

DNSSEC Roadblock avoidance

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Motivation

- DNSSEC validation is not always possible
 - Network links cause problems
 - (size, filtering, etc)
 - Middle box nightmares
 - Upstream resolvers not DNSSEC aware or worse
 - Time synchronization issues
 - Configured trust anchors have changed
- How does a DNSSEC Host Validator:
 - Check if it can validate?
 - Work around problems it may find

Purpose Of The Draft

- Define a set of tests that can:
 - Test neighboring resolvers for DNSSEC awareness
 - Test network infrastructure for DNSSEC usability
- Aggregating test results into “support levels”
 - Not DNSSEC capable
 - DNSSEC Aware
 - Validator
- Define “work around options”
 - What to do with a resolver that isn’t DNSSEC-aware
 - What to do when middle boxes are in the way
 - etc

Roadblock Next Steps

- Continue with lessons learned
 - From libraries
 - From network managers
 - From applications
 - etc
- Publish within DNSOP?
 - Useful?
 - Publish as BCP/Informational ?
- Extra slides in the slide deck!



Extra Slides

- (if time permits or for downloaders)

Experience: In-library Intelligence

- Libval and libunbound:
 - Try to do intelligent fallbacks
 - Have policies to help distinguish minimum requirements

Experience: Network Managers DNSSEC Trigger

- This is a host validator that attempts to use network configured resolvers for resolution
 - Performs number of checks and falls back on
 - Full recursion if possible
 - DNS over HTTP or
 - DNS over HTTPS
- DNSSEC validation does not work all the time, what should it do?
 - FAIL all queries, Silently disable DNSSEC, ask User?

Experience: Unbound on home router

- If resolver is configured to start in validator mode, box will not work
 - Router has no battery backup for clock, time at boot is 1970/jan/1
 - NTP needs DNS to work
 - Signatures are wrong until NTP succeeds
- Resolvers SHOULD check before enabling DNSSEC validation

Experience: Testers

Testers that assess upstream resolvers

- **DNSSEC-check:** <http://www.dnssec-tools.org/download/>

The screenshot shows the DNSSEC-Check application window. The title bar reads "DNSSEC-Check" and the version is "1.1.2.1". The main content area displays a table of test results for three hosts. The table has columns for Host, Grade, and various DNSSEC protocols. The results are as follows:

Host	Grade	DNS	TCP	DO	AD	RRSIG	EDNSO	NSEC	NSEC3	DNSKEY	DS
10.0.0.1	B	Green	Green	Green	Red	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
127.0.0.1	A	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
8.8.8.8	C	Green	Green	Green	Red	Green	Yellow	Green	Green	Red	Green

Below the table, there is a button labeled "Click to add a new resolver address". At the bottom, there are buttons for "Run Tests", "Reset", "Submit Results", "Resolvers", and "Quit". A status message reads "All tests have completed; Click on a bubble for details". The status at the bottom left is "Status: idle" and the URL "http://www.dnssec-tools.org/" is at the bottom right.

- **DNSSEC_Resolver_Check:**
<https://github.com/ogud/DNSSEC-resolver-check>
<pic>

Contents:

- Aggregations can be augmented by a extra information:
 - Partial and add one or more failures to it
 - NSEC3, NoBig, SlowBig, TCP, DNAME, Unknown, Permissive
 - Example: Partial Validator[DNAME]