HTTP SRP Authentication

draft-yusef-httpauth-srp-scheme-02

Overview

 Secure Remote Password (SRP) is an Augmented PAKE protocol that is used to authenticate users and exchange keys over an untrusted network, based on a shared password, without requiring a Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) or any trusted third party.

Proposal Highlight

- A generic authentication framework based on the HTTP Authentication Framework
 [RFC7235] and SRP.
- Can be used for **HTTP**, **SIP**, as well as other protocols.
 - Not expected to be used for generic Web traffic.

Server and Account Setup

Server Setup

- Select a large-prime and a generator.

Account Setup

- Select a hash function and a user salt
- Use a realm and the user password to create a passwordverifier as follows:
 - derived-private-key = H(username:realm:password:salt)
 - **password-verifier** = generator ^ derived-private-key
- Discard derived-private-key.

Database

 Store the following: Username, Password-verifier, Hashalgorithm, and Salt.

Realm Discovery

- The initial request that starts the **SRP** authentication process must include the **username** parameter.
 - To allow the user to select the proper username, the Realm is needed.
 - The discovery step is an optional step that allows the client to discover the **Realm**.

Client	Server
Authorization: SRP	
WWW-Authenticate: SRP realm="realm"	
<	

Authentication

Client Server -----Authorization: SRP username="username" ------WWW-Authenticate: SRP large-prime="large-prime" generator="generator" hash-algorithm="hash-algorithm" salt="salt", server-public-key="server-public-key" Authorization: SRP server-public-key="server-public-key"
client-public-key="client-public-key" client-pop="client-pop" WWW-Authenticate: SRP server-pop="server-pop"

Benefits

- Resists **passive** and **active** dictionary attacks.
- Offers perfect forward secrecy.
- User **passwords** or **hashes** are **not** stored in the DB.
 - Only password verifiers are stored, which cannot be used directly to compromise the security of the system in the case of DB compromise.
- **Royalty-free** worldwide for commercial and non-commercial use.
 - <u>http://srp.stanford.edu/license.txt</u>
- A variety of SRP implementations are available
 - <u>http://srp.stanford.edu/links.html</u>
- IETF RFCs
 - RFC2945 (SRP), RFC2944 (Telnet SRP), RFC5054 (SRP with TLS).

Questions?

• Can the WG adopt this work?