### **BGP Opaque AFI**

Petr Lapukhov, Facebook petr@fb.com

# Use case (3)

- BGP is getting more widespread in DC

   Used for routing, programming, monitoring
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party apps run on network devices
   BGP already available
- Apps need to coordinate/exchange data
- Examples:
  - Discovery
  - Share some state (e.g. link state)
  - Ad-hoc resource allocation

# Why use BGP? (3)

- Re-use existing transport system
- Already transports non-routing data

- Effectively "broadcast state"

- E.g.: flow-spec, L2 VPN discovery
- BGP filtering is flexible

- E.g. communities, ORF, etc

• Best-path selection still performed

### Implementation: new AFI (4)

- "Opaque data" AF
- New SAFI named "Key-Value binding" – Key = NLRI
  - Value = new optional non-transitive attribute
- To announce a binding send:
  - MP\_REACH\_NLRI + [OPAQUE\_VALUE\_ATTR]
  - (attribute associated with NLRI)
- To remove a binding, send

- MP\_UNREACH\_NLRI

## Client (on-box) API

#### • Option 1

- A thread in client maintains BGP sessions
  - Opaque AFI + other AFIs enabled if needed
- Client originates UPDATE messages
- Bonus: state change notifications

#### Option 2

- Standalone BGP injector, e.g. ExaBGP
- Some 3<sup>rd</sup> party API is used:
- REST, Thrift, ZMQ, text -> file

### Challenges

- Key + Value size limited to ~4K
   *draft-ietf-idr-bgp-extended-messages*
- Ideally, Value should be in NEXT\_HOP
   − Size is limited to 256 bytes ☺
- UPDATE packing
  - One MP\_REACH\_NLRI per UPDATE
  - … Due to OPAQUE\_VALUE attribute

## Challenges (cont.)

- Key name collisions
  - Intentionally kept out of scope
  - UUID scheme could be used
  - ASN + Originator-ID could be used

### Next steps

- Encode both Key and Value in NLRI field
  - No optional attribute needed
  - Value portion treated as "attribute" (not as a key in RIB)
- Withdraw only announces key string, not value (keyed in RIB)
- Add new VPN-Key-Value SAFI to support RD for enforcing key uniqueness