

Multiple ALTO Resources Query

draft-zhang-alto-multipart-00

J. Jensen Zhang

Dawn Chan

July 16, 2018@IETF 102

Motivation

- A lot of use cases require to query multiple ALTO information resources in a single request for some reasons:
 - Efficiency
 - Consistency
 - Relational Query
- This document lists three potential use cases:
 - Simple Batch Query
 - Properties Constrained Query
 - Path Vector Query (from draft-ietf-alto-path-vector)

Additional Requirements

- The base ALTO protocol cannot work in these cases. To make them work, there are some additional requirements raised:
 - Req 1: New response schema: multiple resources in a single response entry.
 - Req 2: General query schema to filter arbitrary ALTO information resource.
 - Req 3: Relational query amongst multiple ALTO information resources.

Roadmap

- This document propose a new ALTO service called ALTO "Multipart Query" service to fit these requirements.
- The overview of the techniques adopted to address each requirement:
 - Req 1 -> HTTP "multipart/related" message
 - Req 2 -> Unified request format
 - Req 3 -> General-purpose query languages, e.g., XQuery, JSONiq, etc.

HTTP "multipart/related" Message

- The response of a Multipart Query service is an HTTP message with the "multipart/related" content-type.

- Example:

```
Content-Type: multipart/related; boundary=query-boundary
```

```
--query-boundary
```

```
Content-Type: <content-type of resource 1>
```

```
<response data entry of resource 1>
```

```
... response for resource 2 - n-1 ...
```

```
--query-boundary
```

```
Content-Type: <content-type of resource n>
```

```
<response data entry of resource n>
```

Unified Request Format

- The request format of a Multipart Query service is independent from any ALTO information resource

- Request Format:

```
object {  
  ResourceQuery    resources<1..*>;  
  [JsonString     query-lang;]  
} ReqMultipartQuery;
```

```
object {  
  JsonString      resource-id;  
  [JsonValue      input;] // POST-mode required  
} ResourceQuery;
```

- The "input" field is extended and can support the input parameters of any ALTO information resource.

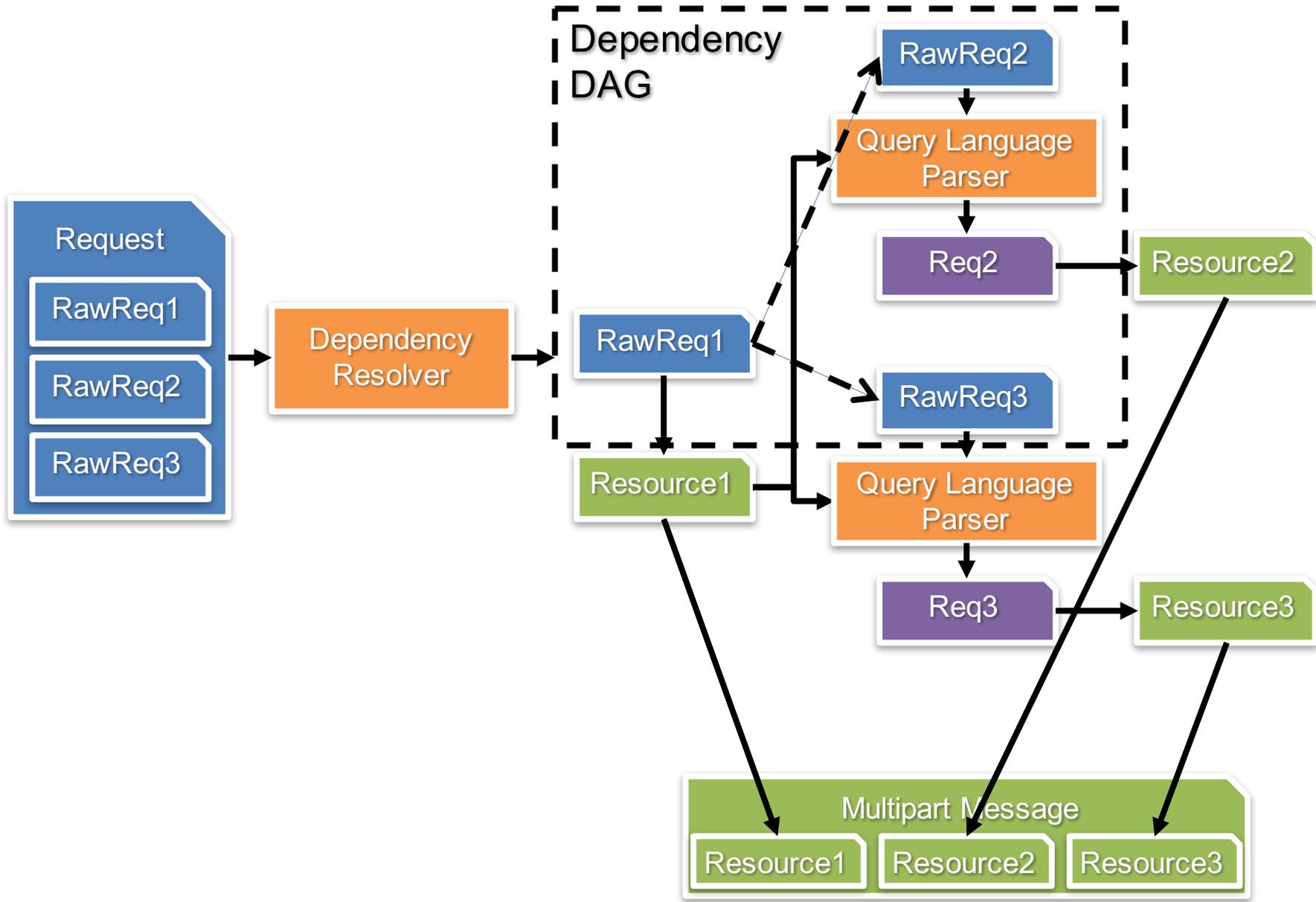
General-purpose query languages

- The request of a Multipart Query service can support program written in general-purpose query languages.
 - The value of "input" field can be a query program.
 - The result of the query program is the input parameters for a requested ALTO information resource.
 - The query program can use the response data of another requested ALTO information resource.

- Example:

```
{ "query-lang": "jsoniq",
  "resources": [
    { "resource-id": "propmap-location" }, // GET-mode for resource_0
    { "resource-id": "my-default-costmap", // POST-mode for resource_1
      "input": `let $propmap := collection("propmap-location")
                .("property-map") // Read response of resource_0 into a variable
                return { ... Construct Input Parameters ... }` } ] }
```

Logical Workflow inside the Server



A Comprehensive Example

```
POST /multipart HTTP/1.1
Host: alto.example.com
Accept: multipart/related, application/alto-
error+json
Content-Lenght: ###
Content-Type: application/alto-
multipartquery+json
```

```
{
  "query-lang": "jsoniq",
  "resources": [
    {
      "resource-id": "endpoint-path-vector",
      "input": {
        "cost-type": {
          "cost-mode": "array",
          "cost-metric": "ane-path"
        },
        "endpoints": {
          "srcs": [ "ipv4:192.0.2.2" ],
          "dsts": [ "ipv4:192.0.2.89",
                    "ipv4:203.0.113.45" ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

```
},
{
  "resource-id": "propmap-availbw",
  "input": `
    let $propmap :=
      collection("endpoint-path-vector")
        .("endpoint-cost-map")
    return {
      "entities": [
        distinct-values(flatten(
          for $src in keys($propmap)
          let $dsts := $propmap.$src
          return flatten(
            for $dst in keys($dsts)
            return $dsts.$dst
          )
        ))
      ],
      "properties": [ "availbw" ]
    }
  `
}
```


Remaining Issues

- Is it general enough for potential use cases?
 - Current relational query is a Pipeline/DAG
 - Can we achieve general relational query, e.g., "join" operator for relational database. Do we need this?
- Implementation complexity to support query languages.
- Security considerations to support query languages.
- Error handling:
 - How about the query program execution failed?
 - How about the query program result has pre-defined ALTO errors, e.g., E_SYNTAX, E_MISSING_FIELD, E_INVALID_FIELD_TYPE and E_INVALID_FIELD_VALUE?

Next Steps

- Implement it and show some experimental result by next meeting.
- WG item?
- See <https://github.com/openalto/alto-multipart> for details.

Backup Slides