S-BFD

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Why Another Flavor of BFD?

- Existing BFD is <u>excellent</u> for bi-directional reachability validation scenarios
- S-BFD provides improved <u>control</u>, <u>flexibility</u> and <u>simplified operations</u> to initiator for even wider range of scenarios and use-cases
- Why?
 - Faster reachability verifications
 - Reduction of false failures
 - Built-in fault isolation
 - Better fits those difficult with existing BFD: anycast, centralized controller initiation, etc

How S-BFD Works? [1]

- Pre-create reflector sessions in the network
 - Allocate discrim for local network identifier
 - Create reflector session to <u>listen</u> for S-BFD packets coming in with your_discrim = allocated discrim

A allocates 0x01010101 discrim for 1.1.1.1 IPv4 address

B allocates 0x01010102 discrim for 1.1.1.2 IPv4 address

Etc

1.1.1.1

1.1.1.2

1.1.1.3

Reflector session handles S-BFD coming in with your_discrim=0x01010103

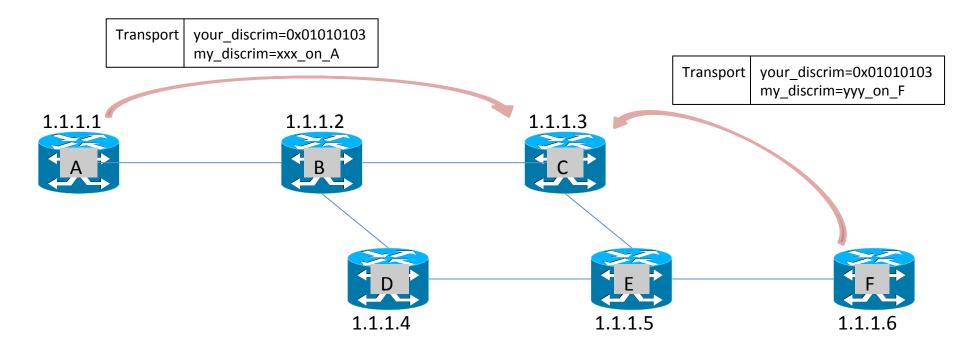






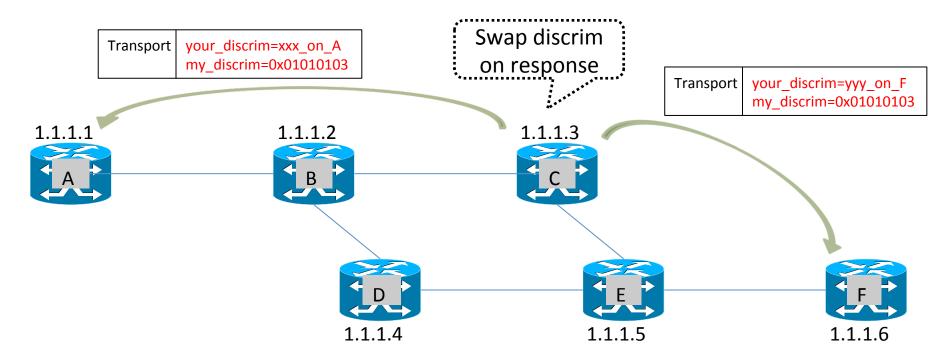
How S-BFD Works? [2]

- Initiator to send S-BFD packet to reflector session
 - Any transport
 - your_discrim=<discrim of intended target>
 - my_discrim=<locally allocated for this initiator instance>



How S-BFD Works? [3]

- Reflector session to send <u>response</u> S-BFD packets
 - Only handles your_discrim for me, otherwise drop
 - Send response S-BFD packets back to initiator
 - Single reflector session can handle multiple initiators



Yes ...

- S-BFD is like one-sided echo
 - But ... works for IP multihop, "loop" only on intended target and preserves minimal communication between end points
- S-BFD is like demand mode
 - But ... no per session state on egress, no bootstrapping, and allows one-to-many (many initiators to one reflector session)
- S-BFD is like ping/traceroute
 - But ... comes w/ great performance and scalability of BFD as result of still using fixed BFD header, and supports multiple transports

S-BFD Alert Discriminator

- <u>Same</u> discriminator allocated as reflection point in multiple network nodes, called Alert Discrim
- Your_discr=<alert discrim> can solicit response from those network nodes
- S-BFD Path Tracing Example
 - Multihop S-BFD detects failure ...
 - Send S-BFD packets with your_discr=<alert discrim>,
 with incrementing TTL
 - Record source IP address from received responses.
 - Using anything else may traverse ECMP differently!
- (Alert Discrim + Diag) can indicate various hints

S-BFD Drafts

- draft-akiya-bfd-seamless-base-02
- draft-akiya-bfd-seamless-ip-00
- draft-akiya-bfd-seamless-sr-00
- draft-akiya-bfd-seamless-alert-discrim-00

Major Changes in Base Versions

-00 -> -01

In addition, reflector BFD session SHOULD transmit response BFD control packet on the same interface on which it received the packet from initiator.

- -01-> -02
 - New single UDP destination port for S-BFD
 - Separate discriminator pool MAY be implemented
 - Initiator state machine (Down/Up/AdminDown)

Next Steps

- Add more contents for security aspect in base
 - Spoofed packets can cause loops, D bit to fix?
 - Clarifications on authentications on S-BFD
- Polish up IP/SR/AlertDiscrim documents
- Would like WG review
- Request for WG adoption [near future]

Thank you!

Questions/Comments?

Backup Slide

(in case we need to discuss with topology)

