



# *FreeSurf: Application-centric Wireless Access with SDN*

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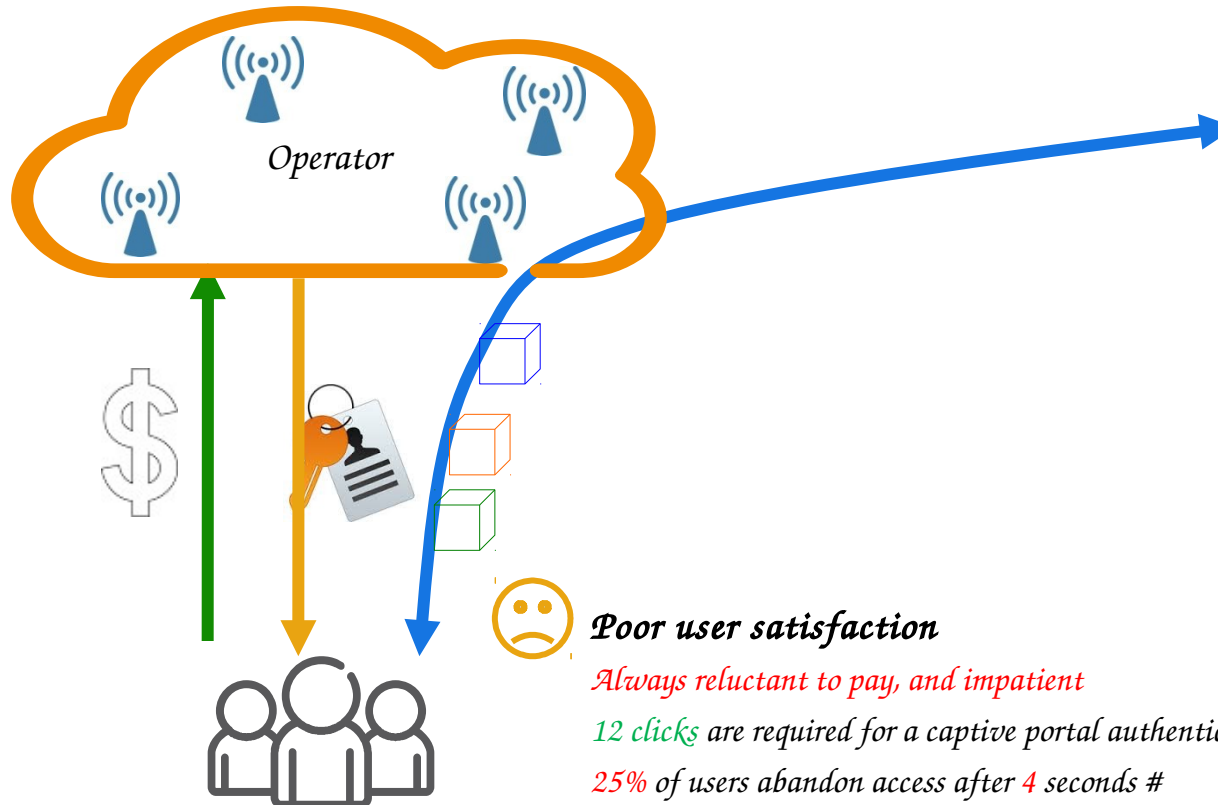
**Network highly underutilized**

*Only ONE connection per user per month\**

*10% active customers*



**No way to provide ubiquitous connectivity  
for customers**



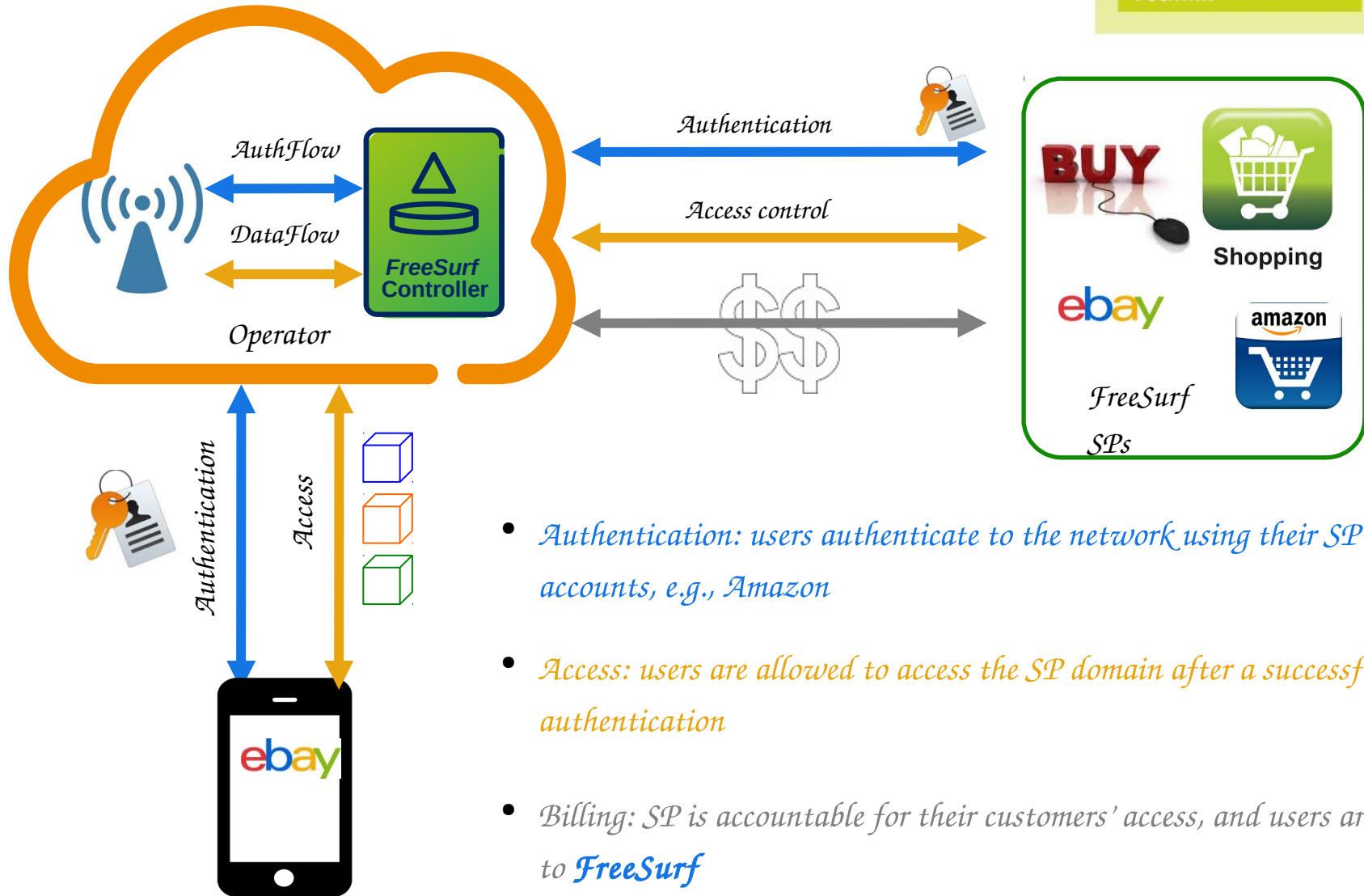
**Poor user satisfaction**

*Always reluctant to pay, and impatient*

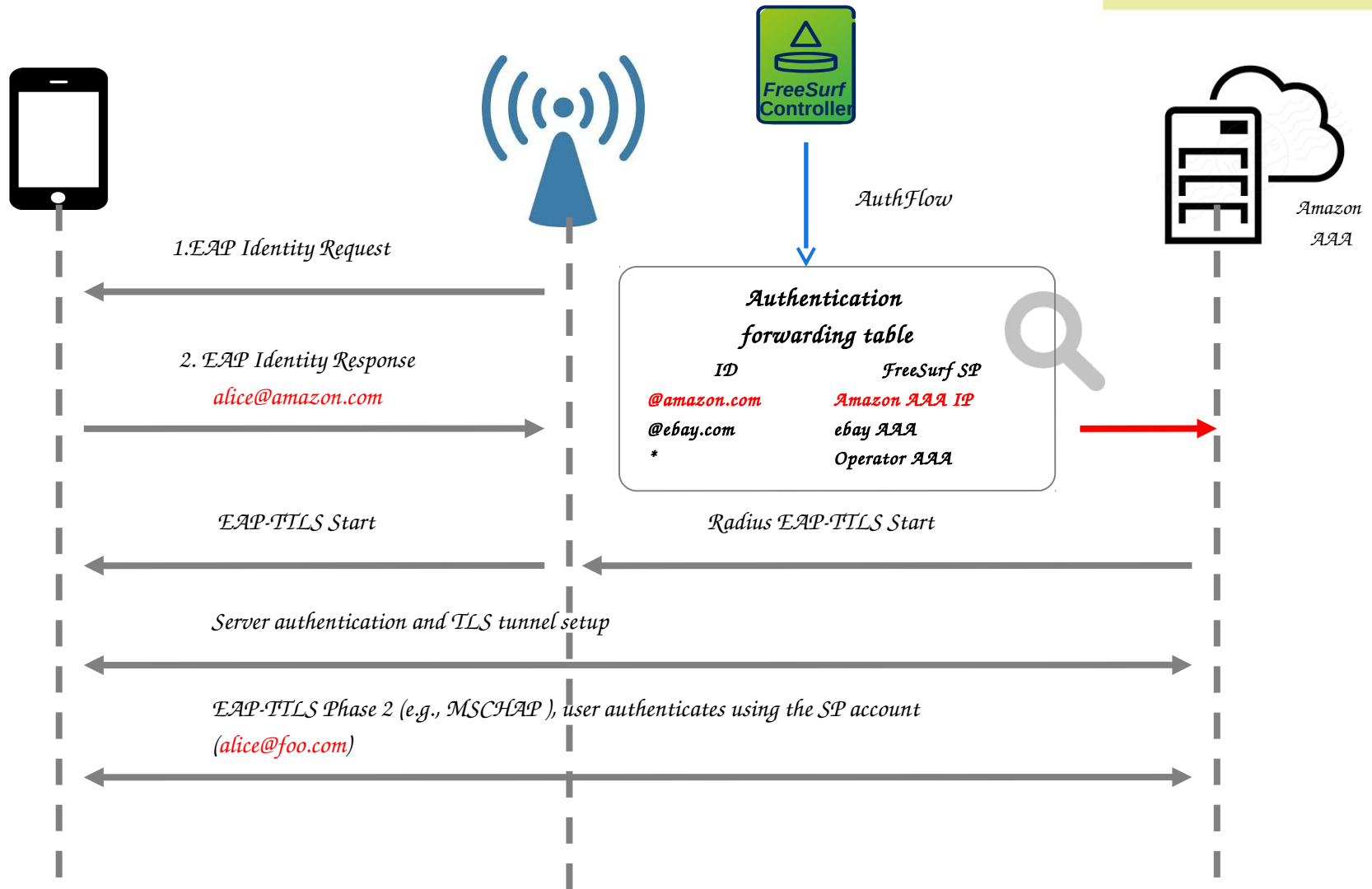
*12 clicks are required for a captive portal authentication*

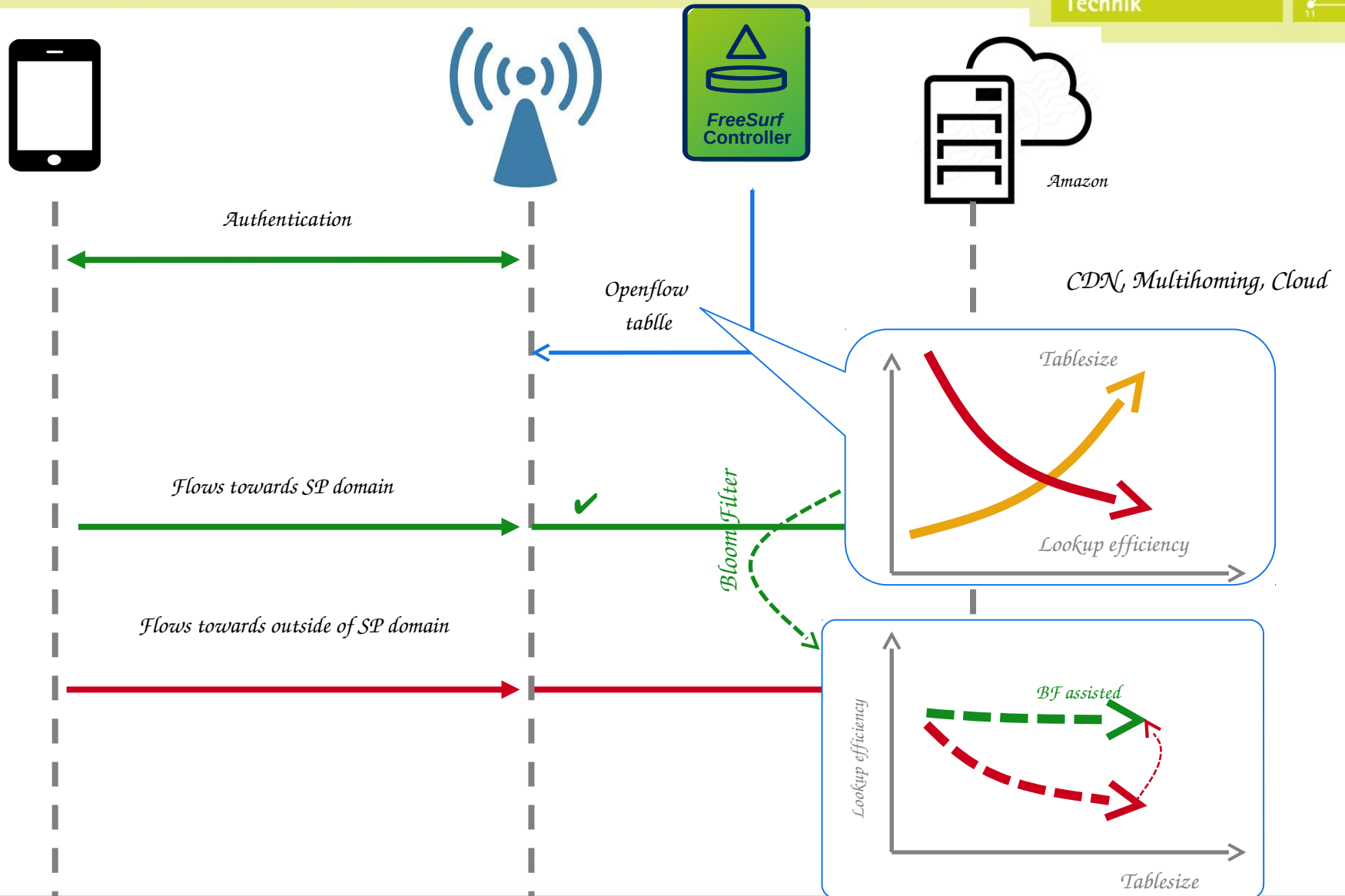
*25% of users abandon access after 4 seconds #*

*50% of users abandon access after 10 seconds*



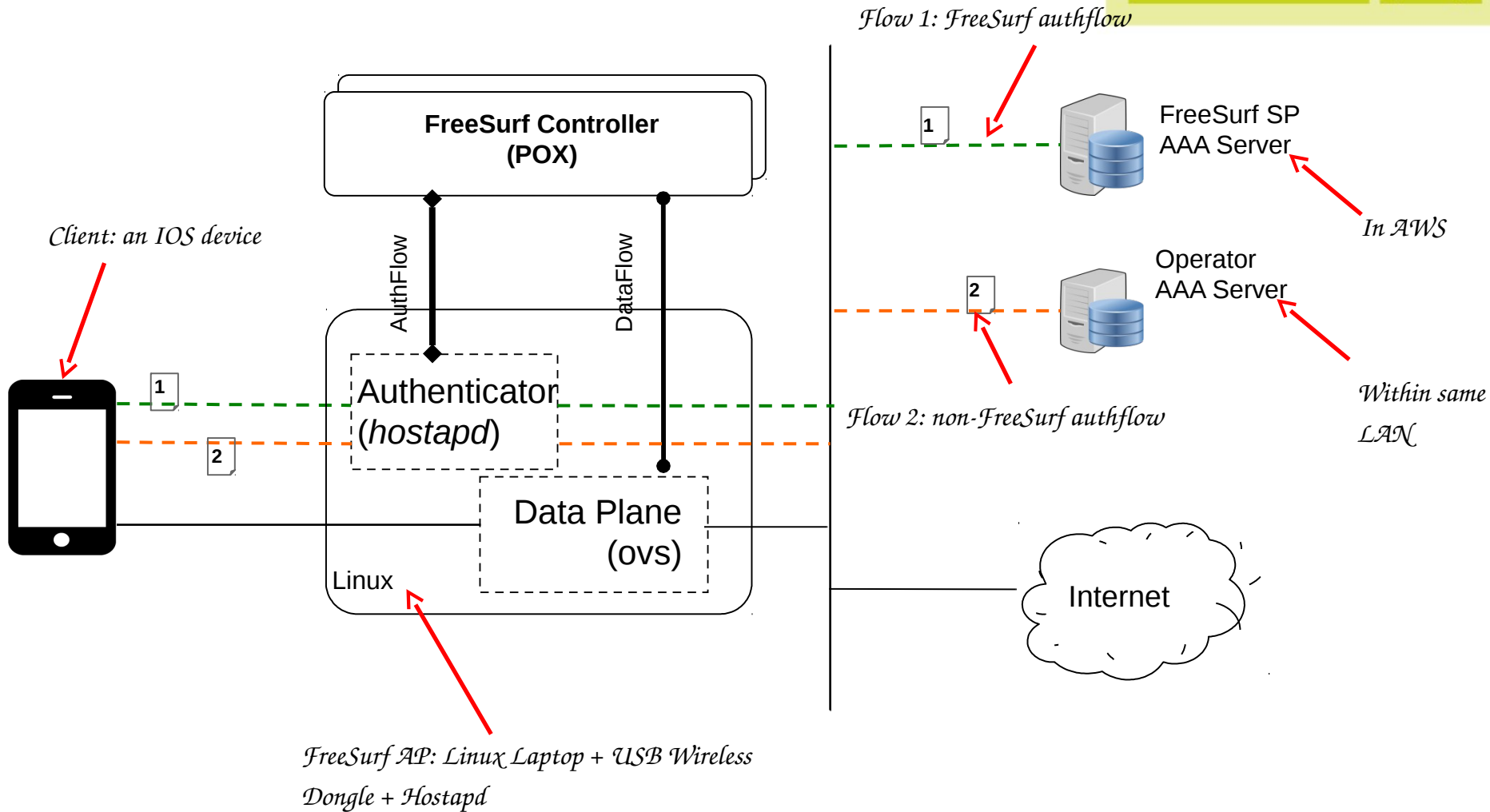
- *Authentication: users authenticate to the network using their SP accounts, e.g., Amazon*
- *Access: users are allowed to access the SP domain after a successful authentication*
- *Billing: SP is accountable for their customers' access, and users are left to FreeSurf*







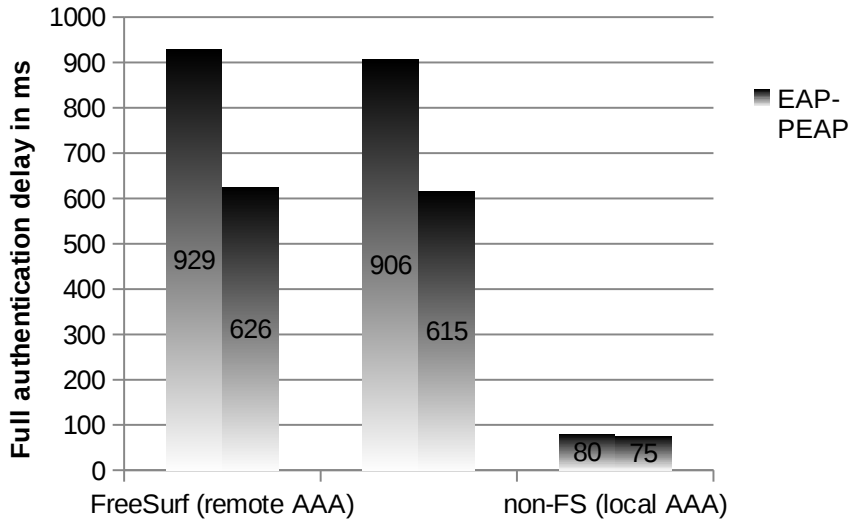
- *Direct mode:*
  - *SPs take over the authentication procedure and provide Internet access to their clients*
    - *Direct control of clients' credentials*
  - *Better suited to large SPs*
  
- *Broker mode:*
  - *A broker takes over the client authentication on behalf of multiple SPs*
  - *Better suited to small SPs*



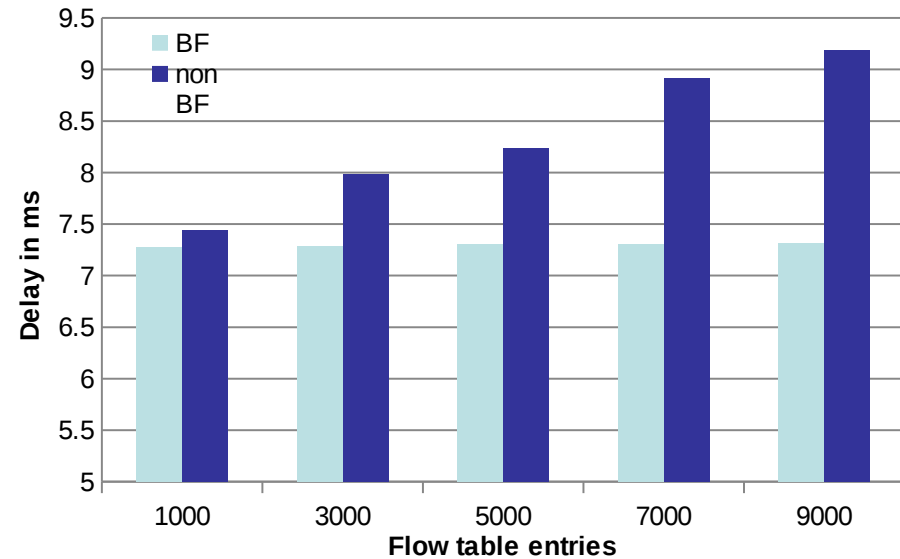


## Minimal increase in authentication delay with FreeSurf

- 1.7% additional delay with EAP-TTLS
- 2.4% additional delay with EAP-PEAP



- *BF promotes lookup efficiency*
  - *The larger the flow table is, the more BF helps*
  - *Lookup with the BF is constant irrespective of flow table size*







# *Thank you*

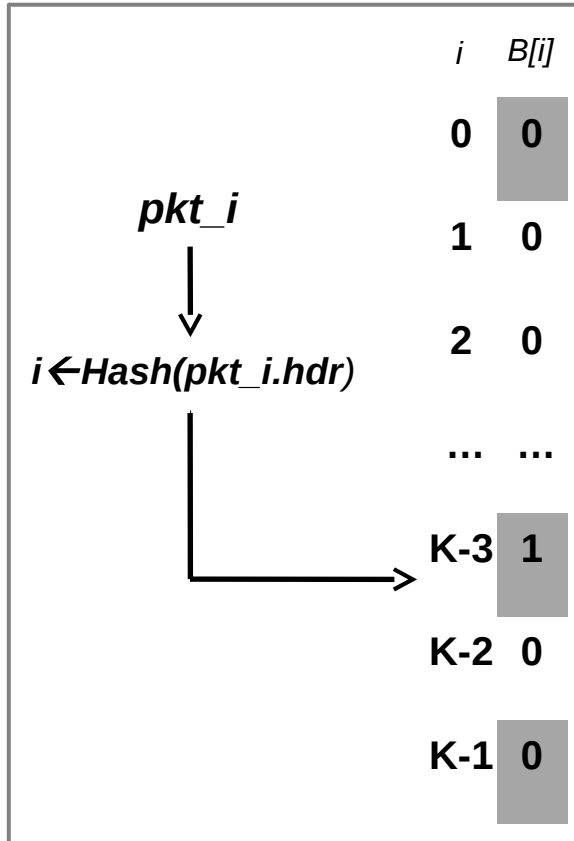
*For more information, checkout our paper and code at <https://github.com/freesurf>*



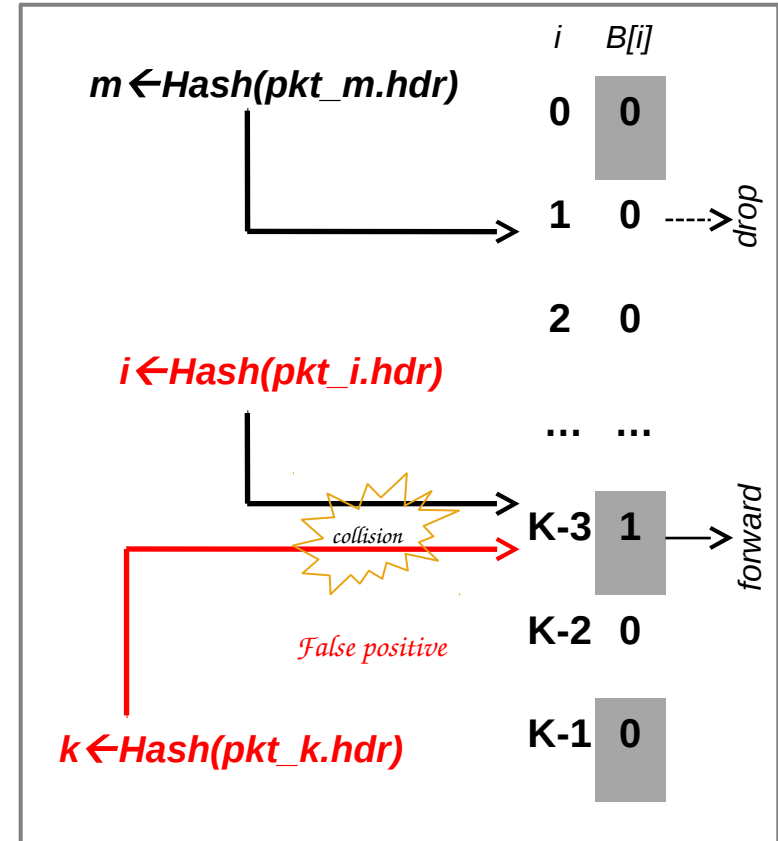
## Initialization

$i$	$B[i]$
0	0
1	0
2	0
...	...
K-3	0
K-2	0
K-1	0

## Construction



## Lookup & Decision



Complexity: Size  $\mathcal{K}$  irrespective of the number of flows; Lookup  $O(\text{number of hash functions})$

False positive can be tuned by use of larger bit vector and more hash computations



## No false negatives:

- Discarded packets are absolutely not permitted

## Existence of false positives:

- Impact: allowing some traffic from authenticated users to unallowed addresses
- Rescue: twisting the false positive rate as small as possible by a choice of larger bit vector and use of more hash functions

