The text/markdown Media Type

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(Apologies to Martin Thomson)

Overview (as of Today)

- Family of related plain text formatting syntaxes, aka lightweight markup language (LML)
- Lots of implementations (with extensions and variations)
 - Original, Ruby Markdown (MD), GitHub Flavored MD (GFM), PEG grammar, MultiMD, PHP Markdown Extra, pandoc, Python-MD, Vim-Flavored-MD, kramdown...
 - Not all designed to be compatible or interchangeable
- <u>draft-ietf-appsawg-text-markdown-03</u> <u>draft-seantek-text-markdown-use-cases</u>
- Registration of text/markdown media type
- Informational RFC

Progress

draft-01

- Long intro
- Parameters: charset, rules, processor, processor-ver, processor-args
 - processor-args depended on POSIX
 - Registries of rules, processors

draft-02

- Use cases explained
- Parameters: charset, flavor, processor [+opt version & args], output-type

draft-03 + use-cases

- Shortened intro; added Markdown editor; shortened spec; processor
- Parameters: charset, syntax [+opt version & extensions], output-type
- use-cases separate doc: longer intro, strategies for preserving Markdown syntax info, additional syntax registrations, examples

Points of Controversy (<u>draft-03</u>)

- Still too long
- Still too complicated
- output-type not suited to media type purposes
- IANA Registration Template(s) too complicated
- No agreement on fragment identifiers
- Some agreement but probably not enough to declare consensus on "uses" (Section 1.3)
- Concerns about Unicode (non-ASCII) identifiers

Proposal (syntax/variant)

- Simplify syntax parameter and change to variant:
- Optional Parameters:

variant: An optional identifier that serves as a "hint" to the recipient of the specific Markdown variant that the author intended. When omitted, there is no hint; the interpretation is entirely up to the receiver and context. This identifier is plain US-ASCII and case-insensitive. [...] Other parameters MAY be included with the media type. [...] As an alternative, the variant MAY be registered under another media type; this text/markdown registration does not preclude other registrations.

• Definition:

"Variant" means a lightweight markup language that differs in some respect from other Markdown-derived languages. The purpose of a variant is to distinguish a given variation from other Markdown variations, as well as from Gruber's original syntax specification and implementation, where two parties wish to interoperate by implementing the common variation.

- Eliminate (almost all of) Section 3 (syntax)
- Simplify Section 6 (IANA Considerations)
- Broaden scope of IANA Registry by calling it "Markdown Variants"; propose non-media-type labeling techniques (not normative)
 - "Content-Type: text/markdown; variant=pandoc" (MIME) == "file.pandoc.markdown" (filesystem)

Proposal (output-type)

- Change output-type parameter to something in Content-Disposition [RFC2183] [RFC6266]
- Maybe "preview-type" (cf. hypothetical preview-image or preview-icon)
- Markdown draft or separate draft?
- Markdown-specific applicability, or broad applicability?

Other Stuff

- Fragment Identifier Considerations
 - Media type registration is the primary/only place to define fragments
 - Generally, "not complicated" is desirable
 - text/plain fragment identifiers ok...but not really Markdown-y
 - Using "native" Markdown identifiers would prove useful
 - Encoding issues
- Two documents or one

Discussion Time + Hums

- Shall the syntax parameter be renamed "variant"?
- Shall the s/v parameter be a simple identifier?
- Shall the output-type parameter be treated under Content-Disposition?
- Shall exemplary registrations be in a) one unified draft, b) a separate draft, or c) registered without IETF review (not in any draft)?
- Shall the Markdown s/v identifier registry have an explicitly broader purpose than just the text/markdown parameter registration?