

IPv6 Allocation to End Sites

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Note: these slides are mine, but the work is effectively joint with Geoff Huston, Lea Roberts and others.

History

- Dec. 1998, IAB directs IANA to delegate IPv6 “sub TLAs” to RIRs
- 1999 - /35 allocations to ISPs
- 2001:
 - RIRs develop globally-coordinated “IPv6 Address Allocation and Assignment Policy”
 - RFC 3177 “IAB/IESG Recommendations on IPv6 Address Allocation to End Sites”
- Since then: many IPv6 allocations
- Today: sense that it is time to revisit/revise based on experience

Roles & Boundaries

- /64 boundary is architectural
 - Changes impact implementations, IETF standards, etc.
 - IETF would need to approve any changes
 - “Cost” of changes is relatively high
- Bits to left of /64 are for routing, RIRs manage this space through their policy-development processes
- /48 is a policy boundary; changes made through RIR policy development process

Motivation for Revisiting

- Current RIR IPv6 policy:
 - HD ratio of .8 used measures “utilization”
 - /48 to end sites is used
 - RIRs making “very large” allocations to ISPs (/19!)
- Question: How much IPv6 space do we really have?
- What is projected lifetime for IPv6?
 - IPng analysis focused on 50 years
 - For public infrastructure, better to assume (minimum of) 100 years?

Address Consumption Projections

- With current RIR polices:
 - in year 2050, /48 for every person implies 1/128th of entire space used
 - other projections show even more usage (fully 1/2)
- Long-term projections inherently uncertain; maybe just “guesses”
- Original RIR policies were a starting point, we now have more experience and understanding; time to revisit
- Being “liberal” early, “conservative” later has downsides

Recent RIR Activities

- ARIN:
 - April “roundtable” discussion on IPv6 raised issues
 - May: Policy proposal 2005-5: raise HD ratio to .94
 - Expect proposal to change /48 to /56 for SOHO for Oct 26 meeting
- RIPE: May discussion, no formal proposals (yet); next meeting Oct 10
- APNIC: Next meeting Sept. 6-9; policy proposals expected
- LACNIC: Discussed during June meeting
- AFRINIC: Next meeting in December.

Purpose of 3177bis

- RFC 3177 made recommendations, some of which should be revisited:
 - DNS A6 no longer in favor
 - GSE “hooks” superceded by multi6/shim6
- RIR community views 3177 as IETF position on /48, would welcome IETF comment that /56 causes no architectural/technical issues
- Purpose: to articulate the *technical* and *architectural* issues with /48 vs. /56.

Summary of draft itself

- No architectural issue in using /56
 - ipv6-addr-arch-v4 states no boundaries other than IID
- Read the ID for details
- Need to revise in response to comments, all comments so far seem reasonable.

Next Steps

- Discussion about whether to adopt /56 are being held in RIRs (not IETF!)
- 3177bis needs to document all the relevant technical issues with /56 vs. /48
- Would like this to become an IPv6 WG document
- Believe it should become an IETF BCP (or info?)
- Believe it should be completed and formally obsolete RFC 3177

Questions/Discussion

Resources

- [draft-narten-ipv6-3177bis-48boundary-00.txt](#) (“IPv6 Address Allocation to End Sites”)
- [draft-narten-iana-rir-ipv6-considerations.txt](#) (“Issues Related to the Management of IPv6 Address Space”)
- <http://www.ripe.net/ripe/meetings/ripe-50/presentations/ripe50-plenary-wed-ipv6-roundtable-report.pdf> (Good summary of the RIPE and ARIN presentations.)

Resource (cont.)

- <http://www.apnic.net/mailing-lists/global-v6/index.shtml>
- ARIN policy discussions:
 - <http://lists.arin.net/mailman/listinfo/ppml>
- RIPE address policy discussions:
 - <http://www.ripe.net/mailman/listinfo/address-policy-wg>
- APNIC address policy discussions:
 - <http://www.apnic.net/mailing-lists/sig-policy>
 - <http://www.apnic.net/mailing-lists/sig-ipv6>