

SUPA value proposition

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SUPA Proposition I-D

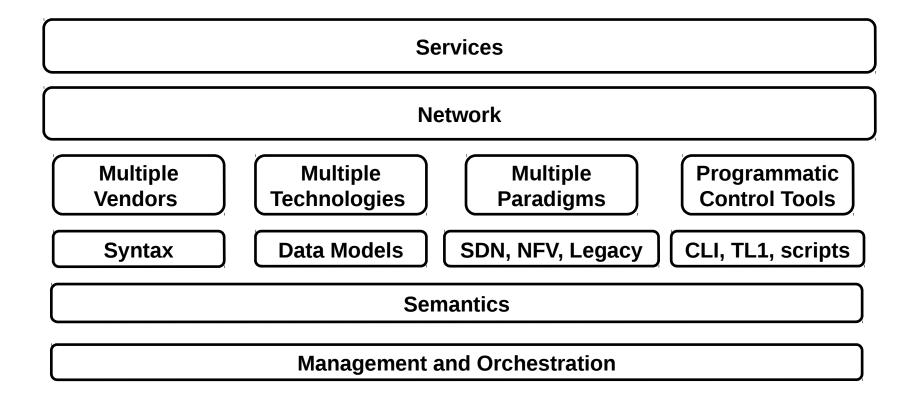
Motivation

- Combine all existing research work which was done in previous I-Ds
- Prepare one concise document which clear shows existing SUPA framework and value
- Show basic examples of the Generic Policy applicability

Status of the I-D

- I-D was not updated since it was the point by itself for SUPA charter definition and discussion
- Updates needed to be done:
 - a) Intent-based policy part should be removed
 - b) Policy framework should be addressed to single domain management
 - c) Update SUPA framework and related pictures in the I-D

Problem Statement



Challenges

- Complicated network infrastructure operation and management
- Hard to deploy new and manage existing network services
- Difficult to adapt new technologies to existing network operation and management ecosystem

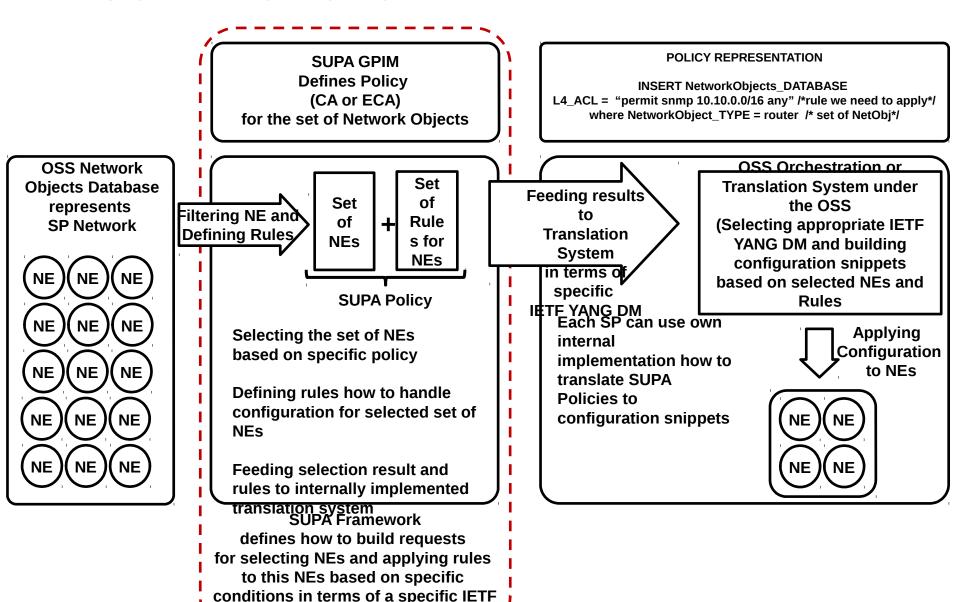
Problem Statement

Services Network **Multiple** Multiple **Multiple Programmatic Technologies Vendors Paradigms Control Tools** SDN, NFV, Legacy CLI, TL1, scripts **Data Models Syntax Semantics Policy Management and Orchestration**

SUPA GPIM – Generic Policy Information Model

Unified technology independent operation and management framework based on CA and/or ECA policies will help to solve the challenges and improve existing SP network infrastructure management

SUPA Framework



YANG Data Models

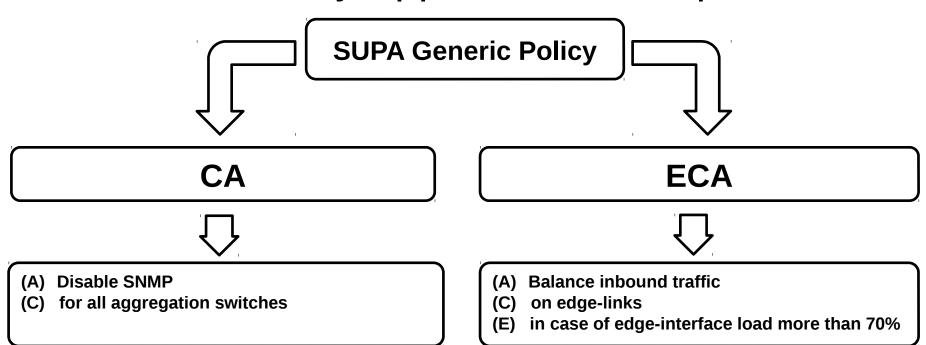
Generic Policy Application Examples

SUPA Generic Policy



- Rule-based
- Event, Condition, and Action clauses
- Vendor Independent
- Technology-agnostic
- Real-time network management

Generic Policy Application Examples





Select all aggregation switches from OSS database. Send SNMP Disable rules to internally implemented Translation System / OSS Orchestration for these switches, which generates configuration snippets by using appropriate IETF YANG Data Models

Select all edge routers from OSS database where interface utilization with incoming traffic is more than 70%. Send Load Balancing Rules for these routers to internally implemented Translation System / OSS Orchestration, which generates configuration snippets by using appropriate IETF YANG Data Models

Value and Benefits of SUPA

Vendor and Technology Independent Policy Framework

Network Policy independence reduces complexity and vendor lockin. Helps unify network management. Simplifies deployment of new Network Function and Services.

Unified Network Infrastructure Policy Management

Increased abstraction enables simpler and effective network infrastructure management for operators

Real-time and event-based Network Management

Network infrastructure can automatically changes based on context monitored by policy at the current moment of time

New Independent Network Management Layer

Policy can help to build intermediate layer between SP and Subscribers for unified and shared management. Policy-holders can provide an instruments to Policy-users for their network resource management.

Deliverables and goals

- Generic Policy Informational Model
- SUPA framework defines a generic structure for imperative policies CA and ECA. This is converted to generic YANG data models. The IETF produces the models, and IANA is used to register the model and changes.
- Generic Policy Framework
- Define how to construct Generic Policies for Network Infrastructure (Functions, Services and Intermediate layer)
- Define a set of YANG data models that express the concepts defined in the generic policy information model in concrete data models. These models will be designed to be generic and extensible.

The SUPA is a way to make the alignment for the Network Infrastructure Management based on Unified Policy approach