FTP64: making FTP work through IPv6→IPv4 translators

draft-van-beijnum-behave-ftp64-05 IETF-75, Stockholm, july 2009 apps area & behave working group meetings Iljitsch van Beijnum

IPv6→IPv4 translation

IPv6 host

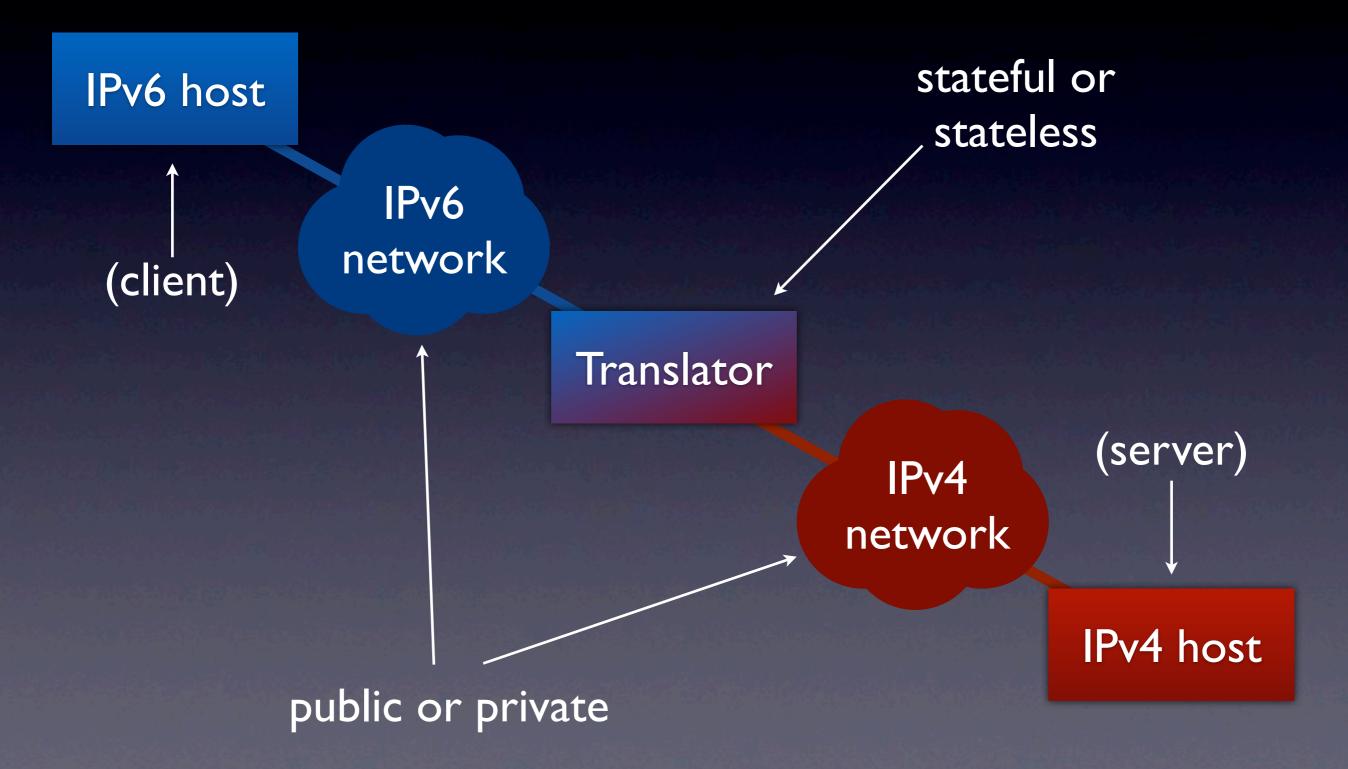
IPv6 network

Translator

IPv4 network

IPv4 host

IPv6→IPv4 translation



FTP and IPv6

- RFC 959 (1985):
 - passive mode (PASV): v4 address+port
 - active mode (PORT): v4 address+port
- RFC 2428 (1998):
 - passive mode (EPSV): only a port
 - active mode (EPRT): address family, address, port

Installed base

• 2491 IPv4 servers tested by Dan Wing: • 63% do EPSV successfully • 6% time out setting up data connection IPv6 clients (not extensively surveyed): • all support EPSV • except Windows command line client

Possible solutions

Update servers to support EPSV
Update clients to fall back on PASV
Implement application layer gateway in the translator

• The draft mandates I and 2 and describes 3.

Server requirements



support EPSV

ability to switch off EPSV/EPRT

report whether EPSV available in FEAT

only use control channel address in PASV

Client requirements

- MUST support EPSV
- Recommended that after EPSV failure (5xx or timeout) retry with PASV
 - assume that address in 227 response is control channel remote address
- MUST NOT use arguments with EPSV



- $EPSV \rightarrow PASV$ is easy
- EPRT \rightarrow PORT is harder with a stateful translator \rightarrow could be left unimplemented
- Bother with stateful port 20 handling?
 - not too hard, but still in use?
- Don't try to translate three-way FTP
- Go into transparent mode after AUTH

