

# RFC 4741 Issues

IETF 73

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# Background

- Bugfixes and clarifications. Our view is that this is not supposed to be NETCONF v2
- The issues we present are based on implementation experience, interoperability testing of three independent implementations, and mailing list comments.

- <bad-namespace>
  - Is a xs:QName. Should be xs:uri (or xs:string).
- <error-app-tag>
  - Is a xs:string which means that there is a single flat naming scope for all app-tags. Should be xs:QName, which makes the app-tags scoped by namespace.
- [http://www.rfc-editor.org/errata\\_search.php?rfc=4741](http://www.rfc-editor.org/errata_search.php?rfc=4741)
  - One example is wrong.

- The validate operation can validate a data store or an inline configuration subtree.
  - The problem is that it is unclear what this configuration subtree is. Is it like in edit-config, with operation attributes? If so, there is no way to specify the default operation like in edit-config.
  - Does anyone implement inline validation?
- Proposed solution: remove inline validation, and add a test-option parameter 'test-only' to be used in edit-config. (at least two implementations support this already)

- Clarify what 'startup' is.
- Clarify what delete of startup means (reset to factory defaults?)
- Is :startup and :candidate allowed?
- Is :startup and :confirmed-commit allowed?
  - If so, specify how it works.
- Fix XSD so that startup cannot be a target to edit-config.

- The error-type refers to 'protocol', 'application', 'rpc', 'transport' while the layer model has transport, rpc, operations, content. It is not clear how this relates.
- The error-types are not defined. What is the difference between 'rpc' and 'protocol'?
- Is the error-type really needed?
  - It seems error-severity is always "error" and so the this error element seems unneeded and perhaps should be removed.

- Clarify the intended meaning of continue-on-error. Specifically, what does the “error” mean? Also, clarify that the rpc error partial-operation MUST (?) be returned if such an error occurs.
- The error-info elements in partial-operation (ok-element, err-element etc) are defined as xs:QName. Is this just a bug? Should they be XPath strings?

```
<x:interface>
  <x:name>eth0</x:name>
  <x:type>atm</x:type>
</x:interface>
<x:server>
  <x:name>my web</x:name>
  <x:type>http</x:type>
</x:server>
```

What does <err-element>x:type<err-element> refer to?

- Allow rpc-error inline in <data> reply.
  - The problem is how internal errors are reported during <get> and <get-config> processing without requiring the agent to first buffer the complete reply.
- Align the XSD with the text about rpc-reply – the rpc-reply element should allow any other element, not just <ok>, <data> and <rpc-error>.
  - Operations that need to return something should stick this something directly under <rpc-reply>, not <data>.

- Return from XPath filter. Suppose an XPath expression selects a text node - how should the XML look? E.g. "/system/sysName/text()". We always return a XML subtree, i.e. in this case, we would return "<system><sysName>foo</sysName></system>" not just "foo".
- The XPath context should be properly defined for the select attribute and error-path.
- Clarify what the error-path points to. Always something in the <rpc> request instance document? What if the operation is validate of candidate, and validation fails for some element in the data store?

- Clarify the intention of the XSD. Specifically if capabilities are allowed to modify existing operation, although the XSD does not really allow it. For example, suppose a capability adds an “test-option” enumeration – is that allowed?

- Clarify that an XML preamble is optional.
  - <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
- RFC 4741 allows arbitrary content of the message-id attribute.
  - Some implementations seem to run into problems if the message-id (or other attributes) contains "]]>]]>" or "</rpc>". Perhaps this is not a problem with RFC 4741 per se but just an implementation problem
  - But arbitrary complicated and arbitrary long message-id attributes also do not seem very useful to have.

- RFC 4741 requires that all attributes of an <rpc> are returned in the <rpc-reply>.
  - Is the intention really that xmlns attributes also are returned as-is?
  - This can lead to duplicated attributes and invalid XML documents. (A good example is a namespace attribute which is echoed back while the implementation also generates a second namespace attribute.)