

RPKI Origin Validation in real life

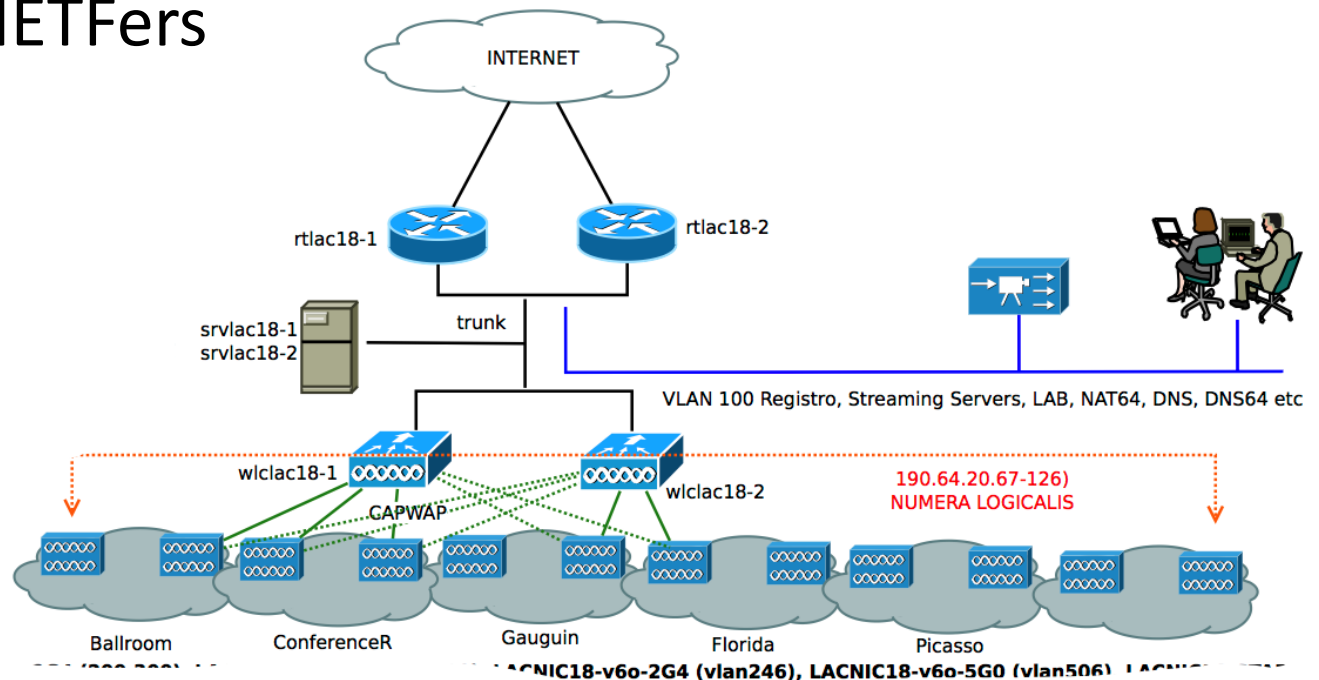
Carlos Martinez

Arturo Servin

IEPG, IETF 85

LACNOG – LACNIC Network

- Conventional network, mostly wireless. 450-500 attendees
 - A crowd as picky and whinny about the network as the IETFers



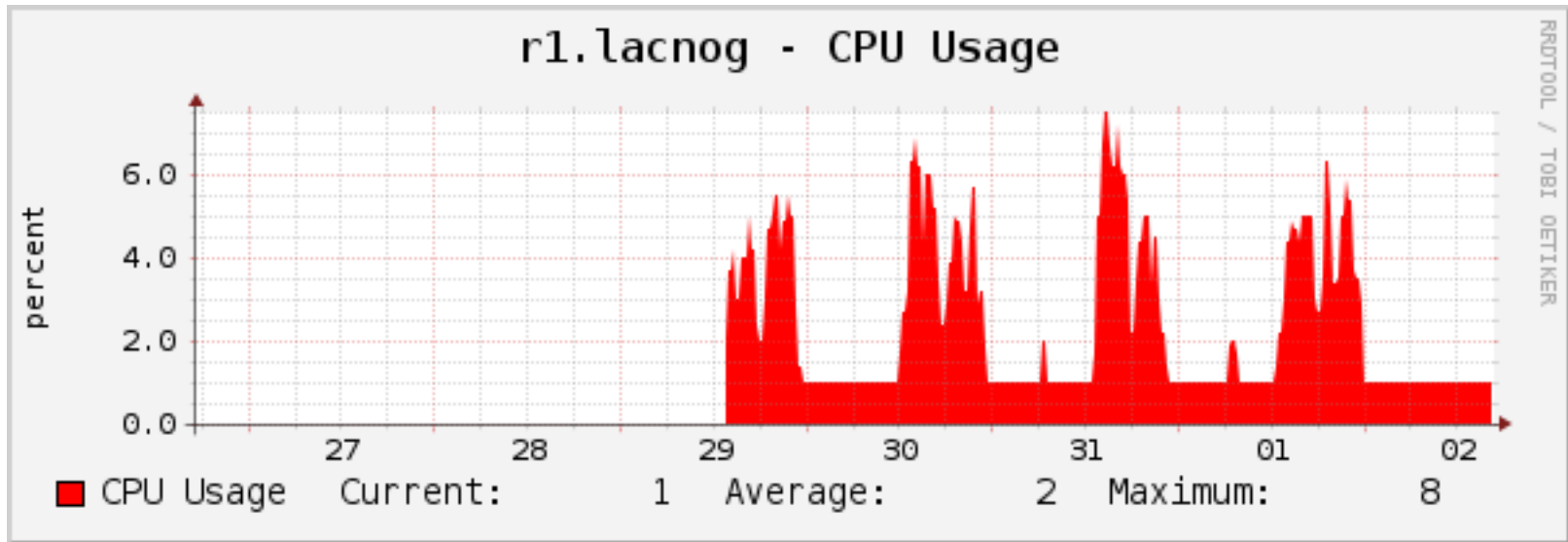
Motivation

- In short: “*eat our own dog food*”
- Try the technology in the field
 - Are there unknown ‘surprises’ to be found ?
 - What about the practicalities ?
 - Obtaining router software
 - Running the validators
- A followup to our LACNOG 2011 demo of origin validation on routers
- Known limitations:
 - No full IPv4 table available in the routers

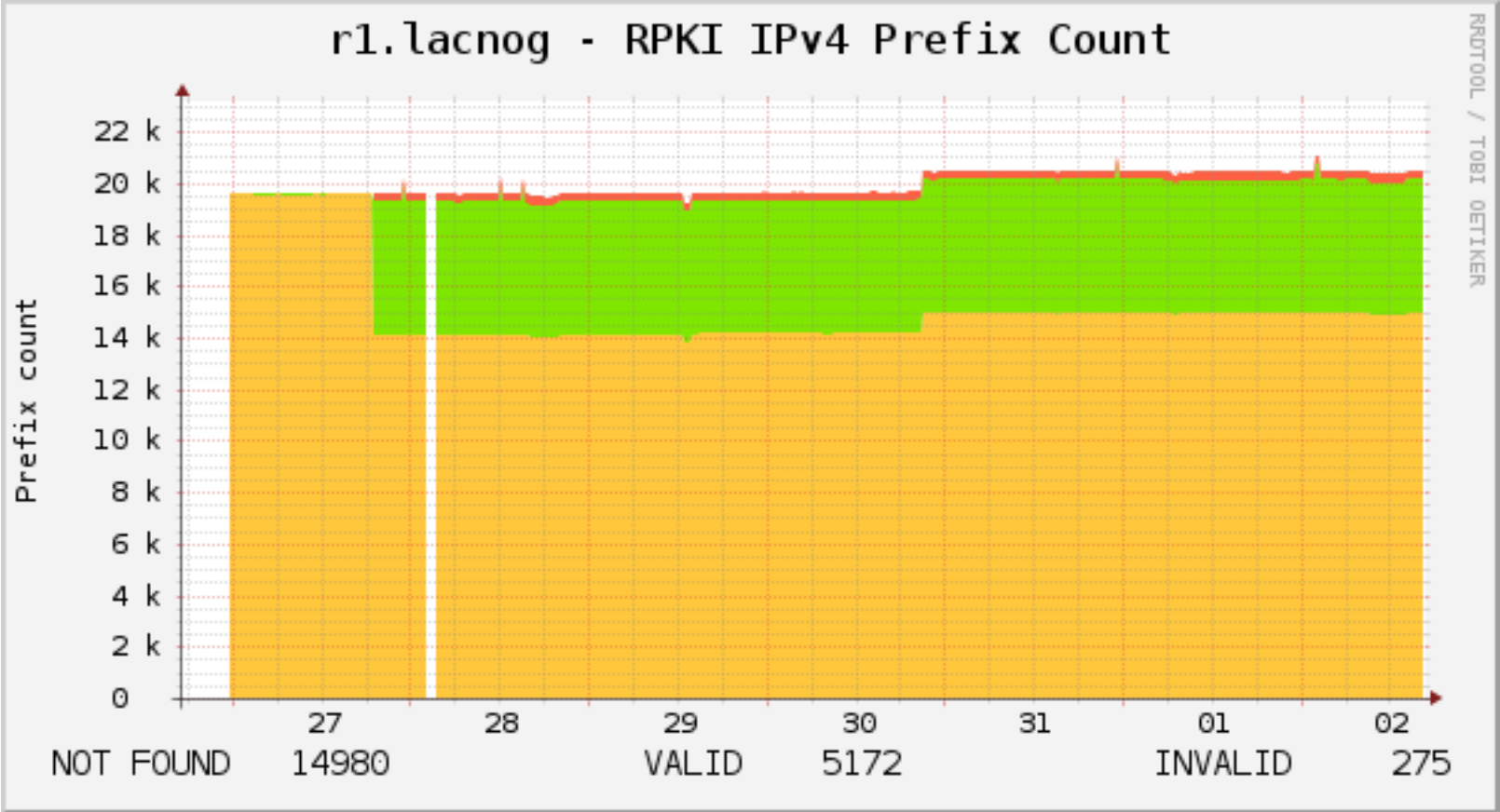
The RPKI Origin Validation Setup

- Routing:
 - 2 Cisco 7201 routers.
 - IOS was downloaded as any other image, no special code, no special version
- Validating cache:
 - 2 instances of RIPE NCC validator
 - TA from 5 RIRs repositories
 - ~20k IPv4 routes, ~11k routes IPv6 (full table)
- Dropping invalids after day 2

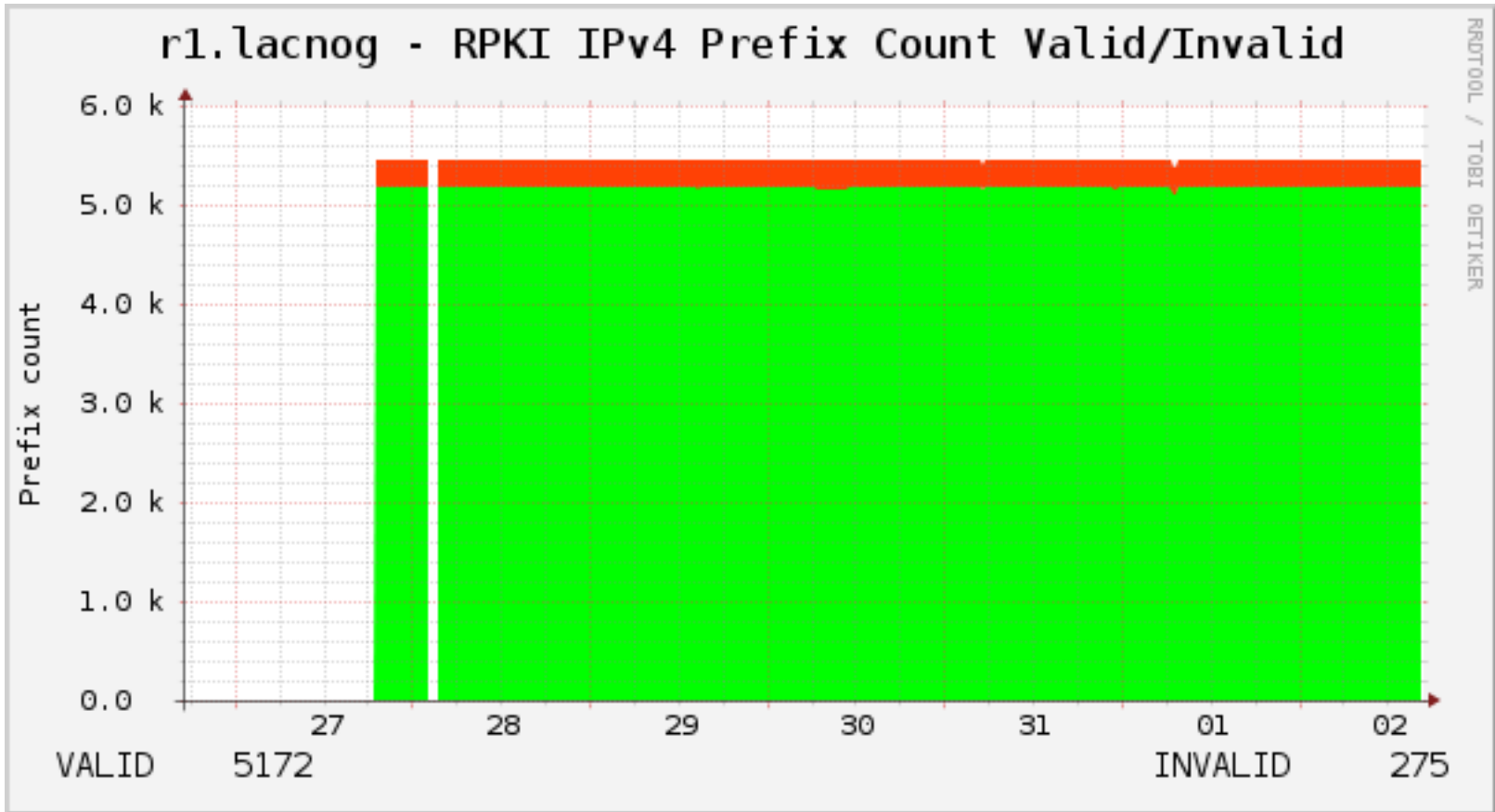
Routers CPU utilization



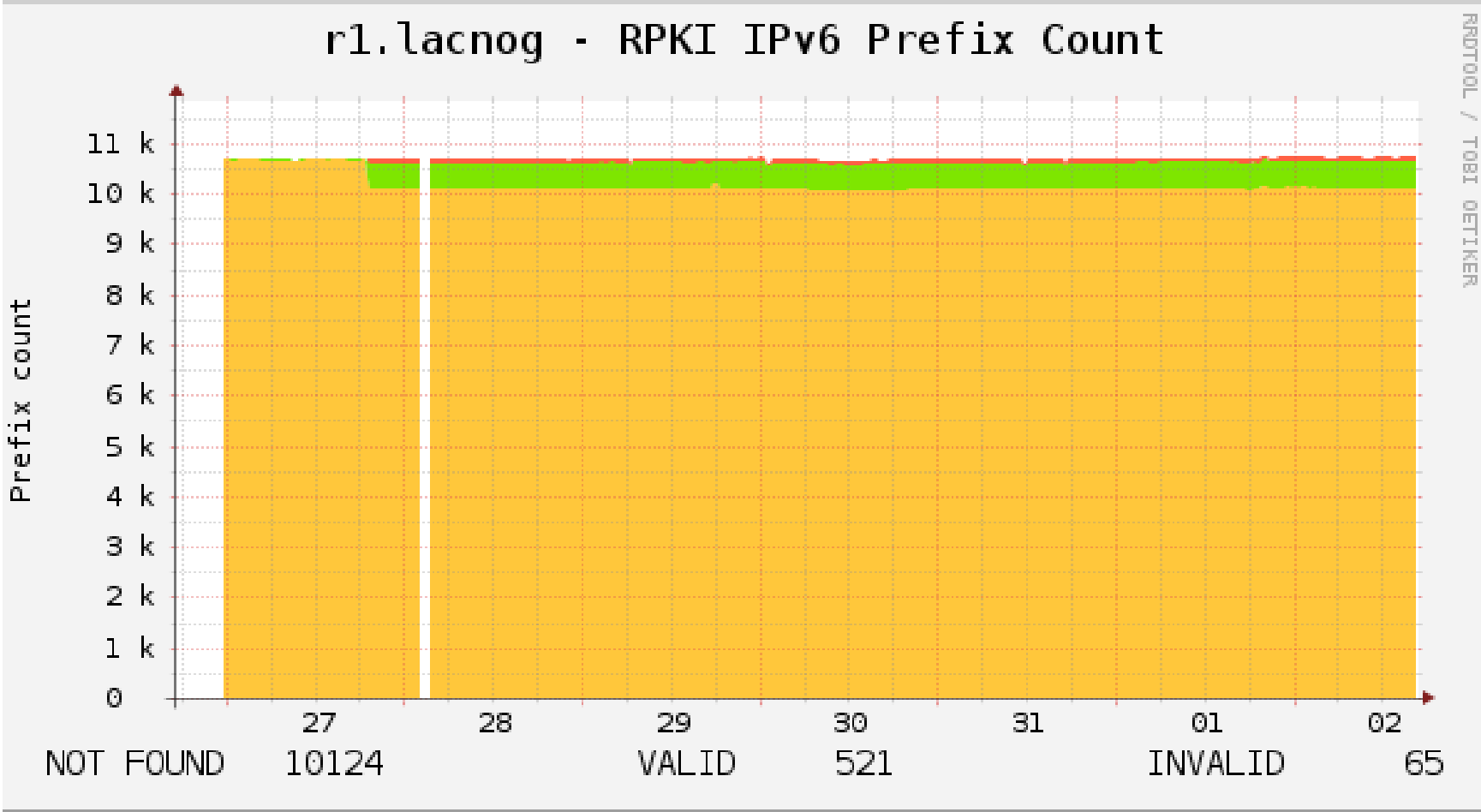
Validation IPv4



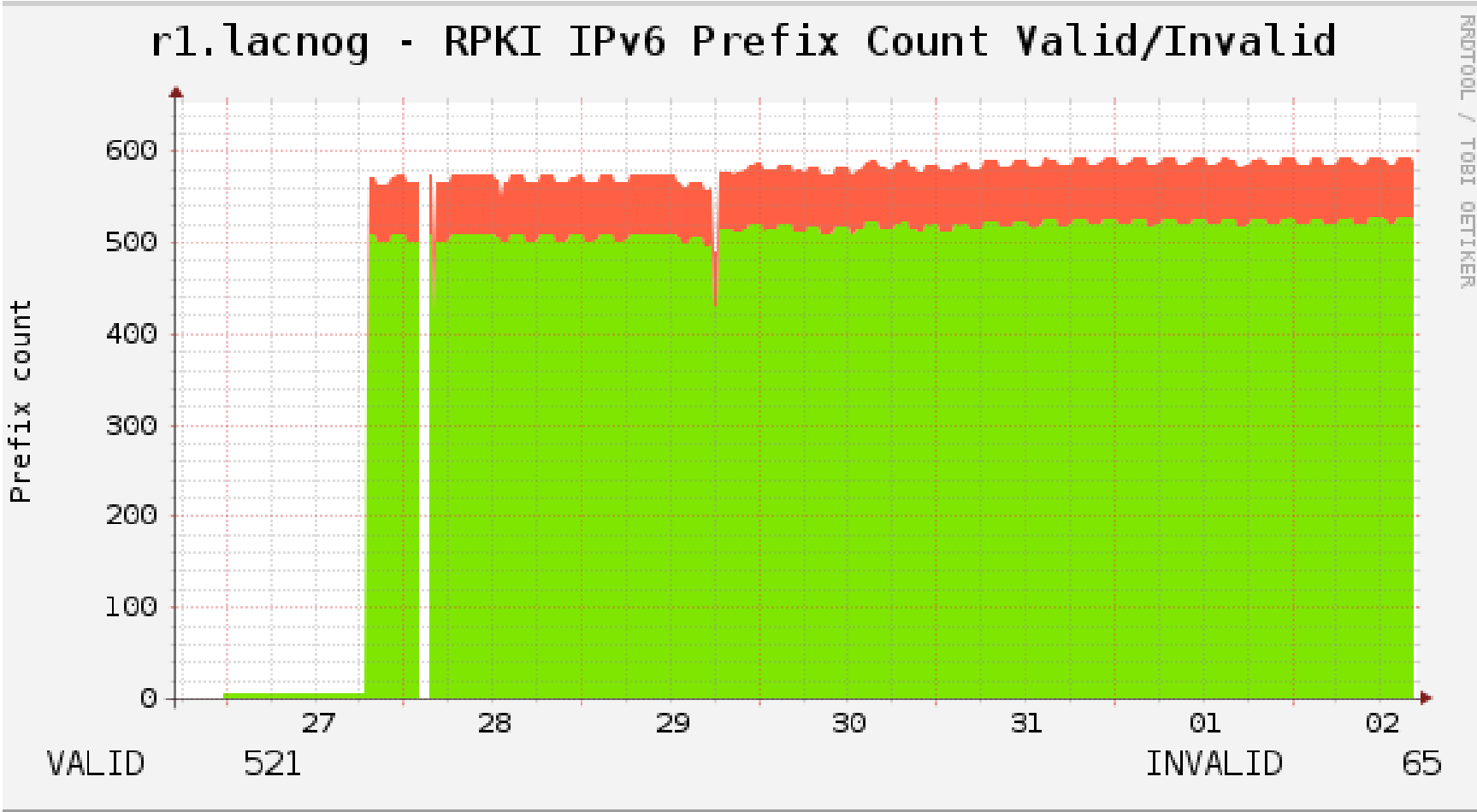
Validation IPv4



Validation IPv6



Validation IPv6



Our Experience

- Noticeable improvements compared to LACNOG 2011 demo
 - No RTR drops between validator and router
 - No router crashes (3 or 4 during the week in 2011)
- Repo validation performed well
 - Despite known issues
 - No ‘mass extinction’ events to be seen on graphs
- Dropping invalids cleaned up a lot of more specifics

THANK YOU !