DetNet Data Plane Protocol and Solution Alternatives draft-dt-detnet-dp-alt-01

Jouni Korhonen Berlin, July 18, 2016 DetNet WG

Overview

- Design Team
- Current status
- Next steps

Disclaimer

• The I-D is work in progress and subject to undergo multiple changes.

Design team & activists

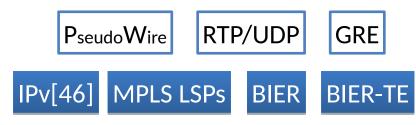
- Regular participants:
 - Jouni Korhonen (DT lead)
 - Norm Finn
 - Pascal Thubert
 - Janos Farkas
 - Greg Misrky
 - Olivier Marce
 - Yan Zhuang
 - Lou Berger
 - and Balazs Varga
- Work done over email and weekly calls

Changes since -00 (1/2)

- Substantial rewrite in many places.
- Summaries added.
- Data plane overview reworked with new and nice picture illustrations:
 - Example DetNet Service Scenarios using Multi-Segment PWE3 [RFC5254] reference model.
- Still keeping the DetNet Service Layer Transport Layer separation.

Changes since -00 (2/2)

- Data plane alternatives stabilized to :
 - Service Layer:
 - Transport Layer:



- Criteria almost stabilised:
 - #7 (timesync) removed entirely part of OAM when needed..
 - Not clear whether #8 (CoS / QoS) belongs to Service Layer.. subject to removal.

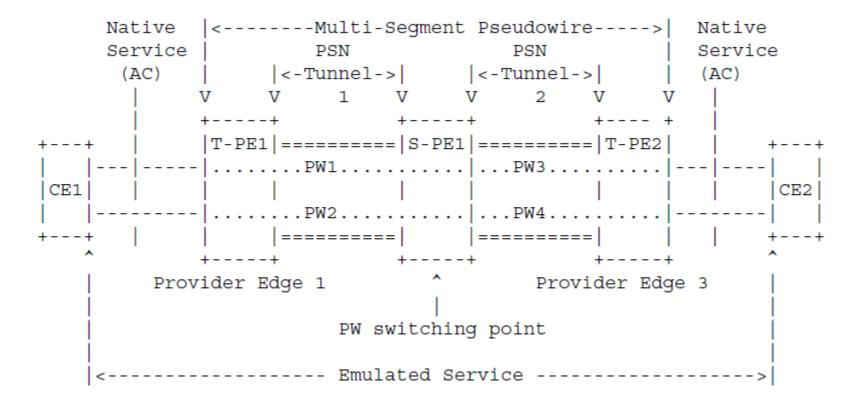
Major discussion points

• The Service Model:

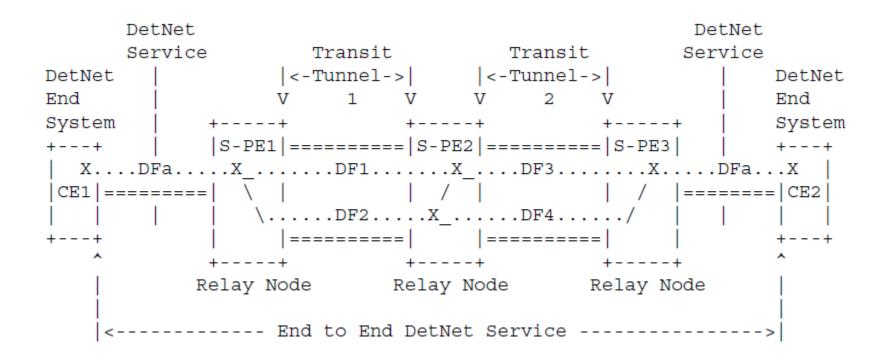
– Now partly removed from the data plane draft.

- Terminology:
 - Data plane view vs architecture.
 - Specifically concerns Relay, Edge and Transit definitions.
- DetNet reliability:
 - Concerns mainly criteria #5 and how responsibilityes are divided between the Service and Transport layers.

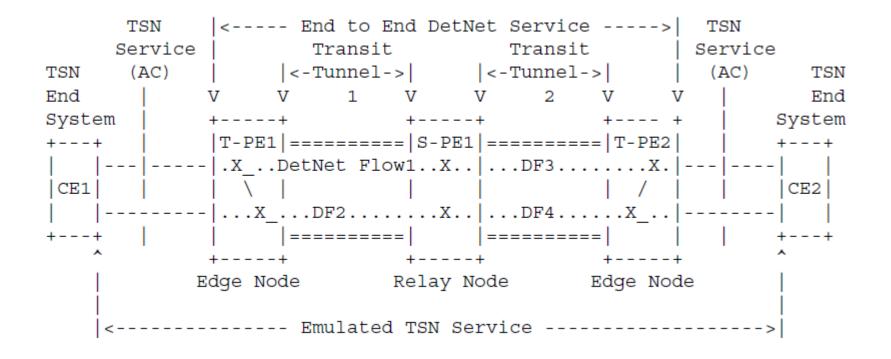
Examples Illustrated over a PWE3 Switching Reference Model (MS-PWE2)..



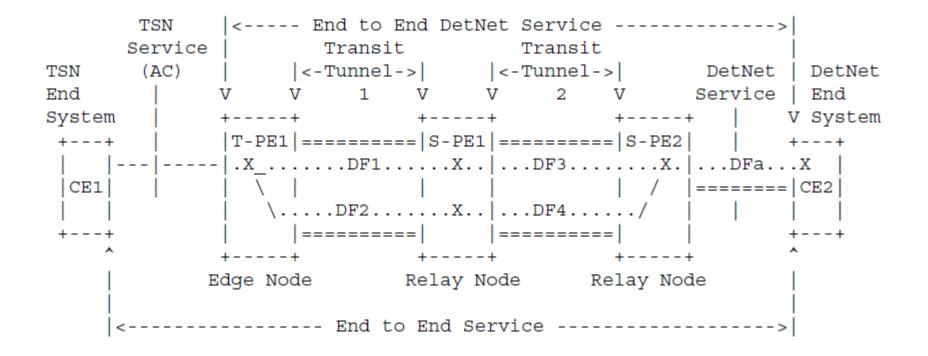
..Native DetNet..



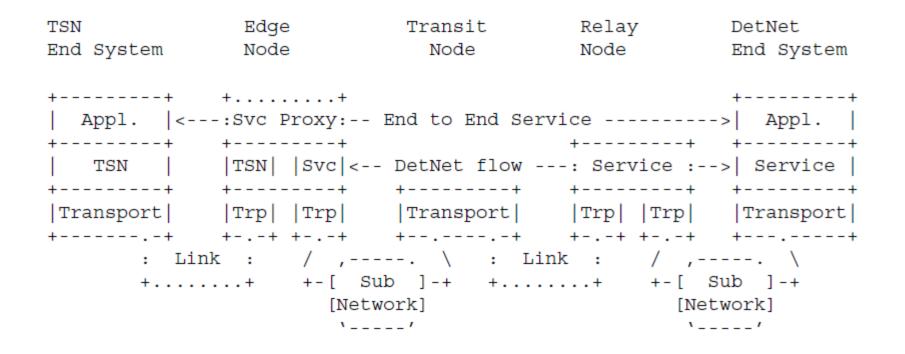
..IEEE 802.1TSN over DetNet..



.. from IEEE 802.1TSN to native DetNet..



..and Layers in a DetNet enabled network



Moving targets..

- Terminology (see previous presentation):
 - Data plane and architecture has to align properly.
- DetNet Service and Transport layer details when it comes to DetNet Reliability..
 - This is also the criteria #5 that deserves more clarifications and alignment with the architecture.
- Concluding summary..
 - Current summary text & tables are initial and do not necessarily reflect the views of all DT members.. yet.

Draft - Current concluding summary



- PseudoWire is the technology that is mature and meets most of the criteria for the DetNet Service layer:
 - From upper layer protocols PWs or RTP can be a candidate for non-MPLS PSNs.
 - The identified work for PWs is to figure out how to implement duplicate detection for these protocols (e.g., based on [<u>RFC3985</u>]).
 - In a case of RTP there is precedence of implementing packet duplication and duplicate elimination [<u>ST20227</u>][RFC7198].
- PWs can be carried over MPLS or IP:

Options:

- MPLS is the most common technology that is used as PSN for PseudoWires; furthermore, MPLS is a mature technology and meets most DetNet Transport layer criteria.
- IPv[46] can be also used as PSN and both are mature technologies, although both generally only support CoS (DiffServ) in deployed networks.
- RTP is independent of the underlying transport technology and network.
 - However, it is well suited for UDP/IP transport.

For Discussion: Selecting a DP



- Currently outside the scope of the draft.
- Options:
 - Select 1
 - Pro: Only one solution to worry about
 - Con: May not be well suited to all use cases
 - Select 2 One for L2 Interconnect (L2VPN)
 - One for DetNet End Stations (hosts)
 - Pro: Can optimize for routers and simple hosts
 - Con: More than one solution, complicates interworking
 - Select 3 or more

Next steps

• Adoption call to become a WG document...

• Then...

– Commence Data Plane selection discussion