Role based Auto Mesh

draft-li-ccamp-role-based-automesh-00

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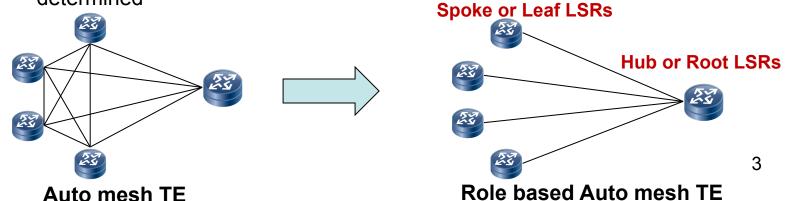
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Problem Statement

- Auto mesh TE defined in RFC4972
 - The LSRs of a TE mesh-group are connected by a full mesh of TE LSPs
 - IGP (OSPF and ISIS) extensions for membership auto-discovery
 - Largely simplify the configurations and deployments of TE LSPs.
- Full mesh TE LSPs may not necessary for some scenarios
 - In a mobile backhaul network, TE LSPs are normally setup between the Cell Site
 Gateways(CSGs) and the Radio Network Controller (RNC) Site Gateways(RSGs)
 - The TE LSPs between CSGs and TE LSPs between RSGs may not necessary
 - With the existing Auto-mesh TE
 - Large amount of unnecessary TE LSPs established between CSGs and between RSGs
 - May not scale for the CSG devices and is waste of network resources.
 - Or, extra policies and configurations required to avoid unnecessary TE LSPs

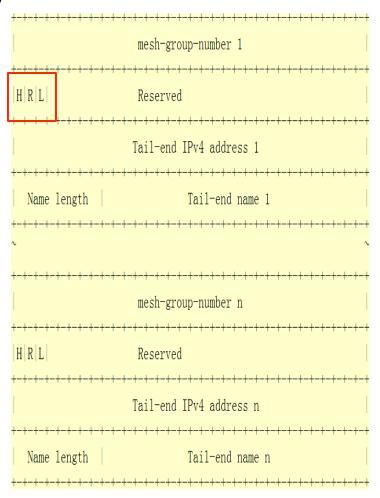
Solution

- Role based Auto mesh TE group
 - TE LSPs setup depends on the roles of the LSRs in a group
- Two types of group introduced:
 - "Hub-Spoke" TE mesh-group
 - Two roles: Hub and Spoke LSR
 - TE LSPs SHOULD be setup between Spoke and Hub LSRs
 - TE LSPs MUST NOT be setup between/among Spoke LSRs
 - TE LSPs MUST NOT be setup between/among Hub LSRs
 - "Root-Leaf" TE mesh-group
 - Two roles: Root and Leaf LSR
 - Root LSRs signal P2MP TE LSPs toward all the Leaf LSRs once membership determined



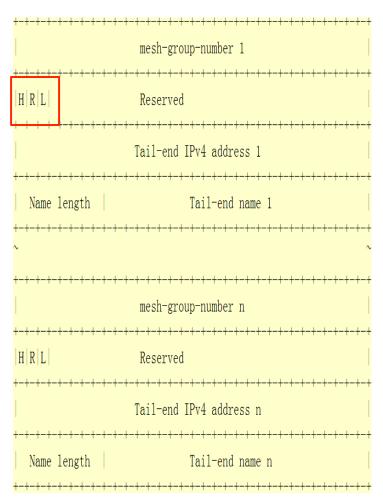
Extensions to OSPF

- OSPF Role-based TE-MESH-GROUP TLV
 - H (Hub-spoke) bit
 - 1: Hub LSR, 0: Spoke LSR
 - R (Root) bit
 - L (Leaf) bit
- Carried within the OSPF Routing
 Information LSA
- Originate new LSA whenever the content of any of the advertised TLV changes
 - Join/Leave a group
 - Role changed
- Area or routing domain scope



Extensions to ISIS

- ISIS Role-based TE-MESH-GROUP sub-TLV
 - Same format as the OSPF Role-based TE-MESH-GROUP TLV
- Carried within the IS-IS Router
 CAPABILITY TLV
- Originate a new IS-IS LSP whenever the content of any of the advertised sub-TLV changes
 - Join/Leave a group
 - Role changed
- Area/level or entire routing domain scope



Comments from the list

- Mesh-group type (Thanks Gregory Mirsky)
 - One way is to explicitly encode the mesh-group type in the TLV.
 - Another way is to implicitly identify the mesh-group type by comparing the received TE mesh-group number with the TE meshgroup number of local configured TE mesh-groups (used in the current draft).
 - Which way does the WG prefer to ?

Next Steps

- Solicit comments and refine the draft.
- Would like to request to adopt this document as WG document.