

Remote Attestation Procedures for NSFs through the Security Controller

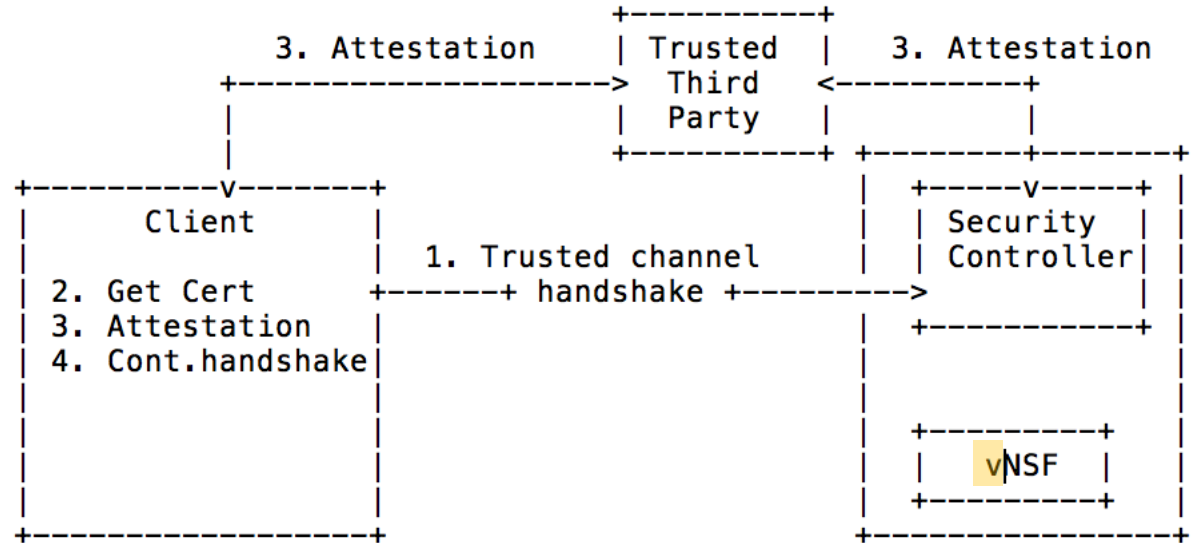
draft-pastor-i2nsf-vnsf-attestation(-03)

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The (Extended) Attestation Principles

- The NSF environment runs a TPM
 - Collecting measurements of the platform, the Security Controller, and the NSFs
- Clients and the Security Controller mutually authenticate
 - Establishing a desired level of assurance



- Trusted connection with the Security Controller
 - Or an endpoint designated by it
 - Through which all traffic to and from the NSF environment will flow
- The Security Controller makes the attestation measurements available to the client
 - Directly or through a trusted third party
 - The mechanisms for this are under evaluation
 - Results from WGs such as NEA and SACM to be considered

Changes in -03

- Align to the I2NSF terminology and framework
 - 'Client' rather than 'user'
 - Interfaces
 - The concept of platform/environment still open
- Sections moved to the framework document
 - Threat description
 - Requirements for a trusted client-controller interface
 - Framework referenced here
- Trusted boot description trimmed
 - Avoid too specific mentions to PCRs
- Paraphrasing Dr Strassner (and Monty Python):
“Virtualization Focus Has Ceased to Be”
 - Well, almost...
- A few other text enhancements to clarify some points
 - Hopefully...
 - On the applicability of TTP, the kinds of attestation...
- The title

What To Expect of -04

- A detailed review
 - Considering consistency and alternate mechanisms
 - Thanks to John for starting this
 - We need to address the platform concept (again)
- A definition of LoAs, including the description of their requirements
 - Trusted channel
 - Remote attestation procedures
 - Somehow overdue
- A change of the name
- A request for adoption