#### Clock source signalling draft-ietf-avtcore-clksrc-00

Kevin Gross AVA Networks Aidan Williams Audinate



# Goals

- Explicitly signal clock information in RTP
  - Timestamp reference clock
  - Media clock
  - Fill a gap in RTP specifications
- Provides
  - Better synchronisation
  - Improved performance
- Enables applications
  - Social TV
  - Video walls
  - Networked speakers

## Clocks

- Reference clock
  - Source of NTP timestamps in RTP
  - Used for time alignment of media
  - Used for RTT and other purposes
- Media clock
  - Governs production / consumption of media
  - Might be synchronised to a master (e.g. genlock)
  - Might by locally generated (i.e. not locked)
- Signalling defines the relationship between these clocks and RTP media streams



### **Clock-referenced streams**

- RTP clock indicates origination time
- NTP timestamp maps RTP clock to wall clock
- RFC 3550 (section 4) allows alternate timescale mapping for NTP timestamp
- No means for signalling source of NTP timestamp



#### Simple example: synchronised NTP

v=0

o=jdoe 2890844526 2890842807 IN IP4 10.47.16.5 s=SDP Seminar i=A Seminar on the session description protocol u=http://www.example.com/seminars/sdp.pdf e=j.doe@example.com (Jane Doe) c=IN IP4 224.2.17.12/127 t=2873397496 2873404696 a=recvonly a=ts-refclk:ntp=traceable m=audio 49170 RTP/AVP 0 m=video 51372 RTP/AVP 99 a=rtpmap:99 h263-1998/90000



## Reference clock signalling

- a=ts-refclk:ntp=203.0.113.10 2011-02-19 21:03:20.345+01:00
- a=ts-refclk:ptp=IEEE802.1AS-2011:39-A7-94-FF-FE-07-CB-D0
- a=ts-refclk:ptp=IEEE1588-2008:39-A7-94-FF-FE-07-CB-D0:0



## Reference clock sources

- ► NTP
- IEEE 1588
  - IEEE 1588–2002, IEEE 1588–2008, IEEE 802.1AS
- GPS, Galileo
- Private
  - Assumes external means of determining clock compatibility
- Traceable option
  - For all but GPS, Galileo (assumed to be traceable)



# Synchronization confidence

- Last update time
- Update frequency
- offsetScaledLogVariance?



## Media clock

- Synchronisation of media clocks
  - Eases receiver processing multiple streams from different senders
  - Supports phase coherent capture/recording and playout of multiple streams
- Today
  - RTP senders typically generate their own media clock
  - No means for signalling media clock source



## Media clock sources

- Sender internal
  - Media clock generated locally and independently
- Direct referenced
  - Media clock derived directly from reference clock
- Stream referenced
  - Local media clock derived from incoming stream



#### Example: async media clock

v=0

o=jdoe 2890844526 2890842807 IN IP4 10.47.16.5 s=SDP Seminar i=A Seminar on the session description protocol u=http://www.example.com/seminars/sdp.pdf e=j.doe@example.com (Jane Doe) c=IN IP4 224.2.17.12/127 t=2873397496 2873404696 a=recvonly a=ts-refclk:ntp=traceable a=mediaclk:sender m=audio 49170 RTP/AVP 0 m=video 51372 RTP/AVP 99 a=rtpmap:99 h263-1998/90000

# Media clock signalling

- a=mediaclk:sender
- a=mediaclk:offset=963214424
- a=mediaclk:rtp=IN IP4 239.0.0.1 5004 00:60:2b:20:12:1f



### **Open Issues**

- Synchronisation confidence signaling
  - Last update
  - Update frequency
  - Estimated error
- Stream Identification
  - <connection address>:<port> <CNAME> the best way to identify a reference stream?
  - Should the stream be identified by SSRC instead?
- Stream-based media clock

- Can you unambiguously rate-convert RTP clocks?
- Is syntonisation alone a useful synchronization capability?