### IETF 93 Prague, CZ Key Chain Yang Data Model

Acee Lindem, Cisco Yingzhen Qu, Cisco Derek Yeung, Cisco Helen Chen, Ericsson Jeffery Zhang, Juniper Yi Yang, Cisco

# Requirements

- Provide model definition for industry defacto standard key-chain
- Base model for protocol authentication import for (OSPF, ISIS, and others to follow)
- Support graceful key/algorithm rollover.
- Provide containers for key-chain entries and authentication protocols.

#### Model Structure

- Global List of key-chains
- Each key-chain has list of keys (reusable container)
  - Send/Accept Lifetime or Send and Accept Lifetime
    - Lifetime (reusable container) supports multiple specification options
  - Algorithm (reusable container)
  - Key

# **Operational State**

- Along with the configuration state
- Key string is omitted
- Includes an indication of whether a key chain entry is valid for sending or acceptance.

#### **Key-Chain Data Model**

```
+--rw key-chains
+--rw key-chain-list* [name]
                            string
  +--rw name
                              String
  +--ro name-state?
+--rw key-chain-entry* [key-id]
    +--rw key-id
                             uint64
    +--ro key-id-state?
                               uint64
    +--rw key-string
    +--rw lifetime
     +--rw (lifetime)?
    +--ro lifetime-state
      +--ro send-lifetime
      +--ro send-valid?
                             boolean
      +--ro accept-lifetime
      +--ro accept-valid?
                             boolean
    +--rw crypto-algorithm
      +--rw (algorithm)?
    +--ro crypto-algorithm-state
      +--ro (algorithm)?
```

## Summary

- Reusable authentication/encryption policy
- Being used in ISIS and OSPF data models
- Can be extended through augmentation

#### WG adoption?!