

CDNI Logging

draft-ietf-cdni-logging-10

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Changes between -08 and -09

- As agreed in Vancouver, Kevin Ma conducted a full review, before we move to WG Last Call
- A lot of comments given by Kevin Ma
- Fixes provided in 4 batches + follow up discussions
- Some items discussed on the list along the way

- general: There is inconsistency between the use of "End-User" and "End User", with one stray "end user" and a stray "enduser". These should be cleaned up for consistency.	- section 3.3: I think we should define a restriction on DIRNAME to be not COLON (":")? Perhaps even just alphanumeric plus dash and underscore? This should be enforced by the IANA reviewer?	HTTP/2.0? Does the normative reference to RFC2616 restrict this to HTTP/1.0 and HTTP/1.1?
- general: There is an inconsistency with comma usage after "i.e." (vs. "i.e.,") and "e.g." (vs. "e.g.,"). These should be cleaned up for consistency.	- section 3.3: The DIRVAL should be specified by the reference document in the CDNI Logging Directive Names registry (Section 5.1). The BNF should note that. The fact that the initial directives are defined in this document is a degenerate case of generic DIRVALs.	I had assumed that the v1 in "cdni_http_request_v1" referred to the Logging Record version, but perhaps it instead refers to the HTTP version? This is probably worth clarifying.
- general: What does "in future version of this document" mean? Does it mean a new RFC that obsoletes this RFC? Should these notes instead refer to a future version of the protocol? Or should they just state that things are out of scope?	" DIRVAL = <directive value as specified below for each directive name>"	- section 3.4.1: In the so-total-bytes and so-entity-bytes field value descriptions, the parenthetical references to HTTP headers seems to imply some inherent relationship between the headers and the status line, which I do not believe exists, per section 6 of RFC2616.
- section 1.1: wrt the following statement: "we use the word "Log" only for referring to internal CDN logs and we use the word "Logging" for any inter-CDN information exchange and processing operations related to CDNI Logging interface."	- section 3.3: For any directive with a format defined as NHTABSTRING, don't we also need to exclude CRLF from the string?	" This includes the bytes of the Status-Line (including HTTP headers)"
should use of the lower case "log" and "logging" throughout the document be interpreted as generic terms, without distinction for local CDN vs CDNI? Certain cases seem as though they should be capitalized. I did not enumerate these in this review.	- section 3.3: For the Record-Type directive, I think it would be more clear to change: "precede any CDNI Logging Record" -> "MUST precede all CDNI Logging Records"	" This does not include the bytes of the Status-Line (and therefore does not include the bytes of the HTTP headers)". I think it would be clearer to say:
- section 2.2.4: I found this clause to be very confusing: "In the case where the log-generating entities have generated during-generation aggregate logs"	- section 3.3: I think we should define a restriction on FIENAME to be not HTAB and not CRLF? Perhaps even just alphanumeric plus dash and underscore? This should be enforced by the IANA reviewer?	" This includes the bytes of the Status-Line and the bytes of the HTTP headers"
Perhaps it would be easier to just say: "In the case where aggregate logs have been generated"	- section 3.3: It was not clear to me initially, what this sentence is attempting to say. 3.4 has an example of a logging record and its list of fields, but it's not the only possible logging record, it's just the first one defined. When I first read this, I interpreted it as all possible logging records are defined in 3.4.	" This does not include the bytes of the Status-Line or the bytes of the HTTP headers".
- section 3.2: The first sentence notes that Logging Fields and Records are defined in 1.1. Logging Files are also defined in 1.1, but the second sentence caused me to second guess this: "As defined in Section 1.1 a CDNI logging field is as an atomic logging information element and a CDNI Logging Record is a collection of CDNI Logging Fields containing all logging information corresponding to a single logging event. This document defines a third level of structure, the CDNI Logging File, that is a collection of CDNI Logging Records."	" The names of the fields, as well as their possible occurrences, are specified for each type of CDNI Logging Records in Section 3.4."	- section 3.4.1: For all the fields values whos format is OSTRING, the field value description should be updated to indicate that the value is not actually "as received" or "as it appears in the response", etc., but rather that value encased in double quotes with any double quotes in that value escaped by an additional double quote?
Perhaps it would be more clear to just say: "As defined in Section 1.1: a CDNI logging field is as an atomic logging information element, a CDNI Logging Record is a collection of CDNI Logging Fields containing all logging information	Perhaps it couldbe clarified to say something like: " The names of the fields, as well as their possible occurrences, MUST be specified in the referenced document of the CDNI Logging Record-types registry (Section 5.2), for each CDNI Logging Record-Type. This document defines the names of the fields, as well as their possible occurrences, for the "cdni_http_request_v1" Record-Type in Section 3.4.1."	- section 3.4.1: I found the following text odd, in that the normative statement is that the value must be either something or nothing, which is somewhat tautological. Should this just be a MAY since its optional?
	- section 3.3: Just to clarify, this statement asserts that the file is "non-corrupted", but makes no guarantee that it is tamper-proof or tamper-evident (a la MITM attack)?	" there MUST be zero, one or any number of instance"
	" If the two values are equal, then the received CDNI Logging File MUST be considered non-corrupted."	- section 3.4.1: For the s-sid field, is the only allowable use of this field for HAS delivery? Or can the field be used to group requests for any content? If it is really the latter, this should be clarified.
		" this contains the value of a Session Identifier generated by the dCDN for a specific HTTP Adaptive Streaming (HAS) session"
		- section 3.4.1: Is it really the logging implementation that selects the fields? That does not sound correct to me? I would suggest removing: "by the implementation generating the CDNI Logging File" from this text:
		"The set of such field name actually listed in the "fields" directive is

Changes between -08 and -09

- DIRNAME & DIRVAL format specifications
- NHTABSTRING excludes CRLF
- QSTRING format example for values “as received “ -> need to escape DQUOTES
- Extended s-sid to any HTTP session (previously used just for HAS)

Changes between -08 and -09

- Clarification on Mandatory-to-Implement fields and the associated valid values
- Explained that for the ATOM protocol server-side = dCDN, client-side = uCDN
- Field Names are valid beyond a given Record Type, but should have the same meaning

Changes between -08 and -09

- Added text to Privacy section
 - “anonymization of End Users IP address does not fully protect against deriving potentially sensitive information about traffic patterns”
 - the query string portion of the URL that may be conveyed inside the cs-uri and u-uri fields or the HTTP cookies may contain personal information or information that can be exploited to derive personal information => better use u-uri that obfuscates the sensitive part of the request
- Editorial tweaks, clarifications, consistency...

Changes between -09 and -10

- Removed RFC2119 normative language from IANA section (see discussion on list)
- Duplicate <HTTP-header-name> unlikely to “usefully” happen => occurrence is zero or one
- In NHTAB definition, corrected “CRLF” into “CR” and “LF”
- More editorial tweaks

Next Steps

- **New rev to add statement about applicability of “cdni_http_request_v1” Logging Record**
 - To HTTP/1.0 and 1.1
 - To HTTP/2.0: same semantics as HTTP/1.1 so “cdni_http_request_v1” Logging Record is valid.
From an operational point of view it is interesting to log additional information about a HTTP/2.0 delivery (mnot), so a future “cdni_http_request_v2” Logging Record may introduce additional fields for that
 - To HTTPS: “cdni_http_request_v1” Logging Record is valid.
There might be an advantage to log more information, so a future “cdni_http_request_v2” Logging Record may introduce additional fields for that
- **Request Working Group Last Call**

CDNI Logging File Directives

- Version
- UUID
- Claimed-Origin
- Verified-Origin
- Record-Type
- Fields
- Integrity-Hash

```

+-----+
|CDNI Logging File|
|
| #Directive 1
| #Directive 2
| ...
| #Directive P
|
+-----+
|CDNI Logging Record 1|
| +-----+ +-----+ +-----+ |
| |CDNI Logging |CDNI Logging | ... |CDNI Logging |
| | Field 1 | | Field 2 | | Field N |
| +-----+ +-----+ +-----+ |
|
+-----+
|CDNI Logging Record 2|
| +-----+ +-----+ +-----+ |
| |CDNI Logging |CDNI Logging | ... |CDNI Logging |
| | Field 1 | | Field 2 | | Field N |
| +-----+ +-----+ +-----+ |
|
...
|
#Directive P+1
|
...
|
+-----+
|CDNI Logging Record M|
| +-----+ +-----+ +-----+ |
| |CDNI Logging |CDNI Logging | ... |CDNI Logging |
| | Field 1 | | Field 2 | | Field N |
| +-----+ +-----+ +-----+ |
|
+-----+
|
#Directive P+Q
|
+-----+

```


Current HTTP Logging Fields

- Date
- Time
- Time-taken
- C-IP
- C-IP-anonimizing
- C-port
- S-IP
- S-hostname
- S-port
- CS-method
- CS-URI
- U-URI
- Protocol
- SC-status
- SC-total-bytes
- SC-entity-bytes
- CS(<HTTP-header-name>)
- SC(<HTTP-header-name>)
- S-CCID
- S-SID
- S-cached
- S-URI-signing

where C: client (User Agent), S: server (dCDN surrogate), U: uCDN, D: dCDN