
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4803 | Generalized Multiprotocol Label Switching (GMPLS)<br>Label Switching Router (LSR) Management<br>Information Base                  | 02/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4872 | RSVP-TE Extensions in support of End-to-End<br>Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS)-based Recovery               | 05/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4873 | GMPLS Based Segment Recovery  | 05/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4874 | Exclude Routes – Extension to RSVP-TE   | 04/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4920 | Crankback Signaling Extensions for MPLS and GMPLS RSVP-TE   | 07/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4972 | Routing extensions for discovery of Multiprotocol<br>(MPLS) Label Switch Router (LSR) Traffic<br>Engineering (TE) mesh membership | 07/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4974 | Generalized MPLS (GMPLS) RSVP-TE Signaling<br>Extensions in support of Calls  | 08/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC4990 | Use of Addresses in Generalized Multi-Protocol Label<br>Switching (GMPLS) Networks  | 09/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5063 | Extensions to GMPLS RSVP Graceful Restart   | 10/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5073 | IGP Routing Protocol Extensions for Discovery of<br>Traffic Engineering Node Capabilities   | 12/2007             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5145 | Framework for MPLS-TE to GMPLS Migration  | 03/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5146 | Interworking Requirements to Support Operation of MPLS-TE over GMPLS Networks   | 03/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5150 | Label Switched Path Stitching with Generalized<br>Multiprotocol Label Switching Traffic Engineering<br>(GMPLS TE)                 | 02/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5151 | Inter-Domain MPLS and GMPLS Traffic Engineering<br>Resource Reservation Protocol-Traffic Engineering<br>(RSVP-TE) Extensions      | 02/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5152 | A Per-Domain Path Computation Method for<br>Establishing Inter-Domain Traffic Engineering (TE)<br>Label Switched Paths (LSPs)     | 02/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5212 | Requirements for GMPLS-Based Multi-Region and Multi-Layer Networks (MRN/MLN)  | 07/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5298 | Analysis of Inter-Domain Label Switched Path (LSP)<br>Recovery  | 08/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5316 | ISIS Extensions in Support of Inter-Autonomous<br>System (AS) MPLS and GMPLS Traffic Engineering                                  | 12/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5339 | Evaluation of Existing GMPLS Protocols against<br>Multi-Layer and Multi-Region Networks<br>(MLN/MRN)                              | 09/2008             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5392 | OSPF Extensions in Support of Inter-Autonomous<br>System (AS) MPLS and GMPLS Traffic Engineering                                  | 01/2009             |

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number   | Title  | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--|--|---------------------|
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5420 (replaces<br>RFC4420)                                | Encoding of Attributes for MPLS LSP Establishment<br>Using Resource Reservation Protocol Traffic<br>Engineering (RSVP-TE)                                      | 02/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5467  | GMPLS Asymmetric Bandwidth Bidirectional Label<br>Switched Paths (LSPs)  | 03/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5493  | Requirements for the Conversion between Permanent<br>Connections and Switched Connections in a<br>Generalized Multiprotocol Label Switching (GMPLS)<br>Network | 04/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5495  | Description of the Resource Reservation Protocol -<br>Traffic-Engineered (RSVP-TE) Graceful Restart<br>Procedures  | 03/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5553  | Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) Extensions for<br>Path Key Support  | 05/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC5787  | OSPFv2 Routing Protocols Extensions for ASON<br>Routing  | 03/2010             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 7260   | GMPLS RSVP-TE extensions for OAM<br>Configuration  | 2014                |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | RFC 7369   | GMPLS RSVP-TE Extensions for Ethernet OAM Configuration  | 2014                |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>gmpls-g-694-lambda-<br>labels-04.txt    | Generalized Labels for G.694 Lambda-Switching<br>Capable Label Switching Routers   | 03/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>ethernet-traffic-<br>parameters-08.txt  | Ethernet Traffic Parameters  | 04/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>wson-impairments-<br>00.txt             | A Framework for the Control of Wavelength<br>Switched Optical Networks (WSON) with<br>Impairments  | 06/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>ethernet-gmpls-<br>provider-reqs-02.txt | Service Provider Requirements for Ethernet control with GMPLS  | 06/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-rwa-<br>wson-encode-02.txt                  | Routing and Wavelength Assignment Information<br>Encoding for Wavelength Switched Optical Networks   | 07/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-pc-<br>spc-rsvpte-ext-03.txt                | RSVP-TE Signaling Extension For Management<br>Plane To Control Plane LSP Handover In A GMPLS<br>Enabled Transport Network                                      | 07/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>gmpls-mln-<br>extensions-07.txt         | Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS) Protocol Extensions for Multi-Layer and<br>Multi-Region Networks (MLN/MRN)                               | 08/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>confirm-data-<br>channel-status-07.txt  | Data Channel Status Confirmation Extensions for the<br>Link Management Protocol  | 09/2009             |

#### - 37 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number   | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--|---|---------------------|
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-rwa-<br>wson-framework-<br>03.txt     | Framework for GMPLS and PCE Control of<br>Wavelength Switched Optical Networks (WSON)   | 09/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-lsp-<br>dppm-08.txt                   | Label Switched Path (LSP) Dynamic Provisioning<br>Performance Metrics in Generalized MPLS Networks  | 09/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-rwa-<br>info-04.txt                   | Routing and Wavelength Assignment Information<br>Model for Wavelength Switched Optical Networks   | 09/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>gmpls-ethernet-arch-<br>05.txt    | Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS) Ethernet Label Switching Architecture and<br>Framework  | 09/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>mpls-graceful-<br>shutdown-10.txt | Graceful Shutdown in MPLS and Generalized MPLS<br>Traffic Engineering Networks  | 09/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>gmpls-vcat-lcas-<br>08.txt        | Operating Virtual Concatenation (VCAT) and the<br>Link Capacity Adjustment Scheme (LCAS) with<br>Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching<br>(GMPLS)                  | 07/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>gmpls-ted-mib-05.txt              | Traffic Engineering Database Management<br>Information Base in support of GMPLS   | 01/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-rwa-<br>info-04.txt                   | Routing and Wavelength Assignment Information<br>Model for Wavelength Switched Optical Networks   | 09/2009             |
| IETF (ccamp)                              | draft-ietf-ccamp-<br>oam-configuration-<br>fwk-03      | OAM Configuration Framework and Requirements for GMPLS RSVP-TE  | 01/2010             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 4655   | A Path Computation Element (PCE) Based<br>Architecture  | 08/2006             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 4657   | Path Computation Element (PCE) Communication<br>Protocol Generic Requirements   | 09/2006             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 4674   | Requirements for Path Computation Element (PCE)<br>Discovery  | 10/2006             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC4927  | PCE Communication Protocol (PCECP) Specific<br>Requirements for Inter-Area Multi Protocol Label<br>Switching (MPLS) and Generalized MPLS (GMPLS)<br>Traffic Engineering |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5088   | OSPF Protocol Extensions for Path Computation 01/2<br>Element (PCE) Discovery   |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5089   | IS-IS Protocol Extensions for Path Computation 01/2<br>Element (PCE) Discovery  |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5376   | Inter-AS Requirements for the Path Computation11/200Element Communication Protocol (PCECP)11/200  |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5394   | Policy-Enabled Path Computation Framework 12/2008   |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5440   | Path Computation Element (PCE) Communication<br>Protocol (PCEP)   | 03/2009             |

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number   | Title  | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--|--|---------------------|
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5441   | A Backward-Recursive PCE-Based Computation<br>(BRPC) Procedure to Compute Shortest Constrained<br>Inter-Domain Traffic Engineering Label Switched<br>Paths | 04/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5455   | Diffserv-Aware Class-Type Object for the Path<br>Computation Element Communication Protocol  | 03/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-vpn-<br>req-00.txt                        | PCC-PCE Communication Requirements for VPNs  | 03/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5520   | Preserving Topology Confidentiality in Inter-Domain<br>Path Computation Using a Path-Key-Based<br>Mechanism  | 04/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5521   | Extensions to the Path Computation Element<br>Communication Protocol (PCEP) for Route<br>Exclusions  | 04/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5541   | Encoding of Objective Functions in the Path<br>Computation Element Communication Protocol<br>(PCEP)  |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-<br>monitoring-05.txt                     | A set of monitoring tools for Path Computation<br>Element based Architecture   | 06/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | RFC 5557   | Path Computation Element Communication Protocol<br>(PCEP) Requirements and Protocol Extensions in<br>Support of Global Concurrent Optimization             | 07/2009             |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-gmpls-<br>aps-req-01.txt                  | Requirements for GMPLS applications of PCE 07/   |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-<br>manageability-<br>requirements-07.txt | Inclusion of Manageability Sections in PCE Working 07<br>Group Drafts  |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-vendor-<br>constraints-00.txt             | - Conveying Vendor-Specific Constraints in the Path<br>Computation Element Protocol 07/20  |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-pcep-<br>svec-list-02.txt                 |  |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-inter-<br>layer-req-10.txt                | PCC-PCE Communication Requirements for Inter-<br>Layer Traffic Engineering   |                     |
| IETF (pce)                                | draft-ietf-pce-inter-<br>layer-frwk-10.txt               | Framework for PCE-Based Inter-Layer MPLS and 03<br>GMPLS Traffic Engineering (a<br>R   |                     |
| IETF(opsawg)                              | draft-ietf-opsawg-<br>mpls-tp-oam-def-<br>05.txt         | "The OAM Acronym Soup"   | 05/2010             |

#### - 39 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                                | Title  | Publication<br>Date |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802-2014                    | IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area<br>Networks: Overview and Architecture   | 2014                |
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802.1AS-<br>2011            | IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area<br>Networks - Timing and Synchronization for Time-<br>Sensitive Applications in Bridged Local Area<br>Networks   | 2011                |
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802.1AS-<br>2011/Cor 1-2013 | IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area<br>networks— Timing and Synchronization for Time-<br>Sensitive Applications in Bridged Local Area<br>Networks— Corrigendum 1: Technical and Editorial<br>Corrections | 2011                |
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802.1AX-<br>2014            | Link Aggregation   | 2008                |
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802.1D-<br>2004             | Media access control (MAC) Bridges (Incorporates IEEE 802.1t-2001 and IEEE 802.1w)   | 2004                |
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802.16k-2007                | Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges - Amendment<br>2: Bridging of IEEE 802.16   | 2007                |
| IEEE 802.1                                | IEEE Std. 802.1Q-<br>2014             | Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks—Revision   | 2011                |
| IEEE 802.3                                | IEEE Std 802.3-2012                   | IEEE Standard for Ethernet   | 12/2012             |
| IEEE 802.3                                | IEEE Std 802.3.1-<br>2013             | IEEE Standard for Management Information Base<br>(MIB) Definitions for Ethernet  | 08/2013             |
| IEEE 802.3                                | IEEE Std 802.3bk-<br>2013             | IEEE Standard for Ethernet—Amendment 1: Physical<br>Layer Specifications and Management Parameters for<br>Extended Ethernet Passive Optical Networks   | 08/2013             |
| IEEE 802.3                                | IEEE Std 802.3bj-<br>2014             | IEEE Standard for Ethernet Amendment 2: Physical<br>Layer Specifications and Management Parameters for<br>100 Gb/s Operation Over Backplanes and Copper<br>Cables  | 09/2014             |
| IEEE 802.3                                | IEEE Std 802.3bm-<br>2015             | IEEE Starnard for Ethernet - Amendment 3: Physical<br>Layer Specifications and Management Parameters for<br>40Gb/s and 100 Gb/s Operation Over Fiber Optic<br>Cables03/  |                     |
| IEEE 802.17                               | IEEE Std. 802.17-<br>2011             | Resilient packet ring (RPR) access method and 09/<br>physical layer specifications   |                     |
| IEEE 802.17                               | IEEE Std. 802.17a-<br>2004            | Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges - Amendment<br>1: Bridging of IEEE Std 802.17   | 102004              |
| IEEE 802.17                               | IEEE Std. 802.17b-<br>2007            | Resilient packet ring (RPR) access method and<br>physical layer specifications - Amendment 2:<br>Spatially aware sublayer07/2  |                     |
| IEEE 802.17                               | IEEE Std. 802.17c-<br>2010            | Resilient Packet Ring (RPR) Access Method and<br>Physical Layer Specifications - Amendment 3 -<br>Protected Inter-Ring Connection  | 05/2010             |

### TABLE 7-1-3/OTNT: OTNT Related Standards and Industry Agreements (IEEE 802 standards)

#### - 40 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

#### Organisation Number Title Publication (Subgroup Date responsible) OIF OIF-TL-01.1 Implementation Agreement for Common Software 11/2002 Protocol, Control Syntax, and Physical (Electrical and Mechanical) Interfaces for Tunable Laser Modules. 05/2003 OIF OIF-TLMSA-01.0 Multi-Source Agreement for CW Tunable Lasers. OIF **OIF-ITLA-MSA-01.0** Integratable Tunable Laser Assembly Multi-Source 06/2004 Agreement. OIF OIF-ITLA-MSA-01.1 Integrable Tunable Laser Assembly Multi Source 11/2005 Agreement OIF **OIF-ITLA-MSA-01.2** Integrable Tunable Laser Assembly Multi Source 06/2008 Agreement OIF OIF-ITTA-MSA-01.0 Integrable Tunable Transmitter Assembly Multi 11/2008 Source Agreement 10/2001 OIF OIF-UNI-01.0 User Network Interface (UNI) 1.0 Signaling Specification OIF User Network Interface (UNI) 1.0 Signaling OIF-UNI-01.0-R2-02/2004 Specification, Release 2: Common Part Common OIF OIF-UNI-01.0-R2-RSVP Extensions for User Network Interface (UNI) 02/2004 RSVP 1.0 Signaling, Release 2 OIF-UNI-02.0-OIF User Network Interface (UNI) 2.0 Signaling 02/2008 Specification: Common Part Common OIF OIF-UNI-02.0-RSVP User Network Interface (UNI) 2.0 Signaling 02/2008 Specification: RSVP Extensions for User Network Interface (UNI) 2.0 OIF-CDR-01.0 04/2002 OIF Call Detail Records for OIF UNI 1.0 Billing OIF OIF-SEP-01.0 Security Extension for UNI and NNI 05/2003 OIF OIF-SEP-02.1 Addendum to the Security Extension for UNI and 03/2006 NNI OIF OIF-SLG-01.0 OIF Control Plane Logging and Auditing with Syslog 11/2007 OIF Intra-Carrier E-NNI Signaling Specification 02/2004 OIF-E-NNI-Sig-01.0 OIF OIF-E-NNI-Sig-02.0 E-NNI Signaling Specification 04/2009 OIF **OIF-ENNI-OSPF-**External Network-Network Interface (E-NNI) OSPF-01/2007 based Routing - 1.0 (Intra-Carrier) Implementation 01.0 Agreement OIF OIF-G-Sig-IW-01.0 **OIF Guideline Document: Signaling Protocol** 06/2008 Interworking of ASON/GMPLS Network Domains OIF OIF-SMI-01.0 Security Management Interfaces to Network Elements 09/2003 OIF OIF-SMI-02.1 Addendum to the Security for Management Interfaces 03/2006 to Network Elements Very Short Reach (VSR) OC-192 Interface for OIF OIF-VSR4-01.0 12/2000 Parallel Optics OIF OIF-VSR4-03.0 Very Short Reach (VSR) OC-192 Four Fiber Interface 07/2003

Based on Parallel Optics

#### TABLE 7-1-4/OTNT: OTNT Related Standards and Industry Agreements (OIF documents)

- 41 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                    | Title  | Publication<br>Date |
|---|---------------------------|--|---------------------|
| OIF                                       | OIF-VSR4-04.0             | Serial Shortwave Very Short Reach (VSR) OC-192<br>Interface for Multimode Fiber                                      | 01/2001             |
| OIF                                       | OIF-VSR4-05.0             | Very Short Reach (VSR) OC-192 Interface Using 1310 Wavelength and 4 and 11 dB Link Budgets                           | 10/2002             |
| OIF                                       | OIF-VSR5-01.0             | Very Short Reach Interface Level 5 (VSR-5):<br>SONET/SDH OC-768 Interface for Very Short Reach<br>(VSR) Applications | 09/2002             |
| OIF                                       | OIF-LRI-02.0              | Interoperability for Long Reach and Extended Reach 10 Gb/s Transponders and Transceivers                             | 07/2006             |
| OIF                                       | OIF-FD-100G-<br>DWDM-01.0 | 100G Ultra Long Haul DWDM Framework<br>Document  | 06/2009             |

#### - 42 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number | Title  | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--------|--|---------------------|
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 6.2    | Metro Ethernet Services Definitions Phase 3  |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 8      | Implementation Agreement for the Emulation of PDH Circuits<br>over Metro Ethernet Networks   |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 22.1   | Mobile Backhaul Phase 2 Implementation Agreement   |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 22.1.1 | Amendment to MEF 22.1 Small Cell Backhaul  |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 28     | External Network Network Interface (ENNI) Support for UNI Tunnel Access and Virtual UNI      |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 33     | Ethernet Access Services Definition  |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 43     | Virtual NID (vNID) Functionality for E-Access Services                                       |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 47     | Carrier Ethernet Services for Cloud implementation Agreement                                 |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Attributes    | 10.3   | Ethernet Services Attributes Phase 3   |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Attributes    | 10.3.1 | Composite Performance Metric (CPM) Amendment to MEF 10.3                                     |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Attributes    | 23.1   | Class of Service Phase 2 Implementation Agreement  |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Attributes    | 26.1   | External Network Network Interface (ENNI) Phase 2  |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Attributes    | 41     | Generic Token Bucket Algorithm   |                     |
| Carrier Ethernet<br>Service Definitions   | 45     | Multi-CEN L2CP   |                     |
| Architecture                              | 2      | Requirements and Framework for Ethernet Service Protection                                   |                     |
| Architecture                              | 3      | Circuit Emulation Service Definitions, Framework and Requirements in Metro Ethernet Networks |                     |
| Architecture                              | 4      | Metro Ethernet Network Architecture Framework Part 1: Generic<br>Framework                   |                     |
| Architecture                              | 11     | User Network Interface (UNI) Requirements and Framework                                      |                     |
| Architecture                              | 12.2   | Carrier Ethernet Network Architecture Framework Part 2:<br>Ethernet Services Layer           |                     |
| Architecture                              | 13     | User Network Interface (UNI) Type 1 Implementation Agreement                                 |                     |
| Architecture                              | 20     | UNI Type 2 Implementation Agreement  |                     |
| Architecture                              | 29     | Ethernet Services Constructs   |                     |
| Architecture                              | 32     | Requirements for Service Protection Across External Interfaces                               |                     |

#### TABLE 7-1-5/OTNT: OTNT Related Standards and Industry Agreements (MEF documents)

#### - 43 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible)   | Number | mber Title   |  |
|---|--------|--|--|
| Information and<br>Data Models              | 7.2    | Carrier Ethernet Management Information Model  |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 31     | Service OAM Fault Management Definition of Managed Objects<br>(SNMP)   |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 31.0.1 | Amendment to Service OAM SNMP MIB for Fault Management   |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 36     | Service OAM SNMP MIB for Performance Monitoring  |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 38     | Service OAM Fault Management YANG Modules  |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 39     | Service OAM Performance Monitoring YANG Module   |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 40     | UNI and EVC Definition of Managed Objects (SNMP)   |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 42     | ENNI and OVC Definition of Managed Objects (SNMP)  |  |
| Information and Data Models                 | 44     | Virtual NID (vNID) Definition of Managed Objects (SNMP)  |  |
| Service Activation<br>and Test              | 46     | Latching Loopback Protocol and Functionality   |  |
| Service Activation<br>and Test              | 48     | Service Activation Testing   |  |
| Service Activation<br>and Test              | 49     | Service Activation Testing Control Protocol and PDU Formats  |  |
| SOAM Fault and<br>Performance<br>Management | 17     | Service OAM Framework and Requirements   |  |
| SOAM Fault and<br>Performance<br>Management | 30.1   | Service OAM Fault Management Implementation Agreement<br>Phase 2   |  |
| SOAM Fault and<br>Performance<br>Management | 30.1.1 | Amendment to MEF 30.1 - Correction to Requirement  |  |
| SOAM Fault and<br>Performance<br>Management | 35.1   | SOAM PM Implementation Agreement Amendment   |  |
| Management                                  | 15     | Requirements for Management of Metro Ethernet Phase 1<br>Network Elements  |  |
| Management                                  | 16     | Ethernet Local Management Interface  |  |
| MEF Service<br>Lifecycle                    | 50     | Service Operations Guidelines<br>A process model for the generic Carrier Ethernet service lifecycle,<br>including Service Operations Lifecycle management and Product<br>Lifecycle management. It establishes a foundation for<br>specifications developed by the MEF Service Operations<br>Committee. |  |

- 44 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--------|---|---------------------|
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 9      | Abstract Test Suite for Ethernet Services at the UNI  |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 14     | Abstract Test Suite for Traffic Management Phase 1  |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 18     | Abstract Test Suite for Circuit Emulation Services  |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 19     | Abstract Test Suite for UNI Type 1  |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 21     | Abstract Test Suite for UNI Type 2 Part 1 Link OAM  |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 24     | Abstract Test Suite for UNI Type 2 Part 2 E-LMI   |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 25     | Abstract Test Suite for UNI Type 2 Part 3 Service OAM   |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 27     | Abstract Test Suite For UNI Type 2 Part 5: Enhanced UNI<br>Attributes & Part 6: L2CP Handling |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 34     | ATS for Ethernet Access Services  |                     |
| Abstract Test Suites                      | 37     | Abstract Test Suite for ENNI  |                     |

### 7.2 SDH & SONET Related Recommendations and Standards

The following table lists all the known documents specifically related to SDH and SONET.

|  | ITU-T Published<br>Recommendation  | Published or Draft (Revised)<br>ETS or EN   | Published or Draft (Revised)<br>ATIS/ANSI  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Internet Document<br>Source                | http://www.itu.int/publications/i<br>tut.htm   | http://www.etsi.org/WebSite/Sta<br>ndards/Standard.aspx   | http://www.atis.org/docstore/def<br>ault.aspx  |
| Physical Interfaces                        | G.703 (11/01), Cor. 1 (03/08)<br>G.957 (3/06),<br>G.692 (10/98),<br>Cor.1(01/00),Cor.2(06/02),<br>Amd1(01/05)<br>G.691 (03/06)                                 | ETS 300 166<br>ETS 300 232, ETS 300 232(A1)<br>ETS 300 166 (09/99)  | ATIS-0900102.1993(R2005)<br>ATIS-0900105.06.2002 (R2007)<br>ATIS-0600416.1999(R2005)<br>ATIS-0600416.01.1999 (R2005)<br>ATIS-0600416.02.1999 (R2005)<br>ATIS-0600416.03.1999 (R2005) |
| Network<br>Architecture                    | G.805 (03/00)<br>G.803 (03/00), Amd1 (06/05)   | ETR 114   | ATIS-0900105.04.1995 (R2005)   |
| Structures &<br>Mappings                   | G.704 (10/98)<br>G.707 (01/07) , Amd1(07/07),<br>Amd2(11/09)<br>G.7041 (10/08), Amd1 (01/09)<br>G.7042 (03/06)<br>G.708 (07/99)<br>G.832 (10/98), Amd1 (06/04) | ETS 300 167 (08/93), (09/99)<br>ETS 300 147 Ed.3<br>ETS 300 337 Ed.2  | ATIS-0900105.2008 (01/08)<br>ATIS-0900105.02.2007 (09/07)  |
| Equipment<br>Functional<br>Characteristics | G.781 (09/08), Corr1(11/09)<br>G.783 (03/06), Err1(11/06),<br>Amd1(05/08), Amd2(03/10)<br>G.806 (01/09)  | EN 300 417-x-y (x=1-7,9 y=1-2)<br>ETS 300 635<br>ETS 300 785<br>RE/TM-1042-x-1 (x=1-5)<br>MI/TM-4048 (9712) | _  |
| Laser Safety                               | G.664 (03/06)  | -   | -  |

 TABLE 7-2/OTNT:
 SDH & SONET Recommendations & Industry Standards

#### - 45 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

|  | ITU-T Published<br>Recommendation   | Published or Draft (Revised)<br>ETS or EN   | Published or Draft (Revised)<br>ATIS/ANSI  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Transmission<br>Protection                     | G.841 (10/98), Corr1 (08/02)<br>G.842 (04/97)<br>G.808.1 (02/10)<br>M.2102 (02/00)  | ETS 300 746<br>ETS 300 417-1-1<br>ETS 300 417-3-1<br>ETS 300 417-4-1<br>TS 101 009<br>TS 101 010<br>RE/TM-1042<br>TR/TM-03070 | ATIS-0900105.01.2000 (R2005)   |
| Equipment<br>Protection                        | M.3100 (04/05)  | -   | -  |
| Restoration                                    | -   | DTR/TM-3076   | -  |
| Equipment<br>Management                        | G.784 (03/08)   | EN 301 167<br>EN 300 417-7-1<br>DE/TM-2210-3  | -  |
| Management<br>Communications<br>Interfaces     |   |   | ATIS-0900105.04.1995 (R2005)   |
| Information Model                              | G.773 (03/93)<br>G.774 (02/01)<br>G.774.1 (02/01)<br>G.774.2 (02/01)<br>G.774.2 (02/01)<br>G.774.3 (02/01)<br>G.774.4 (02/01)<br>G.774.5 (02/01)<br>G.774.6 (02/01)<br>G.774.8 (02/01)<br>G.774.9 (02/01)<br>G.774.10 (02/01) | ETS 300 304 Ed.2<br>ETS 300 484<br>ETS 300 413<br>ETS 300 411<br>ETS 300 493 prEN 301 155                                     | ATIS-0900119.2006 (07/06)<br>ATIS-0900119.01.2006 (06/06)<br>ATIS-0900119.02.2006 (06/06)<br>ATIS-0300245.1997 (R2008) |
| Network<br>Management                          | G.831 (03/00)<br>G.85x.y (11/96)  | ETS 300 810   | ATIS-0300204.2008 (06/08)  |
| Error Performance<br>[network level<br>view]   | G.826 (12/02)<br>G.827 (09/03)<br>G.828 (03/00), Corr1 (07/01)<br>G.829 (12/02), Corr1 (07/07)<br>M.2101 (06/03)<br>M.2102 (02/00)<br>M.2110 (07/02)<br>M.2120 (07/02)<br>M.2130 (02/00)<br>M.2140 (02/00)                    | EN 301 167  | ATIS-0900105.05.2002 (R2008)<br>ATIS-0100514.2009 (03/09)  |
| Error Performance<br>[equipment level<br>view] | G.783 (03/06), Err1 (11/06),<br>Amd1(05/08), Amd2(03/10)<br>G.784 (03/08)   | EN 300 417-x-1<br>RE/TM-1042  | -  |
| Jitter & Wander<br>Performance                 | G.813 (03/03), Corr1 (06/05)<br>G.822 (11/88)<br>G.823 (03/00)<br>G.824 (03/00)<br>G.825 (03/00), Err1 (08/01),<br>Amd1 (05/08)   | EN 300 462-5-1 EN 302 084<br>(01/99)<br>DEN/TM-1079 (05/98)   | ATIS-0900105.03.2003 (R2008)   |

| - 46 -           |  |
|------------------|--|
| TD 433 (PLEN/15) |  |

|   | ITU-T Published<br>Recommendation   | Published or Draft (Revised)<br>ETS or EN  | Published or Draft (Revised)<br>ATIS/ANSI                 |
|---|---|--|---|
|   | G.783 (03/06), Err1 (11/06),<br>Amd1(05/08), Amd2(03/10)<br>O.171 (04/97)<br>O.172 (04/05), Err1 (10/05),<br>Amd1 (06/08)                   |  |   |
| Leased Lines  | M.1301 (01/01)  | EN 301 164<br>EN 301 165   | -   |
| Synchronisation<br>[Clocks & Network<br>Architecture] | G.803 (03/00), Amd1 (06/05)<br>G.810 (08/96), Corr1 (11/01)<br>G.811 (09/97)<br>G.812 (06/04), Err1 (03/05)<br>G.813 (03/03), Corr1 (06/05) | EN 300 462-1<br>EN 300 462-2<br>EN 300 462-3<br>EN 300 462-4<br>EN 300 462-5<br>EN 300 462-6<br>EN 300 417-6-1<br>DEG/TM-01080 (03/99) | ATIS-0900101.2006 (11/06)<br>ATIS-0900105.09.1996 (R2008) |
| Test signals  | O.150 (05/96), Corr1 (05/02)<br>O.181 (05/02)   | -  | -   |

### 7.3 ITU-T Recommendations on the OTN Transport Plane

The following table lists all of the known ITU-T Recommendations specifically related to the OTN Transport Plane. Many also apply to other types of optical networks.

|                                  | ITU-T Published Recommendations   |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Definitions                      | G.870 Definitions and Terminology for Optical Transport Networks (OTN)                                  |  |
| Framework for<br>Recommendations | G.871/Y.1301 Framework for Optical Transport Network Recommendations                                    |  |
| A                                | G.872 Architecture of Optical Transport Networks  |  |
| Architectural Aspects            | G.872 Amendment 1 Architecture of Optical Transport Networks  |  |
| Control Plane                    | ASTN/ASON recommendations are moved to specific ASTN/ASON standards page.                               |  |
| Structures & Mapping             | G.709/Y.1331 Network node interface for the optical transport network (OTN)                             |  |
|                                  | G.709/Y.1331 Erratum 1  |  |
|                                  | G.975 Forward Error Correction  |  |
|                                  | G.798 Characteristics of optical transport network (OTN) equipment functional blocks                    |  |
|                                  | G.798 Amendment 1   |  |
|                                  | G.798 Corrigendum 1   |  |
|                                  | <b>G.806</b> Characteristics of transport equipment - Description Methodology and Generic Functionality |  |
|                                  | G.7041 Generic Framing Procedure  |  |
|                                  | G.7041 Amendment 1  |  |
|                                  | G.7042 Link capacity adjustment scheme (LCAS) for virtual concatenated signals                          |  |

#### - 47 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

|                                     | ITU-T Published Recommendations  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                     | G.Sup43 Transport of IEEE 10GBASE-R in optical transport networks (OTN)  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.808.1 Generic protection switching - Linear trail and subnetwork protection  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.808.1 Amendment 1  |  |  |  |
| Protection Switching                | G.873.1 Optical Transport network (OTN) - Linear Protection  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.Imp873.1 Implementer's Guide   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.874 Management aspects of the optical transport network element  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.Imp874 Implementer's Guide   |  |  |  |
|                                     | <b>G.874.1</b> Optical Transport Network (OTN) Protocol-Neutral Management Information Model For The Network Element View  |  |  |  |
| Management Aspects                  | G.Imp874.1 Implementer's Guide   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.7710/Y.1701 Common Equipment Management Requirements   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.7714/Y.1705 Generalized automatic discovery for transport entities   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.7714.1/Y.1705.1 Protocol for automatic discovery in SDH and OTN networks   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.7714.1/Y.1705.1 Amendment 1  |  |  |  |
| Data Communication<br>Network (DCN) | G.7712/Y.1703 Architecture and specification of data communication network   |  |  |  |
|                                     | <b>G.8201</b> Error performance parameters and objectives for multi-operator international paths within the Optical Transport Network (OTN)  |  |  |  |
| Error Performance                   | <b>M.2401</b> Error Performance Limits and Procedures for Bringing-Into-Service and Maintenance of multi-operator international paths and sections within Optical Transport Networks |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.8251 The control of jitter and wander within the optical transport network (OTN)   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.8251 Corrigendum 1   |  |  |  |
| Jitter & Wander<br>Performance      | <b>G.8251 Amendment 1</b> The control of jitter and wander within the optical transport network (OTN)  |  |  |  |
|                                     | <b>G.8251 Corrigendum 2</b> The control of jitter and wander within the optical transport network (OTN)  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.664 General Automatic Power Shut-Down Procedures for Optical Transport Systems   |  |  |  |
|                                     | <b>G.691</b> Optical Interfaces for single-channel STM-64 and other SDH systems with Optical Amplifiers,   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.692 Optical Interfaces for Multichannel Systems with Optical Amplifiers  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.692 Corrigendum 1  |  |  |  |
| Physical-Layer Aspects              | G.692 Corrigendum 2  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.692 Amendment 1  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.693 Optical interfaces for intra-office systems  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.694.1 Spectral grids for WDM applications: DWDM frequency grid   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.694.2 Spectral grids for WDM applications: CWDM wavelength grid  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.695 Optical interfaces for Coarse Wavelength Division Multiplexing applications  |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.696.1 Intra-Domain DWDM applications   |  |  |  |
|                                     | G.696. 1 Erratum 1   |  |  |  |

#### - 48 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

|                              | ITU-T Published Recommendations  |
|------------------------------|--|
|                              | G.697 Optical monitoring for DWDM system   |
|                              | G.698.1 Multichannel DWDM applications with single-channel optical interfaces  |
|                              | G.698.2 Amplified multichannel DWDM applications with single channel optical interfaces                                  |
|                              | G.959.1 Optical Transport Networking Physical Layer Interfaces   |
|                              | G.Sup.39 Optical System Design and Engineering Considerations  |
|                              | G.651.1 Characteristics of a 50/125 $\mu$ m multimode graded index optical fibre cable for the optical access network    |
|                              | G.652 Characteristics of a single-mode optical fibre and cable   |
|                              | G.653 Characteristics of a dispersion-shifted single mode optical fibre and cable  |
|                              | G.654 Characteristics of a cut-off shifted single-mode fibre and cable   |
| Fibres                       | G.655 Characteristics of a non-zero dispersion shifted single-mode optical fibre and cable                               |
|                              | <b>G.656</b> Characteristics of a fibre and cable with non-zero dispersion for wideband optical transport                |
|                              | <b>G.657</b> Characteristics of a bending loss insensitive single mode optical fibre and cable for the access network    |
|                              | G.Sup40 Optical fibre and cable Recommendations and standards guideline  |
|                              | <b>G.661</b> Definition and test methods for the relevant generic parameters of optical amplifier devices and subsystems |
| Components & Sub-<br>systems | G.662 Generic characteristics of optical amplifier devices and subsystems  |
|                              | G.663 Application related aspects of optical amplifier devices and subsystems  |
|                              | G.663 Amendment 1  |
|                              | G.665 Generic characteristics of Raman amplifiers and Raman amplified subsystems   |
|                              | G.671 Transmission characteristics of optical components and subsystems  |

## 7.4 Standards on the ASTN/ASON Control Plane

The following table lists ITU-T Recommendations specifically related to the ASTN/ASON Control Plane.

| Торіс        | Title   |
|--------------|---|
| Definitions  | <b>G.8081/Y.1353</b> Definitions and Terminology for Automatically Switched Optical Networks (ASON) |
|              | <b>G.8080/Y.1304</b> Architecture for the Automatic Switched Optical Network (ASON)                 |
|              | G.8080/Y.1304 Erratum 1   |
| Architecture | G.8080/Y.1304 Corrigendum 1   |
|              | G.8080/Y.1304 (2001) Amendment 1  |
|              | G.Imp8080 Implementer's Guide   |
|              |   |
|              | G.7713/Y.1704 Distributed Call and Connection Management (DCM)                                      |

TABLE 7-4-1/OTNT: Standards on the ASTN/ASON Control Plane

- 49 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Торіс                                   | Title   |
|---|---|
|   | G.7713/Y.1704 Distributed Call and Connection Management (DCM)  |
|   | G.Imp7713/Y.1704 Implementer's Guide  |
|   | <b>G.7713.1/Y.1704</b> Distributed Call and Connection Management based on PNNI                             |
|   | G.Imp7713.1/Y.1704 Implementer's Guide  |
|   | <b>G.7713.2/Y.1704</b> Distributed Call and Connection Management: Signalling mechanism using GMPLS RSVP-TE |
|   | G.Imp7713.2/Y.1704 Implementer's Guide  |
|   | <b>G.7713.3/Y.1704</b> Distributed Call and Connection Management : Signalling mechanism using GMPLS CR-LDP |
|   | G.Imp7713.3/Y.1704 Implementer's Guide  |
|   | G.7714/Y.1705 Generalised automatic discovery for transport entities  |
| Protocol Neutral Specifications for key | <b>G.7714.1/Y.1705.1</b> Protocol for automatic discovery in SDH and OTN networks                           |
| signalling elements                     | G.7714.1/Y.1705.1 Amendment 1   |
|   | G.Imp7714.1 Implementer's Guide   |
|   | <b>G.7715/Y.1706</b> Architecture and requirements for routing in automatically switched optical networks   |
|   | G.7715/Y.1706 Amendment 1   |
|   | G.Imp7715 Implementer's Guide   |
|   | <b>G.7715.1/Y.1706.1</b> ASON routing architecture and requirements for link state protocols                |
|   | G.Imp7715.1 Implementer's Guide   |
|   | <b>G.7715.2/Y.1706.2</b> ASON routing architecture and requirements for remote route query                  |
|   | G.7718/Y.1709 Framework for ASON Management   |
|   | <b>G.7718.1/Y.1709.1</b> Protocol-neutral management information model for the control plane view           |
| Data Communication Network (DCN)        | <b>G. 7712/Y.1703</b> Architecture and specification of data communication network                          |

Table 7-4-2 shows the mapping of existing protocol-specific documents between ITU-T Recommendations and ones that were received from other organizations.

#### Table 7-4-2: Estimated mapping of protocol-specific documents in ITU-T ASON Recommendations

- 50 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Requirements<br>Protocol neutral                       | Requirement<br>Protocol |             | Protocol specific related documents in OIF & IETF   |       |   |       |   |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|---|-------|---|-------|---|
|  | dependent               | UNI         |   | I–NNI |   | E-NNI |   |
| G.7713<br>(Signalling)                                 | G.7713.1<br>(PNNI)      | PNNI        |   | -     |   | -     |   |
|  |                         | OIF<br>IETF | UNI 1.0<br>UNI 2.0<br>RFC4208<br>RFC4974<br>RFC4606 | IETF  | RFC3471<br>RFC3473<br>RFC4974<br>RFC4328<br>RFC4139 | OIF   | E-NNI 1.0<br>E-NNI 2.0<br>G-Sig-Iw<br>RFC5151<br>RFC4974<br>RFC5150 |
|  | G.7713.3<br>(CR-LDP)    |             |   | IETF  | RFC3471<br>RFC3472<br>RFC3468                       | •     |   |
| G.7714<br>(Discovery)                                  | G.7714.1<br>(SDH&OTN)   | IETF        | RFC4204<br>RFC5073<br>RFC5088<br>RFC5089            |       |   |       |   |
| G.7715   | G.7715.1                |             |   | IETF  | RFC4258   | OIF   | E-NNI 1.0   |
| (Routing)  | (Link State)            |             |   |       | RFC4202   | IETF  | gmpls-<br>ason-<br>routing-<br>ospf                                 |
|  |                         |             |   |       | RFC4652<br>RFC4393                                  |       |   |
|  | G.7715.2<br>(RRQ)       | IETF        | RFC5440   |       |   |       |   |
| G.7716<br>(C-plane operation)                          |                         |             |   |       |   | -     |   |
| G.7718 G.7718.1<br>(Management) (Information<br>Model) |                         | OIF         | SEP.01<br>SEP.02                                    | IETF  | RFC4801<br>RFC4631<br>RFC4802<br>RFC4783<br>RFC4803 | OIF   | SEP.01<br>SEP.02  |

#### 7.5 Standards on the Ethernet Frames, MPLS, Transport MPLS and MPLS-TP

Tables 7-5, 7-6, and 7-7 list ITU-T Recommendations specifically related to Ethernet, MPLS, T-MPLS and MPLS-TP.

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number        | Title   |
|---|---------------|---|
| SG12 (Q.17/12)                            | G.1563        | Ethernet frame transfer and availability performance                            |
| SG13(Q7/13)                               | Y.1415        | Ethernet-MPLS network interworking - User plane interworking                    |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1730        | Requirements for OAM functions in Ethernet-based networks and Ethernet services |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1731        | OAM functions and mechanisms for Ethernet based networks                        |
| SG15(Q.3/15)                              | G.8001        | Terms and definitions for Ethernet frames over transport                        |
| SG15(Q.12/15)                             | G.8010/Y.1306 | Architecture of Ethernet Layer Networks   |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | G.8011/Y.1307 | Ethernet service characteristics  |

#### **Table 7-5 Ethernet related Recommendations**

- 51 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup | Number                                | Title  |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| responsible)              |                                       |  |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8011.1/Y.1307.1                     | Ethernet private line service  |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8011.2/Y.1307.2                     | Ethernet Virtual Private Line Service  |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8011.3/Y.1307.3                     | Ethernet Virtual Private LAN Service   |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8011.4/Y.1307.4                     | Ethernet Virtual Private Routed Multipoint Service   |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8011.5/Y.1307.5                     | Ethernet Private LAN service   |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8012/Y.1308                         | Ethernet UNI and Ethernet NNI  |
| SG15(Q.10/15)             | G.8012.1/Y.1308.1<br>(12/2012)        | Interfaces for the Ethernet transport network  |
|                           | <u>G.8013/Y.1731</u><br>(11/2013)     | OAM functions and mechanisms for Ethernet based networks   |
| SG15(Q.9/15)              | G.8021/Y.1341                         | Characteristics of Ethernet transport network equipment functional blocks                        |
| SG15(Q.9/15)              | <u>G.8021.1/Y.1341.1</u><br>(10/2012) | Types and characteristics of Ethernet transport network equipment                                |
| SG15(Q.9/15)              | G.8031/Y.1342                         | Ethernet linear protection switching   |
| SG15(Q.9/15)              | G.8032/Y.1344                         | Ethernet ring protection switching   |
| SG15(Q14/15)              | G.8051/Y.1345                         | Management aspects of the Ethernet-over-Transport (EoT) capable network element                  |
| SG15(Q14/15)              | <u>G.8052/Y.1346</u><br>(08/2013)     | Protocol-neutral management information model for the Ethernet Transport capable network element |
| SG15(Q.13/15)             | G.8262/Y.1362                         | Timing characteristics of synchronous Ethernet equipment slave clock (EEC)                       |

### **Table 7-6 MPLS related Recommendations**

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number           | Title  |
|---|------------------|--|
| SG13(Q.3/13)                              | Y.1311.1         | Network-based IP VPN over MPLS architecture                        |
| SG12 (Q.17/12)                            | Y.1561           | Performance and availability parameters for MPLS networks          |
| SG13(Q4/13)                               | Y.2174           | Distributed RACF architecture for MPLS networks                    |
| SG13(Q4/13)                               | Y.2175           | Centralized RACF architecture for MPLS core networks               |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1411           | ATM-MPLS network interworking - Cell mode user plane interworking  |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1412           | ATM-MPLS network interworking - Frame mode user plane interworking |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1413           | TDM-MPLS network interworking - User plane interworking            |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1413 (Corr. 1) | TDM-MPLS network interworking - User plane interworking            |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1414           | Voice services - MPLS network interworking                         |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1415           | Ethernet-MPLS network interworking - User plane interworking       |

- 52 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number            | Title   |
|---|-------------------|---|
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1415 (Amend. 1) | Ethernet-MPLS network interworking – User plane interworking                |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1416            | Use of virtual trunks for ATM/MPLS client/server control plane interworking |
| SG13(Q.12/13)                             | Y.1417            | ATM and frame relay/MPLS control plane interworking:<br>Client-server       |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1710            | Requirements for OAM functionality for MPLS networks                        |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1711            | Operation & Maintenance mechanism for MPLS networks                         |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1711 (Corr. 1)  | Operation & Maintenance mechanism for MPLS networks                         |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1711 (Amend. 1) | Operation & Maintenance mechanism for MPLS networks                         |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1712            | OAM functionality for ATM-MPLS interworking                                 |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1713            | Misbranching detection for MPLS networks                                    |
| SG15(Q.10/15)                             | Y.1714            | MPLS management and OAM framework   |
| SG15(Q.9/15)                              | Y.1720            | Protection switching for MPLS networks                                      |
| SG15(Q.9/15)                              | Y.1720 (Amend. 1) | Protection switching for MPLS networks                                      |
| SG15(Q.12/15)                             | G.8110/Y.1370     | MPLS Layer Network Architecture   |

## **Table 7-7 T-MPLS related Recommendations**

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                      | Title  |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| SG13(Q5/13)                               | Y.Sup4                      | Supplement on transport requirements for T-MPLS OAM<br>and considerations for the application of IETF MPLS<br>technology |
| SG15(Q.9/15)                              | G.8131/Y.1382               | Linear protection switching for transport MPLS (T-MPLS) networks   |
| SG15(Q.9/15)                              | G.8131/Y.1382 (Amend.<br>1) | Linear protection switching for transport MPLS (T-MPLS) networks   |

#### - 53 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number                         | Title  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| SG15(Q3/15)                               | G.8101/Y.1355                  | Terms and definitions for MPLS transport profile   |
| SG15(Q12/15)                              | G.8110.1/Y.1370.1              | Architecture of the Multi-Protocol Label Switching transport profile layer network                             |
| SG15(Q10/15)                              | G.8112/Y.1371                  | Interfaces for the MPLS Transport Profile layer network  |
| SG15(Q10/15)                              | G.8113.1/Y1372.1               | Operations, administration and maintenance mechanism for MPLS-TP in packet transport networks                  |
| SG15(Q10/15)                              | G.8113.2/Y.1372.2              | Operations, administration and maintenance mechanisms for<br>MPLS-TP networks using the tools defined for MPLS |
| SG15(Q10/15)                              | G.8121/Y.1381                  | Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks   |
|   | G.8121.1/Y.1381.1<br>(11/2013) | Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks supporting ITU-T G.8113.1/Y.1372.1 OAM mechanisms       |
|   | G.8121.2/Y.1381.2<br>(11/2013) | Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks supporting ITU-T G.8113.2/Y.1372.2 OAM mechanisms       |
|   | G.8131/Y.1382 (07/2014)        | Linear protection switching for MPLS transport profile   |
|   | G.8151/Y.1374 (01/2015)        | Management aspects of the MPLS-TP network element  |
| SG15(Q14/15)                              | G.8151/Y.1374                  | Management aspects of the MPLS-TP network element  |

#### Table 7-8 MPLS-TP-related Recommendations

#### 7.6 Standards on the NGN

The following table lists ITU-T Recommendations specifically related to the NGN. ITU-T Study Group 13 also maintains an NGN project management tool at URL <u>http://www.itu.int/ngnproject/</u> that contains the status of all items related to the NGN.

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number | Title  | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--------|--|---------------------|
| SG3                                       | D.271  | Charging and accounting principles for NGN   | 04/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2001 | General overview of NGN  | 12/2004             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2006 | Description of capability set 1 of NGN release 1   | 02/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2011 | General principles and general reference model for next generation networks                                      | 10/2004             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2012 | Functional requirements and architecture of the NGN release 1  | 09/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2013 | Converged services framework functional requirements and architecture  | 12/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2014 | Network attachment control functions in next generation networks   | 05/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2015 | General requirements for ID/locator separation in NGN  | 01/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2016 | Functional requirements and architecture of the NGN for applications and services using tag-based identification | 08/2009             |

**Table 7-9 NGN related Recommendations** 

#### - 54 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number   | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|--|---|---------------------|
| SG13                                      | Y.2021   | IMS for Next Generation Networks  | 09/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2031   | PSTN/ISDN emulation architecture  | 09/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2091   | Terms and definitions for Next Generation Networks  | 02/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2111   | Resource and admission control functions in Next Generation<br>Networks   | 11/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2112   | A QoS control architecture for Ethernet-based IP access network   | 06/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2113   | Ethernet QoS control for next generation networks   | 01/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2121   | Requirements for the support of flow-state-aware transport technology in NGN  | 01/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2122   | Flow aggregate information exchange functions in NGN  | 06/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2171   | Admission control priority levels in Next Generation Networks   | 09/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2172   | Service restoration priority levels in Next Generation Networks   | 06/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2173   | Management of performance measurement for NGN   | 09/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2201   | NGN release 1 requirements  | 04/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2205   | Next Generation Networks – Emergency telecommunications –<br>Technical considerations                                     |                     |
| SG13                                      | Y.2211   | IMS-based real-time conversational multimedia services over NGN   | 10/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2212   | Requirements of managed delivery services   | 02/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2213   | NGN service requirements and capabilities for network aspects of applications and services using tag-based identification | 09/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2215   | Requirements and framework for the support of VPN services in NGN, including the mobile environment                       | 06/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2232   | NGN convergence service model and scenario using web services   | 01/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2233 Requirements and framework allowing accounting and charging capabilities in NGN |   | 01/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2234   | Open service environment capabilities for NGN   | 09/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2235   | 7.2235 Converged web-browsing service scenarios in NGN  |                     |
| SG13                                      | Y.2261   | PSTN/ISDN evolution to NGN  | 09/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2271   | Call server based PSTN/ISDN emulation   | 09/2006             |
| SG2                                       | M.3060/<br>Y.2401  | Principles for the Management of the Next Generation Networks   | 03/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2601   | Fundamental characteristics and requirements of future packet based networks  | 12/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2611   | High level architecture of future packet based networks   | 12/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2612   | Generic requirements and framework of addressing, routing and forwarding in future, packet-based networks                 | 01/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2701   | Security requirements for NGN release 1   | 04/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2702   | Authentication and authorization requirements for NGN release 1   | 09/2008             |

#### - 55 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| Organisation<br>(Subgroup<br>responsible) | Number            | Title   | Publication<br>Date |
|---|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| SG13                                      | Y.2703            | The application of AAA service in NGN   | 01/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2720            | NGN identity management framework   | 01/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2801            | Mobility management requirements for NGN  | 11/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Q.1762/<br>Y.2802 | Fixed-mobile convergence general requirements   | 09/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Q.1763/<br>Y.2803 | FMC service using legacy PSTN or ISDN as the fixed access network for mobile network users  | 10/2007             |
| SG13                                      | Q.1707/<br>Y.2804 | Generic framework of mobility management for next generation networks   | 02/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Q.1708/<br>Y.2805 | Framework of location management for NGN  | 10/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Q.1709/<br>Y.2806 | Framework of handover control for NGN   | 10/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2807            | MPLS-based mobility capabilities in NGN   | 01/2009             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2901            | The carrier grade open environment reference model  | 12/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.2902            | Carrier grade open environment components   | 11/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y. Sup1           | NGN release 1 scope   | 07/2006             |
| SG13                                      | Y.Sup6            | Use of DSL-based systems in next generation networks  | 09/2008             |
| SG13                                      | Y.Sup7            | NGN release 2 scope   | 09/2008             |
| SG11                                      | Q.3900            | Methods of testing and model network architecture for NGN<br>technical means testing as applied to public telecommunication<br>networks | 09/2006             |

### 8 Overview of existing holes, overlaps, and conflicts

Considering the number and diversity of different organizations working on standardising aspects of OTNT, it is inevitable that some areas will be missed. For the same reasons, some aspects will be addressed in multiple groups, resulting in possible conflicts based on different applications, priorities, or technical expertise. These items need to be identified and addressed as appropriate. The following table lists those that have been identified, the recommended action, and the status of that action.

#### TABLE 8-1/OTNT: Known OTNT standardization holes, overlaps, conflicts

| No | Issue   | Action  | Status   |
|----|---|---|----------|
| 1. | WSON (wavelength switched optical network) is now under<br>discussion between IETF ccamp and ITU-T SG15. While ITU-T<br>SG15 is specifying architecture and transport plane aspects, IETF<br>ccamp is specifying control plane standard   | Liaisons to and from<br>the IETF ccamp,<br>continuing work by Q6<br>& 12/15 | Resolved |
| 2  | <b>Interconnection of core &amp; access transport of time &amp; SSM issues</b><br>Timing distribution method over access technologies such as<br>GPON/xPON and XDSL for directly passing time and phase<br>information from the ONU to the base stations are requested and<br>investigated. Both frequency synchronization aspect and time<br>synchronization aspect are discussed. | Possible proposals<br>should be considered in<br>Q2/15, Q4/15 and<br>Q13/15 | On-going |

#### - 56 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

| No | Issue   | Action   | Status                                      |
|----|---|--|---|
| 3  | Ethernet over OTN (E-OTN) issues<br>The use of Ethernet technology in PTN requires an extension of the<br>tagging option defined in 802.1Q to support VC, VP, VS stacking in<br>single and multi-domain scenarios. The necessity of the new transport<br>tag option, PTN Layer Hierarchy (the 3 packet layer) and the role of<br>each layer are still under discussion. PB and PBB models are also<br>need to be considered.  | Liaisons to and from<br>the IEEE 802.1,<br>continuing work by<br>Q.9/15 and Q12/15                     | Resolved                                    |
| 4  | <b>Transport of CPRI interface over OTN</b><br>Transport of CPRI over OTN is proposed. A definition of the<br>applicable OTN hypothetical reference model (HRM) is required.  | Contribution is invited<br>in Q11 and Q13<br>G.SupCPRI was   | On-going                                    |
| 5  | Further clarifications of the requirements are undergoing discussion.<br><b>OTN beyond 100G</b><br>Possible additions to G.709 for standardization of interfaces at rates<br>beyond 100G are being developed. Proposals are being considered<br>and working assumptions are being collected in preparation for<br>standardization. Final specification of an interoperable inter-domain<br>interface is awaiting stability in the definition of 400GbE by the IEEE.<br>Other SG15 Questions are being consulted, but the current work is<br>focused in Q11.               | produced in July 2015.<br>Contribution is invited<br>in Q11  | On-going                                    |
| 6  | <b>Software Defined Networking in transport networks</b><br>SG15 has responsibility for transport aspects of SDN. Two<br>Recommendations have started in jointly in Q12 and Q14, and there is<br>ongoing coordination with JCA-SDN and ONF.   | Contributions are<br>invited in Q12 and Q14<br>Representatives from<br>SG15 participate in<br>JCA-SDN. | On-going                                    |
| 7  | <b>Terminology update on OTN and refinement of modelling</b><br>OTN terminology is being updated to be more precise and consistent<br>across multiple Recommendations under the scopes of Q6, Q11, Q12,<br>and Q14/15.<br>The SG15 Questions are collaborating to select new terms that are<br>consistent with the scopes of the Questions defining them and the<br>Recommendations where they are used. The new terms and revisions<br>to incorporate them should make OTN Recommendations easier to<br>read while possibly reducing overlap across the document scopes. | Contributions are<br>invited in Q11, Q12,<br>and Q14/15.   | Identified<br>in Nov.<br>2014.<br>On-going  |
| 8  | <ul> <li>Management of synchronization network</li> <li>Configuration of the synchronization network</li> <li>Performance monitoring and related OAM tools</li> <li>Information modelling</li> <li>SDN control of synchronization network.</li> </ul>   | Q10, 13, 14  | Identified<br>in Nov.<br>2014.<br>On-going. |

## **Annex A - Terminology Mapping**

The terminology used by different organizations working on similar or overlapping technical areas of standardization has complicated attempts to co-ordinate work between different groups. The same terms are often used, with different meanings by multiple organizations. Question 3 of ITU-T Study Group 15 is responsible for maintaining "Terms and definitions" Recommendations on a number of established major categories of optical networks and technologies, as listed in Table 7-1-1. Readers are warned to verify the definitions before assuming a common understanding of the terms. Specific appendices have been included in ITU-T Recommendations G.7713.x to assist the reader in mapping signalling protocol terminology used in those document to the similar terms used in other well know references. Documents for terminology mapping in IETF such as RFC4397 and draft-ietf-mpls-tp-rosetta-stone can also be referred.

#### - 58 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

# Annex B – Routing Area Reorganization in IETF (as of Nov. 2014)

The IETF's Routing Area Directors have proposed and received agreement to reorganize the Routing area. This directly impacts a number of the working groups that have liaised with ITU-T in the past.

A summary of the restructuring is as follows:

L2VPN, L3VPN and PWE3 are closed, with active work shuffled based on topic into two new working groups:

BESS: BGP Enabled Services

PALS: Pseudo-wire and LDP-enabled Services

NVO3's charter will be adjusted with some of the work moving to BESS and PALS.

Traffic Engineering aspects in CCAMP, MPLS and PCE are moved into a new working group:

TEAS: Traffic Engineering Architecture and Signaling

Charters for the BESS and PALS working groups have been completed and are found on the IETF list of working groups found here: <u>http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/</u>

A charter for TEAS as well as revised charters for CCAMP, MPLS and PCE are under development.

No changes are made to the remaining Routing Area working Groups (BFD, FORCES, I2RS, IDR, ISIS, MANET, OSPF, PIM, ROLL, RTWG, SFC, SIDR, SPRING).

The restructuring is scheduled to take effect after the IETF91 (Nov. 2014).

## Annex C – IETF transport network management (as of July 2015)

This Annex reports on the status of the transport management related activities in IETF.

#### 1 Layer Independent OAM Management in the Multi-Layer Environment (lime)

The LIME working group will concentrate on the operational challenges in consistent handling of end-to-end OAM and coordination of OAM within underlying network layers. This work will enable consistent configuration, reporting, and presentation for the OAM mechanisms used to manage the network, regardless of the layers and technologies, including management mechanisms to facilitate better mapping between information reported from OAM mechanisms that operate in different network layers. It will also produce architectural guidelines for the development of new OAM tools and protocols in both management plane and data plane so that they may be coherent with these mechanisms and more easily integrated from operational points of view. The charter of the Working Group can be found at <a href="http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/lime/charter/">http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/lime/charter/</a>.

#### 2 Network Configuration Protocol (netconf)

The NETCONF protocol (RFC 6241) provides mechanisms to install, manipulate, and delete the configuration of network devices. NETCONF is based on the secure transport (SSH is mandatory to implement while TLS is an optional transport) and uses an XML-based data representation. The NETCONF protocol is data modeling language independent, but YANG (RFC 6020) is the recommended NETCONF modeling language, which introduces advanced language features for configuration management.

In the current phase of the incremental development of NETCONF the WG will focus on following items:

- 1. Develop the call home mechanism for the mandatory SSH binding (Reverse SSH) providing a server-initiated session establishment.
- 2. Develop a zero touch configuration document (a technique to establish a secure network management relationship between a newly delivered network device configured with just its factory default settings, and the Network Management System), specific to the NETCONF use case.
- 3. Advance NETCONF over TLS to be in-line with NETCONF 1.1 (i.e., update RFC 5539) and add the call home mechanism to provide a server-initiated session establishment.
- 4. Combine the server configuration data models from Reverse SSH and RFC5539bis drafts in a separate call home YANG module.
- 5. Develop RESTCONF, a protocol based on NETCONF in terms of capabilities, but over HTTP and with some REST characteristics, for accessing YANG data using the datastores defined in NETCONF. An "ordered edit list" approach is needed (the YANG patch) to provide client developers with a simpler edit request format that can be more efficient and also allow more precise client control of the transaction procedure than existing mechanisms. The YANG patch operation, based on the HTTP PATCH method, will be prepared in a separate draft. RESTCONF should not deviate from the NETCONF capabilities unless proper justification is provided and

#### - 60 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

documented. The RESTCONF work will consider requirements suggested by the other working groups (for example I2RS).

- RFC published since December 2014:
  - <u>RFC7589</u> (Proposed Standard 2015.06) <u>Using the NETCONF Protocol over Transport</u> <u>Layer Security (TLS) with Mutual X.509 Authentication (former title: NETCONF</u> <u>Over Transport Layer Security (TLS)</u>). This document describes how to use the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol to secure the exchange of NETCONF messages. This document obsoletes RFC 5539.

Full details of the work of the Network Configuration (netconf) WG, including the published RFCs and Internet-Drafts, can be found at <u>http://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/charter/netconf-charter.html</u> and <u>http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/netconf/</u>.

### 3 Network Configuration Data Modeling Language (netmod)

The Network Configuration Data Modeling Language (netmod) WG is chartered to define a modeling language or accompanying rules that can be used to model the management information that is to be configured using NETCONF, including defining the semantics of operational data, configuration data, notifications, and operations. This language will be used to serve as the normative description of NETCONF data models.

The most recently published RFC is:

• <u>RFC-7407</u> <u>A YANG Data Model for SNMP Configuration</u>: This document defines a collection of YANG definitions for configuring SNMP engines. (2014.12).

Full details of the work of the NETCONF Data Modeling Language (netmod) WG, including the published RFCs and Internet-Drafts, can be found at <a href="http://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/charter/netmod-charter.html">http://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/charter/netmod-charter.html</a> and <a href="http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/netmod/">http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/netmod/</a>.

### 4 Traffic Engineering Architecture and Signaling-related work (TEAS)

The Traffic Engineering Architecture and Signaling (TEAS) Working Group, recently transitioning in charter work from the MPLS and CCAMP WGs, is responsible for defining MPLS and GMPLS traffic engineering architecture, standardizing the RSVP-TE signaling protocol, and identifying required related control-protocol functions, i.e., routing and path computation element functions. Traffic Engineering (TE) is the term used to refer to techniques that enable operators to control how specific traffic flows are treated within their networks. TE is applied to packet networks via MPLS TE tunnels and LSPs. The MPLS-TE control plane was generalized to additionally support non-packet technologies via GMPLS. RSVP-TE is the signaling protocol used for both MPLS-TE and GMPLS.

The TEAS WG has recently published the following RFC:

 <u>RFC 7551</u> (Proposed Standard) <u>RSVP-TE Extensions for Associated Bidirectional Label</u> <u>Switched Paths (LSPs)</u>: This document describes Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) extensions to bind two point-to-point unidirectional Label Switched Paths (LSPs) into an associated bidirectional LSP. The association is achieved by defining new Association Types for use in ASSOCIATION and in Extended ASSOCIATION Objects. One of these types enables independent provisioning of the associated bidirectional LSPs on both sides, while the other enables single-sided provisioning. The REVERSE\_LSP Object is also defined to enable a single endpoint to trigger creation of the reverse LSP and to specify parameters of the reverse LSP in the singlesided provisioning case. (2015.05)

Full details of the work of the Traffic Engineering Architecture and Signaling (TEAS) WG, including the published RFCs and individual Internet-Drafts, can be found at <a href="http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/teas/charter/">http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/teas/charter/</a>.

### 5 GMPLS management-related work (CCAMP)

The CCAMP working group is responsible for standardizing a common control plane and a separate common measurement plane for non-packet technologies found in the Internet and in the networks of telecom service providers (ISPs and SPs). Examples of the devices in such networks include photonic cross-connects, OEO switches, ROADMs, TDM switches, microwave links, and Ethernet switches.

The CCAMP WG has recently published the following management-related RFC:

- <u>RFC 7446</u> (Proposed Standard) <u>Routing and Wavelength Assignment Information</u> <u>Model for Wavelength Switched Optical Networks</u>: This document provides a model of information needed by the Routing and Wavelength Assignment (RWA) process in Wavelength Switched Optical Networks (WSONs). The purpose of the information described in this model is to facilitate constrained optical path computation in WSONs. This model takes into account compatibility constraints between WSON signal attributes and network elements but does not include constraints due to optical impairments. Aspects of this information that may be of use to other technologies utilizing a GMPLS control plane are discussed.(2015.02)
- <u>RFC 7487</u> (Proposed Standard) <u>Configuration of pro-active MPLS-TP Operations</u>, <u>Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) Functions for MPLS-based Transport</u> <u>Network Using RSVP-TE</u>: This specification describes the configuration of pro-active MPLS-TP OAM Functions for a given LSP using a common set of TLVs that can be carried on RSVP-TE protocol. (2015.03)

Full details of the work of the Common Control and Measurement Plane (ccamp) WG, including the published RFCs and individual Internet-Drafts, can be found at <a href="http://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/charter/ccamp-charter.html">http://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/charter/ccamp-charter.html</a> and <a href="http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/ccamp/">http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/ccamp/</a>

#### 6 MPLS management-related work (MPLS)

The MPLS working group is responsible for standardizing technology for label switching and for the implementation of label-switched paths over packet based link-level technologies.

The MPLS WG has recently published the following management-related RFC:

- <u>RFC 7506</u> (Proposed Standard) <u>IPv6 Router Alert Option for MPLS Operations,</u> <u>Administration, and Maintenance (OAM)</u>. (2015.04).
- <u>RFC-7453</u> (Proposed Standard) <u>MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Traffic</u> <u>Engineering (TE) Management Information Base (MIB)</u>: This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes additional managed objects and textual conventions for tunnels, identifiers, and Label Switching Routers to support multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) MIB modules for transport networks.(2015.02)

#### - 62 -TD 433 (PLEN/15)

 <u>RFC-7412</u> (Proposed Standard) <u>Requirements for MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP)</u> <u>Shared Mesh Protection</u>: This document presents the basic network objectives for the behavior of Shared Mesh Protection (SMP) that are not based on control-plane support. This document provides an expansion of the basic requirements presented in RFC 5654 ("Requirements of an MPLS Transport Profile") and RFC 6372 ("MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Survivability Framework"). This document provides requirements for any mechanism that would be used to implement SMP for MPLS-TP data paths, in networks that delegate protection switch coordination to the data plane. (2014.12)

Full details of the work of the MPLS (mpls) WG, including the published RFCs and Internet-Drafts, can be found at <u>http://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/charter/mpls-charter.html</u> and <u>http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/mpls/</u>.