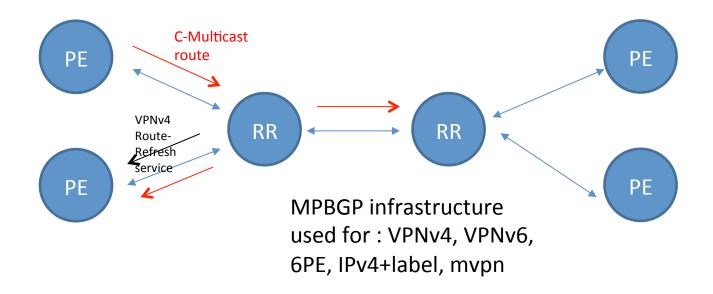
draft-litkowski-idr-bgp-timestamp

S. Litkowski, Orange

K. Patel, Cisco

J. Haas, Juniper

Problem statement



BGP infrastructure is used to transport more and more services.

Service Provider has to ensure that each AFI/SAFI requires guaranteed SLAs (path propagation time)

SLAs have to be monitored

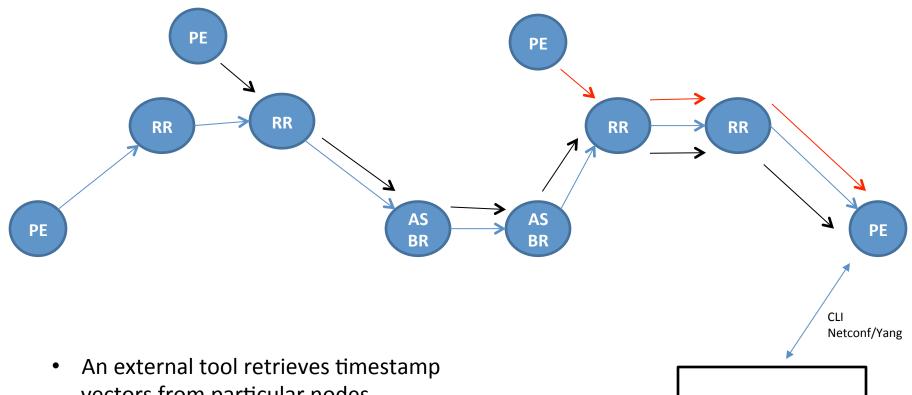
Problem statement

- Service Providers require a solution for monitoring BGP path propagation time :
 - Single point of listening
 - No or very limited correlation need on collector
 - Bottlenecks identification
 - Accuracy of and between measurements (synchronization required)

 Add a timestamp vector to BGP path to monitor propagation delay and track bottlenecks

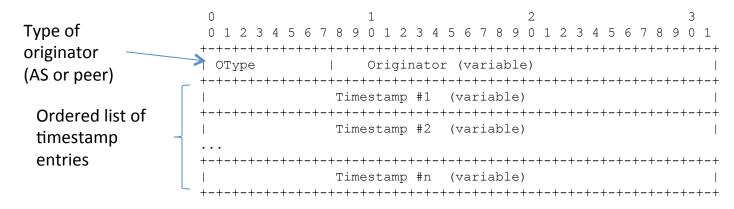
```
BGP Update
                BGP Update
                               BGP Update
                                            BGP Update
   10.0.0.0/8
             10.0.0.0/8
                               10.0.0.0/8
                                            10.0.0.0/8
              Timestamp:
   Timestamp:
                               Timestamp:
                                            Timestamp:
   R1:T1
                R1:T1
                               R1:T1
                                            R1:T1
                R2:T2
                               R2:T2
                                            R2:T2
                               R3:T3
                                            R3:T3
R1 -----> R2 -----> R3 -----> R4 -----> R5
```

Architecture for propagation time measurement



- vectors from particular nodes
- Timestamp vector contains informations about the end to end propagation

Timestamp attribute (Optional transitive)



Timestamp entry:

Flags:

A: AS type (AS2 or AS4)

P: Peer type (IPv4, IPv6)

S: Summary

T: Synchronized

0	1	2	3	
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 0	1
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+		+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-	+
Receive Timestamp #x				
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+		+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-	+
A P S T Rsvd S	SyncType	AS#x (variab	le)	
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+		+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-	+
Peer#x (variable)				
+-	-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-	+

- Inspection list :
 - Timestamp are added only to a subset of BGP path matched by the inspection list (filter)
 - By default, do not timestamp
- Receiving a BGP path :
 - If BGP speaker supports BGP TS and path matches inspection list, timestamp is done:
 - If BGP-TS attr does not exist, it is created
 - If BGP-TS attr exists, new timestamp entry is added
 - Timestamp added is receive timestamp
 - If BGP speaker does not support BGP TS, it follows RFC4271 (transitive attribute)

- Sending BGP path :
 - We suggest to send BGP TS attribute to only peers configured locally with a « send timestamp » option

Inter AS

- Service provider may not want to expose its timestamp information to external peers
- Three options available :
 - Propagate: propagate TS vector as for internal peers (all details provided)
 - Drop : strip BGP-TS attribute
 - Summary: modify TS vector by aggregating local AS entries into a single summary AS entry (Use S bit)

Compared to BMP

- BMP does not mandate timestamps
- To retrieve timestamp vector, a BMP session would be required to each node including correlation in the external tool
- BMP does not provide information about synchronization state of the peer (is it free run or NTP?)
- BMP basically dumps all received updates, strong filtering is required to catch interresting NLRIs

Next steps ...

- We <u>need a solution to monitor BGP update</u> propagation time
- First shot proposal and we have issues to solve with current draft :
 - NLRI with multiple originators and best path change over time (may lead to advertise stale timestamps)
 - Churn introduced by adding a new « variable » attribute
- WG feedback?