Software Defined Monitoring: The New Norm for Network Monitoring (IETF 87–Berlin, Germany)

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Motivation

- advances in the network bandwidth (40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s)
- monitoring and security cannot fall behind
- ⇒ high throughtput of traffic processing is imperative
 - a lot different network protocols
 - predicted end of network ossification
- \Rightarrow the solution must be very **flexible**
 - insufficient support of application layer protocol processing
 - HW processing is difficult vs. SW processing is slow
- ⇒ support advanced (deeper) inspection of traffic

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Flexible application protocol analysis on high-speeds!

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Software Defined Monitoring



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 - Inspired by some ideas of Software Defined Networking



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Applications can adjust acceleration of traffic processing according to their actual needs!



- Initial packets of unknown (new) flows are sent into SW
 - configurable implicit preprocessing method
- SW applications can change HW preprocessing of the following packets
 - Interesting whole packets into SW
 - Bulk header extraction, trimming or NetFlow in HW
 - Uninteresting dropped directly in HW
- Configurable division of traffic into DMA channels
 - division preserves network flows
 - applications can select the channels to monitor





- visible software control feedback (red)
- firmware control realized using simple flow rules

Layered Scheme of SDM





Firmware Implementation Scheme





Offloadable Portion of Traffic (1)





 Portions of packets and flows offloadable into HW as function of the number of interesting initial packets

Offloadable Portion of Traffic (2)





 Mean number of packets offloaded by one created rule as relation of the number of interesting initial packets



We tested SDM performance on real network in 4 use cases:

- Standard **NetFlow** monitoring
- Analysis of application protocol HTTP
- Analysis of HTTP together with standard NetFlow
- Analysis of application protocol DNS

Realistic Use Cases (2)





 Portions of all incoming packets and bytes preprocessed in the hardware by particular method



NetFlow:

- SW load is only $\frac{1}{5}$ of packets and $\frac{1}{100}$ of bytes
- rules for $\frac{1}{10}$ of flows must be created

HTTP analysis:

- SW load is only $\frac{1}{4}$ of packets and $\frac{1}{4}$ of bytes
- rules for $\frac{1}{20}$ of flows must be created
- HTTP analysis and NetFlow:
 - SW load is only $\frac{1}{3}$ of packets and $\frac{1}{4}$ of bytes
 - rules for $\frac{1}{12}$ of flows must be created

DNS analysis:

- SW load is only $\frac{1}{125}$ of packets and $\frac{1}{500}$ of bytes
- rules for flows are not needed



New concept of flow based network monitoring acceleration – **Sofware Defined Monitoring**:

- fully software controlled hardware accelerator
- flow based measurements at speeds over 100 Gbps
- easy deployment of new tasks without HW modifications
- helps to accelerate application level processing





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SDM enables high speed and high quality flow measurement of network traffic at the application layer!



Thank you for your attention.