GMPLS Signaling Extensions for the Evolving G.709 OTN Control

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draft-zhang-ccamp-gmpls-evolving-g709-07.txt

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Changes from Version 06

- Changes for Label related
 - Putting TPN into the label object
 - Added error checking for label distribution
- Added some text to support VCAT/LCAS
 - Had the capability to support it originally
- Added a section to describe multiplexing hierarchy (i.e. H-LSP) by FA mechanism

Comparison with [draft-khuzema]

- Alignment: easy to align, because Khuzema draft was inherited from this draft
 - Bit map label format to encode TSs
 - TPN allocation
 - Traffic parameters for ODUflex (Bit rate and tolerance)
 - VCAT support
- One major difference:
 - Multi-stage labels ("non-FA" for convenience)

Discussion: Multi-stage muxing Scenarios

Legacy OTN region
NOT supporting ODU0

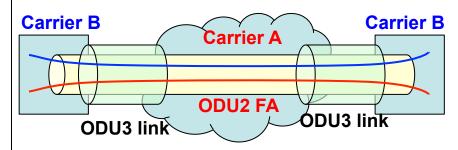
ODU0

ODU2 FA

ODU3 link

1) Data Plane Compatibility

- The legacy region does not support ODU0 cross-connection
- Creating an ODU2 FA, and then nesting the ODU0 into the ODU2 FA, so that ODU0 can be transmitted transparently through the legacy region



2) Carrier-in-carrier Scenario

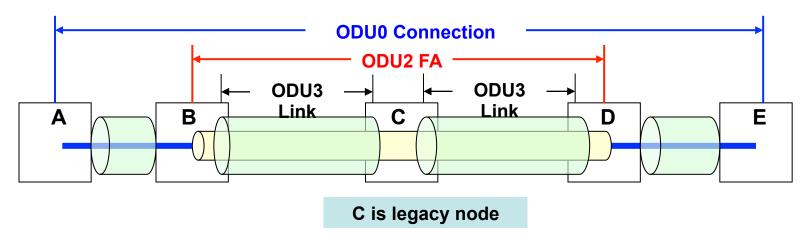
- Carrier A provides ODU2 tunnels for Carrier B
- Carrier B uses the resource of the ODU2 connection to carry LO ODUs

In both cases, the "intermediate layer" ODU2 connection usually spans multiple hops. These are the typical scenarios for multiplexing.

Discussion: FA or non-FA?

- FA: a well-known and generic approach in GMPLS MLN
 - Standardized approach
 - Generic approach
 - Used universally by the industry in MLN environment
- Non-FA(multi-stage label approach): maybe a good idea, but ...
 - What scenarios for non-FA?
 - What are the Pros & Cons of FA and non-FA respectively?
 - Is non-FA a generic approach or not (i.e., is it applicable to other tech, e.g., SDH...)?
 - If yes, does CCAMP need a generic draft to define non-FA approach?

Discussion: What scenarios for non-FA?



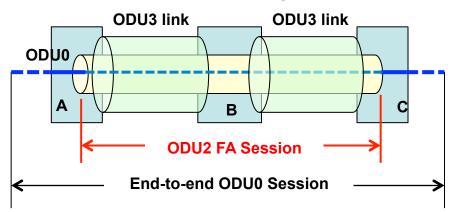
- Question: can non-FA (multi-stage labels) support this typical scenario? (or carrier in carrier scenarios)
 - No
 - Do people like a solution which can only resolve 1% scenario if there is an existing std solution that can be applicable to 100% scenarios?

Copied from [draft-khuzema-01]:

Note: Multi-stage Label is NOT intended to facilitate the creation of FA-LSP or Hierarchical LSP. It is basically used to eliminate the need for FA-LSP in some obvious scenarios.

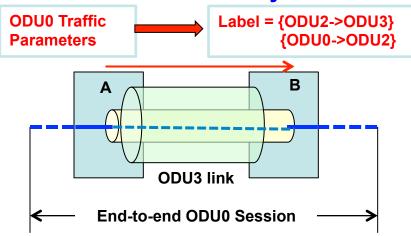
Discussion: Comparison between FA and non-FA?

What is FA style?



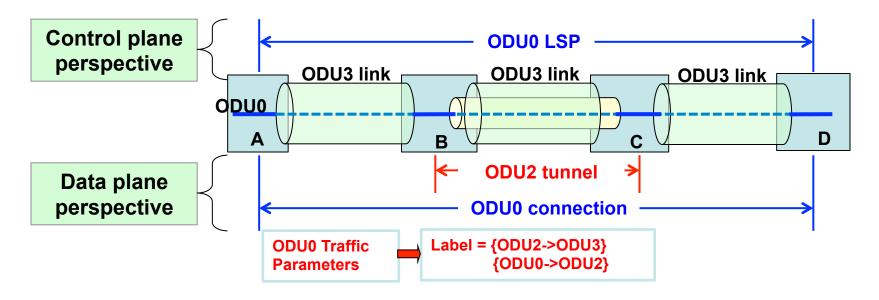
- Using the existing GMPLS H-LSP mechanism in [RFC6107] & [RFC4206]
- The "intermediate ODU2" is treated as an H-LSP
- Can support any muxing hierarchy scenarios
- Generic method that can be applied not only in OTN but also in other multi-layer network

What is non-FA style?



- Using multi-stage label
- Instantiating the server Tunnel Span by Span
- The "intermediate ODU2" is NOT treated as an LSP and there is no RSVP session for this ODU2
- CANNOT support the case where the "intermediate ODU2" spans multiple ODU3 links (e.g., the scenario on the left figure)

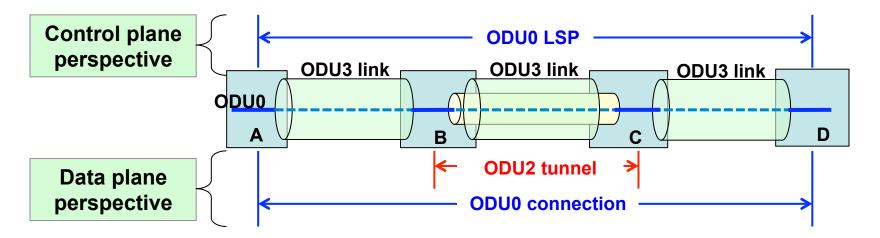
Discussion: More Cons of non-FA



Hi, I want A through CP, but CP returns me A+B, ©

- Breaking the principle of GMPLS
 - While requesting an ODU0 connection (ODU0 traffic parameters in PATH message), a data plane ODU2 Tunnel is created between B and C

Discussion: More Cons of non-FA



- Out of control&mgmt on the "intermediate" ODU2 tunnel
 - The "intermediate ODU2" is NOT treated as an LSP in control plane and there is no RSVP session for this ODU2 tunnel
 - No state block for ODU2 tunnel, and the ODU2 is not visible in control plane
 - Can not control and manage this "intermediate ODU2" tunnel
 - Unaware of ODU2 connection, cannot manage it through control plane
 - How to manage the ODU2 tunnel through MP? (There is no entity identifier for this ODU2 tunnel in the CP and MP)
 - FA (server layer) restoration is better than service restoration (client layer) sometimes, so if there is FA, it can achieve this objective
 - Operators will concern on this issue

Discussion: Pros of non-FA?

- ✓ [draft-khuzema] does not tell the readers about the scenarios and advantages.
 - ✓ Routing scaling issue?
 - ✓ [RFC6107] can make the FA as a component link of an existing link bundle

Summary: FA or non-FA?

FA style

VS

Non-FA style

 Can support ALL multiplexing hierarchy scenarios, widely used

 CANNOT be applied in the typical scenarios (ie., it is only for some special case)

- Fully consistent with GMPLS MLN control model
- Breaking the principle of GMPLS and Conflict with GMPLS multi-layer mechanism

- Explicit control of the "intermediate layer" ODU FA-LSP
- The "intermediate layer" ODU is out of control and management
- Generic method that can be applied not only in OTRU ut also in other multi-layer network
- NOT a general method and CANNOT be applied in any other network



The overhead is not only 8 bits

Next Steps

- Adopt it as a WG document
 - Agreement on bitmap label format, TPN, tolerance, VCAT
 - The authors think it is the good foundation for this work
- Take a survey through CCAMP list to see whether it is really necessary for the vendors and operators to use non-FA (multi-stage label) approach to manage the OTN networks?
 - Request the experts to examine non-FA carefully
 - We would like to discuss more with the co-authors of the [draft-khuzema] and update the draft if it is necessary for non-FA