

Next-Gen Proactive MANET Routing

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Status

- Background:
 - experiences from RFC3626, RFC3648, misc I-Ds
- Design team:
 - “vocal” implementers/users of proactive protocols
- Activities thus far:
 - gather experience
 - ponder components
 - write design-documents
 - not (yet) draft writing....

Design “Dogmas”

- Flexible and extensible where sensible:
 - external extensibility - new message types
 - internal extensibility - add information to existing msgs
- Unification of concepts/messages:
 - e.g.: OLSR TC, HNA, MID
 - e.g.: OLSR HELLO, MID
- Maintain/respect IP architecture
- The “Graduate Student Criteria”

Design “Dogmas”

- Keep basic case (e.g. single if/address) simple
 - while supporting complete case (e.g. multi if, multi-address)
- Std. track specification will contain:
 - normative for interoperability
 - example algorithms/parameters
- Based strictly on “known stuff”
 - but accommodating for future extensions
- Efficiency - but not at all costs

Basic Protocol Functioning

- Basic link-state protocol
- Optimized flooding
- Local-scoped signaling (HELLOs)
 - topology maintenance (link, neighbor detection)
 - forwarder/relay signaling, etc
- Global-scoped signaling (TCs)
 - Inject link-state information to all nodes

Control Traffic

- Making statements about addresses:
 - “there’s a link between me and....”
 - “this property is associated with....”
- Possible properties:
 - “sym”, “asym”, “cost”, “DR-selection”, “flooding relay selection”, “security association” ...
- ▶ Address block & TLV association
 - inspired by OSPFv2 LLS

Address Block & TLV

- Example:

- {<address-block><tlv1><tlv2><tlv3><tlv4><tlv5>}

- <tlv> can apply:

- to single address
- to sequence of addresses
- to all addresses
- to message

- Unknown TLVs: ignored

E.g.: OLSR HELLO
message TLVs:
SYM, ASYM, MPR

Addresses

- An address is a sequence...any sequence...of bits
 - IPv4 - 32bit, IPv6 - 128bit
 - other lengths: bluetooth, sensor, ...
- Most nodes share the same, long, prefix
- ▶ Flexible, compressible address representation: address-block
 - {<address-length><head-length><head>{<tails>+}}

IPv6 support

- More than just longer addresses:
 - multiple addresses/node: the norm
 - link-local addresses:
 - useless in MANETs
 - not advertised or routed
 - supported for IPv6 “legacy” support
 - unique local addresses, global addresses
 - advertised & routed within MANET
 - no advertisements outside MANET

Tasks & Thoughts

- Simplify multiple address/interface case
- Possible separation between flooding relay & “DR” designation
- Support for different msg. interval models:
 - exponential backoff, periodic, fuzzy/fsr, ...
- Support for != mandated behavior

Near-term schedule

- -00 draft: ~2-4 weeks after IETF
 - compilation of design-doc's
 - well-iterated by design-team
- Possible informal documents (I-Ds ?):
 - design rationales / considerations
 - best practice
 - “exotic extension X implemented thus...”