Route Optimization for Proxy MIPv6

Julien Abeillé, Marco Liebsch

NetLMM WG IETF#69, Chicago 24th July 2007

Background

- Proxy MIPv6 relocates mobility control from client (MN) to network (AR)
- MIPv6 supports route optimization
 - Designed for end-to-end optimization
 - Implies end-to-end signaling
 - Implies RR-Tests to support some level of authentication

Relocation of MIPv6 RO Control to AR works, but...

Some thoughts...

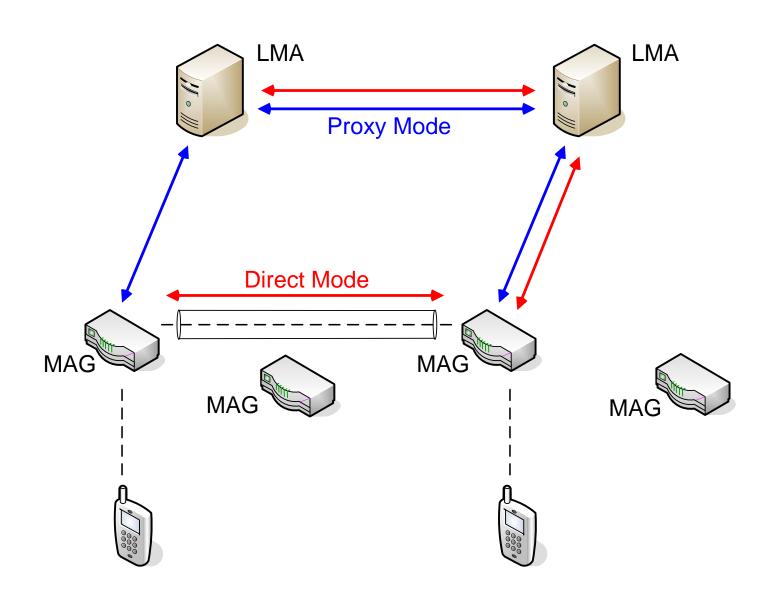
- RR-Tests really needed in Proxy MIPv6?
- Key netlmm scenario
 - Local RO between (MAGs of) two MNs
- What about RO between MAG and client MN?
 - Operator policy issues
 - Privacy issues
- Other means to secure and authenticate RO signaling more appropriate (exploit existing SAs)
- Solution should support multiple LMA topology!
- MAG-based control not sufficiently stable

Some ideas...

- Give some control for RO to LMA(s)
- Select one of a relevant pair of LMAs as active RO Controller
- Allow reuse of (P)MIPv6 control messages
- Support different modes for RO setup
 - Direct Mode (MAGs mutually share an SA)
 - Proxy Mode (MAGs share an SA only with LMAs)
- Protocol draft in

draft-abeille-netlmm-proxymip6ro-00.txt

Protocol Modes and Interfaces



More extensions...

Flush mechanism proposed in

draft-jaehwoon-netlmm-flush-00.txt

Identifies and solves reordering issues