Resource Certificate Profile

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APNIC

IETF 67

Resource Certificate Profile

Background:

- This certificate is intended to express a "right-of-use relationship between the subject and an IP number resource set, as certified by the certificate's issuer
- The certificate structure is intended to follow the allocation path each party certifies their own allocation actions, so that the Issuer's attestation regarding "right-of-use" mirrors the Issuer's allocation actions of the number resource to a Subject
- The base profile is RFC3280 PKI Certificate Profile and RFC3779 IP Address extensions
- The proposed profile for Resource Certificates is in draft-ietf-sidr-rescerts
- This draft has been produced by an APNIC editing group, with input from a design team and this WG

draft-ietf-sidr-res-certs

General constraints:

- RFC3779 extensions are a CRITICAL extension and MUST be present, using a sorted canonical representation
- An Issuer cannot certify more resources than the Issuer has in existing valid resource certificates
- An Issuer cannot certify the same resource to 2 or more distinct Subjects

draft-ietf-sidr-res-certs

Certificate Fields:

Version = 3

Serial Number = positive integer

Signature Algorithm = SHA256 with RSA

Subject Public Key Info = Minimum bit size of 1024 bits. Intended root certificates should use key size = 2048 bits

Basic Constraints = CA ON for allocation certificates, CA = OFF for signing certificates

Subject Key Identifier = 160 bit SHA-1 hash of the subject's public key

Authority Key Identifier = 160 bit SHA-1 hash of the issuer's public key

CRLDP = single CRL, with at least an RSYNC:: object URL

AIA = publication point of Issuer's immediate superior certificate (in the form of a PURL), with at least an RSYNC:: object URI

SIA = if a CA, publication point of all issued certificates, or if an EE cert, the URL of the object signed with this EE Cert, with at least an RSYNC:: directory URI

Draft-ietf-sidr-res-certs

Certificate Revocation List Fields

Scope = all certificates issued by this CA

Version = 2

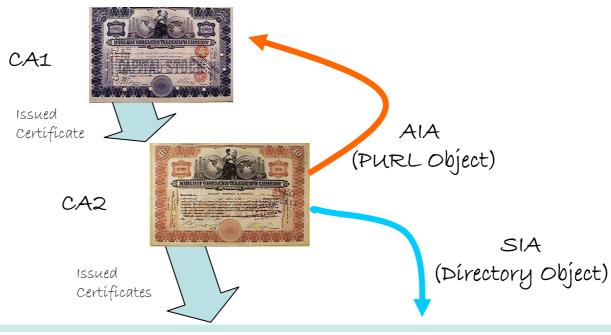
Authority Key Identifier = 160 bit SHA-1 hash of the issuer's public key

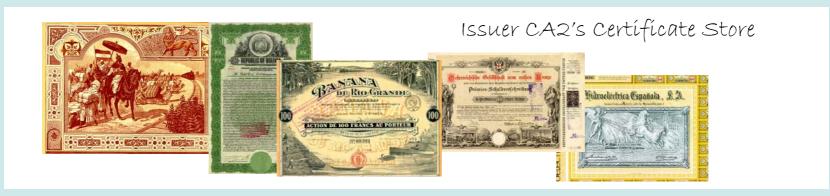
CRL Number = monotonically increasing integer

Current Activity

- The AIA points to the Issuer's immediate certificate
 - Define this as an object reference persistent URL (i.e persistent across re-issuance, but not against issuer re-key)

Certificate Pointers

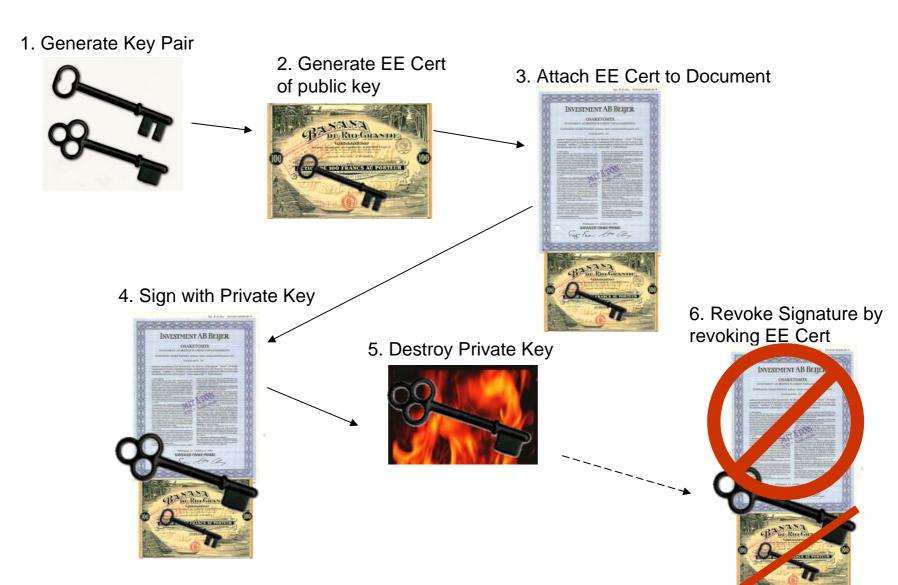




Refinements to the Profile

- The AIA points to the Issuer's immediate certificate
 - Define this as an object reference persistent URL (i.e persistent across re-issuance, but not against issuer re-key)
- End Entity (no-CA) Certificates are used as one-off signing certificates
 - EE cert can be used for a single signing
 - Private key is destroyed after a single use
 - EE Cert SIA is a pointer to the object that has been signed with the corresponding private key
 - Signed object validity and resource attributes are controlled by the associated EE certificate(s)

End Entity Certificates



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- Add the "Security Considerations" section text!

Review Comments

- Examples of Use of Resource Certificates?
- Example case of a subordinate certificate have a longer validity period than the superior certificate?
- Is the key size "SHOULD" a minimum or an absolute size?
- For Signature Algorithm should SHA-384 and SHA-512 be allowed options? Or should this be documented in a CP?
- Why specify RSYNC access as a "MUST" URI form?
 What is the normative language here?

Next Steps

- Generate an -03 version post IETF 67
- Request WG chair for Last Call on this document