Applied Networking Research Workshop 2020



Evaluating the Impact of Path Brokenness on TCP

Korian Edeline, Benoit Donnet



INTERNET ARCHITECTURAL GUIDELINES

"... there is no architecture, but only a tradition, which was not written down for the first 25 years $\dots ''$

UNIFORM OPERATIONS

"...n an ideal situation there should be one, and only one, protocol at the Internet level[.]but there can be a need for gradual transition from one version of IP to another..." "...the community believes that the goal is connectivity, the tool is the Internet Protocol, and **the intelligence is end to end** rather than hidden in the network."

END-TO-END

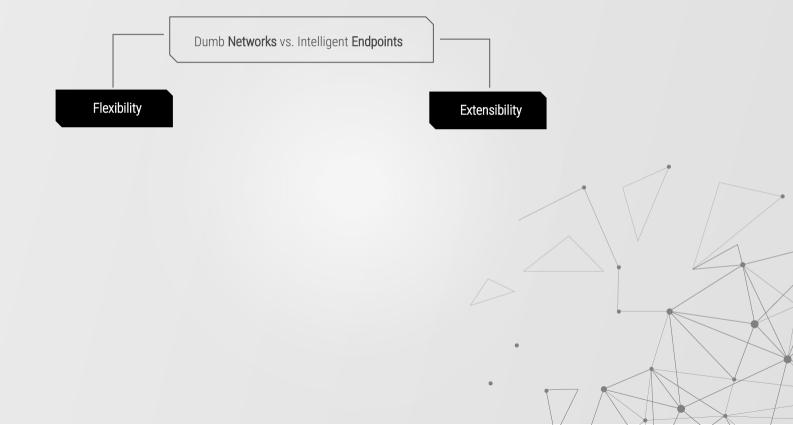


RFC 1958

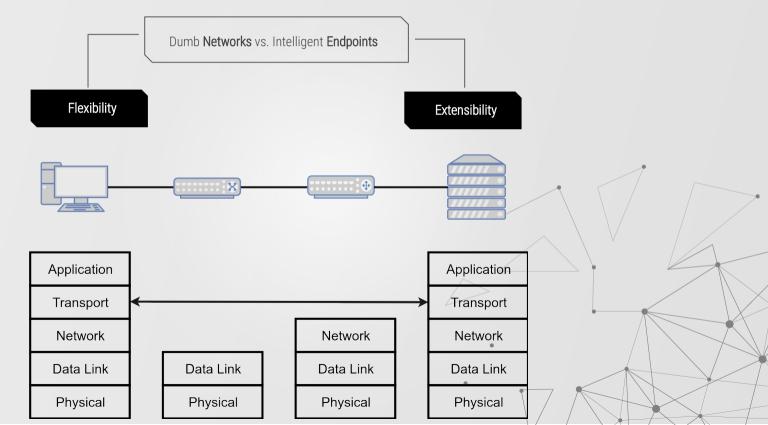
NO GLOBAL CONTROL

"...nobody owns the Internet, there is no centralized control[...]. Its evolution depends on rough consensus about technical proposals, and on running code."

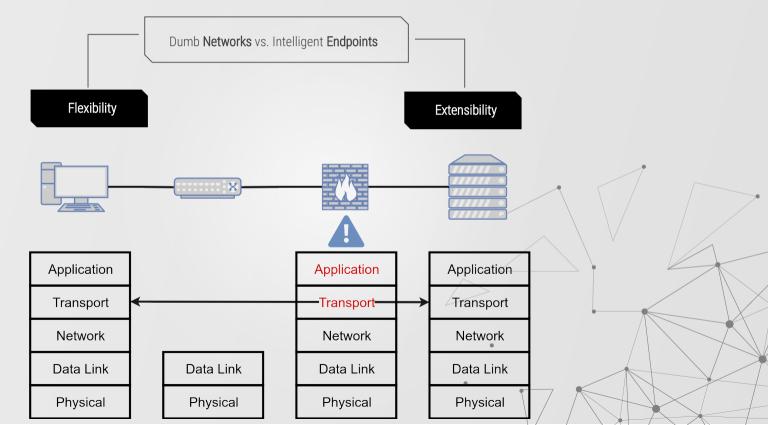
End-to-End Arguments in System Design, Saltzer, Reed & Clark, 1981



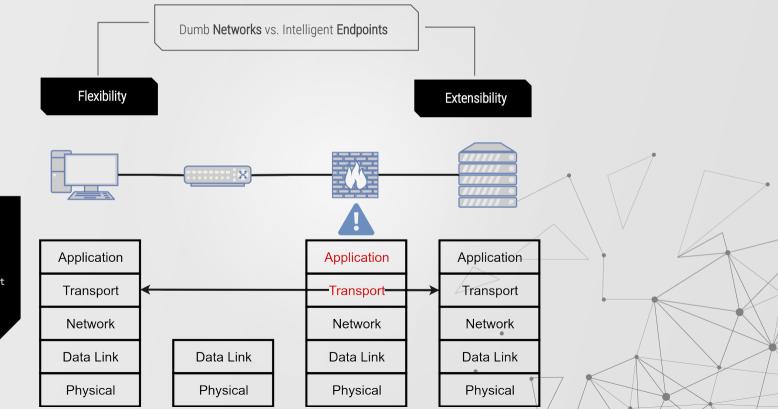
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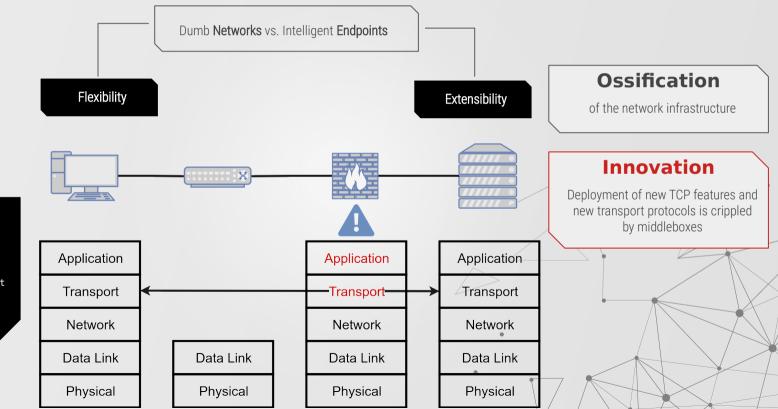
End-to-End Arguments in System Design, Saltzer, Reed & Clark, 1981



A middlebox is a computer networking device that transforms, inspects, filters, or otherwise manipulates traffic for purposes other than packet forwarding.

RFC 3234

End-to-End Arguments in System Design, Saltzer, Reed & Clark, 1981

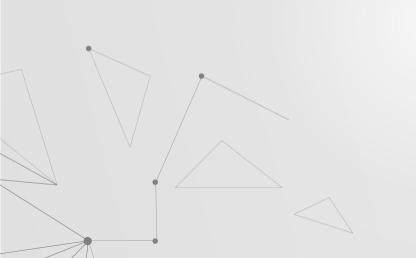


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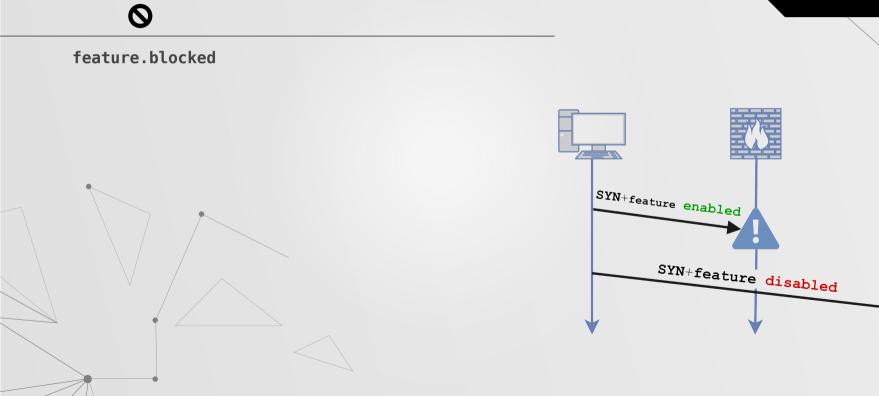
RFC 3234

BACKGROUND

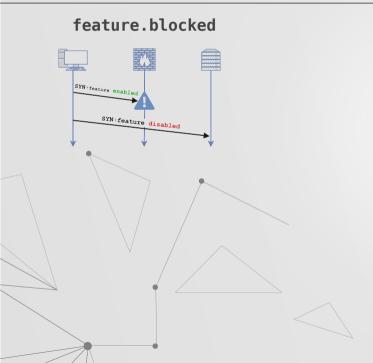
The Middlebox Problem



A path condition is a functional description of an action performed by an intermediary device on a packet, on a given path.

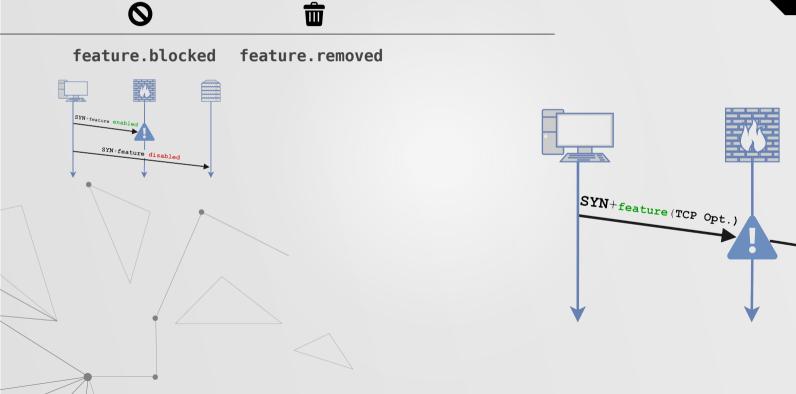




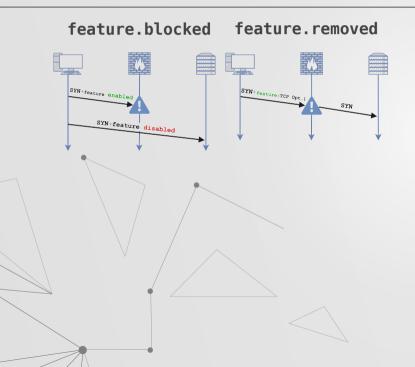


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SYN

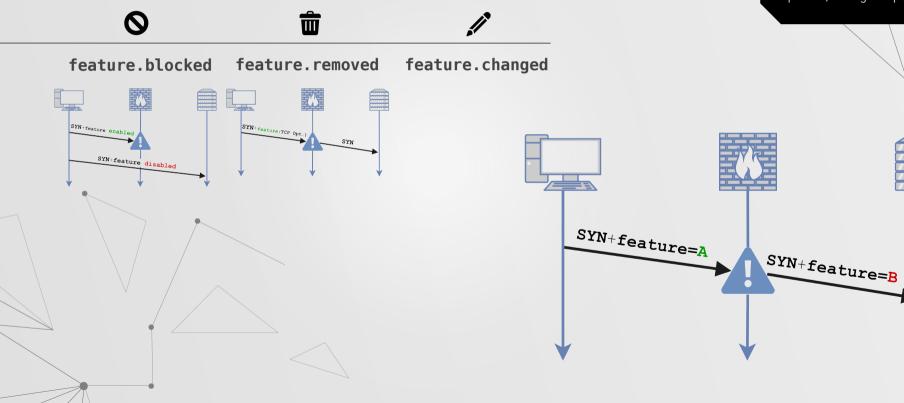


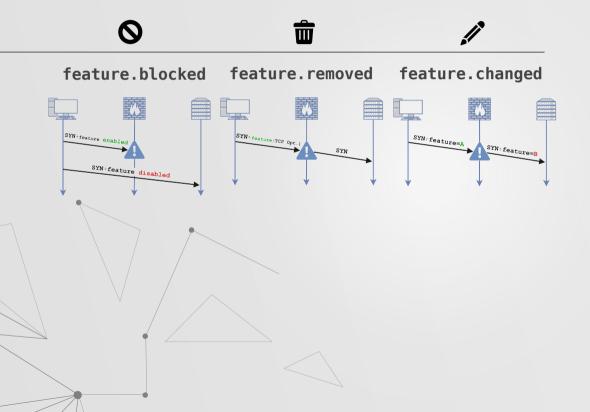
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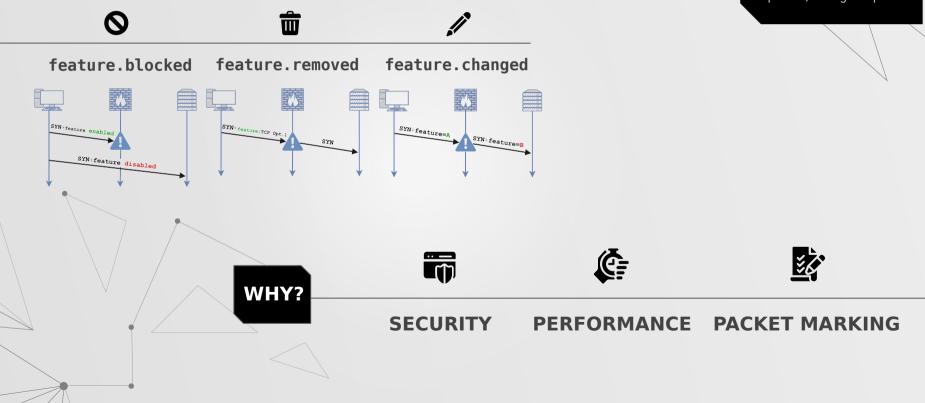


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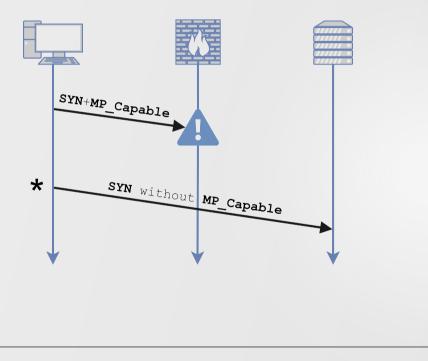
Feature not supported TCP Normalization

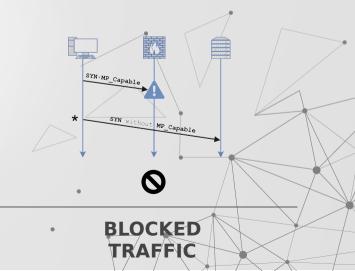
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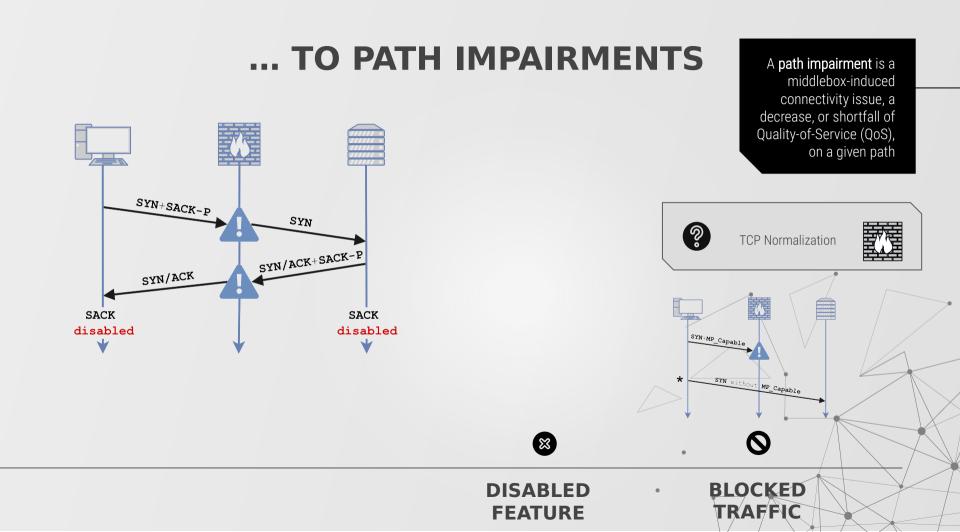
BLOCKED

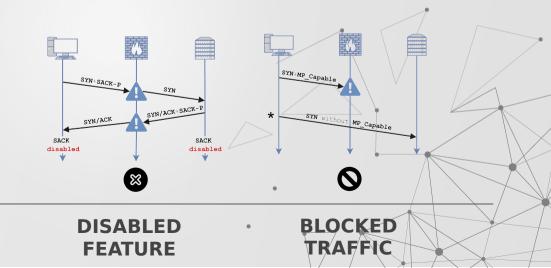
TRAFFIC

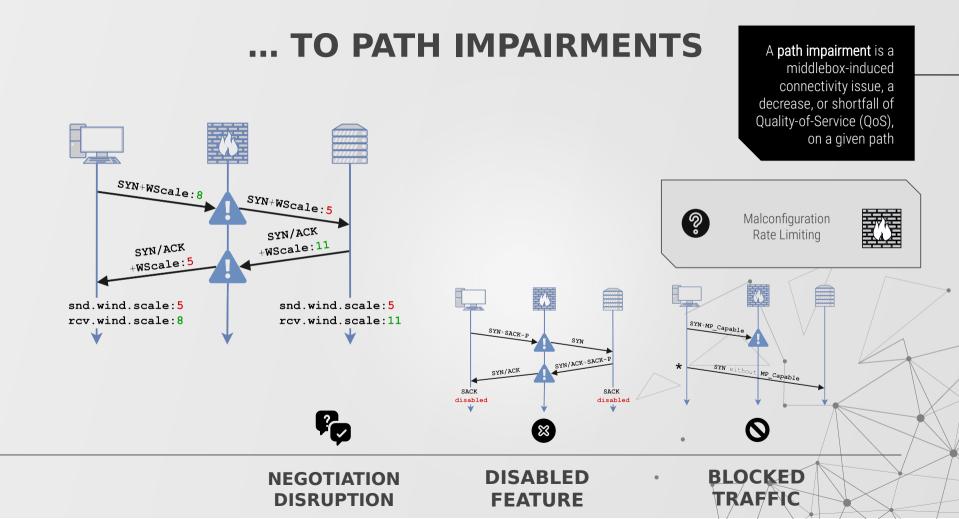


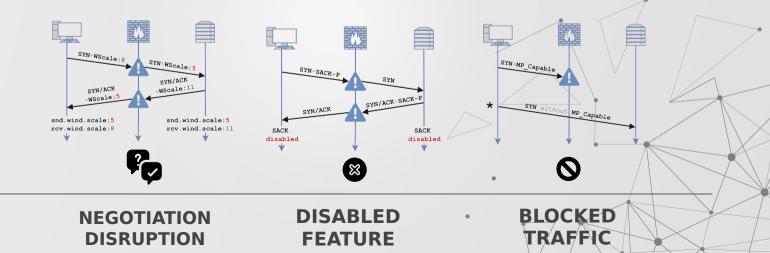


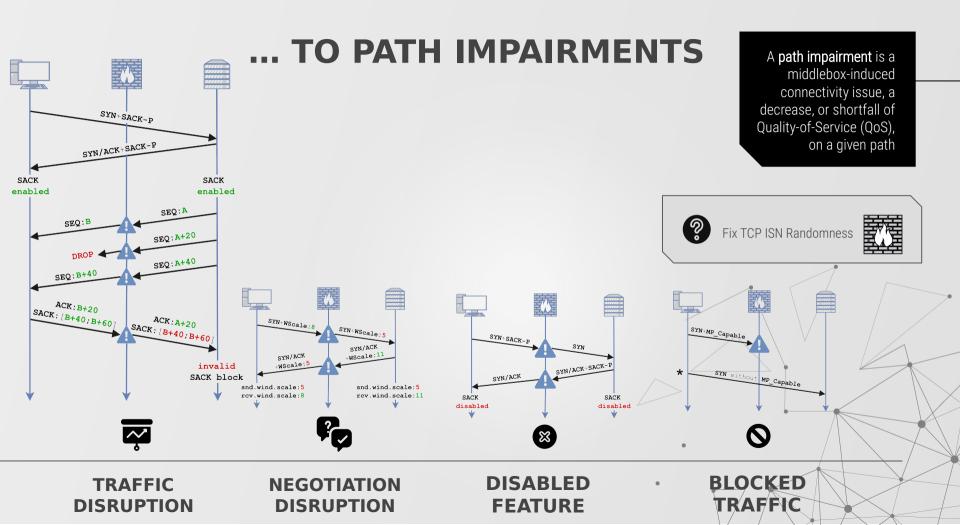


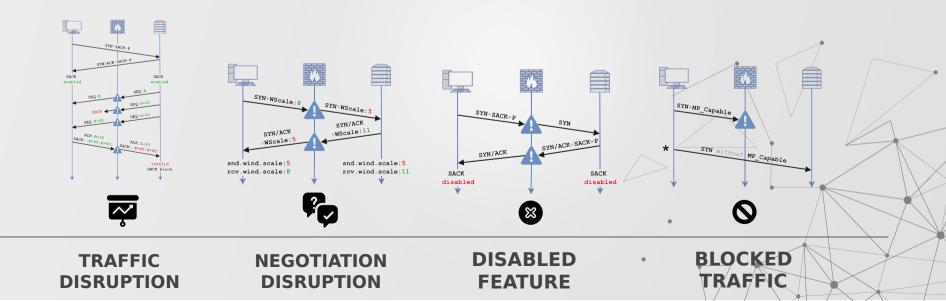












Path impairments in the wild

2% of deployed network devices are TCP/IP MBs

38.9% of networks paths are crossing middleboxes

6.5% of network paths are affected by TCP-breaking MBs

A bottom-up investigation of the transport-layer ossification, K.Edeline and B.Donnet, in Proc. IFIP Network Traffic Measurement and Analysis Conference (TMA), 2019.

EXPERIMENTATI

Path Impairments Investigation

mmb: A VPP MIDDLEBOX

https://github.com/mami-project/vpp-mb

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VPP (Vector Packet Processing) is a highperformance kernel bypass framework developped by Cisco.

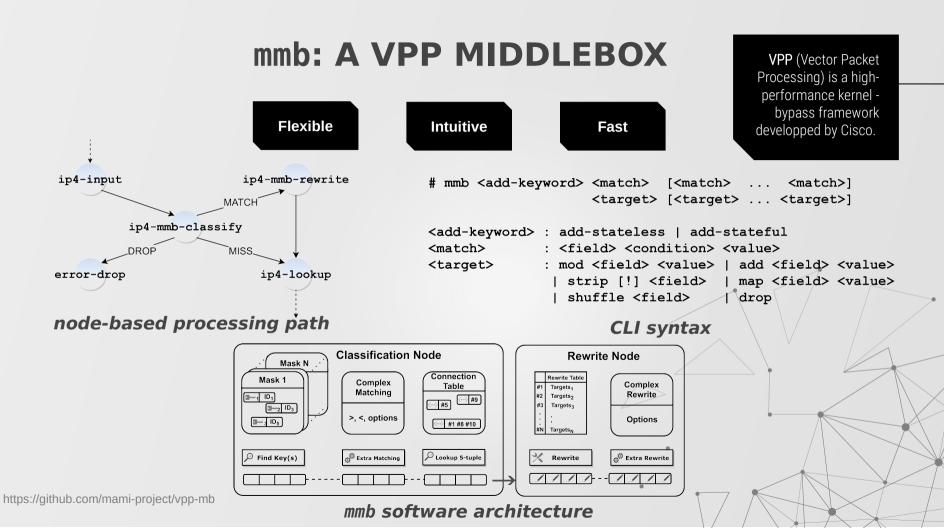
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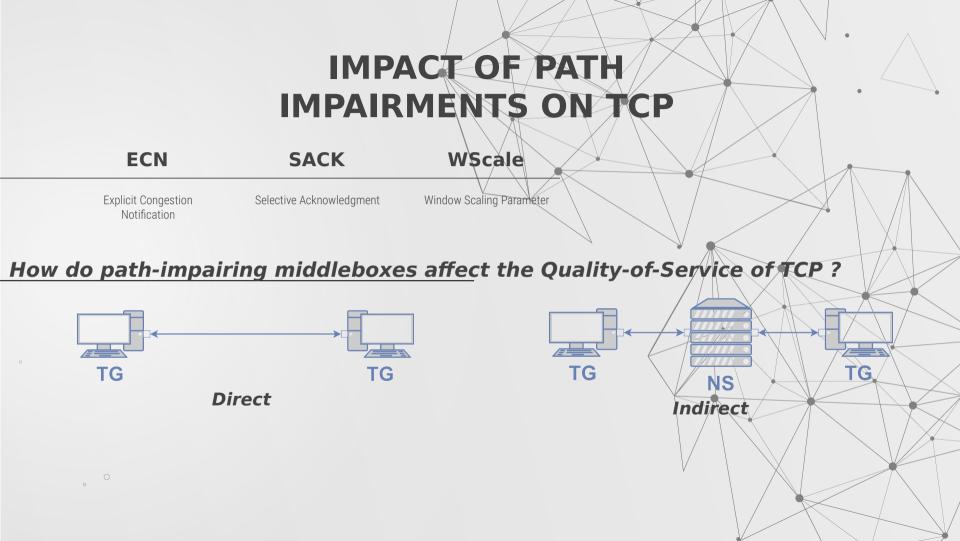
IMPACT OF PATH IMPAIRMENTS ON TCP

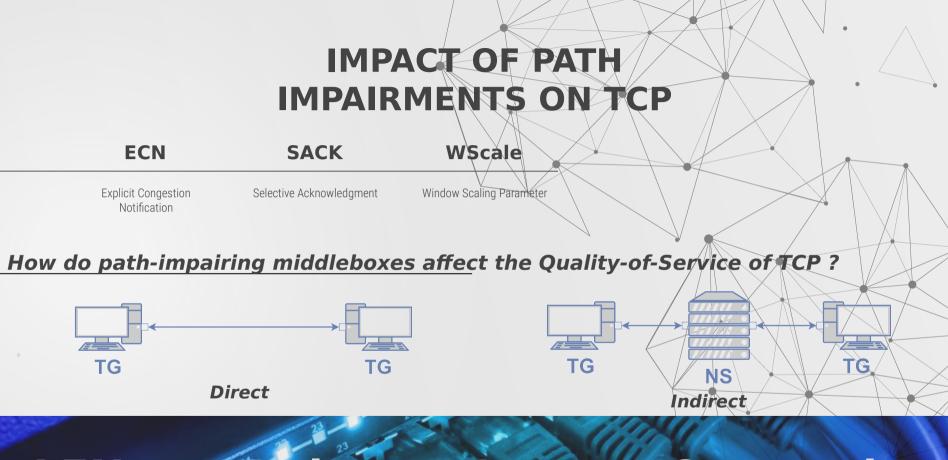
ECN	SACK	WScale
Explicit Congestion Notification	Selective Acknowledgment	Window Scaling Parameter
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o		

IMPACT OF PATH IMPAIRMENTS ON TCP

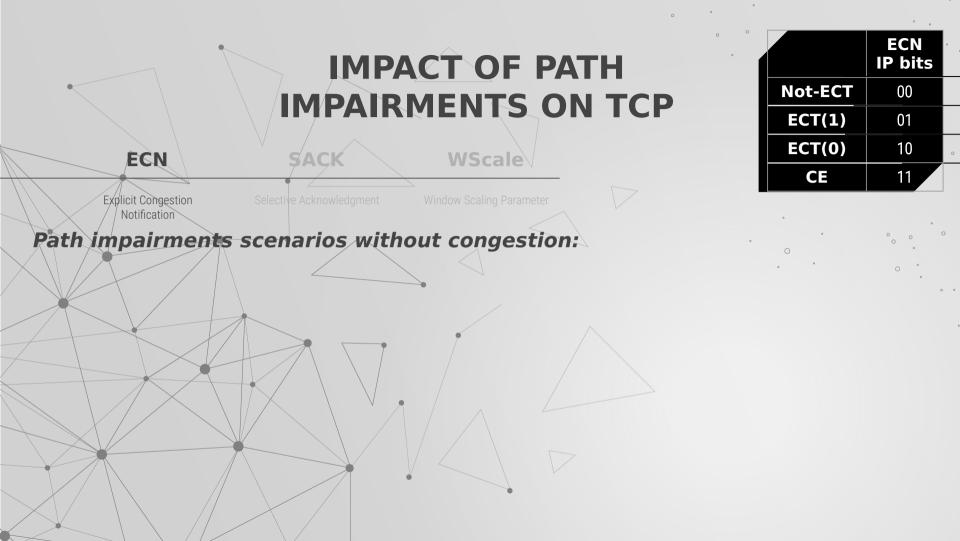


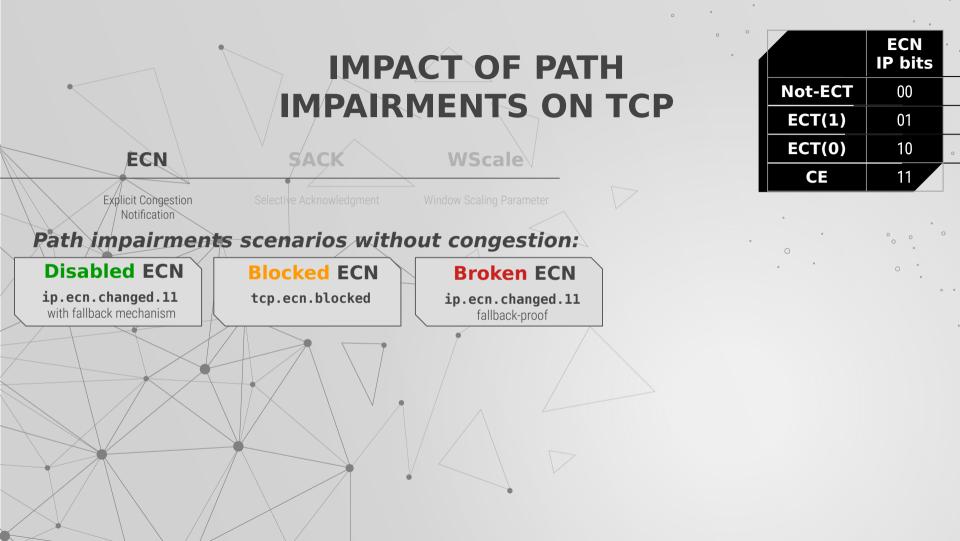
How do path-impairing middleboxes affect the Quality-of-Service of TCP ?

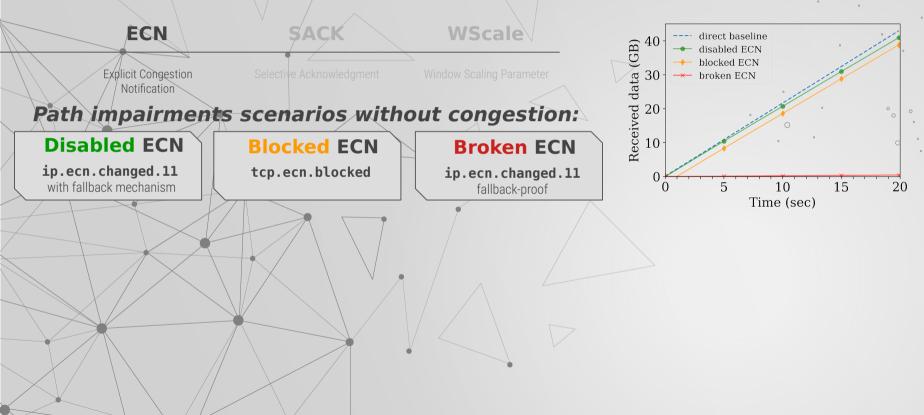


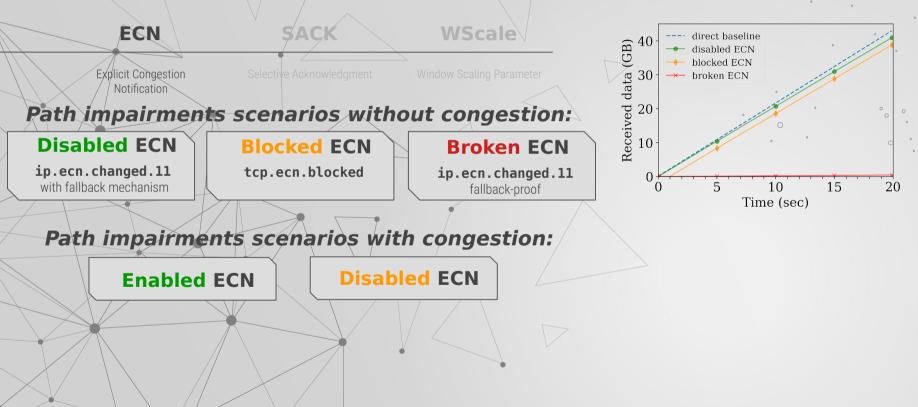


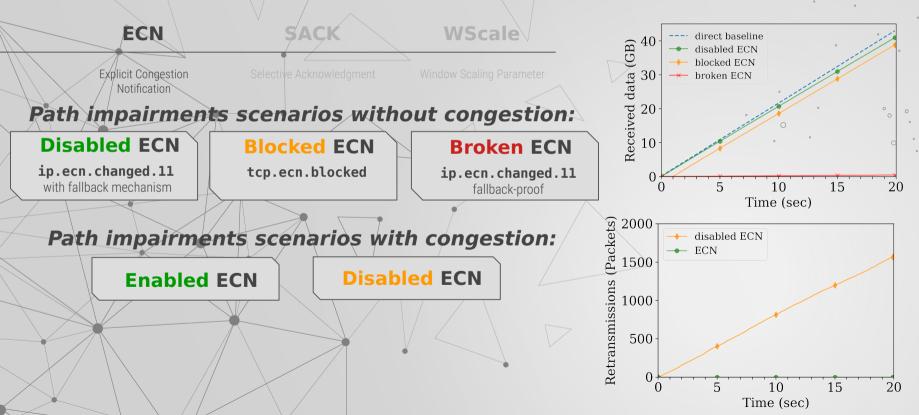
LFNs & Delay & Loss & Congestion

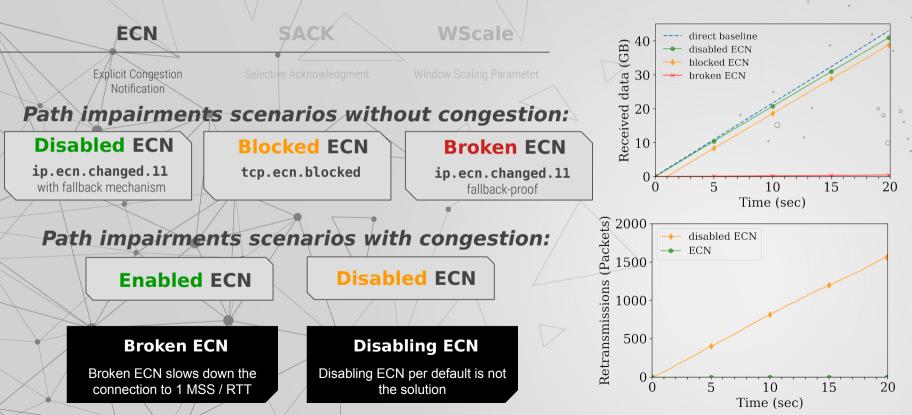


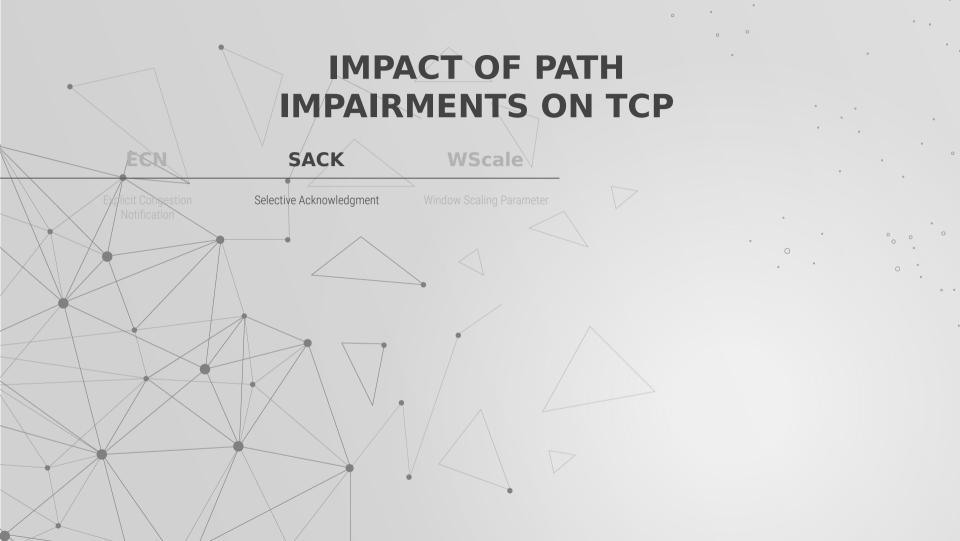


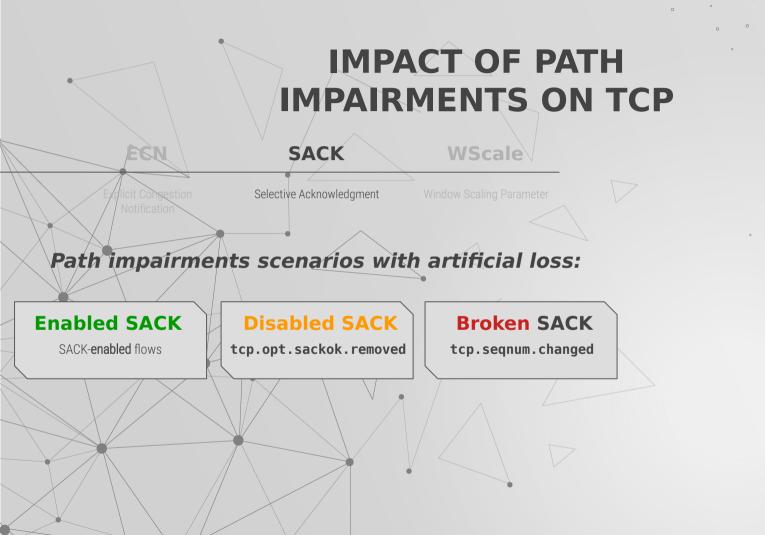


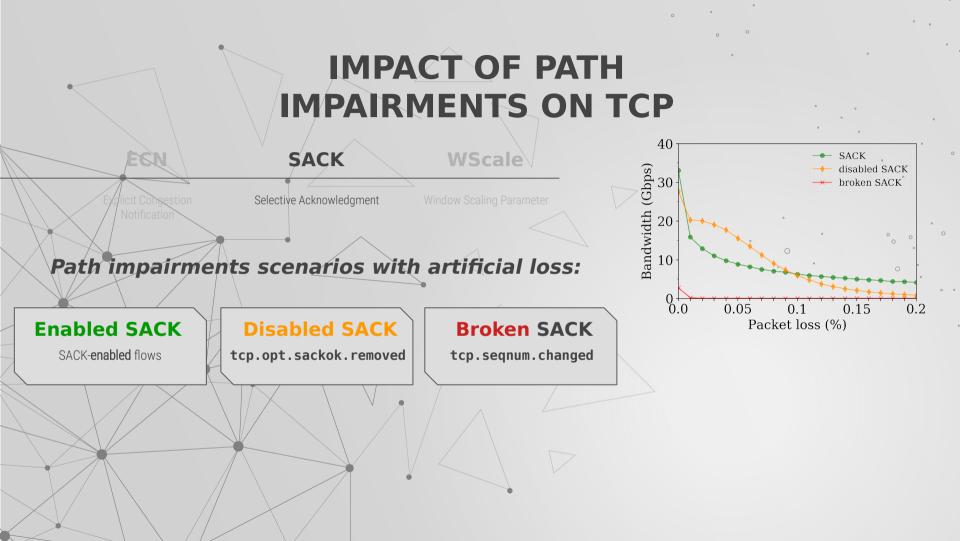


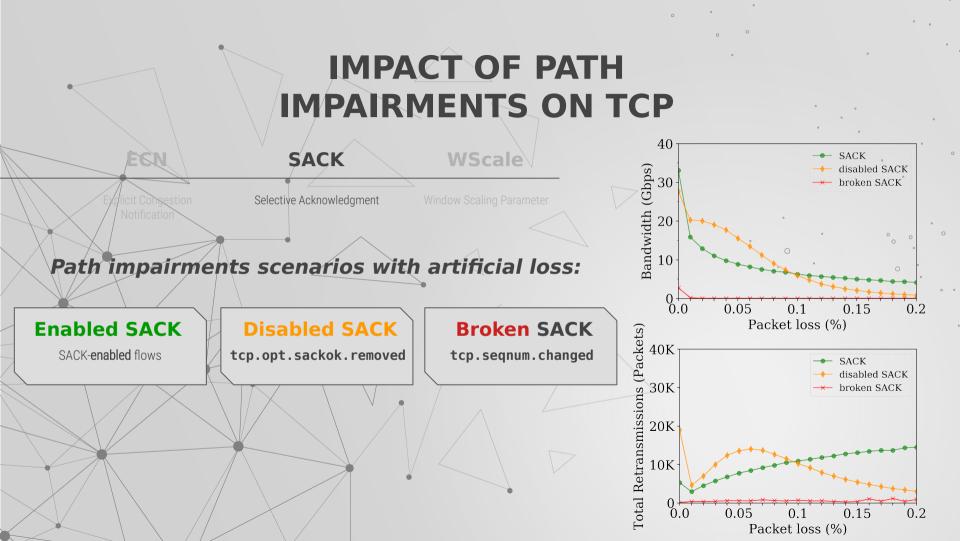


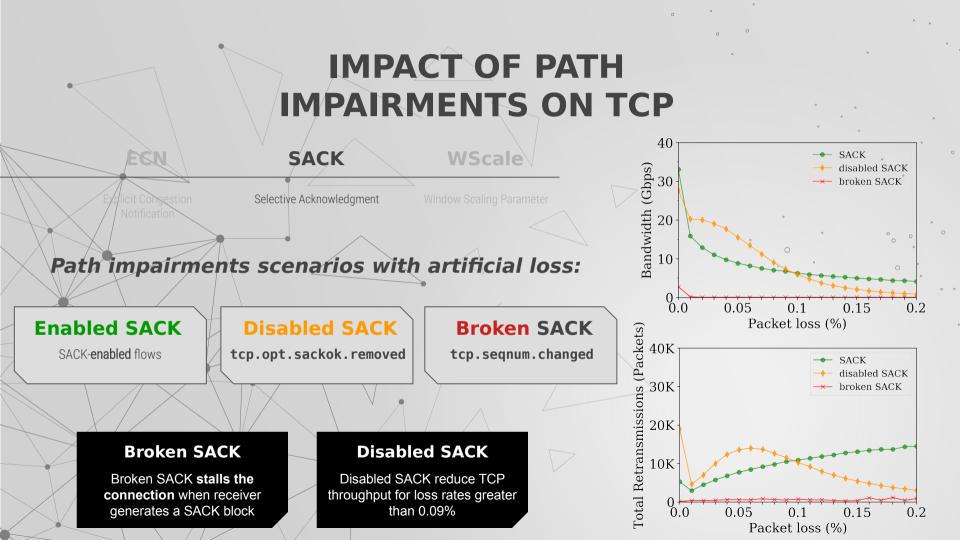






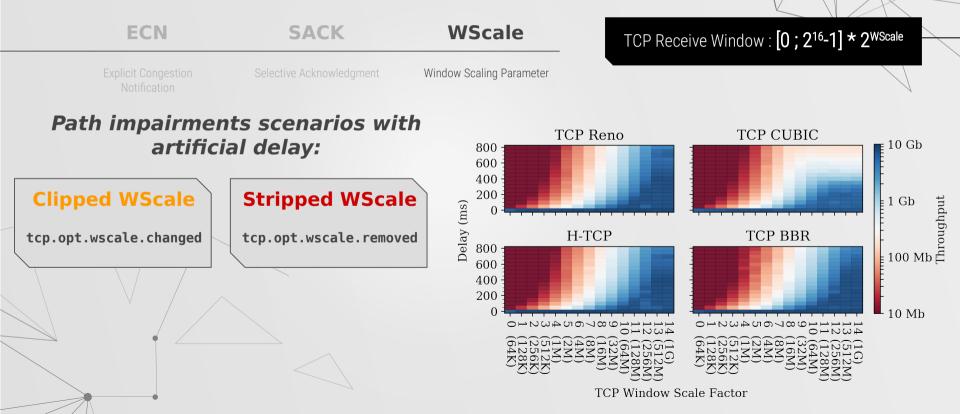


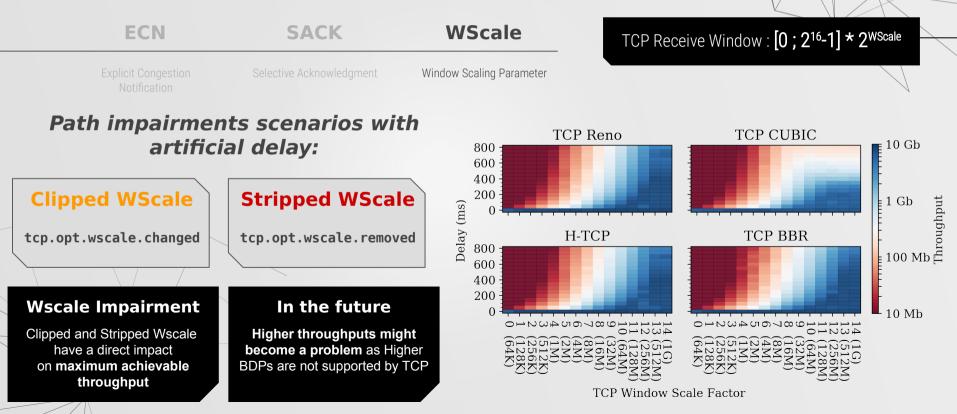




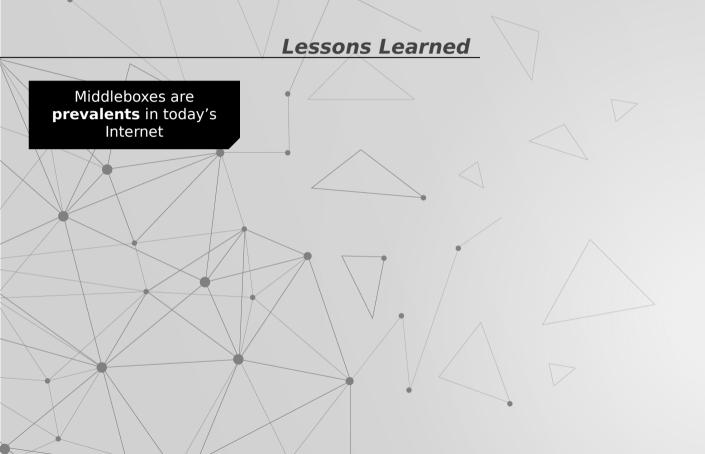








Lessons Learned





Measuring the Evolution of Transport Protocols in the Internet, A.Medina et al., in ACM CCR 2005

Is it still possible to extend TCP ?, M.Honda et al., in IMC11

Lessons Learned

Middleboxes are prevalents in today's Internet Middleboxes are problematic to existing TCP features Middleboxes are problematic to transport evolution

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Future of path impairments

Middleboxes are problematic to transport evolution

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Future of path impairments



Encryption by Default

Transport-layer Encryption

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Lessons Learned

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Middleboxes are problematic to transport evolution

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Future of path impairments

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Middlebox-proof TCP

e.g., MPTCP

Encryption by Default

Transport-layer Encryption

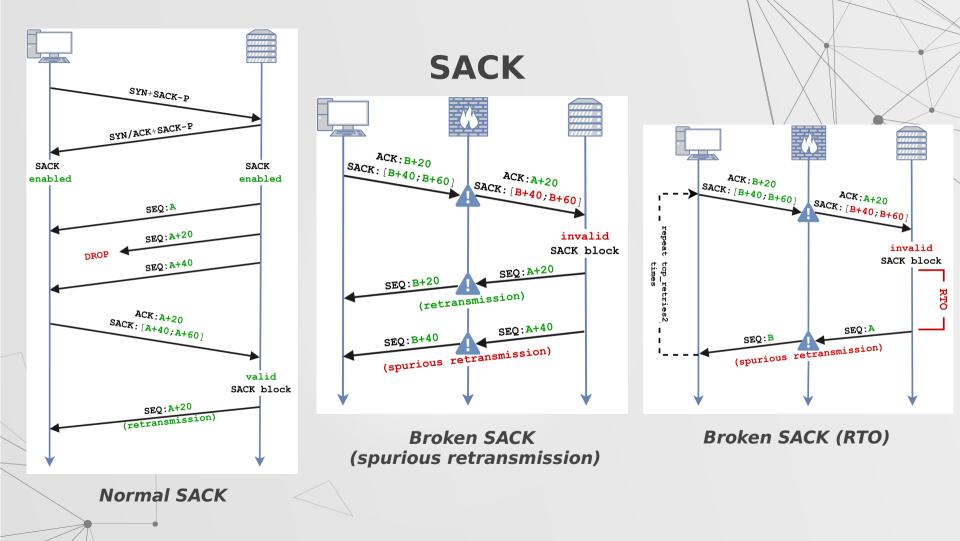
QUIC

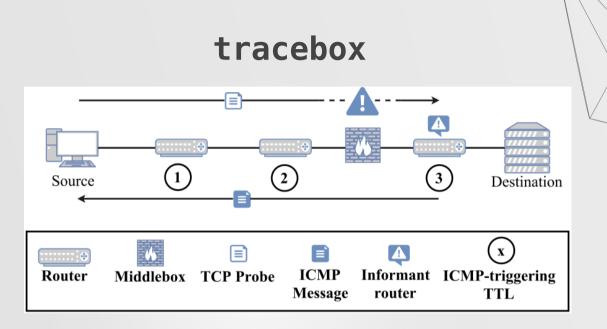
UDP-based splitted layer transport

THANKS

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CREDITS: This presentation template was created by **Slidesgo**, including icons by **Flaticon**, and infographics & images by **Freepik**.





- **RFC 792** : "The internet header plus the first 64 bits"
- **RFC 1812** : "as much [...] as possible" (< 576 B)

Testbed specifications

- Intel Xeon E5-2620 2.1GHz, 16 Threads, 32GB RAM
- Intel XL710 2x40GB NICs
- Huawei CE6800 switch
- Debian 9

