

TeRI and Valid/Allocated Numbers

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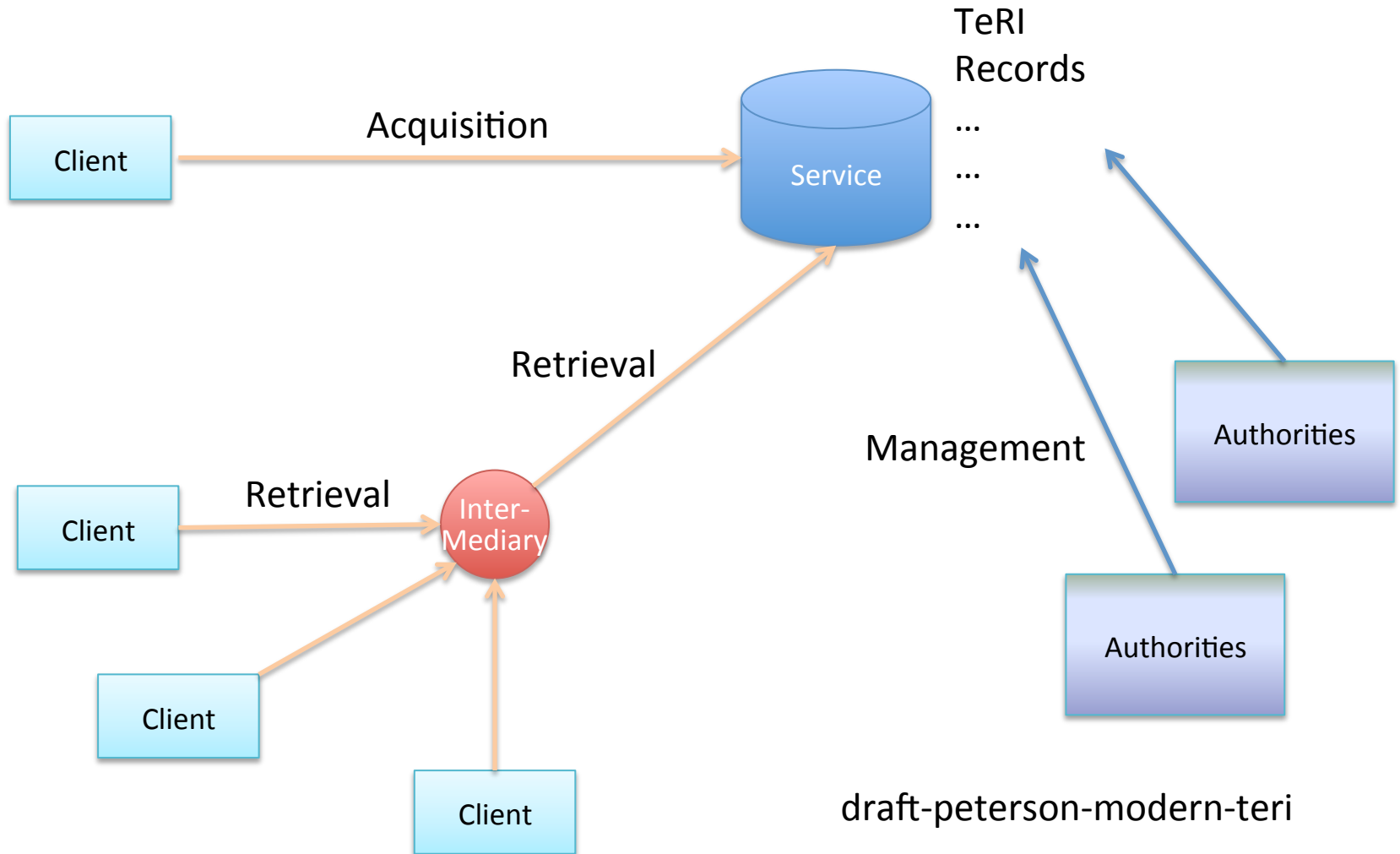
MODERN WG

IETF **100** (Singapore)

What is TeRI?

- An information model for three functions related to telephone numbers
 1. Acquisition operations
 - How does a Client request new numbers from a Service?
 - Usually entails the creation and signing of a new Record by an Authority
 2. Management operations
 - How does a Client push records into a Service?
 - Either provisioning a new Record into a Service or updating an existing one
 3. Retrieval operations
 - How does a Client pull Records from a Service?
 - Search operations that admit of Restrictions for Service or Administrative data
- Core conceit: these functions all operate on overlapping data
 - If you can provision it, you should be able to query for it, and vice versa
 - TeRI provides a full lifecycle ecosystem for Records about telephone numbers

The TeRI Interfaces



Operations and Records

- Each Operation consists of a Request and a Response
 - All operate our core building block: **TeRI Records**
- Requests will have a Source, Subject, and sometimes Restrictions (formerly Attributes)
 - Source indicates the originator of the Operation
 - Subject would typically be a TN itself (or a range)
- Responses will have a Response Code
 - For the “bindings” to various transports, a lot of Request and Response syntax will devolve to a using protocol
 - HTTP, for example, has its own response codes

TeRI Records

- TeRI Records are collected at Services
 - Services could be public, and centralized and monolithic, or distributed, or private
 - The Operations and information model will be the same
 - Multiple Records might cover any given TN
 - And multiple TNs might be covered by a given Record
 - Records are trusted based on the Authority that generated them
 - Usually not based on the Service that shared them
- Entities from the MODERN framework act as
 - Clients
 - Users, CSP, Government Entities
 - Services
 - Registries, Registrars, CSPs

TeRI for Number Validity

- draft-peterson-modern-teri-valid
- A problem space much discussed in North America today
 - How to share information about blocks of valid and allocated numbers
 - Some abusive calls (robocalls, etc.) originate from invalid or unallocated numbers
 - Carriers could potentially block such calls or subject them to special treatment
- Seems like a good MODERN use case

The approach in teri-valid

- New TeRI Record element for “Allocated”, 3 values:
 1. “**Yes**”: the numbers covered by this TeRI Record have been allocated, and may or may not be assigned
 - Mostly used for number blocks (“R” Records)
 - “**Assigned**”: all the numbers covered by this TeRI Record are known to be assigned for use
 - Mostly used for individual number (“T” Records)
 - “**No**”: This is a valid block but it is known that no numbers in it are currently assigned.
 - Syntactically valid, like an area code not in use yet.
- Invalid number ranges don’t have Records at all
 - No Authority can or should sign for them – a whitelist

A TeRI Record for a valid block

```
{  
  "Identifier":"x989hjfd0",  
  "Authority":"registry.example.org",  
  "Access":"Public",  
  "Subject":[{"R":"12125551"}],  
  ...  
  "Allocated":“yes”  
}
```

- This explains that the thousand-block 212/555-1XXX has been allocated, numbers under it may or may not be assigned at the moment
- Takes a whitelist approach, where the non-existence of a Record signifies invalid

Different Record Categories

- Two varieties of Records in the draft today
 - “R”: TN range (e.g. traditional North American blocks)
 - “T”: Individual TNs (e.g. freephone)
- Right now they are not hierarchical – just separate
 - Both could live at the same Service
 - A Retrieval on a given number might yield one of each: the block level “it’s allocated” Record and the individual TN “it’s assigned”
 - Some numbers aren’t doled out in blocks
 - Individual freephone numbers are allocated individually, not in blocks
 - Obviously, Records could be cross-indexed when they contain overlapping blocks of numbers if need be
- Any need for data to be more structured?

Queries vs. Propagation

- Right now, draft explains how to use the Retrieval Operation to ask about a call in progress
 - No one wants to take a real time RTT for a network dip during call processing
 - That Request could just be a local database dip
- Need a way to acquire Records in bulk for local access
 - Draft talks about Retrieving “R” Records for “1”
 - Recommends that Records should enumerate all valid NPA/NXX’s, say.
- TeRI’s server-to-server Operation is Management
 - Authorities could push these bulk Records to Services through Management Operations to populate local databases
 - Also possible it do it in a pull model, where Clients retrieve to populate local databases
 - DRiP is also perhaps part of that story, per Chris’s thoughts

Next Steps

- Energy needed, and discussion
- Need more input on Record elements
- Need to get the terminology consistent between this and baseline TeRI
- Maybe time to get TeRI concrete?
 - Define clear profiles and bindings
 - Really need to start building out a ReSTful binding
 - Need to flesh out JSON further, but anything else?
- When we have something more concrete, and with some energy, look toward adoption