DHCP Options for the Port Control Protocol (PCP)

I-D.ietf-pcp-dhcp

IETF 85-Atlanta, November 2012

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Status

- Submit -05 which integrates the following changes agreed in the Vancouver meeting
 - Abandon RFC1035 encoding
 - Remove the text about server selection

- Spell out what strings are legal (S. Cheshire)
 - Proposed text: "A name may be a fully qualified domain name (e.g., myservice.example.com."), IPv4 address literals (e.g., 192.0.2.33) or IPv6 address literals (e.g., 2001:db8::1) [RFC5952]."
 - Need to say more?

- Specify what is meant by validate the name
 - Raised by D. Thaler and S. Cheshire
 - Resolution: A text was proposed in the mailing list
 - "A name is considered as valid if it is a legal UTF-8 string which does not contain any nulls. The DHCPv6 client MUST silently ignore invalid names."

- Suggest use multiple options each including a name or specify that it's multiple null-terminated Net-Unicode strings packed into the option (S. Cheshire)
 - The multiple option approach was abandoned in -03 as a result received during the WGLC
 - Any opinion about the null-terminated approach?
 - Keep the current text which prevents nulls in the name but uses the space character as a separator?

- Why a name option is defined instead of an IP address? (S. Cheshire)
 - This was discussed several times
 - The consensus of the WG is to define a name option
 - A more detailed discussion can be found here: http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-boucadair-dhc-address-name-encoding-01