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Abstract: The document contains the editor draft of corrigendum to Recommendation G.8051/Y.1345 "Management aspects of the Ethernet transport (ET) capable network element". (v6.1.1) It is used for preparing for the next Corrigendum of G.8051 planned for consent in 12/2023.

# **Document history:**

Version	Date	Description
6.1.1	CD14c-13 (04/10/2023) = TDxxx/P (11/2023)	Initial version created by taking Amd1 to G.8051 (12/2020) as the base and updated table 8-3 per_agreement on clause 2.4 in the wd1214-45.

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# Recommendation ITU-T G.8051/Y.1345 (2020) AmdCor. 1 (mm06/202y3)

SERIES G: Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks

Packet over Transport aspects – Ethernet over Transport aspects

SERIES Y: Global information infrastructure, Internet protocol aspects, next-generation networks, Internet of Things and smart cities

Internet protocol aspects – Transport

Management aspects of the Ethernet transport (ET) capable network element Amendment Corrigendum 1



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Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks

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	GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS COMMON TO ALL ANALOGUE CARRIER-	G.200-G.299
	TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	0.200-0.277
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Į	ACCESS NETWORKS	G.9000-G.9999

For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.

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# Recommendation ITU-T G.8051/Y.1345

# Management aspects of the Ethernet transport (ET) capable network element

Amendment Corrigendum 1

Rec. ITU-T G.8051/Y.1345 (2020) Amd. 1 (06/2023)

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#### Summary

Recommendation ITU-T G.8051/Y.1345 addresses management aspects of the Ethernet transport (ET) capable network element containing transport functions of one or more of the layer networks of the Ethernet transport network. The management of the Ethernet layer networks is separable from that of its client layer networks so that the same means of management can be used regardless of the client. The management functions for fault management, configuration management, performance monitoring and security management are specified.

The 2009 revision of this Recommendation added the management of additional transport functions that were introduced in the 2009 revision of Recommendation ITU-T G.8021/Y.1341.

The 2013 revision of this Recommendation added the management of additional functions, including: client signal fail (CSF); proactive loss measurement using loss measurement message (LMM)/loss measurement reply (LMR); proactive delay measurement using delay measurement message (DMM)/delay measurement reply (DMR) and one-way delay measurement (1DM); synthetic loss measurement using synthetic loss message (SLM)/synthetic loss reply (SLR) and one-way synthetic loss measurement (1SL) (proactive and on-demand); performance management (PM) requirements on protocol data unit (PDU) generation type, message period, measurement interval, repetition period, start time, stop time and session duration; and PM data collection requirements.

The 2015 revision of this Recommendation updated the management information (MI) signals for the ETHx\_FT function in clause 8.5, the MI signals for the ETHx/MCC function in clause 8.6, the one-way synthetic loss measurement (1SL) management information (MI) signal for the ETHDe\_FT\_Sk function in clause 8.8 and the on-demand and proactive loss measurement requirements in clause 10.2.

The 2018 revision of this Recommendation updated the fault cause persistency function at the ETH connection (ETH-C) function for ring protection, the configuration management for protection switching and connection functions. Finally, in alignment with Recommendation ITU-T G.8021/Y.1341, this revision removed both fault management functions and the management information (MI) signals that are related to ETYn\_TT, ODUkP-X-L/MT\_A and ETYn/ETH\_A. This revision also removed the MI signals to activate processes in adaptation functions (i.e., MI Active).

The 2020 revision of this Recommendation has updated clause 6 to clause 8 by referring to Recommendation ITU-T G.7710/Y.1701; the fault cause persistency function, and the provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions for FlexE related functions as defined in Recommendation ITU-T G.8023; and transferring ODU related adaptation functions in some tables to Recommendation ITU-T G.874.

Amendment 1 (2023) has updated the fault cause persistency function; alarm reporting control function; operational state function in clause 7; the provisioning and reporting for flow termination and adaptation functions in clause 8 in alignment with ITU-T G.8021 and ITU-T G.8023. Also, this Amendment created clause 8.14 "Administrative state" in alignment with ITU-T G.7710.

Corrigendum 1 (2024) has removed 4 MIs of ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na\_A\_Sk in Table 8-3 that should be not in this table but they are already in Table10-1.

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# History \*

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\* To access the Recommendation, type the URL <u>https://handle.itu.int/</u> in the address field of your web browser, followed by the Recommendation's unique ID.

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#### FOREWORD

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# Recommendation ITU-T G.8051/Y.1345

#### Management aspects of the Ethernet transport (ET) capable network element

#### Amendment-Corrigendum 1

Editorial note: This is a complete-text publication. Modifications introduced by this amendment are shown in revision marks relative to Recommendation ITU-T G.8051/Y.1345 (2020) <u>plus Amendment</u> <u>1 (06/2023)</u>.

#### 1 Scope

This Recommendation addresses management aspects of the Ethernet transport (ET) capable network element containing transport functions of one or more of the layer networks of the Ethernet transport network. The management of the Ethernet layer networks is separable from that of its client layer networks so that the same means of management can be used regardless of the client. In this version of this Recommendation, fault management, configuration management, performance management (PM) and security management are specified. Furthermore, only the management information (MI) of the following ET equipment functions is addressed:

- Ethernet MAC layer (ETH) flow forwarding, flow termination, connection, diagnostic and traffic conditioning/shaping functions;
- ETH server to ETH client adaptation functions (including ETH/ETH-m, ETHG/ETH, FlexEC/ETH);
- ETH link aggregation functions;
- Flex Ethernet (FlexE) trail termination functions; and
- FlexE to FlexE client adaptation functions.

This Recommendation also describes the management network organizational model for communication between an element management layer (EML) operations system and the ET equipment management function (EMF) within an ET network element.

The architecture described in this Recommendation for the management of Ethernet transport networks is based upon the following considerations:

- the management view of network element functional elements should be uniform whether those elements form part of an inter-domain interface or part of an intra-domain interface. Those properties necessary to form such a uniform management view are to be included in this Recommendation;
- Ethernet layer network entities (ELNEs) refer to trail termination, adaptation and connection functions as described in [ITU-T G.8010];
- a network element may only contain Ethernet layer network entities (ELNEs);
- a network element may contain both Ethernet layer network entities (ELNEs) and client layer network entities (CLNEs);
- client layer entities are managed as part of their own logical domain;
- CLNEs and ELNEs may or may not share a common message communication function (MCF) and management application function (MAF) depending on application; and
- CLNEs and ELNEs may or may not share the same agent,
- server layer network entities (SLNEs) and ELNEs may or may not share the same agent.

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## 2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published. The reference to a document within this Recommendation does not give it, as a stand-alone document, the status of a Recommendation.

[ITU-T G.806]	Recommendation ITU-T G.806 (2012), <i>Characteristics of transport</i> equipment – Description methodology and generic functionality.
[ITU-T G.7710]	Recommendation ITU-T G.7710/Y.1701 (2020), Common equipment management function requirements.
[ITU-T G.7712]	Recommendation ITU-T G.7712/Y.1703 (2019), Architecture and specification of data communication network.
[ITU-T G.8010]	Recommendation ITU-T G.8010/Y.1306 (2004), Architecture of Ethernet layer networks.
[ITU-T G.8012]	Recommendation ITU-T G.8012/Y.1308 (2022), <i>Ethernet UNI and Ethernet NNI</i> .
[ITU-T G.8013]	Recommendation ITU-T G.8013/Y.1731 (2023), Operations, administration and maintenance (OAM) functions and mechanisms for Ethernet-based networks.
[ITU-T G.8021]	Recommendation ITU-T G.8021/Y.1341 (2022), <i>Characteristics of Ethernet transport network equipment functional blocks.</i>
[ITU-T G.8023]	Recommendation ITU-T G.8023 (2018), <i>Characteristics of equipment functional blocks supporting Ethernet physical layer and Flex Ethernet interfaces</i> .
[ITU-T M.3010]	Recommendation ITU-T M.3010 (2000), <i>Principles for a telecommunications management network</i> .
[ITU-T M.3013]	Recommendation ITU-T M.3013 (2000), Considerations for a telecommunications management network.
[ITU-T M.3100]	Recommendation ITU-T M.3100 (2005), Generic network information model.
[ITU-T X.700]	Recommendation ITU-T X.700 (1992), Management framework for Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) for CCITT applications.
[ITU-T X.701]	Recommendation ITU-T X.701 (1997)   ISO/IEC 10040:1998, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management overview.
[ITU-T Y.1563]	Recommendation ITU-T Y.1563 (2009), <i>Ethernet frame transfer and availability performance</i> .
[IEEE 802.1AX]	IEEE 802.1AX-2020, <i>IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area</i> <i>Networks – Link Aggregation.</i>
[IEEE 802.3]	IEEE 802.3-2022, IEEE Standard for Ethernet.
[OIF FLEXE IA]	OIF IA OIF-FLEXE 2.2 (2019), Flex Ethernet Implementation Agreement 2.2.

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# 3 Definitions

#### 3.1 Terms defined elsewhere

This Recommendation uses the following terms defined elsewhere:

- **3.1.1** Terms defined in [ITU-T G.806]:
- Atomic function (AF);
- Management point (MP).
- **3.1.2** Terms defined in [ITU-T G.7710]:
- Local craft terminal;
- Management application function (MAF).
- **3.1.3** Term defined in [ITU-T G.7712]:Data communication network (DCN).
- **3.1.4** Terms defined in [ITU-T G.8021]:
- Traffic shaping function
- 3.1.5 Terms defined in [ITU-T M.3010]:
- Network element (NE);
- Network element function (NEF);
- Operations system (OS);
- Q-interface;
- Workstation function (WF).
- **3.1.6** Term defined in [ITU-T M.3013]:
- Message communication function (MCF).
- 3.1.7 Terms defined in [ITU-T M.3100]:
- Alarm reporting;
- Alarm reporting control (ARC);
- Managed entity;
- Management interface;
- Persistence interval;
- Operations system (OS);
- Operations system function (OSF);
- Qualified problem;
- Reset threshold report;
- Threshold report;
- Timed interval.
- 3.1.8 Term defined in [ITU-T X.700]:
- Managed object (MO).
- **3.1.9** Terms defined in [ITU-T X.701]:
- Agent;

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Manager;

Managed object class (MOC).

#### 3.2 Terms defined in this Recommendation

This Recommendation defines the following terms:

**3.2.1 ET management network (ET.MN)**: A subset of a telecommunication management network (TMN) that is responsible for managing those parts of a network element that contain Ethernet transport (ET) layer network entities.

NOTE - An ET.MN may be subdivided into a set of ET management subnetworks.

**3.2.2 ET management subnetwork (ET.MSN)**: Subnetwork consisting of a set of separate embedded communication channels (ECCs) and associated intra-site data communication links that are interconnected to form a data communication network (DCN) within any given Ethernet transport (ET) topology.

NOTE – For ET, the physical channel supporting the ECC is the Ethernet management communication channel (MCC) as defined in clause 6.1.4.2. An ET.MSN represents an ET specific local communication network (LCN) portion of a network operator's overall data communication network or TMN.

**3.2.3** ET network element (ET.NE): Element containing entities from one or more ET layer networks.

NOTE – An ET.NE may be a stand-alone physical entity or a subset of a network element. It supports at least network element functions (NEFs) and may also support an operations system function (OSF). It contains managed objects (MOs), a message communication function (MCF) and a management application function (MAF). The functions of an ET.NE may be contained within an NE that also supports other layer networks. These layer network entities are considered to be managed separately from ET entities. As such, they are not part of the ET.MSN.

**3.2.4 Ethernet management communication channel (ET.MCC)**: A function providing a management communication channel between Ethernet transport (ET) network elements (NEs).

NOTE – The management communication channel (MCC) can be used to perform remote management. The specific use of MCC is outside the scope of this Recommendation.

**3.2.5** traffic-conditioning function: A transport processing function that accepts the characteristic information of the layer network at its input, classifies the traffic units according to configured rules, meters each traffic unit within its class to determine its eligibility, polices non-conformant traffic units and presents the remaining traffic units at its output as characteristic information of the layer network.

#### 4 Abbreviations and acronyms

This Recommendation uses the following abbreviations and acronyms:

One-way Delay Measurement
One-way Synthetic Loss measurement
Accepted Signal Label
Atomic Function
Alarm Indication Signal
Alarm reporting
Access Point Pool
Alarm Reporting Control

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CC	Continuity Check
CCM	Continuity Check Message
CLNE	Client Layer Network Entity
COMMS	Communication channel
CSF	Client Signal Fail
CTP	Connection Termination Point
CtrlP	Control Plane
DA	Destination Address
DCN	Data Communication Network
DE	Drop Eligibility
DEG	Degraded
DEGM	Degraded M
DEGTHR	Degraded Threshold
DMM	Delay Measurement Message
DMR	Delay Measurement Reply
ECC	Embedded Communication Channel
ELNE	Ethernet Layer Network Entity
EMF	Equipment Management Function
EMS	Element Management System
ET	Ethernet Transport
ETC	Ethernet Coding
ET.C	ET Channel layer
ETCy	Ethernet Coding sublayer for PHY y
ET.MN	ET MN
ET.MSN	ET MSN
ET.NE	ET NE
ET.P	ET Path layer
ET.S	ET Section layer
ETH	Ethernet MAC layer
ETH-C	ETH Connection
ETHx	Ethernet MAC layer network – x, x=s for section, x=p for path, x=t for TCM
FCAPS	Fault management, Configuration management, Account management, Performance management and Security management
FlexEC	Flex-Ethernet Client
FlexE	Flex-Ethernet
FlexESGM	Flex Ethernet subgroup member

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FLR	Frame Loss Ratio
FM	Fault Management
FTS	Forced Transmitter Shutdown
GNE	Gateway Network Element
IP	Interworking Protocol
IS	Intermediate System
LAN	Local Area Network
LCN	Local Communication Network
LCK	Locked defect
LMM	Loss Measurement Message
LMR	Loss Measurement Reply
M-AI	Media layer Adapted Information
MAF	Management Application Function
MCC	Management Communication Channel
MCF	Message Communication Function
MD	Mediation Device
ME	Maintenance Entity
MEG	ME Group
MEL	MEG Level
MEP	MEG End Point
MIP	MEG Intermediate Point
MF	Mediation Function
MI	Management Information
MIB	Management Information Base
MN	Management Network
МО	Managed Object
MOC	Managed Object Class
MgmtP	Management Plane
MP	Management Point
MSN	Management SubNetwork
NALM	No ALaRm reporting
NALM-CD	No ALaRm reporting, CountDown
NALM-NR	No ALaRm reporting, NotReady
NALM-QI	No ALaRm reporting, Qualified Inhibit
NALM-TI	No ALaRm reporting, Timed Inhibit
NE	Network Element

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NEF	Network Element Function
NEL	Network Element Layer
OAM	Operations, Administration, Maintenance
OAM&P	Operations, Administration, Maintenance and Provisioning
OS	Operations System
OSF	Operations System Function
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
Р	Priority
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PM	Performance Management
PMC	Performance Monitoring Clock
PS	Protection Switching
QoS	Quality of Service
RDI	Remote Defect Indication
RTC	Real-Time Clock
SA	Source Address
SES	Severely Errored Seconds
SL	Synthetic Loss
SLM	Synthetic Loss Message
SLNE	Server Layer Network Entity
SLR	Synthetic Loss Reply
TCM	Tandem Connection Monitoring
TF	Transmitted Frames
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network
TTP	Trail Termination Point
WTR	Wait To Restore

#### 5 Conventions

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In this Recommendation, ET.MN stands for ET management network, ET.MSN for ET management subnetwork, ET.NE for ET NE, ET.C for ET channel layer, ET.P for ET path layer and ET.S for ET section layer.

#### 6 ET management architecture

See clause 6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic architecture for managing transport equipment.

The transport layer networks of Ethernet over Transport (ET) are described in [ITU-T G.8010], [ITU-T G.8012], [ITU-T G.8021], and [ITU-T G.8023]. The management of the ET layer networks is separable from that of its client layer networks so that the same means of management can be used regardless of the client.

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#### 6.1 ET management network architecture

#### 6.1.1 Relationship between TMN, ET.MN and ET.MSN

The inter-relationship between a management network, its subnetworks and a telecommunications management network (TMN), as generically described in clause 6.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710], is applicable to ET.

This Recommendation defines the ET management network (ET.MN) and subnetworks (ET.MSNs).

#### 6.1.2 Access to the ET.MSN

See clause 6.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

#### 6.1.3 ET.MSN requirements

See clause 6.1.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

Furthermore, all ET network elements (ET.NEs) must support management communication functions. The message communication function (MCF) of an ET.NE initiates/terminates (in the sense of the lower protocol layers), forwards, or otherwise processes management messages over management communication channels (MCCs), or over other data communication network (DCN) interfaces. In addition:

- All ET.NEs are required to terminate the ET.S-MCCs, see clause 6.1.4. In OSI terms, this
  means that each network element (NE) must be able to perform the functions of an end
  system.
- ET.NEs may also be required to forward management messages between ports according to routing control information held in the ET.NE. In open systems interconnection (OSI) terms, this means that some ET.NEs may be required to perform the functions of an intermediate system.
- In addition to supporting interfaces for the ET.S-MCC, an ET.NE may also be required to support other DCN interfaces, which may include ET.P-MCCs or ET.C-MCCs or an Ethernet DCN interface.

The use of the ET.P-MCCs and ET.C-MCCs for management communications is within the scope of this Recommendation, see clause 6.1.7.

#### 6.1.4 ET.MSN data communication network

Refer to clause 6.1.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

#### 6.1.4.1 Management communication channel

The ET.MN supports three management communication channels (MCCs):

- 1) ET.S-MCC (MCCs)
- 2) ET.P-MCC (MCC<sub>P</sub>)
- 3) ET.C-MCC (MCC<sub>C</sub>)

Figure 6-1 illustrates a network scenario consisting of two operators. Operator B provides an ET path layer service to operator A (i.e., Operator B transports the ET Path layer signal that begins and ends Operator A's domain).

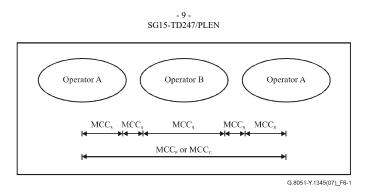


Figure 6-1 – MCC scenarios

The physical layer is terminated in every network element and its related adaptation function provides the ET section layer signals as well as the  $MCC_S$ . Hence, the  $MCC_S$  cannot cross administrative domains. Figures 6-1, 6-2 and 6-3 illustrate scenarios where the  $MCC_P$  is transported transparently through Operator B's domain (the Operator B network elements are not shown in Figures 6-2 and 6-3). In these scenarios, it is possible that Operator B may use the  $MCC_S$  within its own domain for the management of its domain.

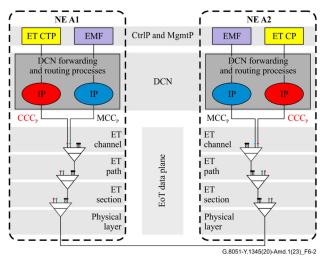


Figure 6-2 – MCC<sub>P</sub> scenario example

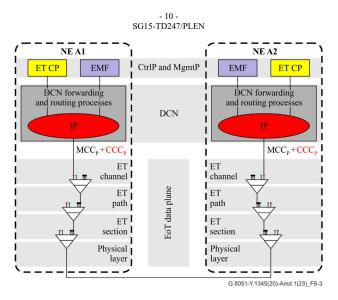


Figure 6-3 – MCC<sub>P</sub> scenario example

#### 6.1.4.2 MCC physical characteristics

The ET.S-, ET.C- and ET.P-MCCs are logical elements within the ET transport module (ETM-n). The MCC provides general management communications between two ET network elements with access to the ET.S, ET.P and ET.C characteristic information respectively. The ET.S-, ET.P-, or ET.C-MCC is provided by the ET OAM function at section, path, or channel layer as defined in [ITU-T G.8013] or by any other ECC of the ET transport network.

The ET.S management communication channel (MCC<sub>s</sub>) shall operate as a single message channel between ET.S termination points. The bit rate of the  $MCC_s$  shall be configurable.

The ET.P management communication channel (MCC<sub>P</sub>) shall operate as a single message channel between any network elements that terminate the ET.P layer. The MCC<sub>P</sub> is transported transparently through ET.NEs that only terminate the ET.S layer and forward the ET.P signal. The bit rate of the MCC<sub>P</sub> shall be configurable.

The ET.C management communication channel (MCC<sub>C</sub>) shall operate as a single message channel between any network elements that terminate the ET.C layer. The MCC<sub>C</sub> is transported transparently through ET.NEs that only terminate the ET.S layer or the ET.S and ET.P layers and forward the ET.C signal. The bit rate of the MCC<sub>C</sub> shall be configurable.

#### 6.1.4.3 MCC data link layer protocol

The MCC data link protocols for management applications are under study for [ITU-T G.7712].

# 6.1.5 Management of DCN

See clause 6.1.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

# 6.1.6 Remote log-in

See clause 6.1.6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

#### 6.1.7 Relationship between technology domains

See clause 6.1.7 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

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#### 6.2 ET equipment management function architecture

See clause 6.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a generic description of the equipment management architecture.

Figure 6-4 below, taken from Figure 5 of [ITU-T G.7710], shows the functions inside the ET NE.

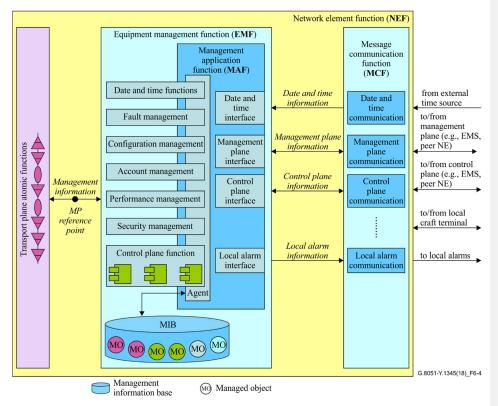


Figure 6-4 – ET equipment management function (from Figure 5 of [ITU-T G.7710])

#### 6.3 Information flows over management points

See clause 6.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic description of the information flows over management points (MPs).

The information flow over the MP reference points is described in specific detail for each atomic function in [ITU-T G.8021]. Note that these information flows and associated functions apply equally to both the client and supervisory channel due to the independent nature of these signals. This implies neither that the supervisory channel shall provide all the functions described, nor that [ITU-T G.8021] will provide the details of which functions are available.

#### 7 Fault (maintenance) management

See clause 7 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements for fault management. ET-specific specifications, if needed, are explicitly described.

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# 7.1 Fault management applications

See clause 7.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the basic fault management applications.

#### 7.1.1 Supervision

The supervision philosophy is based on the concepts underlying the functional model ET of [ITU-T G.8010].

The five basic supervision categories are related to transmission, quality of service, processing, equipment and environment. These supervision processes can declare fault causes, which need further validation before the appropriate alarm is reported. See [ITU-T G.7710] for additional discussion of these categories.

The ET NE shall indicate to the OS when a termination point is no longer able to supervise the signal (e.g., implementing equipment has a fault or loss of power).

#### 7.1.1.1 Transmission supervision

See clause 7.1.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a general description of transmission supervision.

For ET NE, the following defects are monitored for the purpose of transmission supervision:

Continuity supervision: Loss of continuity defect (dLOC[i])

Ethernet continuity check (CC) management jobs, using ITU-T G.8013/Y.1731 continuity check message (CCM), can be separately established (within a MEP) for fault management, performance management and protection switching.

As a default, one MEG end point (MEP) (with MEL = 7, OAM message period = 1 second and priority = 7) has to be instantiated per trail termination point (TTP) for fault management (i.e., RDI)

- Connectivity supervision: Unexpected MEL defect (dUNL), MisMerge defect (dMMG) and Unexpected MEP defect (dUNM)
- Signal quality supervision: Degraded Signal defect (dDEG)
- Configuration supervision: Unexpected periodicity defect (dUNP) and Unexpected priority defect (dUNPr)
- Maintenance signal supervision: Remote defect indicator defect (dRDI[]),alarm indication signal defect (dAIS) and locked defect (dLCK)

The atomic function associated failure conditions are listed in clause 7.2.1.

#### 7.1.1.2 Quality of service supervision

See clause 7.1.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of quality of service supervision.

# 7.1.1.3 Processing supervision

See clause 7.1.1.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of processing supervision.

#### 7.1.1.4 Hardware supervision

See clause 7.1.1.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of equipment supervision.

#### 7.1.1.5 Environment supervision

See clause 7.1.1.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of environment supervision.

#### 7.1.2 Validation

See clause 7.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of fault cause validation.

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#### 7.1.3 Alarm handling

#### 7.1.3.1 Severity assignment

See clause 7.1.3.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of severity categories.

#### 7.1.3.2 Alarm reporting control

See clause 7.1.3.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm reporting control (ARC).

Alarm reporting control (ARC) provides an automatic in-service provisioning capability.

# 7.1.3.3 Reportable failures

See clause 7.1.3.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of reportable failures.

# 7.1.3.4 Alarm reporting

See clause 7.1.3.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm surveillance.

#### 7.1.3.4.1 Local reporting

See clause 7.1.3.4.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of local reporting.

#### 7.1.3.4.2 TMN reporting

See clause 7.1.3.4.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of TMN reporting.

#### 7.2 Fault management functions

See clause 7.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of fault management inside the EMF.

Figure 7-1 below is from Figure 7-1 of [ITU-T G.7710] that shows the functional model of fault management inside the ET EMF.

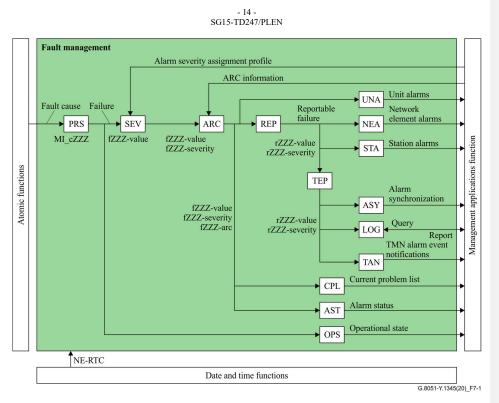


Figure 7-1 – Fault management within the ET EMF (from Figure 7-1/G.7710)

#### 7.2.1 Fault cause persistency function – PRS

See clause 7.2.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of PRS.

For an ET.NE that supports the atomic functions listed in Table 7-1, the EMF PRS process shall support the persistency check for the associated fault causes.

Atomic function	Input	Output
ETH_C per SNC/S protection process	cFOP-PM	fFOP-PM
	cFOP-CM	fFOP-CM
	cFOP-NR	fFOP-NR
	cFOP-TO	fFOP-TO
ETH_C per Ring protection process	cFOP-PM	fFOP-PM
	cFOP-TO[01]	fFOP-TO[01]

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Atomic function	Input	Output
ETHx_FT_Sk	cSSF cLCK cLOC[i] cMMG cUNM cUNP cUNP cUNPr cUNL cDEG	fSSF fLCK fLOC[i] fMMG fUNM fUNP fUNP fUNP fUNL fDEG
ETHG_FT_Sk	cRDI cLOC[i] cUNL	fRDI fLOC[i] fUNL fMMG
	cMMG cUNM cDEG cUNP cUNPr cRDI cSSF cLCK	fUNM fDEG fUNP fUNPr fRDI fSSF fLCK
FlexE_TT_Sk	cRPF cSSF	fRPF fSSF
ETHx/ETH A Sk	cCSF	fCSF
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk	cCSF	fCSF
ETHG/ETH A Sk	cCSF	fCSF
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk	cPLL[1Na] cTLL[1Na]	fPLL[1Na] fTLL[1Na]
ETH-LAG_FT_Sk	cSSF	fSSF
M-AI/FlexE_A_Sk	cLOF cLOM	fLOF fLOM
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk	cCCM[1r] cLOL cFMM cGIDM	fCCM[1r] fLOL fFMM fGIDM
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_Sk	cLOF cLOM	fLOF fLOM

#### Table 7-1 – Inputs/outputs for the fault cause persistency function

#### 7.2.2 Severity assignment function – SEV

I

See [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the severity assignment function.

#### 7.2.3 Alarm reporting control function – ARC

See clause 7.2.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the severity reporting control function (ARC).

The alarms that can be controlled with this function are defined for each AF in [ITU-T G.8021].

In Table 7-2 below, for each managed entity a subset of the plausible failures (defined in Table 7-1) are selected as qualified problems. These qualified problems are recommended as they are deemed

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essential to the operability of the subject managed entity. Note that for each managed entity, one or more of the qualified problems could then be further selected by the management system to be included in the ARC list for controlling the reporting of alarm for the entity.

Default ARC state is also specified for each managed entity. If the ARC function is supported by the ET.NE and an ARC state is not explicitly provisioned from the management system for the managed entity, then the default ARC specified in Table 7-2 should be in effect.

For an ET.NE that supports the AFs listed in Table 7-2, the EMF ARC process shall support alarm reporting control for the associated fault causes.

Atomic function	Qualified problems	Default state value
ETH_C per SNC/S protection process	fFOP-PM	ALM
	fFOP-CM	
	fFOP-NR	
	fFOP-TO	
ETH_C per Ring protection process	fFOP-PM	ALM
	fFOP-TO[01]	
ETHx_FT_Sk	fSSF fLCK fLOC[i] fMMG fUNM fUNP fUNPr fUNL fDEG fRDI	ALM
ETHG_FT_Sk	fLOC[i] fUNL fMMG fUNM fDEG fUNP fUNPr fRDI fSSF fLCK	ALM
ETHx/ETH A Sk	fCSF	ALM
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk	fCSF	ALM
ETHG/ETH A Sk	fCSF	ALM
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk	fPLL[1Na] fTLL[1Na]	ALM
ETH-LAG_FT_Sk	fSSF	ALM
FlexE_TT_Sk	fRPF fSSF	ALM
M-AI/FlexE_A_Sk	fLOF fLOM	ALM

Table 7-2 – ARC specifications for ET

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#### Table 7-2 – ARC specifications for ET

Atomic function	Qualified problems	Default state value
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk	fCCM[1r] fLOL fFMM fGIDM	ALM
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_Sk	fLOF fLOM	ALM

#### 7.2.4 Reportable failure function – REP

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the reportable failure function.

#### 7.2.5 Unit alarms function – UNA

See clause 7.2.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the unit alarms function.

#### 7.2.6 Network element alarms function – NEA

See clause 7.2.6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the network element alarms function.

# 7.2.7 Station alarms function – STA

See clause 7.2.7 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the station alarms function.

# 7.2.8 TMN event pre-processing function – TEP

See clause 7.2.8 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the TMN event pre-processing alarm function.

#### 7.2.9 Alarm synchronization function – ASY

See clause 7.2.9 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the alarm synchronization function.

#### 7.2.10 Logging function – LOG

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the logging function.

#### 7.2.11 TMN alarm event notifications function – TAN

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the TMN alarm event notifications function.

#### 7.2.12 Current problem list function – CPL

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the current problem list function.

# 7.2.13 Alarm status function – AST

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the alarm status function.

#### 7.2.14 Operational state function – OPS

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the operational state function.

Table 7-3 lists the failures that could influence the operational state of the related objects.

For an ET.NE that supports the AFs listed in Table 7-3, the EMF OPS process shall support operational state for the associated fault causes.

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Table 7-5 – Operational state		_
Atomic function	Failure input (fZZZ value)	Operational state output (Enabled/Disabled) of the trail object
ETH_C per SNC/S protection process	fFOP-PM	Enabled
	fFOP-CM	Enabled
	fFOP-NR	Enabled
	fFOP-TO	Enabled
ETH C per Ring protection process	fFOP-PM	Enabled
_ 1 01 1	fFOP-TO[01]	Enabled
ETHx FT Sk	fSSF	Enabled
	fLCK	Enabled
	fLOC[i]	Enabled
	fMMG	Enabled
	fUNM	Enabled
	fUNP	Enabled
	fUNPr	Enabled
	fUNL	Enabled
	fDEG	Enabled
	fRDI	Enabled
ETHG FT Sk	fLOC[i]	Enabled
	fUNL	Enabled
	fMMG	Enabled
	fUNM	Enabled
	fDEG	Enabled
	fUNP	Enabled
	fUNPr	Enabled
	fRDI	Enabled
	fSSF	Enabled
	fLCK	Enabled
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk	fCSF	Enabled
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk	fCSF	Enabled
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk	fCSF	Enabled
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na A Sk	fPLL[1Na]	Enabled
- ·F. = ···· _ · - •	fTLL[1Na]	Enabled
ETH-LAG FT Sk	fSSF	Enabled
FlexE TT Sk	fRPF	Enabled
**~*	fSSF	Enabled
M-AI/FlexE A Sk	fLOF	Enabled
	fLOM	Enabled
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk	fCCM[1r]	Enabled
	fLOL	Enabled
	fFMM	Enabled
	fGIDM	Enabled
M-AI/FlexESGM A Sk		

# Table 7-3 – Operational state function input and output signals for Ethernet

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# 8 Configuration management

See clause 8 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements for configuration management. ET specific specifications, if needed, are explicitly described.

#### 8.1 Hardware

See clause 8.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of hardware management.

#### 8.2 Software

See clause 8.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of software management.

#### 8.3 **Protection switching**

See clause 8.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of protection switching.

This function allows a user to provision and monitor the operation of protection processes deployed in an ETH connection (ETH-C) process.

MI signals concerning the protection processes are listed in Table 8-4 and communicated between the EMF and the protection process through the management point. According these MI signals, the EMF generates a corresponding event notification and state report signals to the MAF.

For the protection processes supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the protection switching management information
- Retrieving the protection switching management information
- Notifying the changes of the protection switching management information
- Receiving the monitored protection switching management information

#### 8.4 Trail termination

See clause 8.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of trail termination management.

#### 8.5 Flow termination

This function allows a user to provision and monitor the operation of the ETHx and ETH-LAG flow termination processes.

The MI signals listed in Table 8-2 are communicated between the EMF and the flow termination processes across the management point within the ET NE.

For the flow termination functions supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the trail termination management information
- Retrieving the trail termination management information
- Notifying the changes of the trail termination management information
- Receiving the monitored trail termination management information

#### Table 8-2 - Provisioning and reporting for flow termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Provisioning		
ETHx_FT_So_MI_MEL	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	By agreement
ETHx_FT_So_MI_MEP_MAC	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	_

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MI signal	Value range	Default value
ETHx_FT_So_MI_CC_Enable	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_So_MI_LMC_Enable	true, false	true
ETHx_FT_So_MI_MEG_ID	See Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]	_
ETHx_FT_So_MI_MEP_ID	08191; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]	-
ETHx_FT_So_MI_CC_Period	3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min	1 s
ETHx_FT_So_MI_CC_Pri	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHx_FT_So_MI_LML_Enable[1M <sub>LM</sub> ]	true, false	true
$ETHx\_FT\_So\_MI\_LM\_MAC\_DA[1M_{LM}]$	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHx_FT_So_MI_LM_Period[1M <sub>LM</sub> ]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHx_FT_So_MI_LM_Pri[1MLM]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHx_FT_So_MI_DM_Enable[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_So_MI_DM_MAC_DA[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHx_FT_So_MI_DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer (optional)	-
ETHx_FT_So_MI_DM_Length[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.	0
ETHx_FT_So_MI_DM_Period[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHx_FT_So_MI_DM_Pri[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
$ETHx\_FT\_So\_MI\_1DM\_Enable[1M_{1DM}]$	true, false	false
$ETHx\_FT\_So\_MI\_1DM\_MAC\_DA[1M_{1DM}]$	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
$ETHx\_FT\_So\_MI\_1DM\_Test\_ID[1M_{1DM}]$	Non-negative integer (optional)	-
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1DM_Length[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.	0
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1DM_Period[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1DM_Pri[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHx_FT_So_MI_SL_Enable[1M <sub>sL</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_So_MI_SL_MAC_DA[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	_
ETHx_FT_So_MI_SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer	_
ETHx_FT_So_MI_SL_Length[1M <sub>sL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.	0
ETHx_FT_So_MI_SL_Period[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHx_FT_So_MI_SL_Pri[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1SL_MAC_DA[1M <sub>ISL</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-

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Table 8-2 – Provisioning and	reporting for flow	termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer	_
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1SL_Length[1M <sub>ISL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.	0
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1SL_Period[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHx_FT_So_MI_1SL_Pri[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Enable	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enable	true, false	true
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1second	-	_
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM	2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]	10
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_LM_M	2-10	10
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR	0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]	30%
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMIN	For further study	For further study
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_MEL	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	By agreement
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_ID	See Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]	-
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]	List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]	_
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period	3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min	1 s
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri	07	7
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM	(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)	_
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	07	7
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer (optional)	_
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer (optional)	_
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	_
R	eporting	
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM	Last received CCM frame that caused defect	-
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID,	Per configured at peer source	-
NominalBW, CurrentBW)		
, ,	visioning	
, ,		By agreement

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Table 8-2 - Provisioning and reporting	for flow termination functions
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MI signal	Value range	Default value
ETHG FT So MI CC Enable	true, false	false
ETHG_FT_So_MI_LMC_Enable	true, false	true
ETHG_FT_So_MI_MEG_ID	See Annex A of [ITU-TG.8013]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_MEP_ID	08191; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_CC_Period	3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min	1 s
ETHG_FT_So_MI_CC_Pri	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHG_FT_So_MI_LML_Enable[1MLM]	true, false	true
ETHG_FT_So_MI_LM_MAC_DA[1MLM]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_LM_Period[1M <sub>LM</sub> ]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHG_FT_So_MI_LM_Pri[1MLM]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHG_FT_So_MI_DM_Enable[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHG_FT_So_MI_DM_MAC_DA[1M_DM]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer (optional)	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_DM_Length[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]		
ETHG_FT_So_MI_DM_Period[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHG_FT_So_MI_DM_Pri[1M <sub>DM</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1DM_Enable[1M1DM]	true, false	false
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1DM_MAC_DA[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer (optional)	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1DM_Length[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.	0
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1DM_Period[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1DM_Pri[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHG_FT_So_MI_SL_Enable[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	true, false	false
Pro	ovisioning	
ETHG_FT_So_MI_SL_MAC_DA[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_SL_Length[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	FT_So_MI_SL_Length[1M <sub>SL</sub> ] Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.	
ETHG_FT_So_MI_SL_Period[1M <sub>sL</sub> ]	10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
ETHG_FT_So_MI_SL_Pri[1M <sub>SL</sub> ]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	true, false	false
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1SL_MAC_DA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-
ETHG_FT_So_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	Non-negative integer	_

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MI signalValue rangeDefault valueETHG_FT_So_MI_ISL_Length[1MIss]Non-negative integer representing Data TLV.0ETHG_FT_So_MI_ISL_Period[1MIss]10 ms, 100 ms, 1, 10 s100 msETHG_FT_So_MI_ISL_Prid[1MIss]0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Enabletrue, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enabletrue, falsetrueETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-1030%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of and the study50% further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further study-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_PeriodSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 10 ms, 1 s, 10 s, areach 10; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_DDM_Enable[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_DDM_Enable[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_DDM_AC_SA[1MIDM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_DDM_CAC_SA[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_DDM_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_DDM_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Test_ID[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Test_	Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for now termination functions						
Drive_T_So_MOBDrive_Minimalnumber of bytes for the length of the Data TLV.ETHG_FT_So_MI_ISL_Period[1Miss]10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s100 msETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Enabletrue, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enabletrue, falsetrueETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]10ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TEMINFor further study-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Prid0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1MiroM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1MiroM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1MiroM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_mable[1MiroM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Test_ID[1MiroM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SUCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SUCCM </th <th>MI signal</th> <th>Value range</th> <th colspan="3">Default value</th>	MI signal	Value range	Default value				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ETHG\_FT\_So\_MI\_1SL\_Length[1M_{1SL}]$	number of bytes for the length of the	0				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Enabletrue, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enabletrue, falsetrueETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]10ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTM2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR $0\%$ 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR $0\%$ 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TEMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1MIDM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MC_SA[1MIDM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_ENADE_SA[1MIDM]Per (ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MIDM]Per (ITU-T G.8021]<	$ETHG\_FT\_So\_MI\_1SL\_Period[1M_{1SL}]$	10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enabletrue, falsetrueETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enabletrue, false-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]10ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, I min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1M_{IDM}]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M_{IDM}]0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M_{IDM}]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SCAN[1M_{IDM}]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{IDM}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SUMAC_SA[1M_{ISL}] <td>ETHG_FT_So_MI_1SL_Pri[1M1SL]</td> <td>0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7</td> <td>7</td>	ETHG_FT_So_MI_1SL_Pri[1M1SL]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISecondETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]10ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_M2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0%100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0%100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2.3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, I min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1M_{IDM}]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MC_SA[1M_{IDM}]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M_{IDM}]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SUMCCMLast received CCM frame that <b< td=""><td>ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Enable</td><td>true, false</td><td>false</td></b<>	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Enable	true, false	false				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]10ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_M2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0%100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 0.8191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1M_IDM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1M_IDM]0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1M_IDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Enable[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.802	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LMC_Enable	true, false	true				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_M2-1010ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 0.8191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1M_IDM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1M_IDM]0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M_IDM]0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M_IDM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Enable[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_ISL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MACCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1Second	-	-				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR0% 100%; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]30%ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ProvisioningTtrue, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1MIDM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Enable[1MIDM]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_mAC_SA[1MISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM	2-10; see Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]	10				
Interpretain[ITU-T G.806]ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMINFor further studyFor further studyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1MIDM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1MIDM]0.77ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MISI]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISI]rue, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISI]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISI]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1MISI]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_M	2-10	10				
LinestudyETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7By agreementETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Enable[1MIDM]Prer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_MAC_SA[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Pri [1MIDM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCM[Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MAC_SA[1MIDM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SU_MAC_SA[1MISL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SWREport(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR		30%				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_IDSee Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ProvisioningETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M_{1DM}]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M_{1DM}]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M_{1DM}]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M_{1DM}]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M_{1DM}]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M_{1SL}]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M_{1SL}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M_{1SL}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M_{1SL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMIN	For further study					
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]List of peer MEP IDs; 08191 for each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ProvisioningETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M_{IDM}]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M_{IDM}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M_{IDM}]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1M_{IDM}]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M_{IDM}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M_{ISL}]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Test_ID[1M_{ISL}]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ProvisioningPer	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEL	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	By agreement				
each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Priod3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min1 sETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)- <b>Provisioning</b> ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ProvisioningPer	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEG_ID	See Annex A of [ITU-T G.8013]	-				
1111ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM(NOTE – Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)-ProvisioningETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M1DM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M1DM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M1DM]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M1DM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M1SL]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SVdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ProvisioningProvisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_PeerMEP_ID[i]	each ID; see Figure 9.2-3 of	_				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCMONTE - Use to request the saved latest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)ProvisioningETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M1DM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M1DM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M1DM]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M1DM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M1SL]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ProvisioningProvisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Period		1 s				
Iatest CCM frame that caused a defect to be raised.)ProvisioningETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M1DM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M1DM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M1DM]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M1DM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M1SL]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M1SL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ProvisioningProvisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_CC_Pri	07	7				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M1DM]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M1DM]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M1DM]077ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M1DM]Non-negative integer (optional)-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M1SL]true, falsefalseETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M1SL]Per [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M1SL]Non-negative integer-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MACPer [ITU-T G.8021]-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCMLast received CCM frame that caused defect-ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)Per configured at peer source-ProvisioningProvisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_GetSvdCCM	latest CCM frame that caused a	_				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       07       7         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       Non-negative integer (optional)       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       Non-negative integer (optional)       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       true, false       false         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Non-negative integer       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning       Provisioning       -       -	Pr	ovisioning	1				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       07       7         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       Non-negative integer (optional)       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       true, false       false         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Non-negative integer       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       - <b>Reporting</b> ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Enable[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	true, false	false				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]       Non-negative integer (optional)       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_IDM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       true, false       false         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Non-negative integer       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning       -       -       -	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       true, false       false         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Non-negative integer       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         Reporting         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Pri [1M1DM]	07	7				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>ISL</sub> ]       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Test_ID[1M <sub>ISL</sub> ]       Non-negative integer       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         Reporting         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Test_ID[1M <sub>1DM</sub> ]	Non-negative integer (optional)	-				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_ISL_Test_ID[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]       Non-negative integer       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         Reporting         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Enable[1M <sub>1SL</sub> ]	true, false	false				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC       Per [ITU-T G.8021]       -         Reporting         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_MAC_SA[1M <sub>ISL</sub> ]	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-				
Reporting         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning       Provisioning       -	$ETHG\_FT\_Sk\_MI\_1SL\_Test\_ID[1M_{1SL}]$	Non-negative integer	-				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM       Last received CCM frame that caused defect       -         ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)       Per configured at peer source       -         Provisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	Per [ITU-T G.8021]	-				
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_BW_Report(SA, PortID, NominalBW, CurrentBW)     Per configured at peer source     -       Provisioning	Reporting						
NominalBW, CurrentBW) Provisioning	ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_SvdCCM		-				
5		Per configured at peer source	-				
ETH-LAG_FT_Sk_MI_SSF_Reported true, false true	Pr	ovisioning					
	ETH-LAG_FT_Sk_MI_SSF_Reported	true, false	true				

# 8.6 Adaptation

I

See clause 8.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of adaptation management.

An access point that has multiple adaptation functions connected to it, thereby allowing different clients to be transported via the server signal, requires a mechanism for the selection of the active client.

This function allows a user to provision and monitor the operation of the ET adaptation processes.

The MI signals listed in Table 8-3 are communicated between the EMF and the adaptation processes across the management point within the ET NE.

For the adaptation functions supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the adaptation management information.
- Retrieving the adaptation management information.
- Notifying the changes of the adaptation management information.

#### Table 8-3 - Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH_A_So P	rovisioning		
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	_	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_Client_MEL	07	-	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_LCK_Period	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_LCK_Pri	07	7	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_MEL	07	-	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_APS_Pri	07	7	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Period	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Pri	07	7	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Enable	true, false	true	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	true, false	true	
ETHx/ETH_A_So_MI_CSFdciEnable	true, false	true	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk P	rovisioning	· · ·	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_Client_MEL	07	-	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Pri	07	7	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Pri	07	7	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEL	07	7	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSF_Reported	true, false	true	
ETHx/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	true, false	true	

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# Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

		Default	
MI signal	Value range	value	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So <b>Provisi</b>	oning		
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address		Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_Client_MEL[1M]	07	_	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_LCK_Period[1M] (for each of the 1 through M VLANs)	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_LCK_Pri[1M]	07	7	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_VLAN_Config[1M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_Etype	2-byte integer ≥ 0x0600	S-Tag: 0x88a8 C-Tag: 0x8100	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_PCP_Config	8P0D, 7P1D, 6P2D, 5P3D, 4P4D, DEI	8P0D	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_MEL	07	7	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So Provisi	oning		
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_CSF_Period	1 s, 1 min	1 s 🖛	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_CSF_Pri	07	7	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_CSF_Enable	true, false	false	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	true, false	false	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_So_MI_CSFdciEnable	true, false	true	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk Provisi	oning		
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	_	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_Client_MEL[1M]	07	-	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Pri[1M]	07	7	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Pri[1M]	07	7	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_VLAN_Config[1M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_P_Regenerate	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_PVID	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_PCP_Config	8P0D, 7P1D, 6P2D, 5P3D, 4P4D, DEI	8P0D	
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_Etype	2-byte integer ≥ 0x0600	S-Tag: 0x88a8 C-Tag: 0x8100	

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# Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default
nii ngua		value
THx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_CSF_Reported	true, false	true
THx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	true, false	true
ETHx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_Frametype_Config	AllowTaggedOnly; AllowUntaggedOnly; AllowAll	AllowUnt aggedOnl y
THx/ETH-m_A_Sk_MI_FilterConfig	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
ETHG/ETH_A_So P	rovisioning	
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_Client_MEL[1M]	07	-
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_LCK_Period[1M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_LCK_Pri[1M]	07	7
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_MEL	07	-
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_APS_Pri	07	7
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Period	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ETHG/ETH_A_So Pr	rovisioning	
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Pri	07	7
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Enable	true, false	false
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	true, false	false
ETHG/ETH_A_So_MI_CSFdciEnable	true, false	true
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk Pi	rovisioning	
THG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_Client_MEL[1M]	07	-
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Pri[1M]	07	7
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1M]	1 s, 1min	1 s
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Pri[1M]	07	7
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSF_Reported	true, false	true
ETHG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	true, false	true
ETHx/ETHG_A_So P	rovisioning	
THx/ETHG_A_So_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-
ETHx/ETHG A So MI Client MEL[1M]	07	_

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# Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value	•	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_MI_LCK_Period[1M] (for each of the 1 through M VLANs)	1 s, 1 min	1 s		
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_MI_LCK_Pri[1M]	07	7		
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal		
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_MI_VLAN_Config[1M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_MI_Etype	2-byte integer ≥ 0x0600	S-Tag: 0x88a8 C-Tag: 0x8100		
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_PCP_Config	8P0D, 7P1D, 6P2D, 5P3D, 4P4D, DEI	8P0D		
ETHx/ETHG_A_So_MI_MEL	07	7		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk Provision	oning			
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal	•	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_Client_MEL[1M]	07	-		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Pri[1M]	07	7		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Pri[1M]	07	7		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk Provisi	oning			
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_VLAN_Config[1M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	•	Formatted Table
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_P_Regenerate	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_PVID	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_PCP_Config	8P0D, 7P1D, 6P2D, 5P3D, 4P4D, DEI	8P0D		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_Etype	2-byte integer ≥ 0x0600	S-Tag: 0x88a8 C-Tag: 0x8100		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_Frametype_Config	AllowTaggedOnly; AllowUntaggedOnly; AllowAll	AllowUnt aggedOnly		
ETHx/ETHG_A_Sk_MI_FilterConfig	(Note 2)	(Note 2)		
ETHx/MCC_A_So Provisio	ning			
ETHx/MCC_A_So_MI_MEL	07	-	•	Formatted Table
ETHx/MCC_A_So_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-		

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## Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value		Formatted Table
ETHx/MCC A So MI MCC Pri	07	7	-	
ETHx/MCC_A_So_MI_MEP_ID	08191; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]	-	1	
ETHx/MCC_A_So_MI_EDM_Enable	true, false	false		
ETHx/MCC_A_So_MI_EDM_Period	For further study	For further study		
ETHx/MCC_A_So_MI_EDM_Duration	Integer represents number of seconds	=		
ETHx/MCC_A_Sk Provisio	ning			
ETHx/MCC_A_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-	]∙	Formatted Table
ETHx/MCC_A_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-		
ETHx/MCC_A_Sk Report	ing			
ETHx/MCC_A_Sk_MI_EDM_received	Per provisioning at	-	4	Formatted Table
(MEP_ID, Duration)	ETHx/MCC_A_So		4	
ETHDi/ETH_A_So Provisio		1		
ETHDi/ETH_A_So_MI_MEL	07	-	-	Formatted Table
ETHDi/ETH_A_So_MI_RAPS_Pri	07	7		
ETHDi/ETH_A_So_MI_MIP_MAC	6-byte MAC unicast address	-		
ETHDi/ETH_A_Sk Provisio	ning	1		
ETHDi/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-		Formatted Table
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So Pr	ovisioning	1		
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So_MI_Agg[1Na]_AP_List	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	4	Formatted Table
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So_MI_AggPort[1Np]_ ActorAdmin_State	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]	-		
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk Pr	ovisioning			
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk_MI_PLLThr[1Na]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So R	eporting			
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So_MI_Agg[1Na]_[IEEE 802.1AX oAggregator mandatory objects]	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]	-		Formatted Table
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So_MI_Agg[1Na]_[IEEE 802.1AX oAggregationPort mandatory objects]	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]	-		
ETHx Np/ETH LAG Na_A_So_MI_pAggOctetsTxOK[1Na]	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]			
ETHx Np/ETH LAG Na_A_So_MI_pAggFramesTxOK[1Na]	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]			
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk_MI_PLLThr[1Na]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		Formatted Table

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Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value	Formatted Table	
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk F	Reporting			
ETHx Np/ETH LAG Na_A_Sk_MI_pAggOctetsRxOK[1Na]	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]			
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG- Na_A_Sk_MI_pAggFramesRxOK[1Na]	See clause 7.3 of [IEEE 802.1AX]			
ETH-LAG/ETH_A_So <b>Provis</b>	ioning			
			Formatted Table	
ETH-LAG/ETH_A_Sk Provis	ioning			
ETH-LAG/ETH_A_Sk_MI_FilterConfig	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETH_A_So Provision	ing			
M-AI/ETH_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETH_A_So_MI_FTSEnable	true, false	false		
M-AI/ETH_A_So_MI_ESMC_Enable	true, false	false		
M-AI/ETH_A_Sk Provision	ing			
M-AI/ETH_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETH_A_So_MI_ESMC_Enable	true, false	false		
M-AI/ETH_A_So Reporti	ng			
M-AI/ETH_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	_ ·	Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETH_A_Sk <b>Reporti</b>	ng			
M-AI/ETH_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ERS10G_A_So Provisi	oning	-		
M-AI/ERS10G A So MI [IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ERS10G A Sk Provisi	oning			
M-AI/ERS10G A Sk MI [IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ERS10G A So Repo	ting			
M-AI/ERS10G A So MI [IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ERS10 A Sk Report	ting			
M-AI/ERS10G_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETCy_A_So <b>Provisio</b>	ning			
M-AI/ETCy_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	_ ·	Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETCy_A_Sk Provisio	ning			
M-AI/ETCy_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETCy_A_So <b>Report</b>	ing	·		
M-AI/ETCy_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/ETCy_A_Sk Report				
M-AI/ETCy_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	
M-AI/CBR10G3_A_So <b>Provis</b>	ioning	-		
M-AI/CBR10G3 A So MI [IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]		Formatted Table	

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Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

		Default
MI signal	Value range	value
M-AI/CBR10G3 A Sk Provisioni	ng	
M-AI/CBR10G3 A Sk MI [IEEE 802.3]	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/CBR10G3_A_So Reporting	g	
M-AI/CBR10G3 A So MI [IEEE 802.3] Set	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/CBR10G3 A Sk Reportin	g	
M-AI/CBR10G3_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3] Set	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexE_A_So Provisioning		
M-AI/FlexE_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3] Set	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexE_A_Sk Provisioning		
M-AI/FlexE_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3] Set	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexE_A _So Reporting		<b>I</b>
M-AI/FlexE_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3] Set	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexE_A_Sk Reporting		
M-Ai/FlexE_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3] Set	e [IEEE 802.3]	-
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_So <b>Provisioni</b>	ng	
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_So_MI_TxCC (Note 4) 0,	1	By
		agreement
	e clause 7.3.4 of	-
	IF FlexE IA] e clause 7.3.4 of	_
	IF FlexE IA]	—
FlexE-n/FlexEC A So MI TxCR (Note 4) 0,	_	_
FlexE-n/FlexEC A So MI TxCA (Note 4) 0,		_
	1048575	-
	ring, length 256	-
FlexE-n/FlexE A Sk Provisionin	6, 6	I
	ote 3)	-
FlexE-n/FlexEC A Sk MI ExCCA (Note 5) (N	ote 3)	_
FlexE-n/FlexEC A Sk MI ExCCB (Note 5) (N	ote 3)	_
	ote 3)	-
	ote 3)	-
FlexE-n/FlexEC A So Reporting	/	
	<u>·</u>	-
FlexE-n/FlexEC A Sk Reporting	σ	<u> </u>
	ote 3)	_
	ote 3)	_
	ote 3)	_
FlexE-n/FlexEC A Sk MI AcCCA	0.0.57	

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## Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk_MI_AcCCB		
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk_MI_AcFlexEMAP[1 <i>n</i> ]		
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk_MI_AcGID[1 <i>n</i> ]		
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk_MI_AcIID[1n]		
FlexEC/ETH_A_So Provision	oning	
FlexEC/ETH_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
FlexEC/ETH_A_Sk Provision	oning	·
FlexEC/ETH_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
FlexEC/ETH_A_So Repor	ting	
FlexEC/ETH_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
FlexEC/ETH_A_So Repor	ting	
FlexEC/ETH _A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_So <b>Provi</b>	sioning	
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_Sk Provi	sioning	
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_So <b>Rep</b>	orting	
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_So_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_Sk Rep	orting	
M-AI/FlexESGM_A_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.3]	See [IEEE 802.3]	-
NOTE 1 – According to [ITU-T G.8021].		
NOTE 2 – According to clause 8.3 of [ITU-T G.8021]. It is not a configuration parameter of the equipment management interface	<u> </u>	a
NOTE 3 – According to [ITU-T G.8023].	÷	
NOTE 4 – The EMF configures this value according to clause 7.	.3.2 and 7.3.4 of [OIF Fle:	(IA].
NOTE 5 – The EMF shall configure the same value for the MI_		
FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_So and FlexE-n/FlexEC_A_Sk functions.		
NOTE 6 - See clause 8.14 for Administrative state management		

#### 8.7 Connection

See clause 8.6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of connection management.

This function allows a user to provision the operation of an ETH connection function.

The MI signals listed in Table 8-4 are communicated from the EMF to the connection function through the management point.

For the connection functions supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the connection management information
- Retrieving the connection management information

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## Notifying the changes of the connection management information

Table 8-4 - Provisioning and reporting for connection functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
ETH_C Provisioning per flow f	orwarding process	
ETH_C_MI_FF_[IEEE 802.1Q]	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C Provisioning per SNC/S	protection process	
ETH_C_MI_PS_WorkingPortId	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_PS_ProtectionPortId	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_PS_ProtType	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_PS_OperType	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_PS_HoTime	0 and 10 s in steps of 100 ms (Note)	0 ms
ETH_C_MI_PS_WTR	1-minute steps between 5 and 12 minutes (Note)	5 minutes
ETH_C_MI_PS_ExtCMD	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_PS_BridgeType	0 (Selector bridge), 1(Broadcast bridge)	0
ETH_C_MI_PS_SD_Protection	disabled, enabled	disabled
ETH_C Reporting per SNC/S	protection process	1
ETH_C_MI_PS_RequestState	"LO", "SF-P", "FS", "SF", "SD", "MS", "WTR", "EXER", "RR", "DNR", "NR"	-
ETH C MI PS RequestedSignal	"Null", "Normal"	_
ETH C MI PS BridgedSignal	"Null", "Normal"	_
ETH_C Provisioning per ring p	protection process	1
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_PortIds[01]	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_RPL_Owner_Node	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_RPL_Neighbour_Node	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_Propagate_TC[1M]	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_Compatible_Version	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_Revertive	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_Sub_Ring_Without_Virtual_Channel	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_HoTime	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_WTR	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_GuardTime	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_ExtCMD	(Note)	(Note)
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_RingID	1to239 (0x01toEF)	1

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## Table 8-4 – Provisioning and reporting for connection functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value		
ETH_C Reporting per ring protection process				
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_NodeState	"-", "Idle", "Protection", "Manual switch", "Forced switch", "Pending"	_		
ETH_C_MI_RAPS_PortState[01]	"Blocked", "Unblocked"	-		
NOTE – According to [ITU-T G.8021].				

### 8.8 Diagnostic

This function allows a user to provision the operation of an ETH diagnostic process.

The MI signals listed in Table 8-5 are communicated from the EMF to the diagnostic process across the management point within the ET NE.

For the diagnostic functions supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the trail termination management information
- Retrieving the trail termination management information
- Notifying the changes of the trail termination management information
- Receiving the monitored trail termination management information

## Table 8-5 - Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value		
Provisioning of diagnostic flow termination source for MEP				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LM_Start(DA,P,Period)	For period: 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s (Also see Notes 1 and 2 for DA and P)	For period: 100 ms		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LM_Intermediate_Request	_	_		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LM_Terminate	_	_		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Discover(P)	(Note 2)	_		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Series(DA,DE,P,N,Length,Period)	(Notes 1 and 2)	-		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Test(DA,DE,P,Pattern, Length, Period)	(Notes 1 and 2)	-		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Test_Terminate	_	-		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Start(DA,P, Test_ID,Length,Period)	For period: 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s (Also see Notes 1 and 2 for DA and P)	For period: 100 ms		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Intermediate_Request	-	-		
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Terminate	-	-		

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MI signal	Value range	Default value			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_1DM_Start(DA,P, Test_ID,Length,Period)	For period: 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	For period: 100 ms			
	(Also see Notes 1 and 2 for DA and P)				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_1DM_Terminate	-	-			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_TST(DA,DE,P,Pattern, Length, Period)	(Notes 1 and 2)	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_TST_Terminate	-	—			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LT(TA,TTL,P)	(Note 1)	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte MAC unicast address	-			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_MEL	07	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_MEP_ID	08191; see Figure 9.2-3 of [ITU-T G.8013]	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_SL_Start(DA,P, Test_ID,Length,Period)	For period: 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s (Also see Notes 1 and 2 for DA and P)	For period: 100 ms			
ETHDe FT So MI SL Intermediate Request	for DA and T	_			
ETHDe FT So MI SL Terminate		_			
Provisioning of diagnostic flow termination so	urce for MFP				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_1SL_Start(DA,P,Test_ID,Length,Period)	For period: 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s (Also see	For period: 100 ms			
	Notes 1 and 2 for DA and P)				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_1SL_Terminate	-	—			
Reporting of diagnostic flow termination sou	urce for MEP				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LM_Result(N_TF, N_LF, F_TF, F_LF)	(Note 1)	_			
	6-byte MAC	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Discover_Result(MACs)	unicast address				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Discover_Result(MACs) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Result(count,B_FD[],F_FD[],N_FD[])	unicast address				
	unicast address (Note 1)	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Result(count,B_FD[],F_FD[],N_FD[])		-			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Result(count,B_FD[],F_FD[],N_FD[]) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Series_Result(REC,ERR,OO)	(Note 1)				
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Result(count,B_FD[],F_FD[],N_FD[]) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Series_Result(REC,ERR,OO) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Test_Result(Sent, REC, CRC, BER, OO)	(Note 1) (Note 1)	_			
ETHDe_FT_So_MI_DM_Result(count,B_FD[],F_FD[],N_FD[]) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Series_Result(REC,ERR,OO) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_LB_Test_Result(Sent, REC, CRC, BER, OO) ETHDe_FT_So_MI_TST_Result(Sent)	(Note 1) (Note 1) (Note 1)	-			

## Table 8-5 – Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic functions

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MI signal	Value range	Default value			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC	6-byte Unicast MAC address	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Start(SA, P,Test_ID)	6-byte Unicast MAC address, Non-negative integer	_			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Intermediate_Request	-	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Terminate	-	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_TST_Start(SA, pattern)	(Note 1)	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_TST_Terminate	-	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Start(SA,MEP ID, Test ID)	(Notes 1 and 2)	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Intermediate_Request	-	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Terminate	-	-			
Reporting of diagnostic flow termination sink for MEP					
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1DM_Result(count,N_FD[])	(Note 1)	-			
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_1SL_Result(N_TF,N_LF)	(Note 1)				
ETHDe_FT_Sk_MI_TST_Result(REC, CRC, BER, OO)	(Note 1)	-			
Provisioning of diagnostic flow termination so	ource for MIP				
ETHDi_FT_So_MI_MEL	07	-			
ETHDi_FT_So_MI_MIP_MAC	6-byte MAC unicast address	-			
Provisioning of diagnostic flow termination sink for MIP					
ETHDi_FT_Sk_MI_MEL	07	-			
ETHDi_FT_Sk_MI_MIP_MAC	6-byte MAC unicast address	-			
NOTE 1 – According to [ITU-T G.8021]. NOTE 2 – DA is 6-byte MAC address, P is 07, DE is 01.					

#### Table 8-5 - Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic functions

#### 8.9 Traffic conditioning and shaping

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This function allows a user to provision the operation of an ETH traffic conditioning and shaping process.

The MI signals listed in Table 8-6 are communicated between the EMF and the traffic conditioning and shaping process across the management point within the ET NE.

For the traffic conditioning and shaping functions supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the trail termination management information
- Retrieving the trail termination management information
- Notifying the changes of the trail termination management information
- Receiving the monitored trail termination management information

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#### Table 8-6 - Provisioning for traffic conditioning and shaping functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value		
ETH_TCS_So Provisioning				
ETH_TCS_So_MI_[IEEE 802.1Q] (Note) (Note)				
ETH_TCS_Sk Provisioning				
ETH_TCS_Sk_MI_[IEEE 802.1Q]	(Note)	(Note)		
NOTE – According to [ITU-T G.8021].				

#### 8.10 ZZZ\_Reported

See clause 8.8 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of ZZZ Reported management.

Table 8-7 provides the MI signals that need to be provisioned for consequential defect/failure.

For the XXX\_Reported functions supported by an ET.NE, the ET.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

- Provisioning the trail termination management information
- Retrieving the trail termination management information

# Table 8-7 – Notifying the changes of the trail termination management information – Consequential defect/failure related provisioning

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MI_CSF_Reported	true, false	false

#### 8.11 Alarm severity

See clause 8.9 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm severity.

#### 8.12 Alarm reporting control (ARC)

See clause 8.10 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm reporting control.

#### 8.13 Date and time

The date and time functions within the ET EMF comprise the local real-time clock (RTC) function and the performance monitoring clock (PMC) function. The message communication function within the ET NEF shall be capable of setting the local real-time clock function.

The date and time values are incremented by a free running local clock, or by an external timing source. The fault, configuration, account, performance and security management (FCAPS) functions that need date and time information, e.g., to time stamp event reports, obtain this information from the date and time function.

## 8.13.1 Date and time application

Clause 8.13.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] identifies three date and time applications. These are:

- time-stamping;
- performance monitoring clock signals;
- activity scheduling.

The ET NEF functional requirements for these applications are specified in the following clauses.



## 8.13.1.1 Time-stamping

See clause 8.13.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the time-stamping application.

#### 8.13.1.2 Performance monitoring clock signals

See clause 8.13.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the PMC signals.

### 8.13.1.3 Activity scheduling

See clause 8.13.1.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the activity scheduling application.

#### 8.13.2 Date and time functions

See clause 8.13.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the date and time application.

#### 8.13.2.1 Local real-time clock function

The local real-time clock (RTC) function is specified in clause 8.13.2.1 of [ITU-T G.7710].

#### 8.13.2.2 Local real-time clock alignment function with external time reference

The local real-time clock alignment function with external time reference is specified in clause 8.13.2.2 of [ITU-T G.7710].

#### 8.13.2.3 Performance monitoring clock function

The performance monitoring clock (PMC) function is specified in clause 8.13.2.3 of [ITU-T G.7710].

#### 8.14 Administrative state

See clause 8.15 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of Administrative state configuration functions.

The ETH atomic functions supporting the Administrative state are listed within Table 8-3, i.e., those adaptation functions that are appended with MI\_Admin\_State.

 $\mbox{NOTE}$  – In this Recommendation the state values LCK and Normal are used in place of LOCKED and UNLOCKED respectively.

### 9 Accounting management

Accounting management is not defined in this version of the Recommendation.

#### 10 Performance management

See clause 10 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements for performance management. ET specific management requirements are described below.

#### **10.1** Performance management applications

See clause 10.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic description for performance management applications.

#### **10.2** Performance monitoring functions

See clause 10.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements of performance monitoring functions.

The following are ET specific performance management requirements:

- 1) PM measurements are managed at TTPs and CTPs (i.e., MEPs/MIPs are created and deleted)
- 2) One MEP has to be created per MEL if that has to be supervised
- 3) Two kinds of measurement jobs have to be supported (ProActive, OnDemand)

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- 4) ProActive measurement jobs are managed at MEPs (establish, disable, enable, terminate)
- 5) OnDemand measurement jobs are managed at MEPs (establish, modify, abort)
- 6) On-Demand measurements can be done using 4 different OAM PDU generation mechanisms: single instance, repetitive instance, single series and repetitive series. To describe these mechanisms, the following terms are used:
  - OAM PDU generation type:

Generation pattern of the on-demand OAM message

Valid types are: single instance, repetitive instance, single series and repetitive series.

Message period (x)

Frequency of the OAM message generation within a series.

Note that a value of zero (i.e., x = 0) means that only one OAM message per measurement interval is generated.

– Measurement interval (y)

Defines discrete non overlapping periods of time during which measurements are performed (i.e., OAM messages are generated) and reports are gathered at the end of the measurement intervals.

Note that a value of zero means a degenerated measurement interval with a single OAM message and the report is sent as immediately as possible.

- Repetition period (z)

Defines the time between the start of two measurement intervals. This IS applicable for the repetitive instance type and MAY be applicable for the repetitive series type.

Note that a value of zero means not applicable (NA), which is for the cases of single instance, single series, or repetitive series without extra gap in between the measurement intervals (i.e., also as known as continuous series).

Start time

Defines the start of the on-demand session

Stop time

Defines the stop of the on-demand session

- Session Duration
- Stop time Start time.

Note that session duration is not a configuration parameter. That is, it is not needed in the configuration.

The four on-demand measurements are illustrated in Figure 10-1. In each mechanism, the mandatory parameters (i.e., the required minimum set of parameters) are in red font. The optional parameters are in black font. Optional parameters are not needed but may be used for validation purposes.

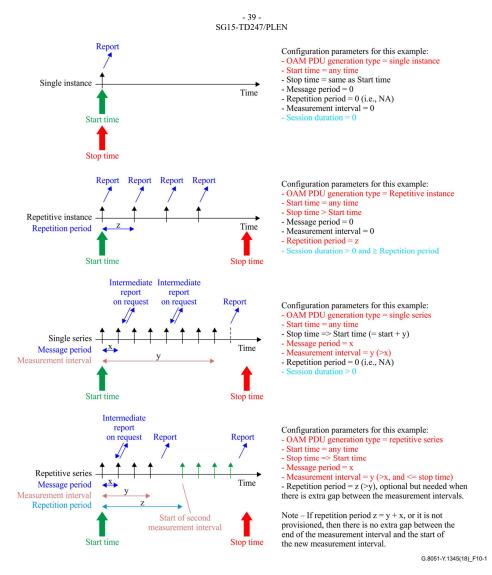


Figure 10-1 - On-demand OAM PDU generation mechanisms

Note that in the repetitive series case, if the repetition period z = y + x, or the value is not provisioned, then there is no extra gap between the end of the measurement interval and the start of the new measurement interval. This pattern is also known as the continuous series cases. The repetition period (z) is needed if there is extra gap between the measurement intervals.

- 7) It shall be possible to configure the following on-demand measurement parameters (including the default values)
  - a) OAM PDU generation type; default = repetitive instance
  - b) Start time; default = current time

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- c) Stop time; default = never stop
- d) OAM message period; default = 0
- e) Measurement interval; default = 0
- e) Repetition period; default = 0

- 8) Parallel measurement jobs, one per priority, can be established
- 9) Performance data is stored in registers associated to the measurement job
- 10) Behaviour of on-demand OAM process with respect to the creation/deletion should follow Start time and Stop time on on-demand measurement job
  - a) The behaviour of on-demand OAM process, resources, message and PM data with respect to the status of the current time is summarized in Table 10-0A.

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Status of		Dual-ended me	Dual-ended measurement job		
currei	ntTime	The initiator controller	The target comtroller	measurement job	
The start time is not reached yet.		The OAM PM process is not running; The OAM PM resources are allocated but the OAM messages are not generated.	The OAM PM process is not running; The OAM PM resources are allocated but any received OAM message is ignored and no PM data is reported.	The OAM PM process is not running; The OAM PM resources are allocated; The OAM messages are not generated and any received OAM message is ignored; No PM data is reported.	
The start time is reached and;	The stop time is not reached yet.	The OAM PM process may be running or not running, based on the behaviour of the configured OAM PDU generation type.	The OAM PM process may be running or not running and some PM data may be reported.	The OAM PM process may be running or not running; Some PM data may be reported, based on the behaviour of the configured OAM PDU generation type.	
	The stop time is reached.	The OAM PM process is stopped; The OAM PM process resources are still allocated but OAM messages are not generated.	The OAM PM process is stopped; The OAM PM process resources are still allocated but any received OAM message is ignored; The PM data collected at the time the measurement job has been stopped are still reported.	The OAM PM process is stopped; The OAM PM process resources are still allocated but OAM messages are not generated; Any received OAM message is ignored; The PM data collected at the time the measurement job has been stopped are still reported.	

Table 10-0A – Behaviour of on-demand OAM process, resources, message and PM data

b) For the request of the deletion of measurement job instance, the behaviour with respect to the status of the current time is summarized in Table 10-0B.

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Status of	Dual-ended me	Single-ended		
currentTime	The initiator controller	The target controller	measurement job	
Before the stop time is reached.	The ongoing OAM PM process is stopped; the OAM PM process resources are released, and then the measurement job instance is deleted.	The ongoing OAM PM process is stopped, the OAM PM process resources are released, and then the measurement job instance is deleted, including all of its reports.	The ongoing OAM PM process is stopped, the OAM PM process resources are released, and then the measurement job instance is deleted, including all of its reports.	
After the stop time is reached.	The OAM PM process resources are released and then the measurement job instance is deleted.	The OAM PM process resources are released, and then the measurement job instance is deleted, including all of its reports.	The OAM PM process resources are released, and then the measurement job instance is deleted, including all of its reports.	

c) Allowed re-configuration of the start time and/or stop time

i) If the current time is less than (i.e., before) the configured start time

The following reconfiguration are allowed:

- currentTime < new\_startTime < stopTime</pre>
- currentTime < startTime < new\_stopTime</p>
- currentTime < new\_startTime < new\_stopTime</pre>

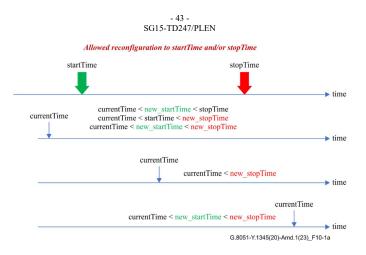
ii) If the current time is between the configured start time and configured stop time The following reconfiguration is allowed:

- currentTime < new\_stopTime</pre>

iii) If the current time is greater than (i.e., already passed) the configured stop time The following reconfiguration is allowed:

- currentTime < new\_StartTime < new\_stopTime</pre>

Figure 10-1a illustrates the allowed reconfiguration of the start time and/or stop time.



#### Figure 10-1a - Allowed reconfiguration to startTime and/or stopTime

- d) When the start time is reached, the list of the existing reports, if any, is emptied out
- 11) Threshold profiles are managed at the managed element (create, modify, delete)
- 12) It shall be possible to retrieve the following configuration information:
  - a) all existing MEPs/MIPs within a TP (TTP or CTP)
    - b) all existing measurement jobs within a MEP
    - c) all existing threshold profiles within a network element
    - d) all threshold settings within a ProActive PM measurement job
- 13) It shall be possible to retrieve all ProActive PM measurement current and history performance data within a MEP
- 14) It shall be possible to request intermediate reports on an on-demand PM measurement job of "single series" and "repetitive series" types
- 15) It shall be possible to request an autonomous continuous reporting of performance data from all proactive PM measurement jobs within a MEP (i.e., automatic "push" of the measured PM data)
- 16) On-demand loss measurement can be measured by directly counting the data traffic (e.g., using the [ITU-T G.8013] defined loss measurement message (LMM)/loss measurement reply (LMR)) or can be inferred by counting the synthetic traffic (e.g., using the [ITU-T G.8013] defined SLM/SLR or 1SL). If on-demand loss measurement is supported, for each measurement interval, the Ethernet NE should:
  - Receive from the transport plane the measurements (i.e., N\_TF, N\_LF, F\_TF, F\_LF) at the end of each measurement interval.

Note that according to the definition of near-end and far-end frame loss in clause 8.1 of [ITU-T G.8013], for a MEP, N\_TF and N\_LF refer to the transmitted and lost ingress frames while F\_TF and F\_LF refer to the transmitted and lost egress frames.

Note that 1SL can provide only near-end measurement (i.e., N\_TF, N\_LF).

 Store the measurements (TN\_TF, TN\_LF, TF\_TF, TF\_LF) and calculate the frame loss ratios (FLRs) (TN\_FLR=TN\_LF/TN\_TF, TF\_FLR=TF\_LF/TF\_TF). The measurements and FLRs shall be reported to the management system.

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- At the instruction of the management system, the NE shall be able to request from the transport plane the intermediate (i.e., before the end of the measurement interval) measurements, calculate the intermediate FLRs and report the intermediate results (TN\_TF, TN\_LF, TN\_FLR, TF\_TF, TF\_LF, TF\_FLR) to the management system.

NOTE – An on-demand LM or DM session could be a single series of OAM messages or a single instance of OAM message. A single instance OAM could be considered as a special case of a single series OAM.

- 17) Proactive loss measurement can be measured by directly counting the data traffic (e.g., using the [ITU-T G.8013] defined CCM or LMM/LMR) or can be inferred by counting the synthetic traffic (e.g., using the [ITU-T G.8013] defined SLM/SLR or 1SL). If proactive loss measurement is supported, for each loss measurement session the Ethernet NE should:
  - Receive from the transport plane the measurements (i.e., pN\_TF, pN\_LF, pF\_TF, pF\_LF) for each OAM period.

Note that 1SL can support only near-end measurement (i.e., N\_TF, N\_LF).

- Calculate the FLRs (N\_FLR=pN\_LF/pN\_TF, F\_FLR=pF-LF/pF\_TF) for each OAM period; store the temporal minimum, average and maximum statistics (mN\_FLR, aN\_FLR, xN\_FLR, mF\_FLR, aF\_FLR, xF\_FLR) in the current 15-minute and 24-hour registers. The stored statistics shall be available for retrieval by the management system.
- The FLR measurements of a monitored entity measured during an SES shall be included in the computation of its FLR statistics, unless the SES is part of the unavailable time period.

Note - This is in line with the definition made in Note 1 of clause 1 in [ITU-T Y.1563].

- At the maturity of the current 15-minute and 24-hour periods, the statistics in the current registers shall move to the history registers and then reset the current registers to zeros. See detailed requirements in [ITU-T G.7710].
- 18) If on-demand 1-way DM (i.e., 1DM) is supported, for each on-demand 1-way DM measurement interval, the Ethernet NE should:
  - Receive from the transport plane the array of near-end measurements (count, N\_FD[]) at the end of each measurement interval.
  - Store the measurements, compute the corresponding array of N\_FDV[] and report the near-end measurements (count, N\_FD[], N\_FDV[]) to the management system.
  - At the instruction of the management system, the NE shall be able to request from the transport plane the intermediate measurements, calculate the intermediate N\_FDV[] and report the intermediate results (count, N FD[], N FDV[]) to the management system.
- 19) If proactive 1-way DM (i.e., 1DM) is supported, for each proactive 1-way DM session the Ethernet NE should:
  - Receive from the transport plane the near-end measurements (pN\_FD, pN\_FDV) for each OAM period.
  - Store the temporal minimum, average and maximum (N\_FD, N\_FDV) in the current 15-minute and 24-hour registers. The stored statistics shall be available for retrieval by the management system.
  - At the maturity of the current 15-minute and 24-hour periods, the statistics in the current registers shall move to the history registers and then reset the current registers to zeros. See detailed requirements in [ITU-T G.7710].

NOTE – Version 1 of the 1DM PDU format has been defined in the 2011 revision of [ITU-T G.8013] to support both proactive and on-demand 1-way DM applications, in which proactive and on-demand 1DM applications are distinguished by using the Type bit of the Flags

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field of the 1DM PDU. Proactive 1DM application is configured at the ETHx Flow Termination functions (ETHx\_FT) with the Type bit is set to 1, while the on-demand 1DM application is configured at the ETH Diagnostic Flow Termination Function (ETHDe\_FT) with the Type bit being set to 0. See clause 8.1.11 of [ITU-T G.8021] for details.

- 20) If on-demand 2-way DM (i.e., delay measurement message (DMM)/delay measurement reply (DMR)) is supported, for each on-demand 2-way DM measurement interval, the Ethernet NE should:
  - Receive from the transport plane the array of near-end, far-end and bidirectional measurements (count, N\_FD[], F\_FD[], B\_FD[]) at the end of each measurement interval.
  - Store the measurements, compute the corresponding array of FDV[] and report the near-end, far-end and bidirectional (2-way) measurements (count, N\_FD[], F\_FD[], B\_FD[]; N\_FDV[], F\_FDV[], B\_FDV[]) to the management system.
  - At the instruction of the management system, the NE shall be able to request from the transport plane the intermediate measurements, calculate the intermediate FDV[] and report the intermediate results (count, N\_FD[], F\_FD[], B\_FD[]; N\_FDV[], F\_FDV[], B\_FDV[]) to the management system.
- 21) If proactive 2-way DM (i.e., DMM/DMR) is supported, for each proactive 2-way DM session the Ethernet NE should:
  - Receive from the transport plane the near-end, far-end and bidirectional measurements (N\_FD, F\_FD, B\_FD; N\_FDV, F\_FDV, B\_FDV) for each OAM period.
  - Store the temporal minimum, average and maximum for each type of the measurements (N\_FD, F\_FD, B\_FD; N\_FDV, F\_FDV, B\_FDV) for the current 15-minute and 24-hour registers. The stored statistics shall be available for retrieval by the management system.
  - At the maturity of the current 15-minute and 24-hour periods, the statistics in the current registers shall move to the history registers and then reset current registers to zeros. See detailed requirements in [ITU-T G.7710].

NOTE – Version 1 of the 1DM PDU format has been defined in the 2011 revision of [ITU-T G.8013] to support both proactive and on-demand 1-way DM applications, in which proactive and on-demand 1DM applications are distinguished by using the Type bit of the Flags field of the 1DM PDU. Proactive 1DM application is configured at the ETHx Flow Termination functions (ETHx\_FT) with the Type bit is set to 1, while the on-demand 1DM application is configured at the ETH Diagnostic Flow Termination Function (ETHDe\_FT) with the Type bit being set to 0. See clause 8.1.11 of [ITU-T G.8021] for details.

22) The Ethernet NE should support the ability to configure for the start and stop at the respondent-end MEP of a single-ended measurement session (such as LMM/LMR and DMM/DMR).

For illustrative purposes, Figure 10-2 through Figure 10-5 below illustrate the derivation of the loss measurement from the counter values provided by the single-ended and dual-ended mechanisms.

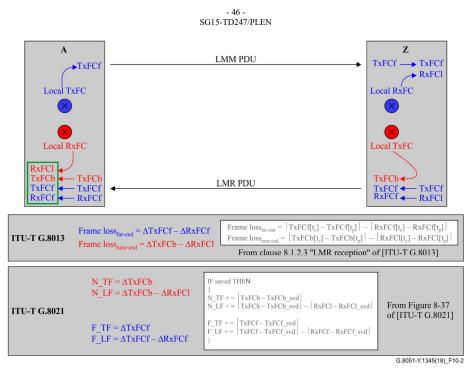
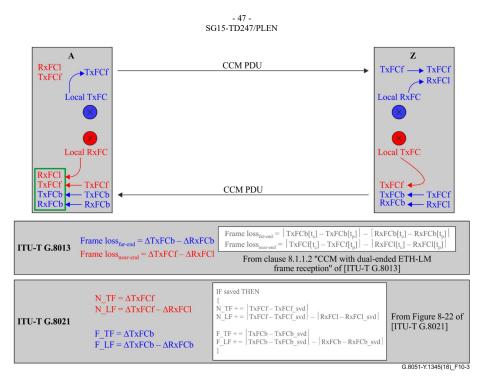


Figure 10-2 – Single-ended loss measurement using LMM/LMR

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## Figure 10-3 – Dual-ended loss measurement using CCM

(Note that for loss measurement, CCM is proactive only.)

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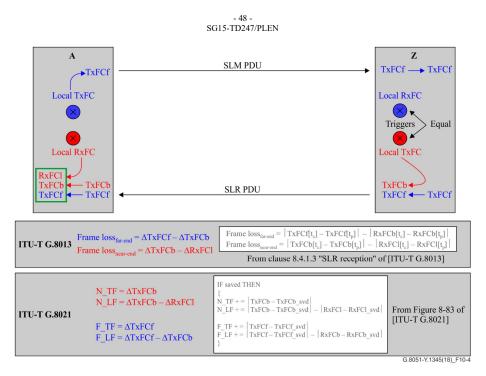
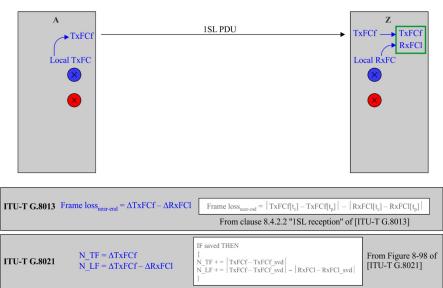


Figure 10-4 – Single-ended loss measurement using SLM/SLR



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Figure 10-5 – Dual-ended loss measurement using 1SL

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ET NE provides the following PM management information (see Table 10-1).

PM management information	ITU-T G.8021 function
ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pN_LF ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pN_TF ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pF_LF ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pF_TF ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pF_DS ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pN_DS ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pB_FD ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pB_FD ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pF_FD ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pF_FD ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pF_FD ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pN_FD ETHx_FT_Sk_MI_pN_FD	ETHx_FT_Sk
ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pN_TF ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pN_LF ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pF_TF ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pF_LF ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pF_DS ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pN_DS ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pB_FD ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pB_FDV ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pF_FD ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pF_FDV ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pN_FD ETHG_FT_Sk_MI_pN_FDV	ETHG_FT_Sk
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So_MI_pAggOctetsTxOK[1Na] ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So_MI_pAggFramesTxOK[1Na]	ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_So
ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk_MI_pAggOctetsRxOK[1Na] ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk_MI_pAggFramesRxOK[1Na]	ETHx-Np/ETH-LAG-Na_A_Sk

The EMF shall support the following functions:

Notifying of the PM management information.

## 11 Security management

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See [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of security management.

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## Appendix I

## MI signals/parameters for PM tools in ITU-T G.8021

(This appendix does not form an integral part of this Recommendation.)

Tables I.1 and I.2 summarize the MI signals defined in [ITU-T G.8021] for the proactive and on-demand performance monitoring tools.

OAM	dir					Ν	41 signals			
Туре		Enable	М	AC	Π	D	Length	Period	Pri	Others
			DA	SA	Test	MEP				
СС	So	✓LMC (*1)	(*6)				(*5)	~	$\checkmark$	
	Sk	✓LMC (*1)						✓ (*7)	✓ (*7)	GetSvdCCM, SvtCCM
LM	So	✓LML (*1)	~		(*3)		(*5)	~	√	
	Sk									DEGM, M, DEGTHER, TFMIN
1SL	So	✓	✓		~		✓	✓	✓	
	Sk	~		✓ (*2)	~	(*4)				
SL	So	~	✓		~		✓	✓	✓	
	Sk									
1DM	So	✓	✓		~		✓	✓	✓	
	Sk	~		✓ (*2)	✓					
DM	So	✓	✓		~		✓	✓	✓	
	Sk									
resp sind the *2 MI *3 MI *4 MI sind *5 MI	_{LMC pectivel k side (a functio _MAC _Test_I _ MEP k side _Lengtl	as well as so nality of MI _SA for 1SL D is not spe _ID was rem h is not appl	calculat ource side signals /1DM is cified in noved du	ion of CC e, where c for the all used to v LM until ring [ITU r CC/LM	2M is perf other prot location c rerify that now. 7-T G.802 because	formed at ocols hav of the loca the received and v4 AA the length	sink side, re). Note th al counter r ived PDU i P because n of both P	the MI_LN at the latest esources. s properly s MEP_ID c DUs is alwa	IC_Enable s t [ITU-T G.3 sent from the arried in PD ays fixed.	CM/ LMx, ignal is required at 8021] has removed e expected peer node U is not evaluated a ss 1 address as the

Table I.1 - MI signals for proactive PM (ETHx\_FT)

\*7 MI\_Period/Priority are configured for sink side of CCM process (as well as the source side) to detect the mismatch defects (dUNP and dUNPr). Note that other protocols do not need to specify neither of MI signals at sink side.

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OAM		MI_				MI_Sta	rt ()		MIs for retrieval			
Туре		Enable	MAC I			D	Length	ength Period	Pri	MI_	MI_Intermediate_Request	MI_
			DA	SA	Test	MEP				Termi- nate		Result()
LM	So	(*1)	~		(*3)		(*5)	~	~	1	✓	✓ (N_TF, N_LF, F_TF, F_LF)
	Sk	(*1)										r_Lr)
1SL	So		✓		~		✓	✓	✓	✓		
	Sk			✓ (*2)	~	(*4)				~	✓	✓ (N_TF, N LF)
SL	So		~		~		¥	~	~	V	<ul> <li></li> </ul>	$(N_TF, N_LF, F_TF, F_LF)$
	Sk											1_21)
1DM	So		~		~		✓	✓	~	✓		
	Sk			✓ (*2)	~					~	~	✓ (count N_FD[])
DM	So		~		~		~	~	~	~	~	✓ (count B_FD[], F_FD[], N_FD[])
	Sk											
NOTE	S:	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	

## Table I.2 - MI signals/parameters for on-demand PM (ETHDe\_FT)

\*2 The parameter 'SA' for MI\_{ISL,1DM}\_Start() is used to verify that the received PDU is properly sent from the expected peer node.

\*3 The parameter 'Test\_ID' for MI\_LM\_Start() is not specified in LM until now.
\*4 The parameter 'MEP\_ID' for MI\_ISL\_Start() was removed during [ITU-T G.8021] v4 AAP because MEP\_ID carried in PDU is not evaluated at sink side.

\*5 The parameter 'Length' is not applicable for CC/LM because the length of both PDUs is always fixed.

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## Bibliography

[b-ITU-T G.874] Recommendation ITU-T G.874 (2020), Management aspects of optical transport network elements.

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