

# IKEv2 Optional SA&TS Payloads in Child Exchange

<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-kampati-ipsecme-ikev2-sa-ts-payloads-opt/>

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# Motivations

## ■ Original Rekeying IKE SAs:

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {SA, Ni, KEi} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {SA, Nr, KEr}
```

## ■ Original Rekeying Child SAs:

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {N(REKEY_SA), SA, Ni, [KEi,]
      TSi, TSr} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {SA, Nr, [KEr,]
                                     TSi, TSr}
```

- If the configurations (the cryptographic suites and ACLs) haven't changed, the negotiation result will remain the same after the SA & TS payloads are processed.
- IKE SAs and Child SAs rekeying happen periodically. For the constrained devices, like IoT devices, processing the SA & TS payloads in such case is a periodic burden that can be omitted.
- More than 100,000 IKE/IPSec tunnels can be used in 5G networks cRAN/Cloud. The bandwidth that the SA & TS payloads occupied can be huge in such case.

# Optimization Solutions

- Sending a new notification payload with the SPI value instead of the SA payloads at rekeying IKE SAs, when there is no change of cryptographic suite configurations.

```
Initiator ----- Responder
HDR, SK {N(SA_UNCHANGED), Ni, KEi} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(SA_UNCHANGED), Nr, KEr}
```

- Sending a new notification payload with the SPI value instead of the SA & TS payloads at rekeying Child SAs, when there is no change of cryptographic suite and ACL configurations.

```
Initiator ----- Responder
HDR, SK {N(REKEY_SA), N(SA_TS_UNCHANGED),
Ni, [KEi]} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(SA_TS_UNCHANGED), Nr, [KEr]}
```

# Optimization Support Negotiation

- Send the **MINIMAL\_REKEY\_SUPPORTED** notification at the **IKE\_AUTH** message exchange to indicate the support for optimizing the payloads at rekeying IKE SAs and Child SAs.

```

Initiator ----- Responder -----
HDR, SK {IDi, [CERT,] [CERTREQ,]
  [IDr,] AUTH, SAi2, TSi, TSr,
  N(MINIMAL_REKEY_SUPPORTED) } -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {IDr, [CERT,] AUTH,
                                         SAr2, TSi, TSr,
                                         N(MINIMAL_REKEY_SUPPORTED) }

```

## MINIMAL\_REKEY\_SUPPORTED Notification Payload Format

```

0           1           2           3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| Next Payload |C|  RESERVED   |           Payload Length           |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| Protocol ID(=0)| SPI Size (=0) |           Notify Message Type           |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+

```

- Protocol ID (1 octet) - MUST be 0.
- SPI Size (1 octet) - MUST be 0, meaning no SPI is present.
- Notify Message Type (2 octets) - MUST be <Need to get value from IANA>.

This notification contains no data.

# Rekeying IKE SAs Optimization

## Common situation:

- 1. No change of cryptographic suites (CS) in Initiator and Responder

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {N(SA_UNCHANGED), Ni, KEi} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(SA_UNCHANGED), Nr, KEr}
```

## Uncommon situations:

- 2. Initiator's CS changed, while Responder's CS haven't changed

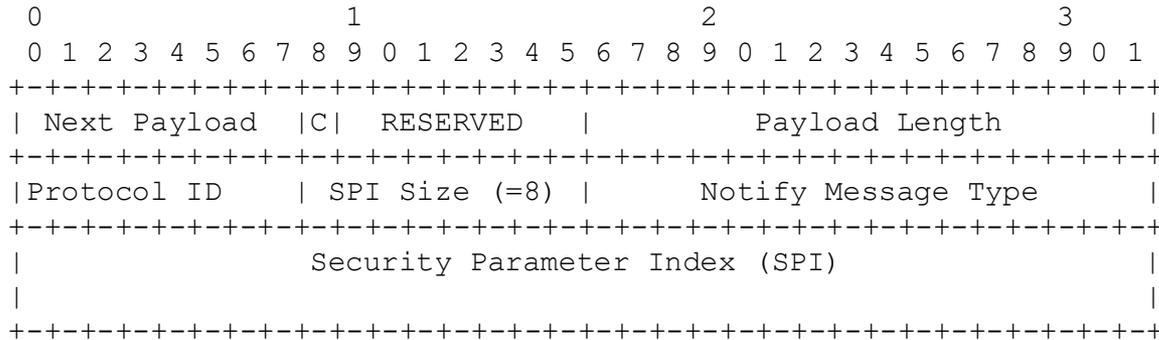
```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {SA, Ni, KEi} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(SA_UNCHANGED), Nr, KEr}
```

- 3. Responder's CS Changed, while Initiator's CS haven't changed

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {N(SA_UNCHANGED), Ni, KEi} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN), Nr, KEr}
HDR, SK {SA, Ni, KEi} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {SA, Ni, KEi}
```

# Rekeying IKE SAs Optimization

## ■ SA\_UNCHANGED Notification Payload Format



- o Protocol ID (1 octet) - MUST be 1.
- o SPI Size (1 octet) - MUST be 8.
- o Notify Message Type (2 octets) - MUST be <Need to get value from IANA>.
- o SPI (8 octets) - Security Parameter Index.

# Rekeying Child SAs Optimization

## Common situation:

- 1. No change of CS and ACL in Initiator and Responder

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {N(REKEY_SA), N(SA_TS_UNCHANGED),
      Ni, [KEi]} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(SA_TS_UNCHANGED), Nr, [KEr]}
```

## Uncommon situations:

- 2. Initiator's CS or ACL changed, while Responder's CS and ACL haven't changed

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {N(REKEY_SA), SA, Ni, [KEi,]
      TSi, TSr} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(SA_TS_UNCHANGED), Nr, [KEr]}
```

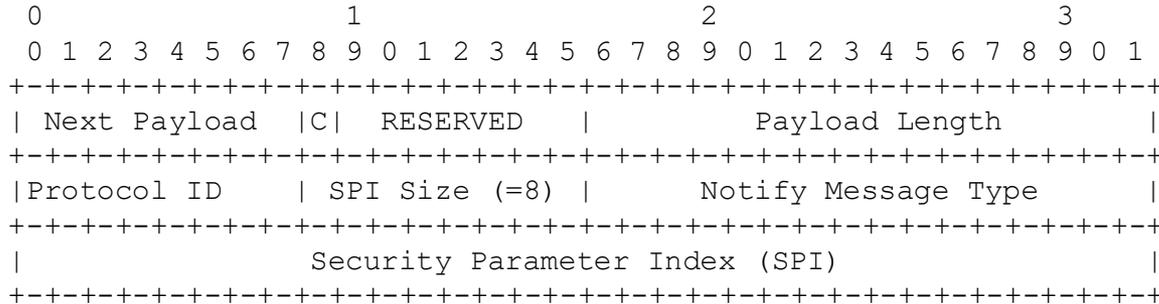
- 3. Responder's CS or ACL Changed, while Initiator's CS and ACL haven't changed

```
Initiator                                     Responder
-----
HDR, SK {N(REKEY_SA), N(SA_TS_UNCHANGED),
      Ni, [KEi]} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {N(NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN),
                                     Nr, KEr}

HDR, SK {N(REKEY_SA), SA, Ni, [KEi,]
      TSi, TSr} -->
                                     <-- HDR, SK {SA, Nr, [KEr,]
                                     TSi, TSr}
```

# Rekeying Child SAs Optimization

## ■ SA\_TS\_UNCHANGED Notification Payload Format

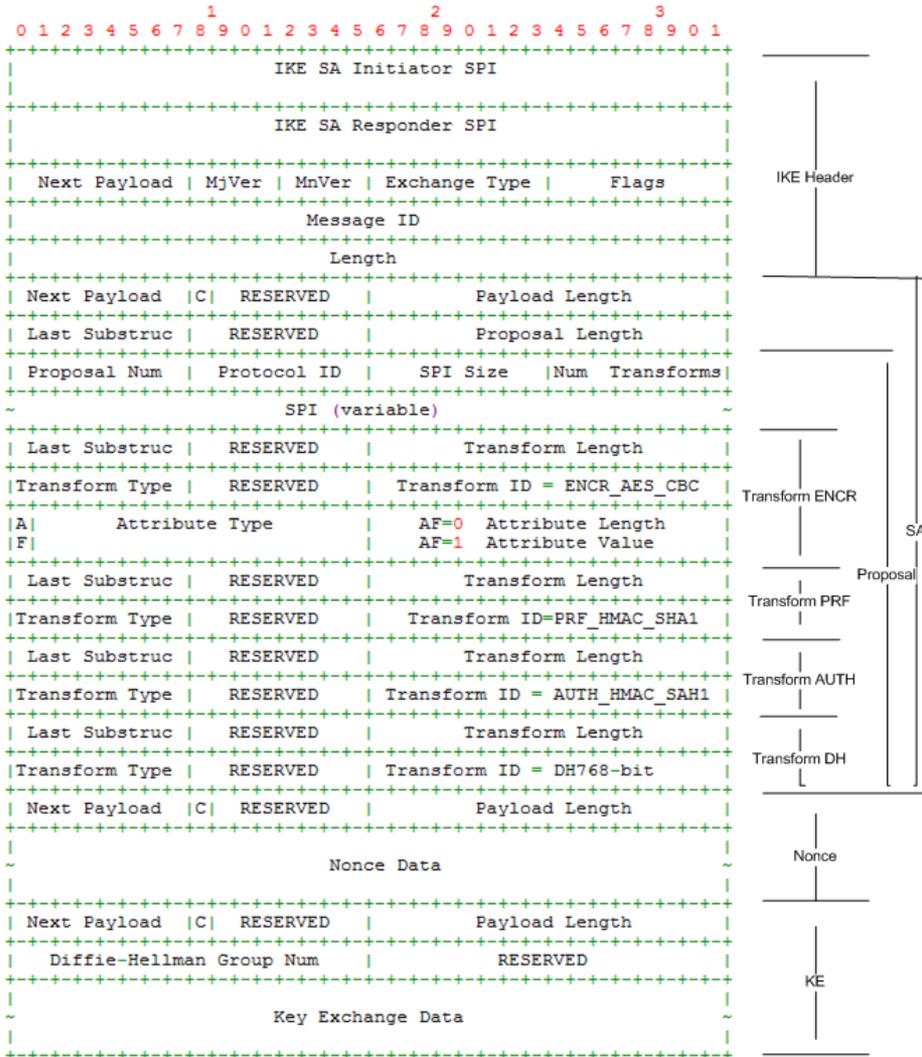


- o Protocol ID (1 octet) - MUST be either (2) to indicate AH or (3) to indicate ESP.
- o SPI Size (1 octet) - MUST be 4.
- o Notify Message Type (2 octets) - MUST be <Need to get value from IANA>.
- o SPI (4 octets) - Security Parameter Index.

# Rekeying IKE SAs Packet Format Comparison

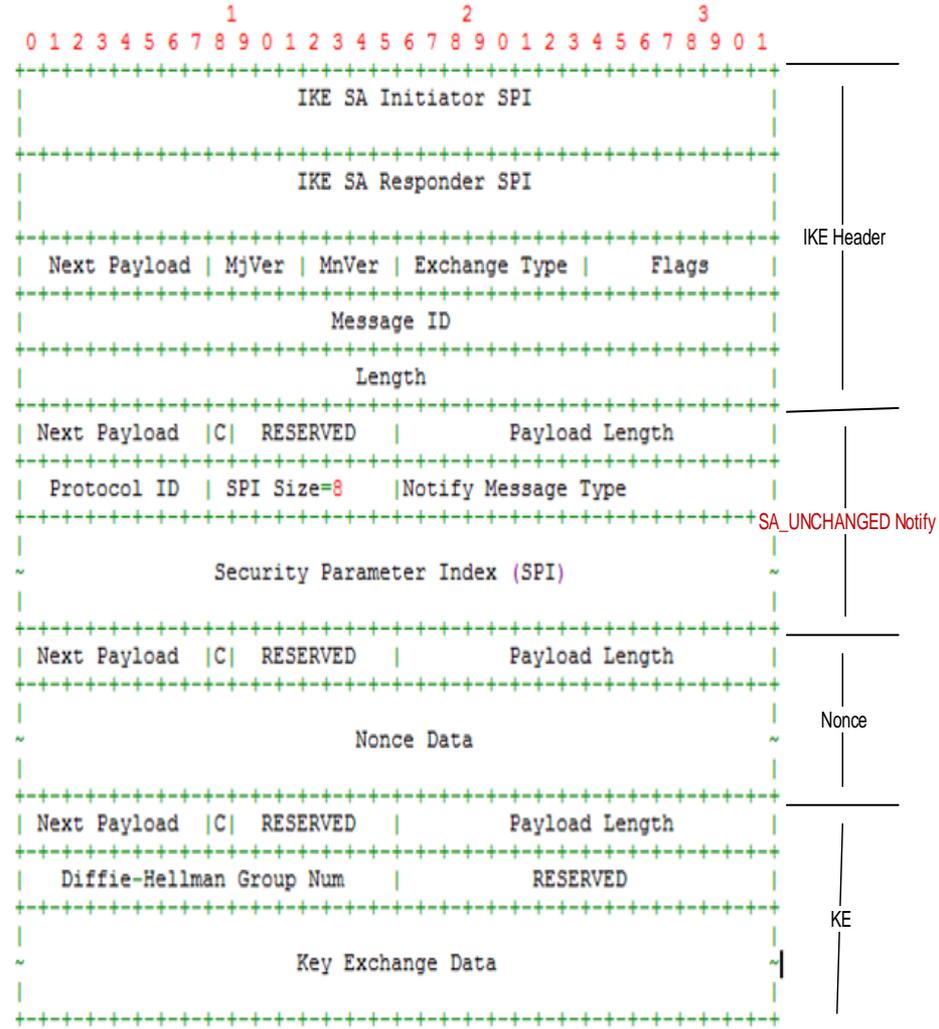
## IKE rekey Exchange format with single cryptographic Suites

HDR, SK {SA, Ni, KEi}



## Packet format of IKE Rekey

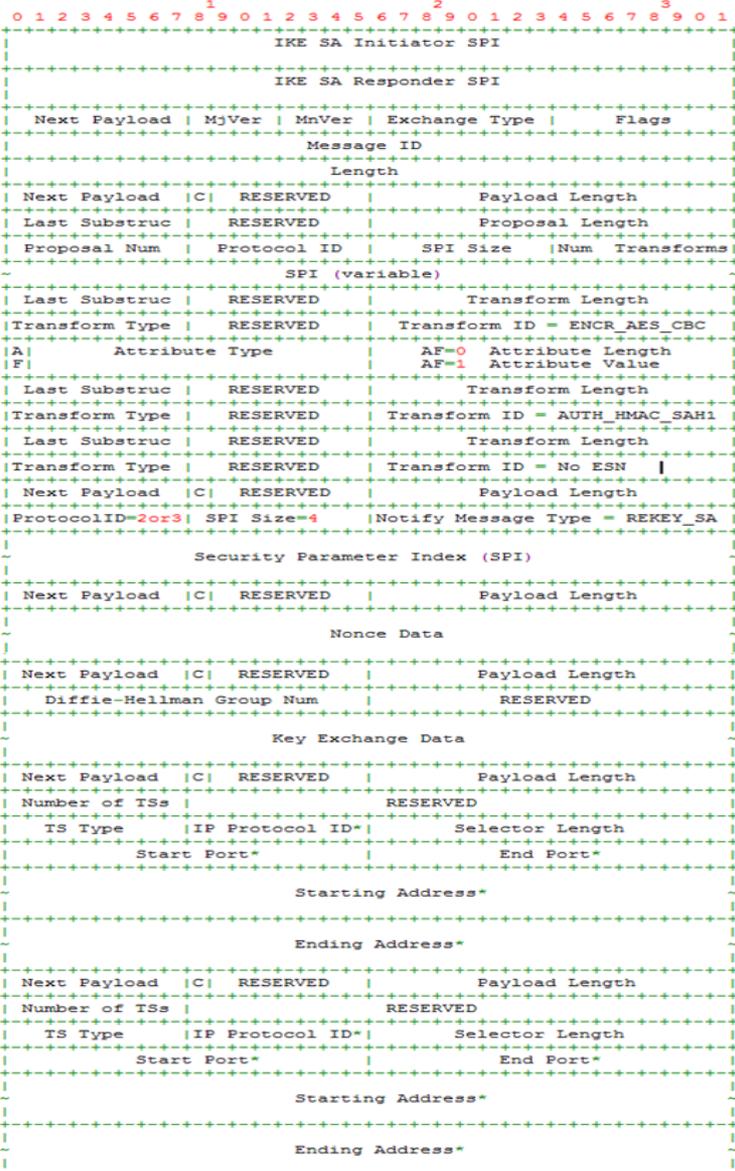
HDR, SK {N(SA\_UNCHANGED), Ni, KEi}



# Rekeying IPsec SAs Packet Format Comparison

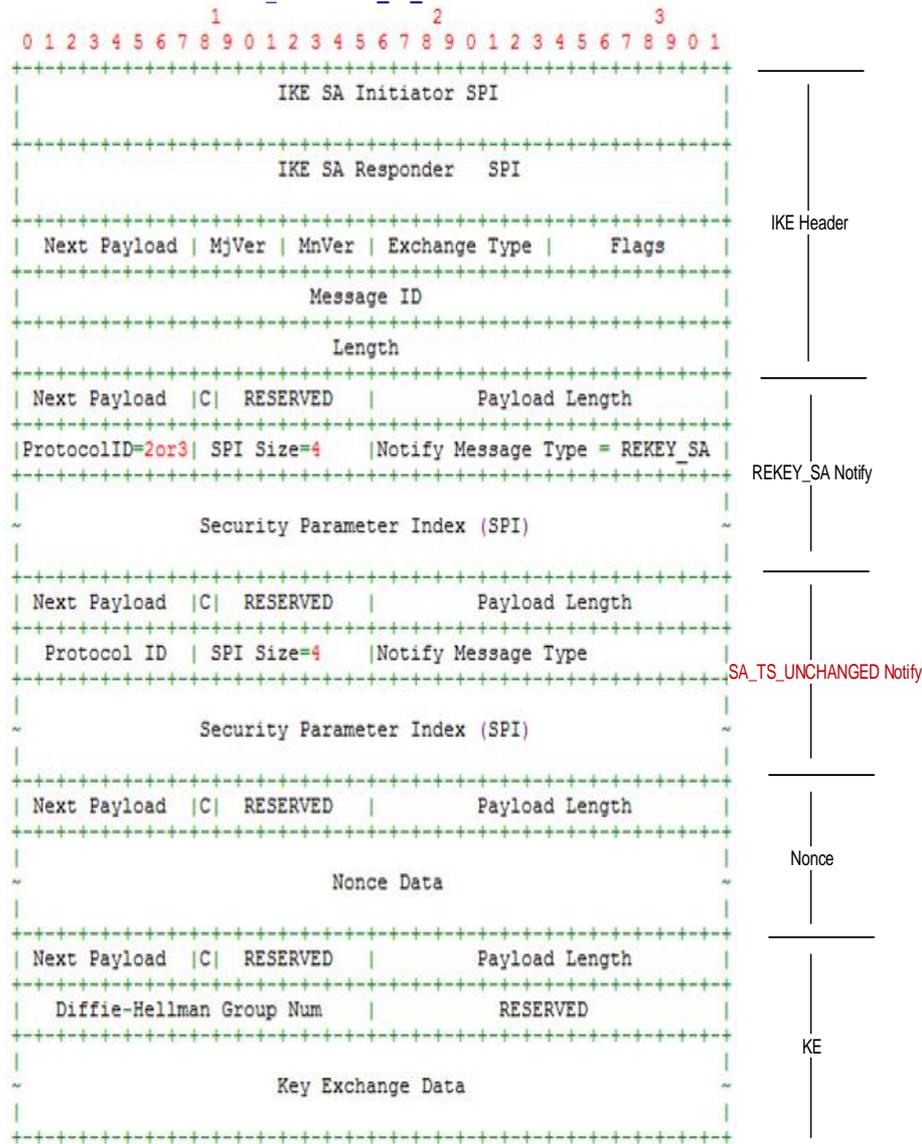
## IPSEC rekey Exchange format with single cryptographic Suites

HDR, SK {N(REKEY\_SA), SA, Ni, [KEi], TSi, TSr}



## Packet format of IPSEC Rekey

HDR, SK {N(REKEY\_SA), N(SA\_TS\_UNCHANGED), Ni, [KEi]}



# Optimization Effect

## Reducing the bandwidth / bytes:

Rekeying Type	Minimum payloads length before optimization	Payloads length after optimization	Reduced bytes / percentage
IKE	112 bytes	76 bytes	36 bytes / 32%
AH (IPv4)	112 bytes	44 bytes	68 bytes / 61%
AH (IPv6)	160 bytes	44 bytes	116 bytes / 73%
ESP (IPv4)	112 bytes	44 bytes	68 bytes / 61%
ESP (IPv6)	160 bytes	44 bytes	116 bytes / 73%

- If more than one cryptographic suites are contained in the SA payload, then the reduced bytes / percentage will increase linearly.

## Reducing the computation:

- Less bytes and optimized payloads will reduce the computation time.

# *Future Plan*

- More comments and reviews
- Looking for WG Adoption

# Appendix: Bytes Calculation

## Minimum SA payload length calculation:

Protocol	Mandatory Transform Types	Optional Transform Types
IKE	ENCR, PRF, INTEG*, D-H	
ESP	ENCR, ESN	INTEG, D-H
AH	INTEG, ESN	D-H

SA(IKE) = 4(header) + 8(proposal) + 8(SPI) + 4 \* 8(per transform) = 52 bytes  
SA(AH) = 4(header) + 8(proposal) + 4(SPI) + 2 \* 8(per transform) = 32 bytes  
SA(ESP) = 4(header) + 8(proposal) + 4(SPI) + 2 \* 8(per transform) = 32 bytes

## Other payloads length calculation:

$N_x = 4(\text{header}) + 16(\text{the least nonce value}) = 20 \text{ bytes}$   
 $KEx = 8(\text{header}) + 32(256\text{-bit ECDSA}) = 40 \text{ bytes}$   
 $N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) = 8(\text{header}) + 4(\text{SPI}) = 12 \text{ bytes}$   
 $TS(\text{IPv4}) = 8(\text{header}) + 8(\text{TS header}) + 4(\text{starting address}) + 4(\text{ending address}) = 24 \text{ bytes}$   
 $TS(\text{IPv6}) = 8(\text{header}) + 8(\text{TS header}) + 16(\text{starting address}) + 16(\text{ending address}) = 48 \text{ bytes}$

## New payloads length calculation:

$N(\text{SA\_UNCHANGED}) = 8(\text{header}) + 8(\text{SPI}) = 16 \text{ bytes}$   
 $N(\text{SA\_TS\_UNCHANGED}) = 8(\text{header}) + 4(\text{SPI}) = 12 \text{ bytes}$

## Total payloads length calculation:

$IKE = SA(IKE) + N_x + KEx = 112 \text{ bytes}$   
 $AH(\text{IPv4}) = N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) + SA(AH) + N_x + 2 * TS(\text{IPv4}) = 112 \text{ bytes}$   
 $AH(\text{IPv6}) = N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) + SA(AH) + N_x + 2 * TS(\text{IPv6}) = 160 \text{ bytes}$   
 $ESP(\text{IPv4}) = N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) + SA(ESP) + N_x + 2 * TS(\text{IPv4}) = 112 \text{ bytes}$   
 $ESP(\text{IPv6}) = N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) + SA(ESP) + N_x + 2 * TS(\text{IPv6}) = 160 \text{ bytes}$

$IKE(\text{Optimized}) = N(\text{SA\_UNCHANGED}) + N_x + KEx = 76 \text{ bytes}$   
 $AH(\text{Optimized}) = N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) + N(\text{SA\_TS\_UNCHANGED}) + N_x = 44 \text{ bytes}$   
 $ESP(\text{Optimized}) = N(\text{REKEY\_SA}) + N(\text{SA\_TS\_UNCHANGED}) + N_x = 44 \text{ bytes}$