#### DetNet Data Plane Protocol and Solution Alternatives draft-dt-detnet-dp-alt-01

Jouni Korhonen Berlin, July 18, 2016 DetNet WG

## Overview

- Design Team
- Current status
- Next steps

## Disclaimer

• The I-D is work in progress and subject to undergo multiple changes.

## Design team & activists

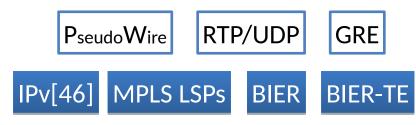
- Regular participants:
  - Jouni Korhonen (DT lead)
  - Norm Finn
  - Pascal Thubert
  - Janos Farkas
  - Greg Misrky
  - Olivier Marce
  - Yan Zhuang
  - Lou Berger
  - and Balazs Varga
- Work done over email and weekly calls

# Changes since -00 (1/2)

- Substantial rewrite in many places.
- Summaries added.
- Data plane overview reworked with new and nice picture illustrations:
  - Example DetNet Service Scenarios using Multi-Segment PWE3 [RFC5254] reference model.
- Still keeping the DetNet Service Layer Transport Layer separation.

# Changes since -00 (2/2)

- Data plane alternatives stabilized to :
  - Service Layer:
  - Transport Layer:



- Criteria almost stabilised:
  - #7 (timesync) removed entirely part of OAM when needed..
  - Not clear whether #8 (CoS / QoS) belongs to Service Layer.. subject to removal.

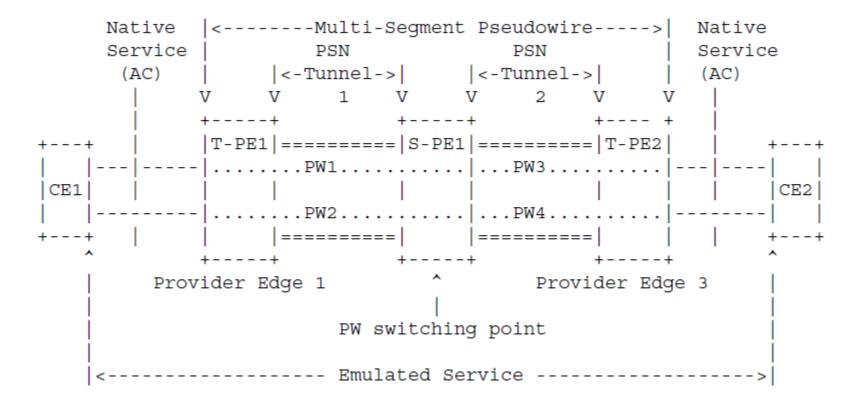
# Major discussion points

• The Service Model:

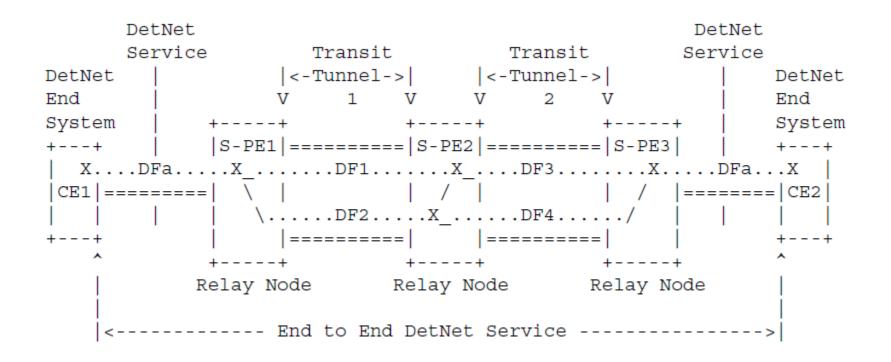
– Now partly removed from the data plane draft.

- Terminology:
  - Data plane view vs architecture.
  - Specifically concerns Relay, Edge and Transit definitions.
- DetNet reliability:
  - Concerns mainly criteria #5 and how responsibilityes are divided between the Service and Transport layers.

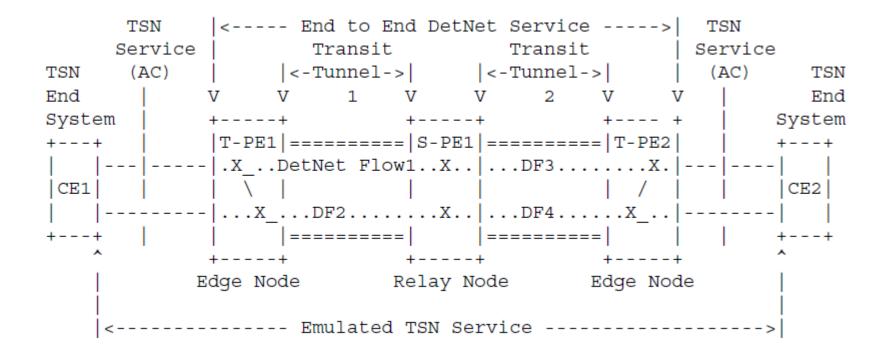
#### Examples Illustrated over a PWE3 Switching Reference Model (MS-PWE2)..



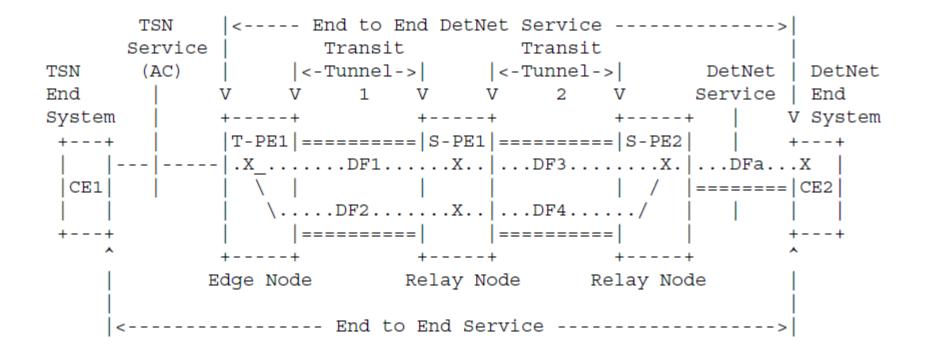
### ..Native DetNet..



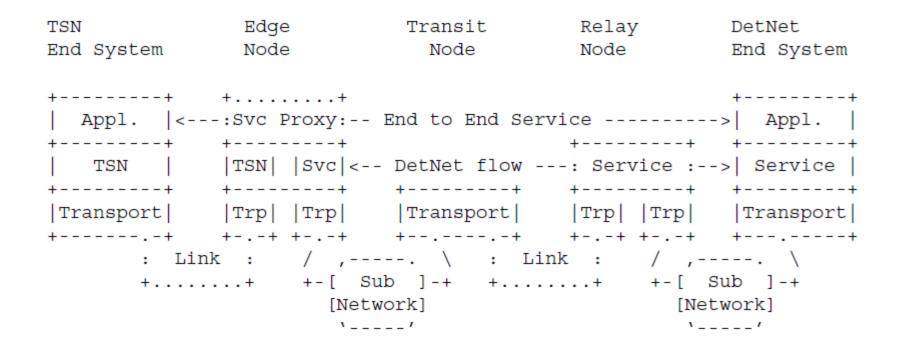
### ..IEEE 802.1TSN over DetNet..



### .. from IEEE 802.1TSN to native DetNet..



### ..and Layers in a DetNet enabled network



## Moving targets..

- Terminology (see previous presentation):
  - Data plane and architecture has to align properly.
- DetNet Service and Transport layer details when it comes to DetNet Reliability..
  - This is also the criteria #5 that deserves more clarifications and alignment with the architecture.
- Concluding summary..
  - Current summary text & tables are initial and do not necessarily reflect the views of all DT members.. yet.

# Draft - Current concluding summary



- PseudoWire is the technology that is mature and meets most of the criteria for the DetNet Service layer:
  - From upper layer protocols PWs or RTP can be a candidate for non-MPLS PSNs.
  - The identified work for PWs is to figure out how to implement duplicate detection for these protocols (e.g., based on [<u>RFC3985</u>]).
  - In a case of RTP there is precedence of implementing packet duplication and duplicate elimination [<u>ST20227</u>][RFC7198].
- PWs can be carried over MPLS or IP:

**Options:** 

- MPLS is the most common technology that is used as PSN for PseudoWires; furthermore, MPLS is a mature technology and meets most DetNet Transport layer criteria.
- IPv[46] can be also used as PSN and both are mature technologies, although both generally only support CoS (DiffServ) in deployed networks.
- RTP is independent of the underlying transport technology and network.
  - However, it is well suited for UDP/IP transport.

# For Discussion: Selecting a DP



- Currently outside the scope of the draft.
- Options:
  - Select 1
    - Pro: Only one solution to worry about
    - Con: May not be well suited to all use cases
  - Select 2 One for L2 Interconnect (L2VPN)
    - One for DetNet End Stations (hosts)
    - Pro: Can optimize for routers and simple hosts
    - Con: More than one solution, complicates interworking
  - Select 3 or more

### Next steps

• Adoption call to become a WG document...

• Then...

– Commence Data Plane selection discussion