# Provisioning Message Authentication Key for PCP using PANA (draft-ohba-pcp-pana-02)

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## Changes from -00

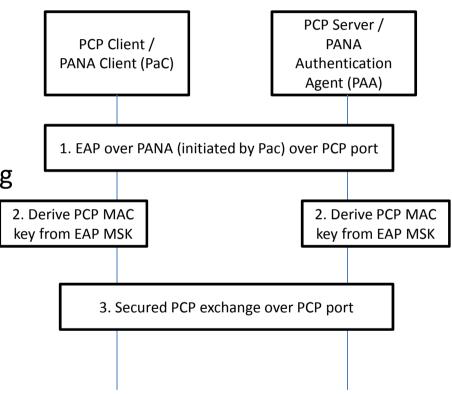
- Added Alper to authors.
- Defined how to run over PCP port
- Removed PCP server id from key derivation algorithm
- Added EAP channel binding discussion in Security Considerations section.

### Demultiplexing Approach

- Use well-known PCP port to carry PANA
- Use Bits 5-6-7 to distinguish PANA and PCP
  - To avoid collisions, PCP Version values {8, 16, 24,... 248} MUST NOT be used
  - Note: Alternatively, we can consider allocating 4-bits (hence supporting up-to version 31!)

## Solution (draft-ohba-pcp-pana)

- Architecture
  - PaC on PCP client node
  - PAA on PCP server node
- PANA over PCP port is dedicated to the PCP usage
  - Addressing EAP Channel Binding
- Once PANA SA is terminated, the PCP SA is immediately terminated



PCP\_AUTH\_KEY (PCP MAC key) = prf+(MSK, "IETF PCP" | SID | KID)
[SID: PANA Session ID, KID:Key ID]

#### Comparison with tunneling approach

- Encapsulation/tunneling approach:
  - Pros: ???
  - Cons:
    - Encapsulation overhead
    - Tight coupling of PCP and PANA is needed.
      - Some workaround is needed to carry a PCI (PANA-Client-Initiation) message which does not fit PCP's request-response type messaging.
      - Double integrity protection can happen after establishing a PCP SA, where a PANA message carried in the PCP message is protected by a PANA AUTH AVP and the PCP message itself is protected by a PCP Authentication Tag. Avoiding double integrity protection requires more changes to PANA and PCP
- Demultiplexing/Side-by-side/port-sharing approach:
  - Pros:
    - No encapsulation overhead
    - Loose coupling of PCP and PANA
  - Cons: ???

#### Summary

 The proposal re-uses well-defined and interoperable protocol, allowing specification & code reuse / sharing to carry EAP over UDP for different purposes

 We believe our proposal is ready to make a decision on PCP authentication solution

# Questions and feedback?