



Network Coding Research Group - NWCRG

- proposed -

IETF 88 - Vancouver, Canada

7 November 2013



IRTF IPR Policy

The IRTF follows the IETF Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) disclosure rules. This is a summary of these rules as they relate to IRTF research group discussions, mailing lists and Internet Drafts:

- If you include your own or your employer’s IPR in a contribution to an IRTF research group, then you must file an IPR disclosure with the IETF.
- If you recognize your own or your employer’s IPR in someone else’s contribution and you are participating in the discussions in the research group relating to that contribution, then you must file an IPR disclosure with the IETF. Even if you are not participating in the discussion, the IRTF still requests that you file an IPR disclosure with the IETF.
- Finally, the IRTF requests that you file an IPR disclosure with the IETF if you recognize IPR owned by others in any IRTF contribution.

The IRTF expects that you file IPR disclosures in a timely manner, i.e., in a period measured in days or weeks, not months. The IRTF prefers that the most liberal licensing terms possible are available for IRTF Stream documents, see RFC 5743.

You may file an IPR disclosure here: <http://www.ietf.org/ipr/file-disclosure>

See RFC 3979 (BCP 79) for definitions of “IPR” and “contribution” and for the detailed rules (substituting “IRTF” for “IETF”).



Agenda

- (Re)Introduction of Network Coding proposed Research Group
 - Victor Firoiu (BAE Systems), Brian Adamson (NRL)
- RMT and FecFrame Retrospective – Brian Adamson (NRL), Vincent Roca (INRIA)
- Not so random, random linear codes – Kazuhisa Matsuzono, Vincent Roca (INRIA)
- Content Coding in an experimental ICN (Information Centric Network)
 - Mario Gerla, YT Yu, J. Joy (UCLA)
- Loss Tolerant TCP – Koushik Kar (RPI), Bishwaroop Ganguly (Lincoln Labs)
- Multi-source network error correction with distributed Reed Solomon codes
 - Tracey Ho (CodeOn)
- Network Coding Taxonomy – Victor Firoiu (BAE Systems), Brian Adamson (NRL)
- Discuss NWCRG Charter and establishing NWC as IRTF Group



(Re)Introduction of
Network Coding Research Group - NWCRG
- proposed -

Victor Firoiu
BAE Systems

Brian Adamson
NRL



Motivation

- Research proved performance gains and practical algorithms
 - From: Netcoding multicast achieves max flow-min cut
 - To: Coding scheme for reliable communication over packet networks
 - To: results in capacity of wireless networks using network coding
 - And many others
 - Much research remains to be done.
- Mature Implementations
 - Full network coding systems have been demonstrated
 - Network coding has begun “popping up” in various IRTF, IETF, and other forums
 - More general applicability and opportunity seen with new paradigms such as Information Centric Networking and Software Defined Networking



Some Open Research Areas

- Aspects of packet network systems
 - Control, Routing / forwarding, Transport, Physical layers
 - How can network coding be effectively and pragmatically applied to a scalable, distributed network like the Internet?
 - Congestion control, End vs. Intermediate System, Edge (wireless)
 - Where does network coding provide benefit and where does it not?
 - Architecture, operation and applications
 - End-to-end vs. hop-by-hop
 - Intra-flow and inter-flow
 - Application-layer use
 - Service paradigms: Best Effort, Content, Multimedia
-



Areas for Standardization

- Common encoding algorithms
 - Protocols:
 - Network Coding Transport
 - Routing: subgraph construction
 - Forwarding on subgraphs
 - Service descriptions
 - Packet formats
-



Candidate 2013 - 2014 Activities

- Approve NWCRG charter
 - Network coding taxonomy
 - Consensus on key terminology and concepts
 - I.e., establish a language for IRTF interaction
 - Research architectures for Network Coding protocols
 - Build a repository of shared information (wiki)
 - Research results and open problems
 - Architectures, algorithms, protocols, software
-