

# MN Status Option for Proxy Mobile IPv6

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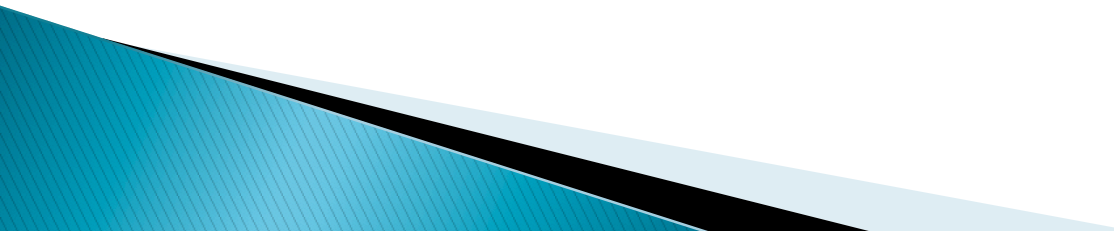
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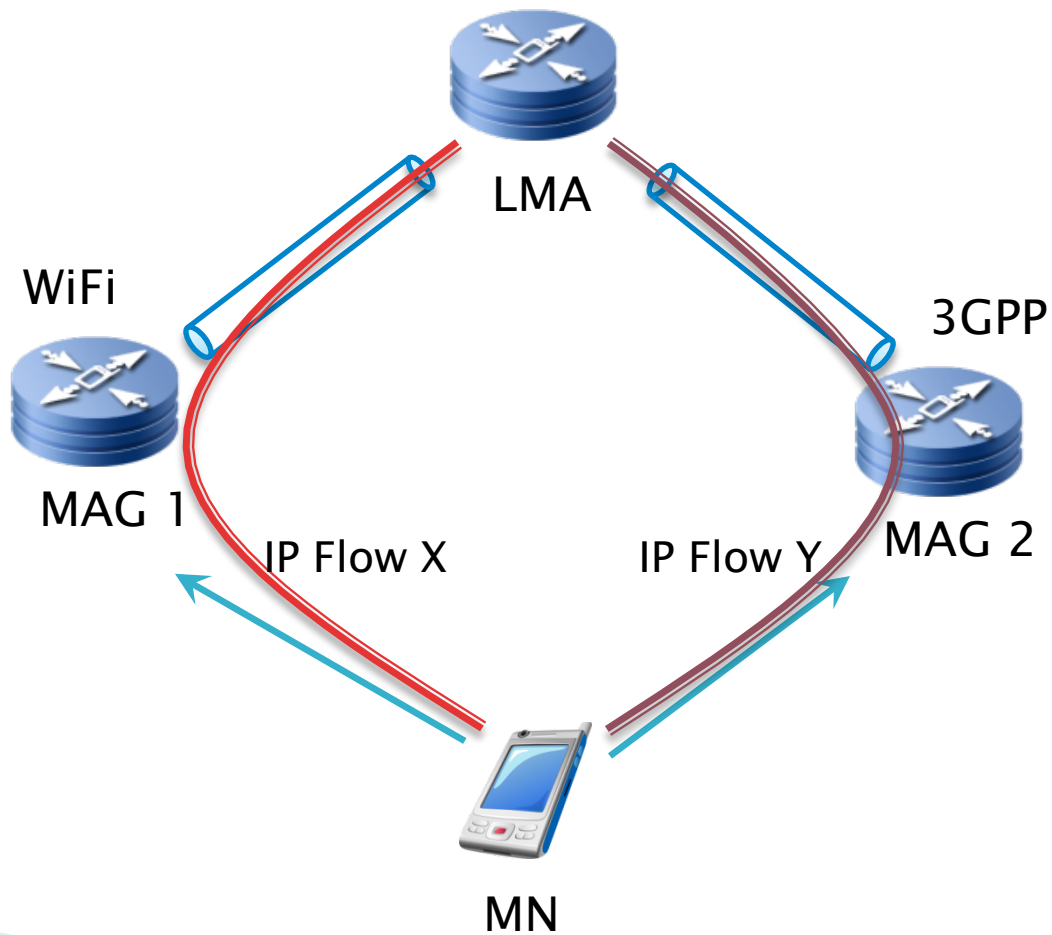
# Background

- ▶ PMIPv6 deployments support communication using multiple access technologies simultaneously.
- ▶ The **PMIPv6 flow mobility** draft specifies extensions for the traffic/IP flow to be moved from one access type to another.
- ▶ The PMIPv6 flow mobility draft assumes a Mobile Node connectivity status of (1) connect or (2) disconnect. However some access technologies allow for a MN status of *sleep or idle mode*.

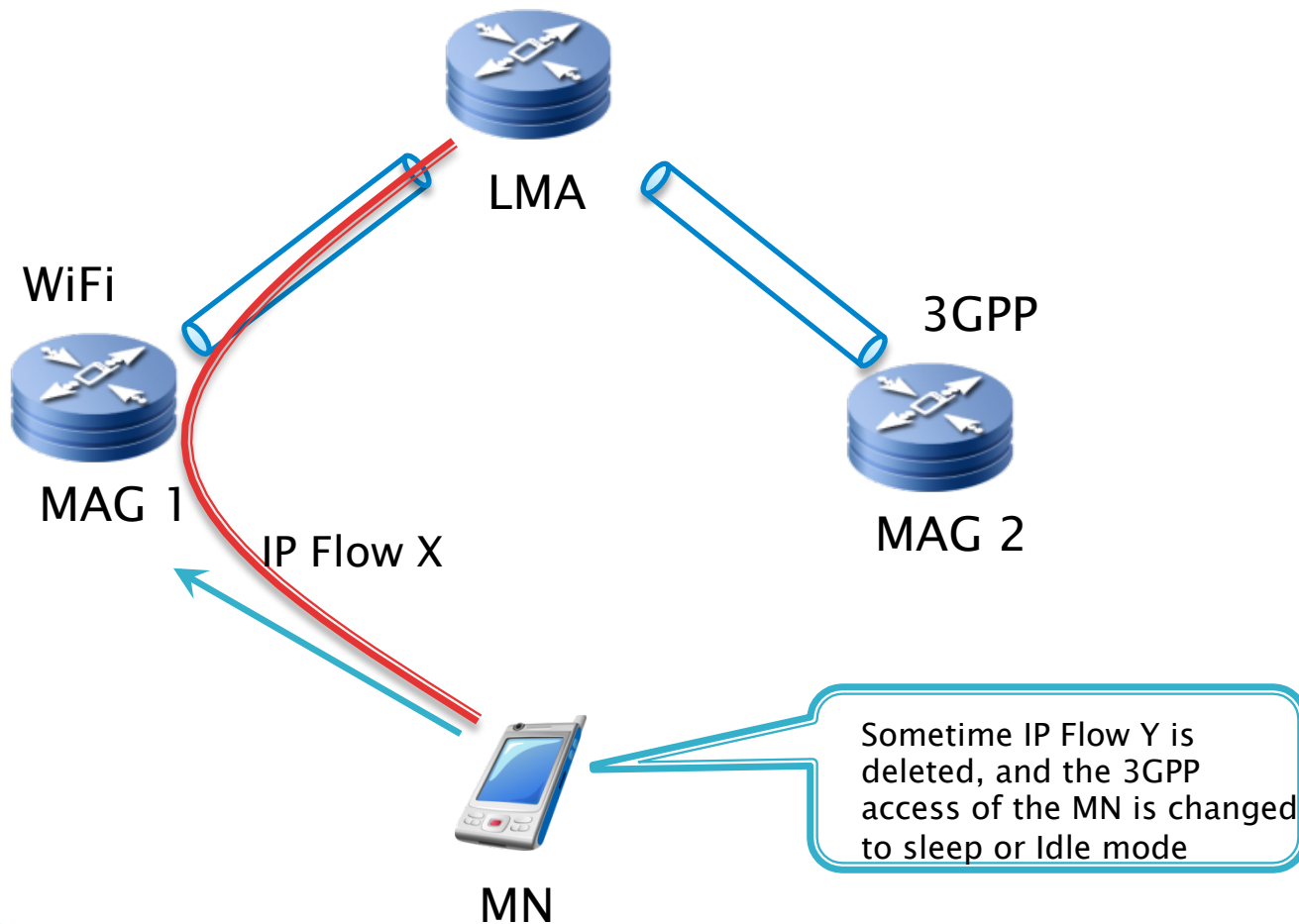
# Identified Problem

- ▶ For flow mobility the LMA essentially decides the routing rules for the specific IP flow (s), however,
    - the connectivity status of a node in sleep (idle) mode for a specific is not carried to the LMA.
    - so that it is impossible to guarantee the flow mobility can be done successfully.
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# Problem Illustration

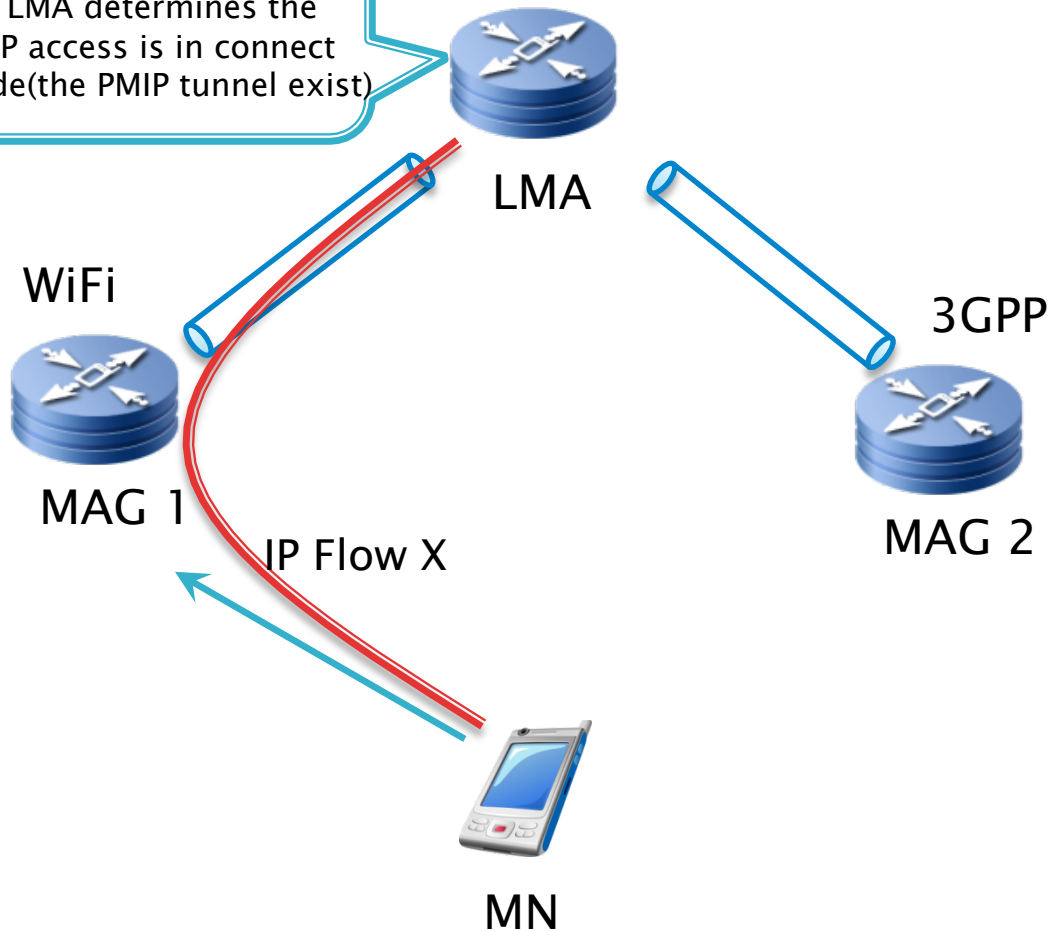


# Problem Illustration

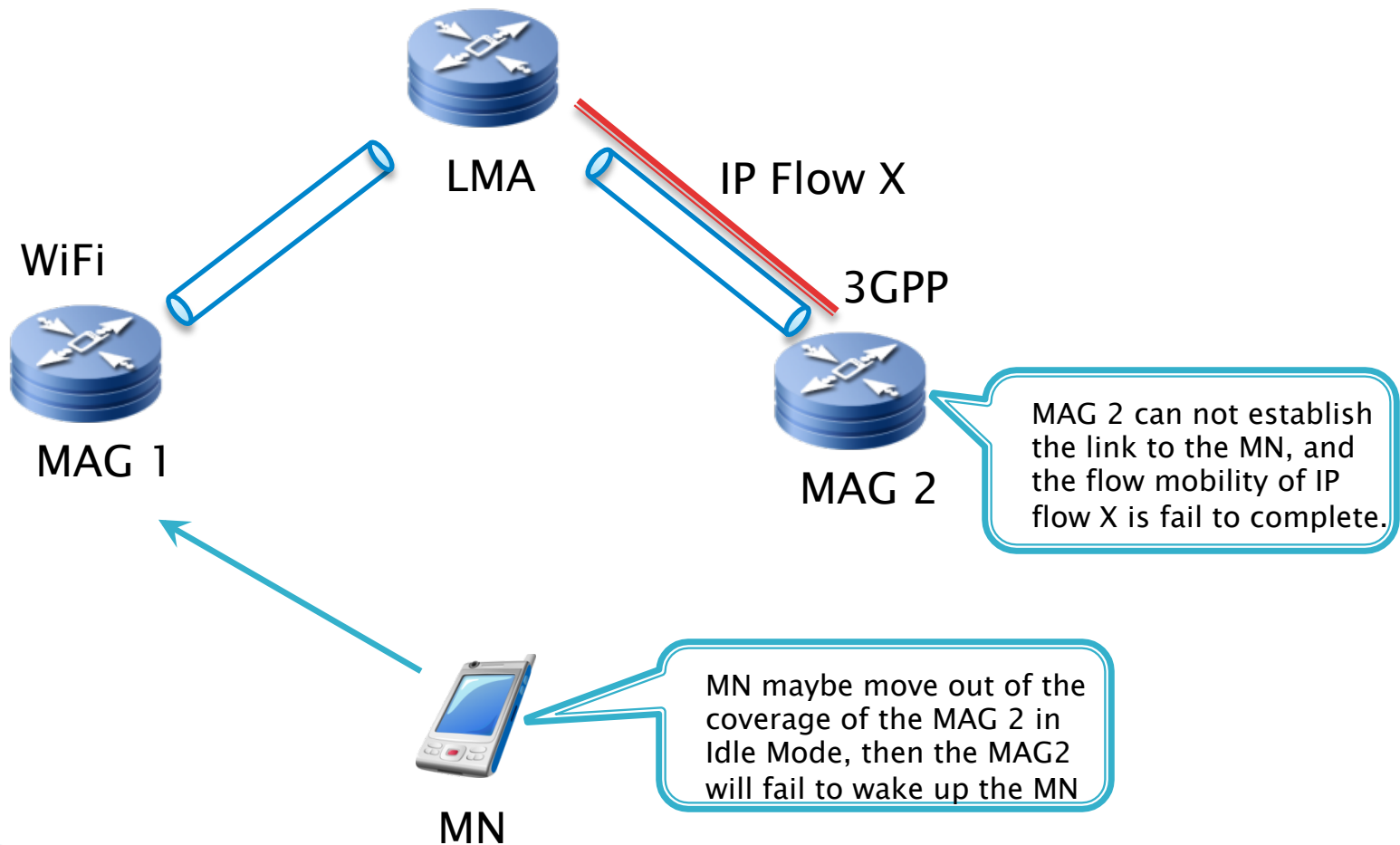


# Problem Illustration

the IP Flow X is decided to move from WiFi to 3GPP, and LMA determines the 3GPP access is in connect mode(the PMIP tunnel exist)



# Problem Illustration



# Initial idea for addressing issue

- ▶ A new option is defined for using it in messages (PBU/PBA) exchanged between MAG and LMA.

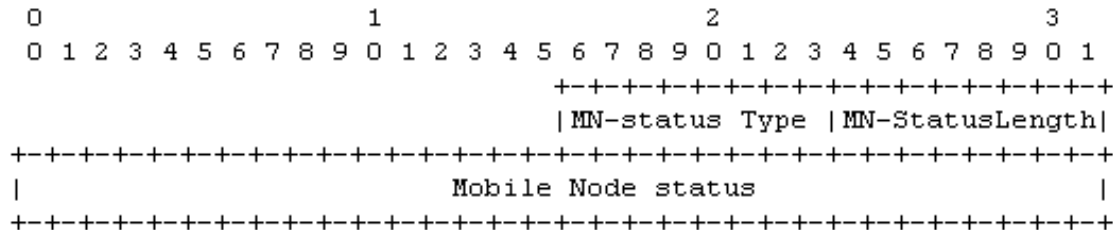


Figure 1: MN Status Option

- ▶ MN-status Length
  - 8-bit unsigned integer indicating the length in octets of the option, excluding the type and length fields.
- ▶ Mobile Node status
  - The status of the mobile node attached from a specific access network, such as WiFi, WiMAX and 3GPP. Currently the value of the MNstatus can be as follow: 1, connect mode, 2, disconnect mode, 3, idle/Power saving mode, 4, reserved.



# Next steps

- ▶ If the working group agrees that this is a problem and that the NETEXT resolve this issue.