



SDN as enabler for proactive network operation based on "network science"

SDN-WG meeting, IRTF/IETF 94 (Yokohama)
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Software-Defined Networking (SDN) allows carriers to implement their own management policy by separating the control-plane from the network elements.

Re-routing on failure and congestion, route optimization, etc.

Functional requirements

- Traffic Measurement
- Flow classification
- Path computation
- Route enforcement
- QoE management
- Network status update

Performance requirements

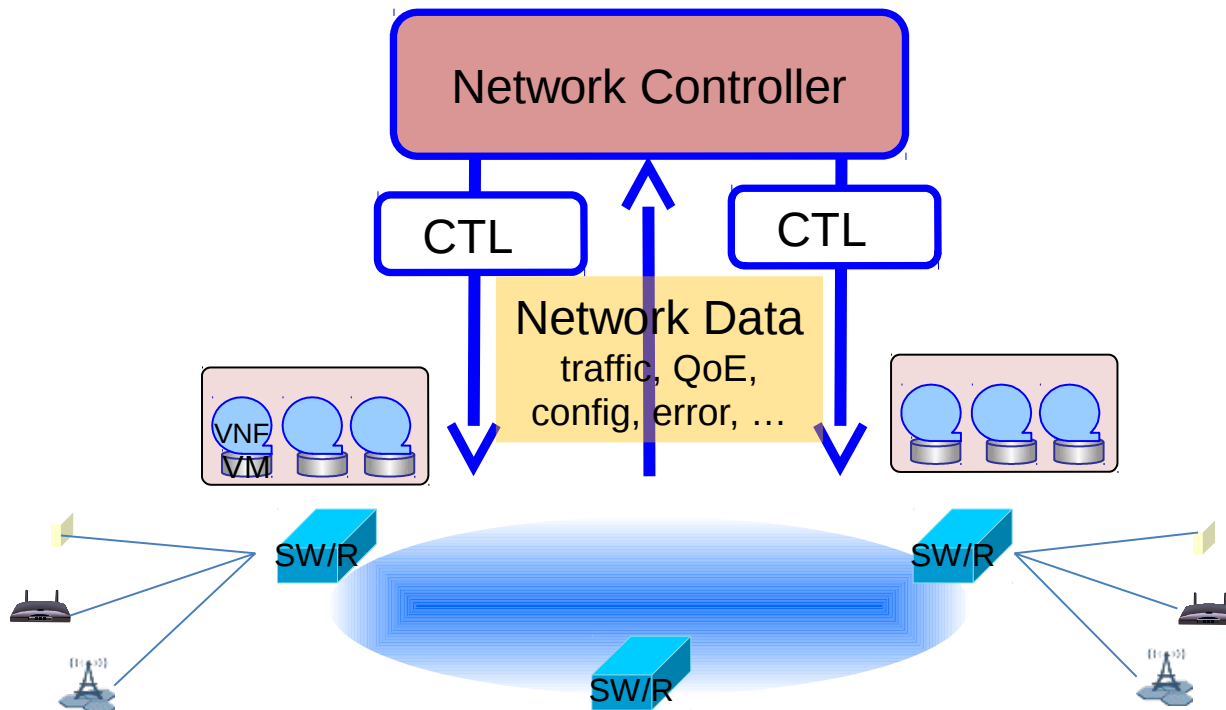
- Efficiency, Scalability, Stability, Predictability

- OD-flow
 - Too coarse for TE
- Microflow
 - Too many for TE
- Macroflow
 - In between OD-flow and Microflow
 - Scalability, Stability, Predictability

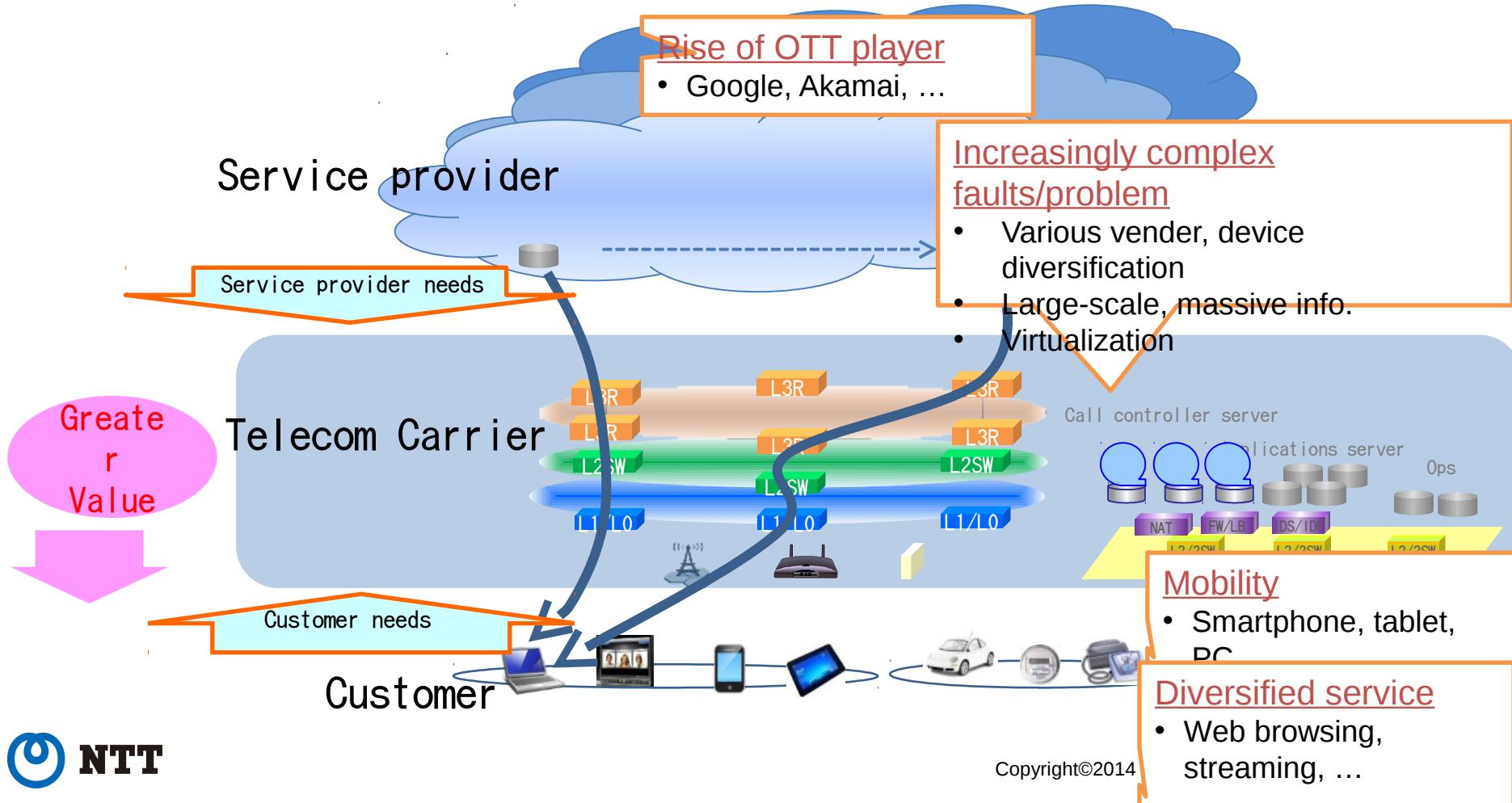
Network controller is “Brain”



- Collect data (traffic, QoE, config, error, ...)
- Decide actions based on data & policy
- Actuate the network based on the decision

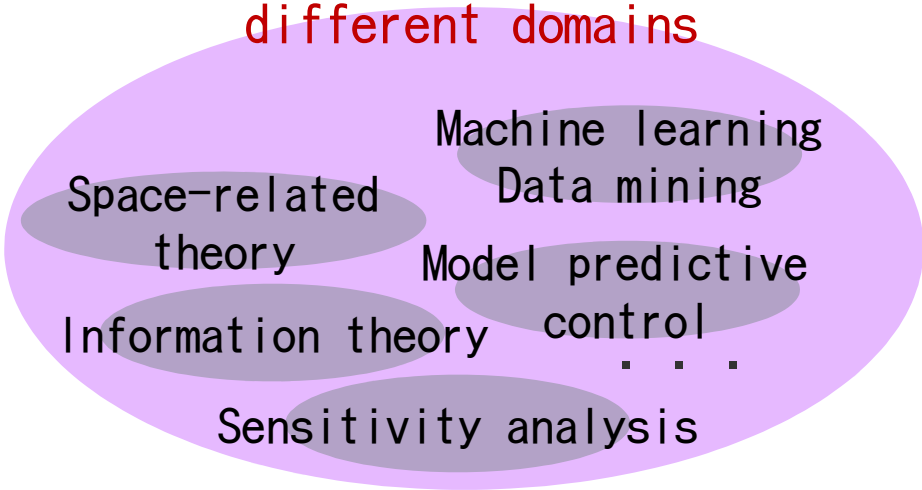


Circumstance surrounding telecom carrier

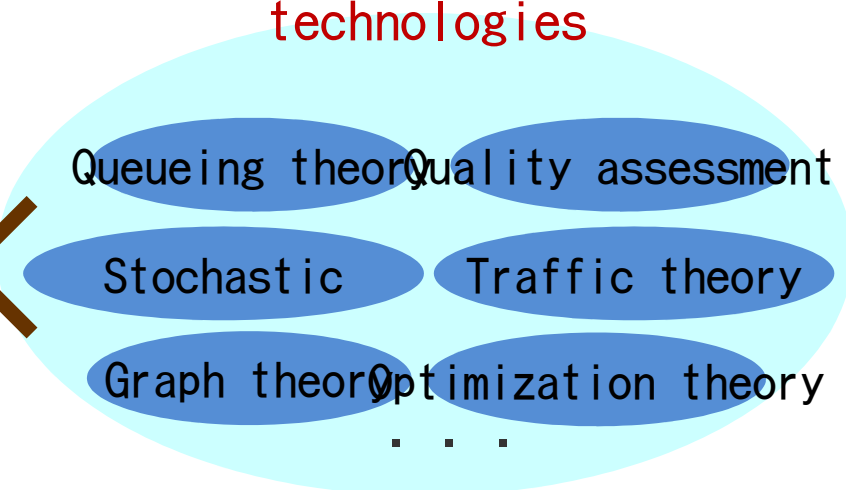


Inter-disciplinary approach by combining various research fields for innovation.

Technologies in different domains



Network technologies



Inter-disciplinary

Research topics

Applications of network science



- (1) Network analytics
- (2) Robust traffic engineering
- (3) QoE-centric operation
- (4) Disaster-free networks

...

For more detail, see [1].

[1] K. Shiomoto, "Approach to Network Science—Solving Complex Network Problems through an Interdisciplinary Approach," NTT Technical Review, Vol. 13 No. 9 Sept. 2015

<https://www.ntt-review.jp/archive/ntttechnical.php?contents=ntr201509fa1.html>



Innovative R&D by NTT

(1) Network analytics

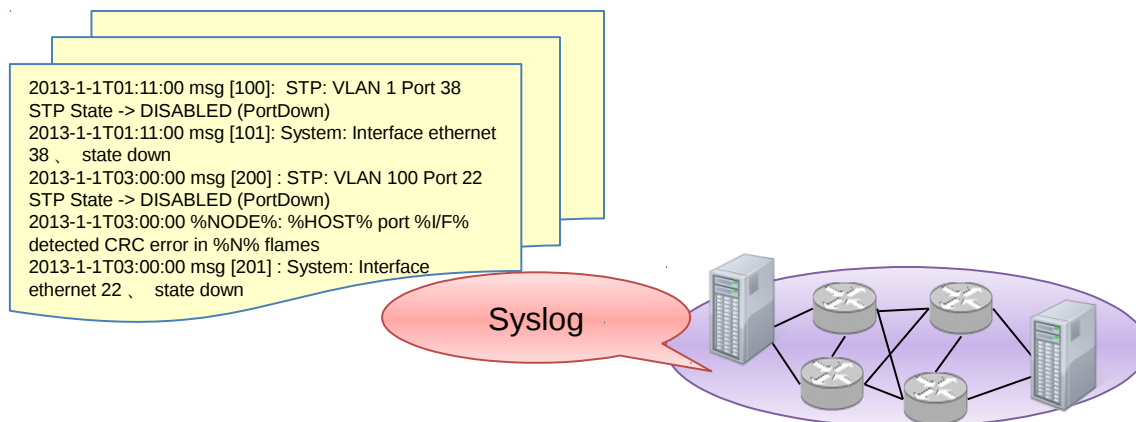
Understand “network behavior” by analyzing data to decide actions

- Numerical data analytics (traffic, cpu, ...)
- **Syslog analytics**
- Trouble tickets analytics
- Workflow analytics
- Twitter analytics
- ...

Syslog analytics: What is Syslog?



- Logging messages generated by a device (incl. server, router, switch, ...) to track software and hardware conditions.
 - Intended for debugging software and hardware problem of device.
- Free-form texts
 - Syntax and semantics are different among device vendors and operating systems.
- Huge amount data generated.



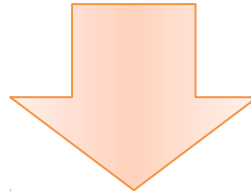
Syslog analytics: Issue1

Template identification

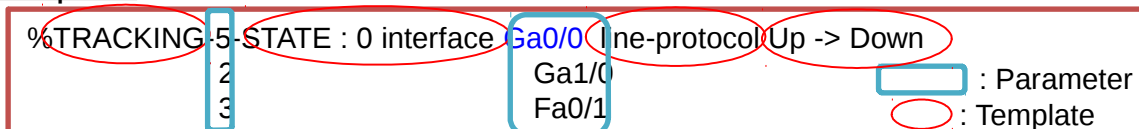


- Free-form texts is used for detailed information.
 - Syntax and semantics varies among device vendors and operating systems.
- Identify template without prior knowledge on syntax and semantics.
 - Words of message is classified into keyword and parameter.

1. %TRACKING-5-STATE : 1 interface Fa0/0 line-protocol Up -> Down
2. %LINK-3-UPDOWN : Interface FastEthernet 0/9, changed state to down
3. %SYS-5-CONFIG I : Configured from console by vty2 (10.11.11.11)



Template



Syslog analytics: Idea1

Template identification



- Scoring frequency of words among similar messages
 - parameter words appear infrequently compared to template words in each position
- Clustering score, and determine parameter words for each message
 - thresholds for score of parameter words differ depending on log messages
 - density-based clustering algorithm (DBSCAN)

raw log messages:

```
<189> security telnet connection 15720 with 10.7.11.11  
broken  
<189> security telnet connection 18340 with 10.8.9.123  
broken
```

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<189>	security	telnet	15720	with	10.7.11.11	broken
<189>	security	telnet	18340	with	10.8.9.123	broken

Remove



log template:

```
<189> security telnet connection * with * broken
```

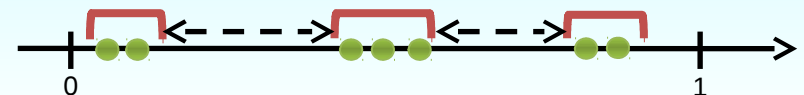
Scoring:

If *word* appears in *P*-th position in log that contains *L* words:

$$\text{Score}(\text{word}, P, L) = \Pr(\text{word} | P, L)$$

Clustering scores (DBSCAN):

Distance between each cluster is $> \delta$



Syslog analytics: Issue2

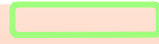


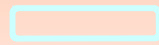
Event identification



- Capture signature of co-occurred syslog messages.
- Associate a group of syslog messages with an event of network.

Associate network event
(Exploit Co-occurrence)

```
2012-1-1T00:00:00 %TRACKING-5-STATE: 1 interface Fa0/0 line-protocol Up->Down
2012-1-1T00:00:00 %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet 0/9, changed state to down
2012-1-1T00:00:00 %SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by vty2 (10.11.11.11)
2012-1-1T01:11:00 msg [100]: STP: VLAN 1 Port 38 STP State -> DISABLED (PortDown)
2012-1-1T01:11:00 msg [101]: System: Interface ethernet 38, state down
2012-1-1T03:00:00 msg [200]: STP: VLAN 100 Port 22 STP State -> DISABLED (PortDown)
2012-1-1T03:00:00 msg [201]: System: Interface ethernet 22, state down
2012-1-1T00:00:00 %SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by vty2 (10.11.11.11)
2012-1-1T10:30:00 System: Interface ethernet 1, state down
2012-1-1T10:30:00 System: Interface ethernet 1, state up
2012-1-1T10:30:00 System: Interface ethernet 2, state down
2012-1-1T10:30:00 System: Interface ethernet 2, state up
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: alarm-control (PID 111) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: bslockd (PID 124) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: ce-l2tp-service (PID 123) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: chassis-control (PID 1111) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: class-of-service (PID 11112) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: craft-control (PID 111) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: database-replication (PID 2718932) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: diameter-service (PID 2993) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T12:00:00 init: disk-monitoring (PID 7082) terminate signal sent
2012-1-1T00:00:00 %SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by vty2 (10.11.11.11)
2012-1-1T15:45:10 msg [200]: STP: VLAN 100 Port 22 STP State -> DISABLED (PortDown)
2012-1-1T15:45:10 msg [201]: System: Interface ethernet 22, state down
2012-1-1T16:12:40 System: Interface ethernet 1, state down
2012-1-1T16:12:40 System: Interface ethernet 1, state up
2012-1-1T16:12:40 System: Interface ethernet 2, state down
2012-1-1T16:12:40 System: Interface ethernet 2, state up
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2012-1-1T20:30:00 init: class-of-service (PID 11112) terminate signal sent
```

 : reboot
 : linkup
 : linkdown
 : IF flap

```
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2012-1-1T00:00:00 %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface FastEthernet 0/9, changed state to down
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2012-1-1T20:30:00 init: class-of-service (PID 11112) terminate signal sent
```

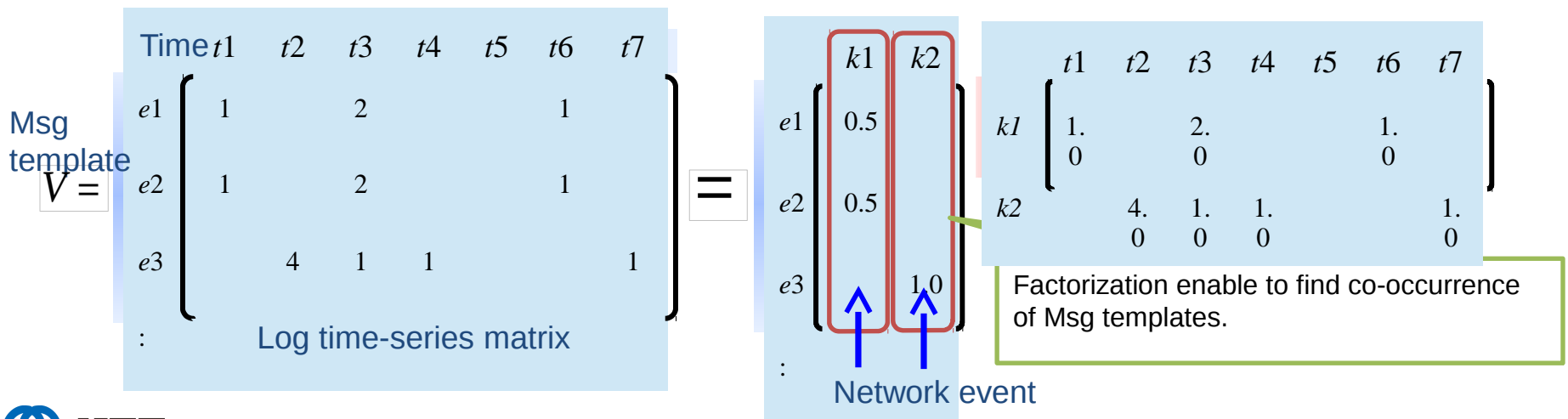
Syslog analytics: Idea2

NMF and NTF



■ Non-negative matrix/tensor factorization

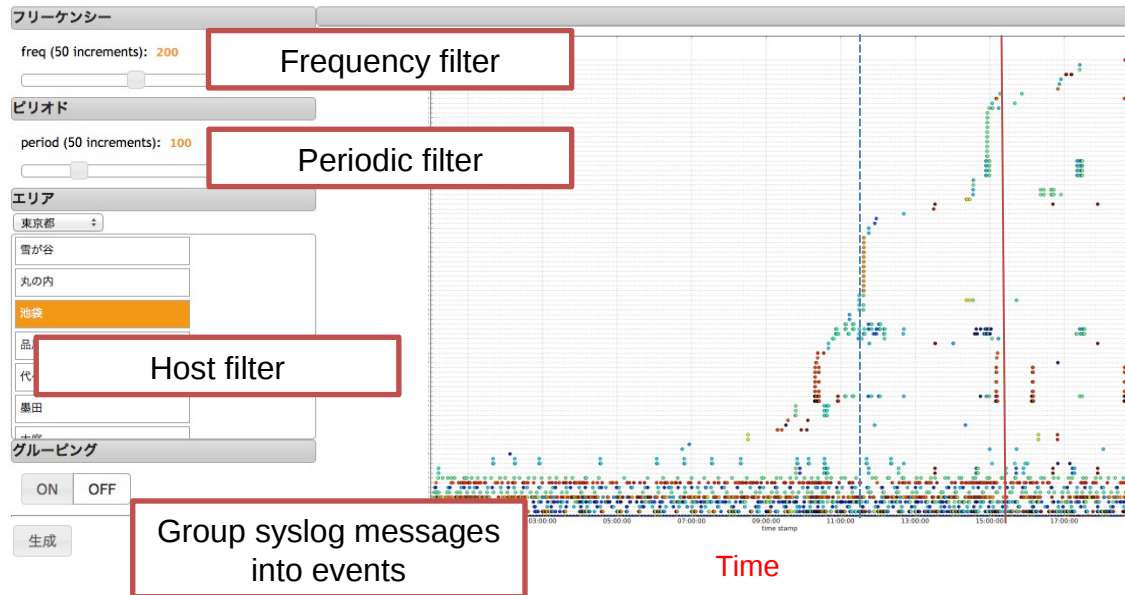
- Time-series data of syslog messages are expressed in matrix/tensor form.
- Matrix/tensor is factorized.
 - Time-series data is considered as a mixture of different network events occurred in the network.
 - Network event is extracted as a combination of templates.



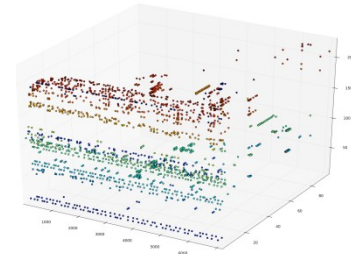
Syslog analytics: visualization



- Visualize massive time-series syslog data for easy understanding.
- Apply frequency & periodic filters to remove unimportant messages.
- Group syslog messages into events.



Template





Innovative R&D by NTT

(2) Robust traffic engineering

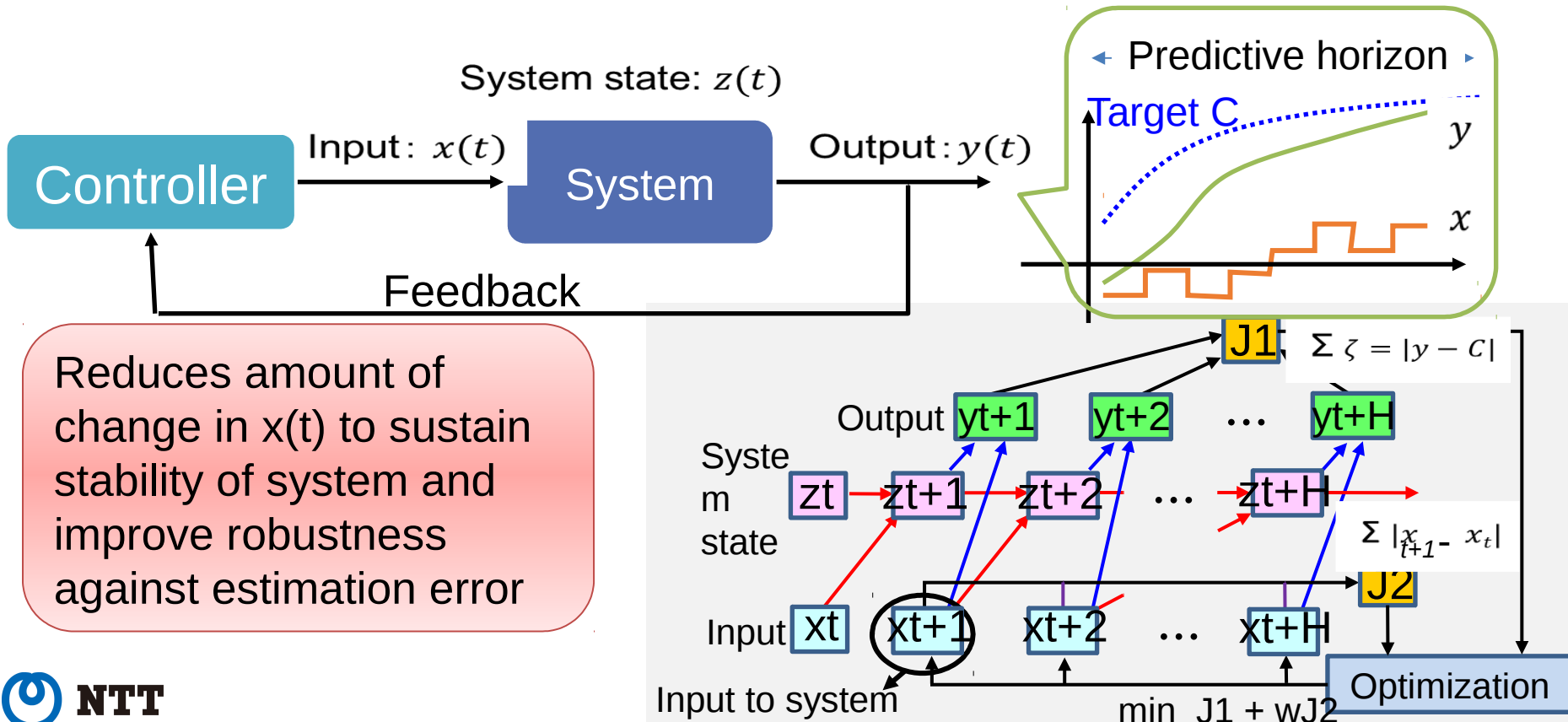
Actuate the network based on the decision

- Robust to prediction error

Model Predictive Control (MPC)



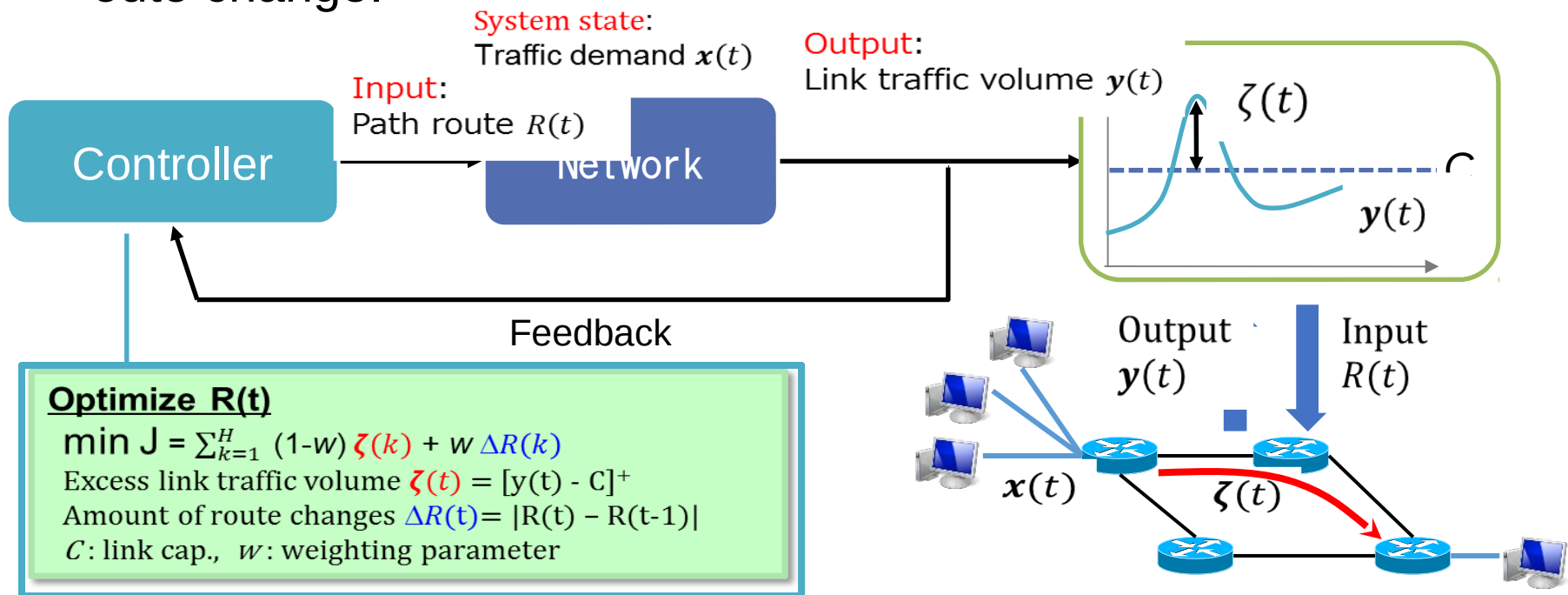
- Predict the process output at future time instants (**horizon**).
- Calculate a **control sequence** in the horizon to **optimize** an objective function.
- **Only the first step** of the control sequence is **applied** in a **receding strategy**, where at each instant the horizon is displaced towards the future.



Application of MPC to TE



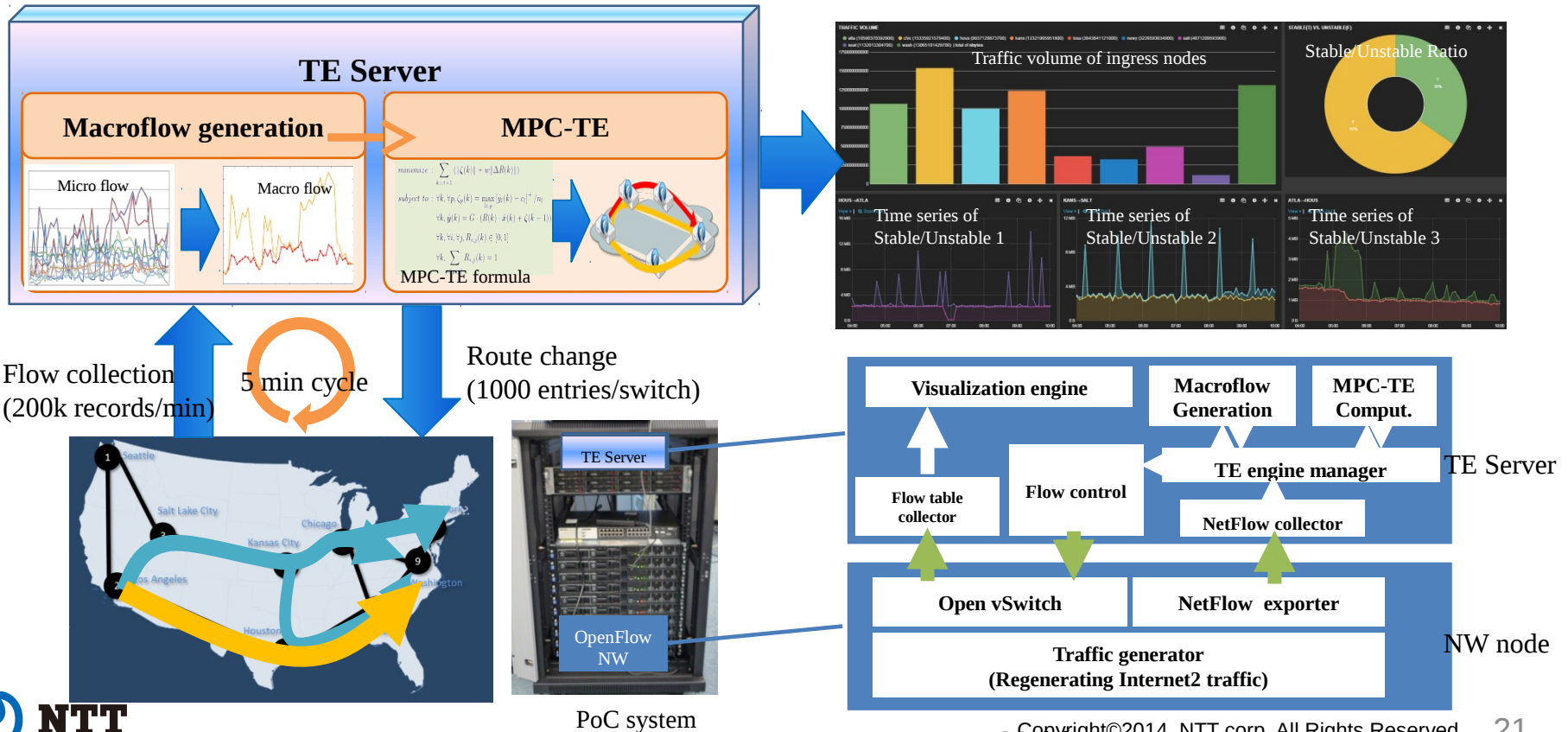
- Path routes are computed for several time epochs in the future (horizon).
- Objective is to reduce the excess bandwidth and the amount of route change.



Proof-of-concept



Internet2: packet capture data & topology





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Thank you for your attention